

# Chapter 8 Hypothesis Testing with Two Samples

Daxiang Na (那达翔)

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## 1 Questions

### 1.1 What is the sample size requirement for t tests?

## 2 Comparison of Two Means

- in Chapter 7, we talked about hypothesis test to compare the unknown mean of a single population to some fixed, known value,  $\mu_0$
- Often, we want to compare the means of two separate populations, where *both* means are unknown
- **First step: determine whether the two samples are paired or independent.**

## 3 Paired Samples

### 3.1 Definition

- for each observation in the first group, there is a corresponding observation in the second group
  - Self-pairing: measurements are taken on a single subject at two distinct time points (before and after)
  - Matched pairing: match two individuals with similar demographics/characteristics and compare their differences in response

### 3.2 Procedure

#### 3.2.1 Parameters

- data: use the differences  $d_i = b_i - a_i$  as the data
- Mean: the average of  $d_i = \bar{x}_d$
- Sample standard deviation of  $d_i = s_d$
- Standard error:  $s_d/\sqrt{n}$
- Assumption:  $\bar{x}_d \sim N(\mu_d, \sigma_d/\sqrt{n})$

#### 3.2.2

### 3.3 Confidence Intervals

### 3.4 R Code

### 3.5 One-sided Paired t-test Example

## 4 Independent Samples

### 4.1 Equal, Known Variances

### 4.2 Equal, Unknown Variances

### 4.3 Unequal Variance (Welch t-test)