# Spring Batch Workshop (advanced)

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#### Outline

Overview

XML file reading

Item enrichment

File reading partitioning

File dropping launching

Database reading partitioning

Complex flow

#### Overview

- ► This workshop highlights advanced Spring Batch features
- Problem/solution approach
  - A few slides to cover the feature
  - ▶ A project to start from, just follow the TODOs
- Prerequisites
  - Basics about Java and Java EE
  - ► Spring: dependency injection, enterprise support
  - Spring Batch: what the first workshop covers
- https://github.com/acogoluegnes/Spring-Batch-Workshop

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- ► Problem: reading items from a XML file and sending them to another source (e.g. database)
- ► Solution: using the StaxEventItemReader

# Spring Batch's support for XML file reading

- ▶ Spring Batch has built-in support for XML files
  - ► Through the StaxEventItemReader for reading
- ► The StaxEventItemReader handles I/O for efficient XML processing
- 2 main steps:
  - ► Configuring the StaxEventItemReader
  - Configuring a Spring OXM's Unmarshaller

XML file reading

#### The usual suspects

```
public class Contact {

private Long id;
private String firstname, lastname;
private Date birth;

(...)
}
```

#### The StaxEventItemReader configuration

```
<bean id="reader" class="org.springframework.batch.item.xml.StaxEventItemReader">
 cproperty name="fragmentRootElementName" value="contact" />
 cproperty name="unmarshaller">
   <bean class="org.springframework.oxm.xstream.XStreamMarshaller">
      cproperty name="aliases">
       <map>
         <entry key="contact" value="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.Contact" />
       </map>
     </property>
     converters">
       <bean class="com.thoughtworks.xstream.converters.basic.DateConverter">
         <constructor-arg value="vvvv-MM-dd" />
         <constructor - arg><array /></constructor - arg>
         <constructor-arg value="true" />
       </bean>
      </property>
   </bean>
 </property>
 property name="resource" value="classpath:contacts.xml" />
</bean>
```

▶ NB: Spring OXM supports XStream, JAXB2, etc.

#### Going further...

- StaxEventItemWriter to write XML files
- Spring OXM's support for other marshallers
- Skipping badly formatted lines

- ► Problem: I want to enrich read items with a Web Service before they get written
- Solution: implement an ItemProcessor to make the Web Service call

#### Use case

- Reading contacts from a flat file
- Enriching the contact with their social security number
- Writing the whole contact in the database

#### The input file and the domain object

```
\begin{array}{l} 1\text{,} De-Anna\,, Raghunath\,,} 2010-03-04\\ 2\text{,} Susy\,, Hauerstock\,,} 2010-03-04\\ 3\text{,} Kiam\,, Whitehurst\,,} 2010-03-04\\ 4\text{,} Alecia\,, Van Holst\,,} 2010-03-04\\ 5\text{,} Hing\,, Senecal\,,} 2010-03-04\\ \end{array}
```

#### ► NB: no SSN!

```
public class Contact {

private Long id;
private String firstname, lastname;
private Date birth;
private String ssn;
(...)
}
```

#### The Web Service

- It can be any kind of Web Service (SOAP, REST)
- Our Web Service
  - ▶ URL:

http://host/service?firstname=John&lastname=Doe

It returns

```
<contact>
  <firstname> John</firstname>
  <lastname> Doe</lastname>
  <ssn>987-65-4329</ssn>
</contact>
```

#### The ItemProcessor implementation

```
package com. zenika. workshop. springbatch;
import iavax.xml.transform.dom.DOMSource:
import org.springframework.batch.item.ItemProcessor;
import org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate:
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList:
public class SsnWebServiceItemProcessor implements
             ItemProcessor<Contact . Contact > {
  private RestTemplate restTemplate = new RestTemplate();
  private String url:
  @Override
  public Contact process(Contact item) throws Exception {
    DOMSource source = restTemplate.getForObject(url.DOMSource.class.
      item . getFirstname(), item . getLastname());
    String ssn = extractSsnFromXml(item, source);
    item . setSsn(ssn):
    return item:
  private String extractSsnFromXml(Contact item, DOMSource source) {
    // some DOM code
  (...)
```

#### Configuring the SsnWebServiceItemProcessor

#### But my Web Service has a lot of latency!

- ▶ The Web Service call can benefit from multi-threading
- Why not spawning several processing at the same time?
- We could wait for the completion in the ItemWriter
- Let's use some asynchronous ItemProcessor and ItemWriter
  - Provided in the Spring Batch Integration project

#### LItem enrichment

#### Using async ItemProcessor and ItemWriter

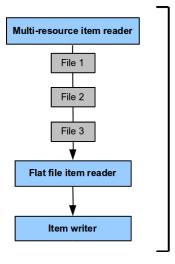
#### This is only about wrapping

# Going further...

- Business delegation with an ItemProcessor
- Available ItemProcessor implementations
  - Adapter, validator
- ▶ The ItemProcessor can filter items

- ► Problem: I have multiple input files and I want to process them in parallel
- ► Solution: use partitioning to parallelize the processing on multiple threads

# Serial processing

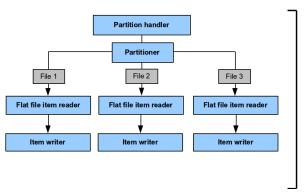


Step

#### Partitioning in Spring Batch

- Partition the input data
  - ▶ e.g. one input file = one partition
  - partition processed in a dedicated step execution
- Partitioning is easy to set up but need some knowledge about the data
- Partition handler implementation
  - Multi-threaded
  - Spring Integration

#### Multi-threaded partitioning



Partitioned Step

## Partitioner for input files

```
<bean id="partitioner"
    class="o.s.b.core.partition.support.MultiResourcePartitioner">
    cproperty name="resources"
         value="file:./src/main/resources/input/*.txt" />
</bean>
```

#### The partitioner sets a context for the components

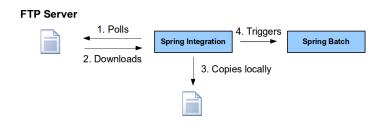
#### Using the multi-threaded partition handler

## Going further...

- Spring Integration partition handler implementation
- Other scaling approaches
  - parallel steps, remote chunking, multi-threaded step)

- ► Problem: downloading files from a FTP server and processing them with Spring Batch
- Solution: use Spring Integration to poll the FTP server and trigger Spring Batch accordingly

## Using Spring Integration for transfer and triggering



## The launching code

```
public class FileContactJobLauncher {
  public void launch(File file) throws Exception {
    JobExecution exec = jobLauncher.run(
    job,
    new JobParametersBuilder()
        .addString("input.file", "file:"+file.getAbsolutePath())
        .toJobParameters()
    );
}
```

► The File is the local copy

#### Listening to the FTP server

## Calling the launcher on an inbound message

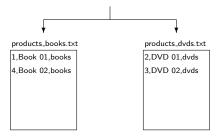
## Going further...

- ► Checking Spring Integration connectors
  - ▶ Local file system, FTPS, SFTP, HTTP, JMS, etc.
- Checking operations on messages
  - Filtering, transforming, routing, etc.

- ► Problem: I want to export items from different categories from a database to files
- ► Solution: provide a partition strategy and use partitioning

#### The use case

ID	name	category
1	Book 01	books
2	DVD 01	dvds
3	DVD 02	dvds
4	Book 02	books



## Partitioning based on categories

2 partitions in this case

ID	name	category
1	Book 01	books
2	DVD 01	dvds
3	DVD 02	dvds
4	Book 02	books

## Partitioning logic with the Partitioner interface

```
public class ProductCategoryPartitioner implements Partitioner {
  ( . . . )
  @Override
  public Map<String , ExecutionContext> partition(int gridSize) {
    List < String > categories = jdbcTemplate.queryForList(
      "select distinct(category) from product".
      String. class
    Map<String . ExecutionContext> results =
      new LinkedHashMap<String , ExecutionContext >();
    for(String category : categories) {
      ExecutionContext context = new ExecutionContext():
      context.put("category", category);
      results.put("partition."+category, context);
    return results:
```

#### Output of the Partitioner

#### Excerpt:

```
for(String category : categories) {
    ExecutionContext context = new ExecutionContext();
    context.put("category", category);
    results.put("partition."+category, context);
}
```

#### Results:

```
partition.books = { category => 'books' }
partition.dvds = { category => 'dvds' }
```

#### Components can refer to partition parameters

▶ They need to use the step scope

```
<bean id="reader"</pre>
      class="org.springframework.batch.item.database.JdbcCursorItemReader"
      scope="step">
  cproperty name="sql"
             value="select id, name, category from product where category = ?" />
  cproperty name="preparedStatementSetter">
    <bean class="org.springframework.idbc.core.ArgPreparedStatementSetter">
      <constructor—arg value="#{stepExecutionContext['category']}]" />
    </bean>
  </bean>
<bean id="writer"</pre>
      class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemWriter"
      scope="step">
  cproperty name="resource"
     value="file:./target/products_#{stepExecutionContext['category']}.txt" />
</bean>
```

#### Configure the partitioned step

▶ The default implementation is multi-threaded

#### Going further...

- ► Check existing partitioner implementations
- ► Check other partition handler implementations
- Check other scaling strategies

- ► Problem: my job has a complex flow of steps, how can Spring Batch deal with it?
- ► Solution: use the step flow attributes and tags, as well as StepExecutionListeners.

#### The next attribute for a linear flow

#### There's also a next tag non-linear flows

▶ NB: there are also the end, fail, and stop tags

## But if I have more complex flows?

- ▶ The next attribute decision is based on the exit code
- You can use your own exit codes
- A StepExecutionListener can modify the exit code of a step execution

## Modifying the exit code of a step execution

```
package com. zenika. workshop. springbatch:
import org.springframework.batch.core.ExitStatus;
import org.springframework.batch.core.StepExecution:
import org.springframework.batch.core.StepExecutionListener;
public class SkipsListener implements StepExecutionListener {
  @Override
  public void beforeStep(StepExecution stepExecution) { }
  @Override
  public ExitStatus afterStep(StepExecution stepExecution) {
    String exitCode = stepExecution.getExitStatus().getExitCode():
    if (!exitCode.equals(ExitStatus.FAILED.getExitCode()) &&
              stepExecution.getSkipCount() > 0) {
      return new ExitStatus("COMPLETED WITH SKIPS"):
    } else {
      return null:
```

#### Plugging the SkipsListener

```
<step id="flatFileReadingStep">
  <tasklet>
    <chunk reader="reader" writer="writer"</pre>
            commit-interval="3" skip-limit="10">
      <skippable -exception -classes>
        <include
         class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileParseException"/>
      </skippable-exception-classes>
    </chunk>
  </tasklet>
  <end on="COMPLETED"/>
  <next on="COMPLETED WITH SKIPS" to="trackSkipsStep"/>
  steners>
    stener>
      <br/>
<br/>
beans:bean class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.SkipsListener" />
    </listener>
  </listeners>
</step>
```

## Going further...

- ► The JobExecutionDecider and the decision tag
- ▶ The stop, fail, and end tags