Spring Batch Workshop

Arnaud Cogoluègnes

Consultant with Zenika, Co-author Spring Batch in Action

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Overview

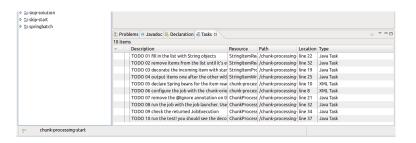
- This workshop highlights Spring Batch features
- Problem/solution approach
 - A few slides to cover the feature
 - A project to start from, just follow the TODOs
- Prerequisites
 - Basics about Java and Java EE
 - Spring: dependency injection, enterprise support
- https://github.com/acogoluegnes/Spring-Batch-Workshop

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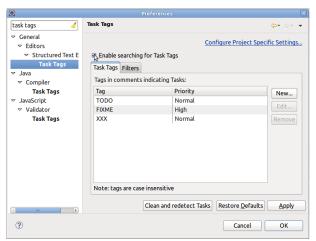
Follow the TODOs

- Track the TODO in the *-start projects!
- It's easier with support from the IDE



TODO with Eclipse

▶ Window > Preferences > "tasks tag" in filter



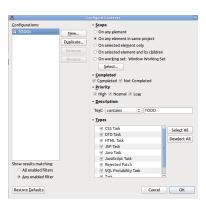
TODO with Eclipse

- Open the "Tasks" view
- click on the down arrow on the right
- "configure contents"



TODO with Eclipse

- Check "TODOs" on the left
- Check "On any element in the same project" on the right (scope)



Spring support in IDE is a +

e.g. code completion in SpringSource Tool Suite

```
<!-- TODO 03 configure the job with a chunk-oriented step using the reader and the writer -->
<!-- TODO 01 configure the FlatFileItemReader -->
Rebean i="reader" class="FlatFileItemReader"

<!-- TODO 03 configure the job with a chunk-oriented step using the reader and the writer -->
<!-- TODO 01 configure the FlatFileItemReader -->
Pebean i="reader" class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader"
```

Basic features for batch applications

- ► Read process write large amounts of data, efficiently
- Ready-to-use components to read from/write to
 - Flat/XML files
 - Databases (JDBC, Hibernate, JPA, iBatis)
 - JMS queues
 - Emails
- Numerous extension points/hooks

Advanced features for batch applications

- Configuration to skip/retry items
- Execution metadata
 - Monitoring
 - Restart after failure
- Scaling strategies
 - ► Local/remote
 - Partitioning, remote processing

- ▶ Problem: getting started with Spring Batch
- ► Solution: writing a simple "Hello World" job

Structure of a job

- A Spring Batch job is made of steps
- ► The Hello World job has one step
- ▶ The processing is implemented in a Tasklet

The Hello World Tasklet

```
public class HelloWorldTasklet implements Tasklet {
    @Override
    public RepeatStatus execute(
        StepContribution contribution,
        ChunkContext chunkContext) throws Exception {
        System.out.println("Hello world!");
        return RepeatStatus.FINISHED;
    }
}
```

The configuration of the Hello World job ¹

Spring Batch needs some infrastructure beans

Let's use the typical test configuration

Running the test in a JUnit test

```
@RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
@ContextConfiguration("/hello-world-job.xml")
public class HelloWorldJobTest {

    @Autowired
    private Job job;

    @Autowired
    private JobLauncher jobLauncher;

    @Test public void helloWorld() throws Exception {
        JobExecution execution = jobLauncher.run(job, new JobParameters());
        assertEquals(ExitStatus.COMPLETED, execution.getExitStatus());
    }
}
```

- ▶ Problem: processing large amounts of data efficiently
- Solution: using chunk processing

What is chunk processing?

- ▶ Batch jobs often read, process, and write items
- e.g.
 - Reading items from a file
 - ► Then processing (converting) items
 - Writing items to a database
- Spring Batch calls this "chunk processing"
- a chunk = a set of items

Chunk processing with Spring Batch

- Spring Batch
 - handles the iteration logic
 - uses a transaction for each chunk
 - lets you choose the chunk size
 - defines interfaces for each part of the processing

The reading phase

- Spring Batch creates chunks of items by calling read()
- Reading ends when read() returns null

The processing phase

- Once a chunk is created, items are sent to the processor
- Optional

```
public interface ItemProcessor<I, O> {
  O process(I item) throws Exception;
}
```

The writing phase

- Receives all the items of the chunk
- Allows for batch update (more efficient)

```
public interface ItemWriter<T> {
    void write(List<? extends T> items) throws Exception;
}
```

An example

▶ Let's implement a (too?) simple chunk-oriented step!

The ItemReader

The ItemProcessor

```
public class StringItemProcessor implements ItemProcessor<String , String> {
    @Override
    public String process(String item) throws Exception {
        return "*** "+item+" ***";
    }
}
```

The ItemWriter

```
public class StringltemWriter implements ItemWriter<String> {
    private static final Logger LOGGER =
        LoggerFactory.getLogger(StringltemWriter.class);

@Override
    public void write(List<? extends String> items) throws Exception {
        for(String item : items) {
            LOGGER.info("writing "+item);
        }
    }
}
```

Configuring the job

Considerations

- Do I always need to write my ItemReader/Processor/Writer?
- No, Spring Batch provides ready-to-use components for common datastores
 - ► Flat/XML files, databases, JMS, etc.
- As an application developer, you
 - Configure these components
 - Provides some logic (e.g. mapping a line with a domain object)

Going further...

- Reader/writer implementation for flat/XML files, database, JMS
- Skipping items when something goes wrong
- Listeners to react to the chunk processing

- ► Problem: reading lines from a flat file and sending them to another source (e.g. database)
- ► Solution: using the FlatFileItemReader

Spring Batch's support for flat file reading

- Spring Batch has built-in support for flat files
 - ▶ Through the FlatFileItemReader for reading
- The FlatFileItemReader handles I/O
- 2 main steps:
 - Configuring the FlatFileItemReader
 - Providing a line-to-object mapping strategy

The usual suspects

```
Susy , Hauerstock ,2010 - 03 - 04
De Anna , Raghunath ,2010 - 03 - 04
Kiam , Whitehurst ,2010 - 03 - 04
Alecia , Van Holst ,2010 - 03 - 04
Hing , Senecal ,2010 - 03 - 04
```

```
public class Contact {

  private Long id;
  private String firstname, lastname;
  private Date birth;

  (...)
}
```

What do we need to read a flat file?

- How to tokenize a line
- ▶ How to map the line with a Java object
- Where to find the file to read

The FlatFileItemReader configuration

```
<bean id="reader"</pre>
     class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader">
 cproperty name="lineMapper">
   <bean class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.mapping.DefaultLineMapper">
     cproperty name="lineTokenizer">
       <br/>bean
  class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.transform.DelimitedLineTokenizer">
        c property name="names" value="firstname.lastname.birth" />
       </bean>
     cproperty name="fieldSetMapper">
       <bean class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.ContactFieldSetMapper" />
     </bean>
 </property>
 </bean>
```

The line-to-object mapping strategy

- A FieldSetMapper to map a line with an object
- More about business logic, so typically implemented by developer
- Spring Batch provides straightforward implementations

Custom FieldSetMapper implementation

- ► FlatFileItemWriter to write flat file
- Fixed-length format (different tokenizer)
- Skipping badly formatted lines

- ► Problem: my job fails miserably because of a tiny error in my input file
- ► Solution: skipping lines without failing the whole execution

A CSV file with a badly formatted line

```
Susy, Hauerstock, 2010 – 03 – 04
De–Anna, Raghunath, 2010 – 03 – 04
Kiam, Whitehurst, 2010 – 03 – 04
Alecia, Van Holst, 09-23-2010
Hing, Senecal, 2010 – 03 – 04
Kannan, Pirkle, 2010 – 03 – 04
Row, Maudrie, 2010 – 03 – 04
Voort, Philbeck, 2010 – 03 – 04
```

Skip configuration

- Choose the exceptions to skip
- Set the max number of items to skip

- ▶ Logging skipped items with a SkipListener
- ► Setting a custom SkipPolicy

- Problem: passing values to the configuration when launching a job
- Solution: using job parameters and late binding

Use case: providing a input file dynamically to the item reader

```
JobParameters jobParameters = new JobParametersBuilder()
    .addString("input.file", "file:./input/contacts-01.txt")
    .toJobParameters();
JobExecution execution = jobLauncher.run(job, jobParameters);
```

```
<bean id="reader"
    class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader"
    scope="step">
    cproperty name="resource value="#{jobParameters['input.file']}" />
    (...)
</bean>
```

- Spring Expression Language (SpEL)
- Step scope for partitioning

- Problem: reading large result sets from the database with a stable memory footprint
- ► Solution: using the JdbcPagingItemReader, which uses paging to handle large result sets

JdbcPagingItemReader configuration

```
<bean id="reader"</pre>
      class="org.springframework.batch.item.database.JdbcPagingItemReader">
 cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
 cproperty name="pageSize" value="10" />
 cproperty name="gueryProvider">
   <bean class="o.s.b.item.database.support.SqlPagingQueryProviderFactoryBean">
     cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
     cproperty name="selectClause"
                value="select id.firstname.lastname.birth" />
     cproperty name="fromClause" value="from contact" />
     cproperty name="sortKey" value="id" />
   </bean>
 cproperty name="rowMapper">
   <bean class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.ContactRowMapper" />
 </bean>
```

Paging or cursors?

- By paging, you send multiple queries to the database
- Alternative: cursor-based item reader
 - ▶ Spring Batch "streams" the result set from the DB
 - Only one query
- Paging always works, cursor-based reader depends on driver implementation and database

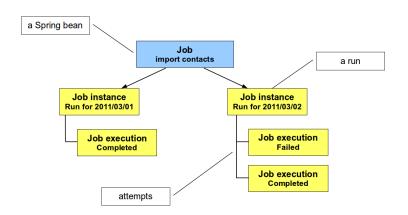
- ▶ Paging readers for Hibernate, JPA, iBatis
- Cursor-based readers

- ▶ Problem: monitoring the execution of batch jobs
- Solution: letting Spring Batch storing execution metadata in a database

Why storing execution metadata?

- Spring Batch keeps track of batch execution
- ► Enables:
 - Monitoring by querying metadata tables
 - Restarting after a failure

Job, job instance, and job execution



Job instance

- ▶ How to define a job instance?
- ► Thanks to job parameters
- ▶ Job parameters define the identity of the job instance

The reading phase

- Metadata are stored in a database
 - ▶ In-memory implementation for test/development
- Monitoring tools can query metadata tables

- ► Spring Batch Admin, the web console for Spring Batch
- JobExplorer and JobOperator interfaces
- Spring JMX support

- ▶ Problem: scheduling a job to execute periodically
- ► Solution: using the scheduling support in Spring

A class to launch the job

```
public class ImportLauncher {

public void launch() throws Exception {
    JobExecution exec = jobLauncher.run(
        job,
        new JobParametersBuilder()
            .addLong("time", System.currentTimeMillis())
            .toJobParameters()
    );
    }
}
```

Spring scheduling configuration

cron attribute available

- ► Threading settings in Spring Scheduler
- Spring support for Quartz

- Problem: I want to add some business logic before writing the items I just read
- ► Solution: use an ItemProcessor to process/convert read items before sending them to the ItemWriter

Use case

- Reading contacts from a flat file
- Registering them into the system
 - ▶ This is the *business logic*
- Writing the registration confirmations to the database

The ItemProcessor interface

```
public interface ItemProcessor<I, O> {
  O process(I item) throws Exception;
}
```

How to implement an ItemProcessor

► An ItemProcessor usually delegates to existing business code

Registering the ItemProcessor

- Available ItemProcessor implementations
 - Adapter, validator
- ▶ The ItemProcessor can filter items

- Problem: logging skipped items
- Solution: using a SkipListener

2 steps to log skipped items

- Writing the SkipListener (and the logging code)
- Registering the listener on the step

Writing the SkipListener

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.batch.core.listener.SkipListenerSupport;

public class Slf4jSkipListener<T,S> extends SkipListenerSupport<T, S> {
    private static final Logger LOG = LoggerFactory.getLogger(
        Slf4jSkipListener.class);

@Override
public void onSkipInRead(Throwable t) {
    LOG.warn("skipped item: {}",t.toString());
    }
}
```

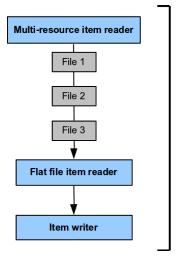
Registering the SkipListener

```
<batch:job id="loggingSkippedItemsJob">
  <batch:step id="loggingSkippedItemsStep">
    <batch:tasklet>
      <batch:chunk reader="reader" writer="writer" commit-interval="3"</pre>
                     skip-limit="10">
         <batch:skippable -exception -classes>
           <br/>
<br/>batch:include
            class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileParseException"/>
         </batch:skippable-exception-classes>
      </batch:chunk>
      <br/>
/batch:listeners>
         <bath><br/>| skipListener" />
      </batch:listeners>
    </br></batch:tasklet>
  </batch:step>
</batch:job>
<br/>
<br/>bean id="skipListener" class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.Slf4iSkipListener" />
```

- Other listeners in Spring Batch
 - ChunkListener, Item(Read/Process/Write)Listener, ItemStream, StepExecutionListener, JobExecutionListener

- ▶ Problem: I have multiple input files and I want to process them in parallel
- ► Solution: use partitioning to parallelize the processing on multiple threads

Serial processing

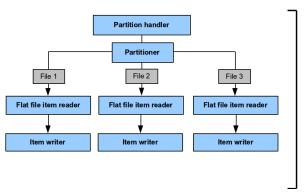


Step

Partitioning in Spring Batch

- Partition the input data
 - e.g. one input file = one partition
 - partition processed in a dedicated step execution
- Partitioning is easy to set up but need some knowledge about the data
- Partition handler implementation
 - Multi-threaded
 - Spring Integration

Multi-threaded partitioning



Partitioned Step

Partitioner for input files

```
<bean id="partitioner"
    class="o.s.b.core.partition.support.MultiResourcePartitioner">
    cproperty name="resources"
         value="file:./src/main/resources/input/*.txt" />
</bean>
```

The partitioner sets a context for the components

Using the multi-threaded partition handler

- Spring Integration partition handler implementation
- Other scaling approaches
 - parallel steps, remote chunking, multi-threaded step)