Feature Extraction

Extracting the features

- Only the Features which have high influence with the output is extracted to increase the efficency and accuracy of the model
- Done using Correlation matrix and HeatMaps for visual

Correlation Matrix

- A correlation matrix is a table showing correlation coefficients between variables. Each cell in the table shows the correlation between two variables.
- A correlation matrix is used to summarize data, as an input into a more advanced analysis, and as a diagnostic for advanced analyses.

Sample Dataset

```
1 iris = sns.load_dataset("iris")
2 print(iris)
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
7	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
8	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
9	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
10	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa
11	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa
12	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa
13	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa
14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	setosa
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	setosa
17	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	setosa
18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	setosa

Feature Matrix

```
1  iris.corr()
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
sepal_length	1.000000	-0.117570	0.871754	0.817941
sepal_width	-0.117570	1.000000	-0.428440	-0.366126
petal_length	0.871754	-0.428440	1.000000	0.962865
petal_width	0.817941	-0.366126	0.962865	1.000000

HeatMap using Seaborn package

```
1  sns.heatmap(iris.corr(),annot=True)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1eee91129e8>
```