



Compression algorithms and their functionality for animal health



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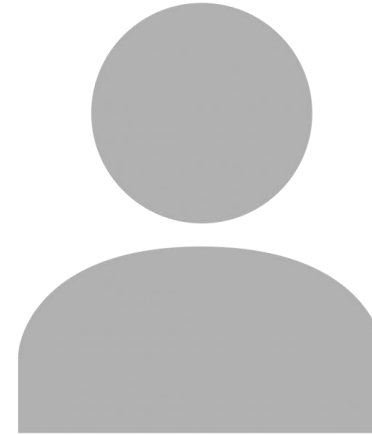


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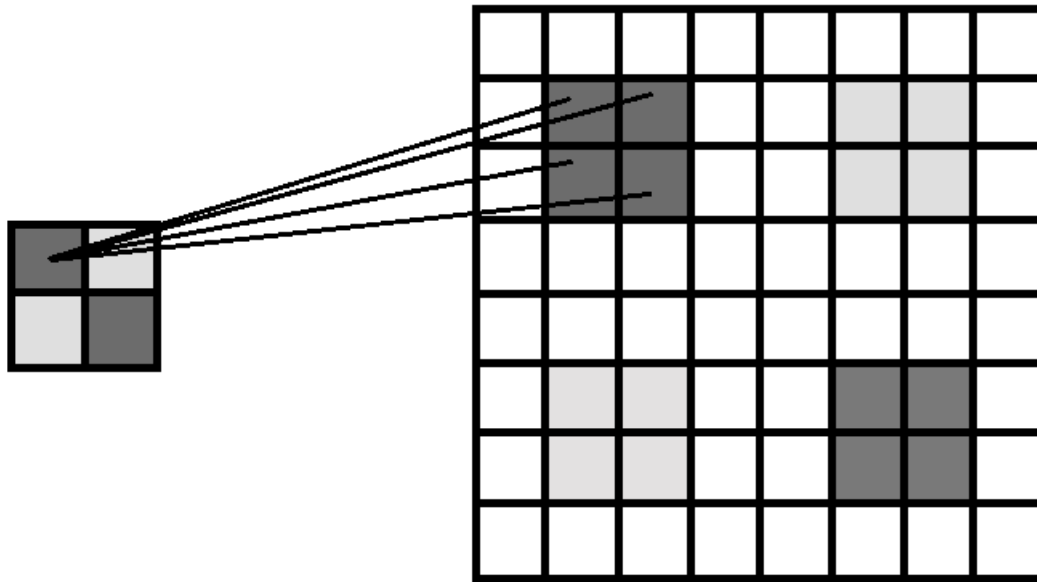


Fig. Image scaling by nearest neighbor



After the process of changing from csv data to images, these images are compressed using the nearest neighbor image scaling method.

LZ77 Compression Algorithm Design

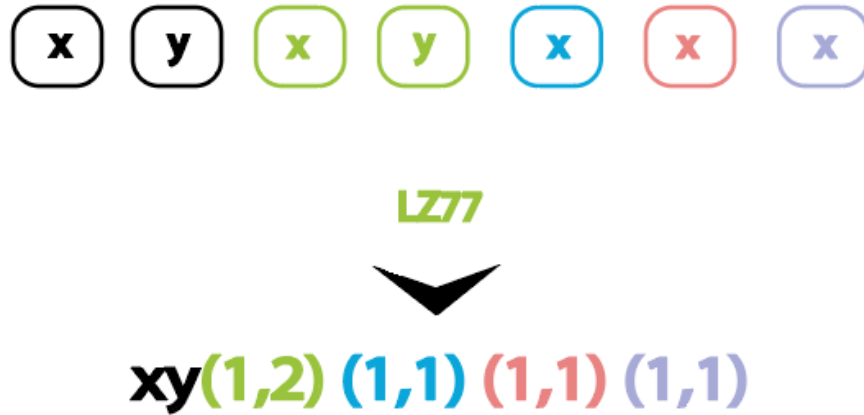


Fig. Compression with LZ77 algorithm



RLE Compression Algorithm Design



4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	6	8	8	8	8	8
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4	2	5	4	4	3	6	1	8	5
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Fig. Compression with algorithm



LZ77 Compression Algorithm Complexity



	Time Complexity	Memory Complexity
Image compression	$O(N)$	$O(N)$
Image decompression	$O(N)$	$O(N)$

Time and memory complexity of the LZ77 algorithm. N is the input/csv file.



RLE Compression Algorithm Complexity

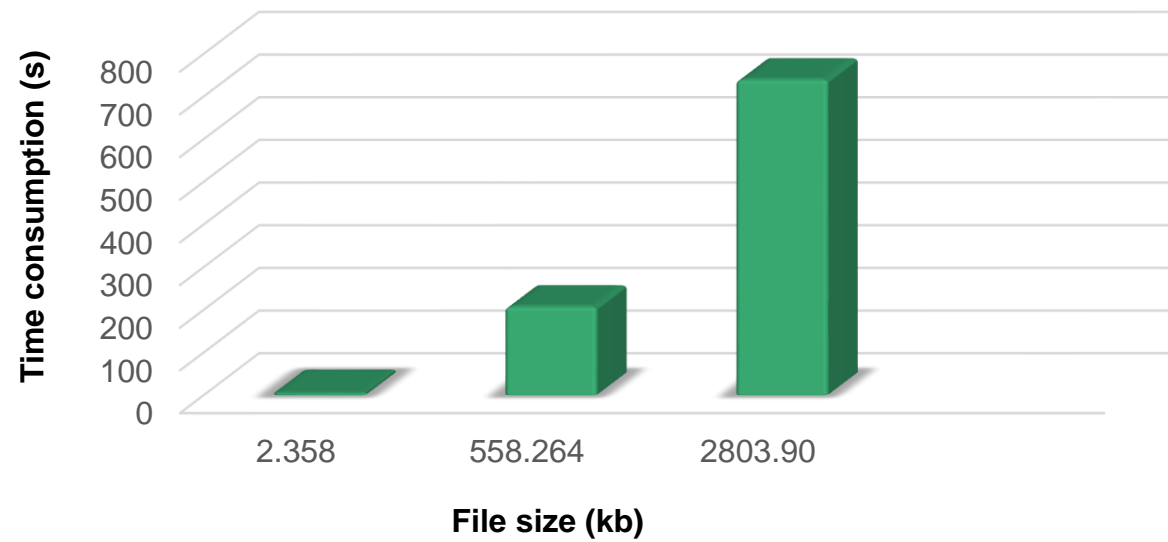


	Time Complexity	Memory Complexity
Image compression	$O(N)$	$O(N)$
Image decompression	$O(N*M)$	$O(N)$

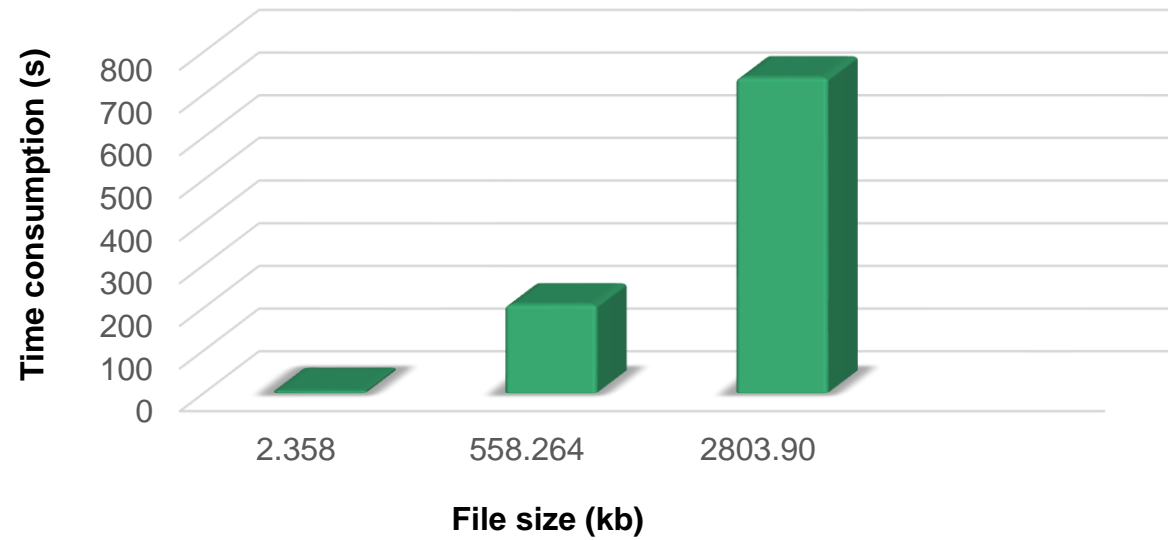
Time and memory complexity of the Run Length encoding algorithm. N is the input and M is the length of the array.



LZ77 Time and Memory Consumption



RLE Time and Memory Consumption



RLE Average Compression Ratio



	Compression Ratio
Healthy Cattle	2 : 1
Sick Cattle	2 : 1

Average compression ratio for Healthy Cattle and Sick Cattle.



LZ77 Average Compression Ratio



	Compression Ratio
Healthy Cattle	2 : 1
Sick Cattle	2 : 1

Average compression ratio for Healthy Cattle and Sick Cattle.





THANK YOU!

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