Calcolatori Elettronici e Sistemi Operativi

I2C driver for a temperature sensor

Device

I2C temperature sensor (virtual)

connected to the i2c adapter of the rv_board

i2c address: 0x57

temperature resolution: 0.1 °C

data is sent as a 2-byte signed value (LSB first)

default temperature read: 25 °C

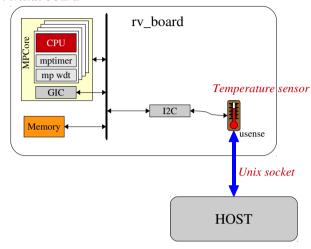
to change the "environment" temperature:

send the string "TEMP:<value>" to the Unix socket "usense-sckt"

value is a number in the [-100.0, 100.0] range

HW

Virtual board



Driver

Register the device

not performed in the board initialization code

Register a new i2c driver: usense

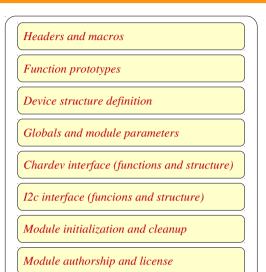
On driver binding register a new char device

reading from char device returns the sensor temperature sensor is read with the function provided by the i2c subsystem:

i2c_smbus_read_byte_data

max 1 read operation / sec. i2c peripherals are slow

usense.c: file structure



usense.c: function prototypes

usense.c: headers and macros

usense.c: device structure definition

usense.c: module initialization and cleanup

```
/* if HW info and registration is done in arch initcall just use:
module i2c driver(usense driver);
static struct i2c board info usense i2c board info = {
    I2C BOARD INFO("usense", USENSE I2C ADDRESS)
static struct i2c client *usense client;
    /* Module init */
static
int __init usense_init_module(void)
    struct i2c adapter *adapter = i2c get adapter(0);
    int ret:
    if (!adapter) {
        pr err(MODNAME ": Error getting i2c adapter\n");
        /* equivalent to: printk(KERN ERR MODNAME ... */
        ret = -ENODEV:
        qoto exit1;
   }
    usense client = i2c new device(adapter, &usense i2c board info);
                                                                        usense.c
```

usense.c: module initialization and cleanup

```
/* Module cleanup */
static
void __exit usense_cleanup_module(void)
{
    i2c_del_driver(&usense_driver);
    i2c_unregister_device(usense_client);
}

module_init(usense_init_module);
module_exit(usense_cleanup_module);
usense.c
```

usense.c: module initialization and cleanup

```
if (!usense_client) {
    pr_err(MODNAME ": Error registering i2c device\n");
    ret = -ENODEV;
    goto exit2;
}

ret = i2c_add_driver(&usense_driver);
    if (ret < 0) {
        goto exit3;
}

i2c_put_adapter(adapter);
    return 0;

exit3:
    i2c_unregister_device(usense_client);
    exit2:
    i2c_put_adapter(adapter);
    exit1:
    return ret;
}</pre>
```

usense.c: chardev interface

```
static struct file_operations usense_fops = {
    .owner = THIS_MODULE,
    .open = usense_open,
    .release = usense_release,
    .read = usense_read,
};
```

usense.c: chardev interface

```
static
int usense_open(struct inode *inode, struct file *file)
{
    struct usense_device_descr *dev;
    dev = container_of(inode->i_cdev, struct usense_device_descr, cdev);

    file->private_data = dev;
    dev->first_read_req = 1;

    return 0;
}

static
int usense_release(struct inode *inode, struct file *file)
{
    return 0;
}
```

usense.c: chardev interface

```
if (dev->first read req) {
    sprintf(buff, "%d.%d\n", dev->last temperature / 10,
                             dev->last temperature % 10);
    datalen = strlen(buff);
   if (copy to user(buffer, buff, datalen)) {
        ret = -EFAULT;
        *offset += datalen;
        ret = datalen;
        dev->first read req = 0;
} else {
    /* signal EOF */
    ret = 0;
    dev->first read reg = 1;
mutex unlock(&dev->mutex);
return ret;
                                                                     usense.c
```

usense.c: chardev interface

```
/* Read */
static
ssize t usense read(struct file *file, char user *buffer,
                    size t count, loff t *offset)
    struct usense device descr *dev = file->private data;
    ssize t ret = 0;
   int temperature;
   static char buff[10];
   int datalen:
   if (mutex lock interruptible(&dev->mutex)) return -ERESTARTSYS;
   if (!dev->read | | dev->last read time + HZ < jiffies) {</pre>
       /* update data */
       temperature = usense read temperature(dev->client);
       dev->last temperature = temperature;
       dev->last read time = jiffies;
       dev->read = 1;
                                                                         usense.c
```

usense.c: i2c interface

usense.c: i2c interface

usense.c: i2c interface

```
static
int usense_remove(struct i2c_client *client)
{
    struct usense_device_descr *dev = i2c_get_clientdata(client);
    int devno;

    if (dev) {
        i2c_set_clientdata(client, NULL);
        cdev_del(&dev->cdev);
        devno = MKDEV(dev->major, 0 /* minor */);
        unregister_chrdev_region(devno, 1);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

usense.c: i2c interface

```
err = alloc chrdev region(&devid, 0 /* minor */, 1, MODNAME);
dev->major = MAJOR(devid);
if (err < 0) {
   pr warning(KERN WARNING MODNAME ": can't get major %d\n", dev->major);
   return err;
devno = MKDEV(dev->major, 0);
mutex init(&dev->mutex);
cdev init(&dev->cdev, &usense fops);
err = cdev_add(&dev->cdev, devno, 1);
if (err) {
   /* registration failed */
   pr err(MODNAME ": Error %d adding device\n", err);
   unregister chrdev region(devno, 1);
   return err;
return 0;
                                                                        usense.c
```

usense.c: i2c interface

```
int usense read temperature(struct i2c client *client)
    int ret;
    int temperature;
   int8 t t;
    ret = i2c smbus read byte data(client, 0); /* temperature lo */
       pr warn(MODNAME ": Error %d reading from device\n", ret);
       return -1;
   temperature = (int8 t)ret;
    ret = i2c smbus read byte data(client, 1); /* temperature hi */
   if (ret < 0) {
       pr warn(MODNAME ": Error %d reading from device\n", ret);
       return -1:
    t = (int8 t)ret;
    temperature |= (t << 8);
    return temperature;
                                                                        usense.c
```

usense.c: module authorship and license

```
MODULE_AUTHOR("Calcolatori Elettronici e Sistemi Operativi (uniud)");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Example for i2c");
MODULE_VERSION("1.0");
MODULE_LICENSE("Dual BSD/GPL");

WSense.c
```

Makefile

```
# If KERNELRELEASE is defined, we've been invoked from the
# kernel build system and can use its language.
ifneq ($(KERNELRELEASE),)
    obj-m := usense.o

# Otherwise we were called directly from the command
# line; invoke the kernel build system.
else

    KERNELDIR ?= /lib/modules/$(shell uname -r)/build
    PWD := $(shell pwd)

default:
    $(MAKE) -C $(KERNELDIR) M=$(PWD) modules
endif

**Tabulation (mandatory)

**Makefile**
```

changetemp.c

```
#define SOCKETNAME
#define COMMAND_TEMP
#define COMMAND_TEMP_LEN
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/un.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <crrno.h>

changetemp.c
```

changetemp.c

```
address_un.sun_family = AF_UNIX;
memset(address_un.sun_path, 0, sizeof(address_un.sun_path));

/* use the unix abstract namespace */
strncpy(address_un.sun_path+1, socketname, sizeof(address_un.sun_path)-1-1);

for (i = 0 ; i < TIMEOUT ; i++) {
    if (connect(main_socket, (void*)&address_un, sizeof(address_un)) >= 0) {
        break;
    } else {
        sleep(1);
    }
}
if (i == TIMEOUT) {
    return -1;
}

changetemp.c
```

changetemp.c

```
#define TIMEOUT 10
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    char *socketname = SOCKETNAME;
    int main socket;
    struct sockaddr un address un;
    char buf[512] = COMMAND TEMP;
    int count:
    int i;
    int res;
    if (argc > 1) {
        strncat(buf, argv[1], sizeof(buf) - COMMAND TEMP LEN - 1);
    } else {
        return 1;
    count = strlen(buf);
    main socket = socket(PF UNIX, SOCK DGRAM, 0);
    if (main socket < 0) return -1;</pre>
                                                                      changetemp.c
```

changetemp.c

```
for (i = 0; i < count; i += res) {
    res = write(main_socket, ((char*)buf) + i, count - i);
    if (res <= 0) {
        if ((errno == EAGAIN) || (errno == ENOMEM) || (errno == EINTR)) {
            continue;
        } else {
            close(main_socket);
            return res;
        }
    }
}
close(main_socket);
return 0;
}</pre>
```