# Spring Batch Workshop

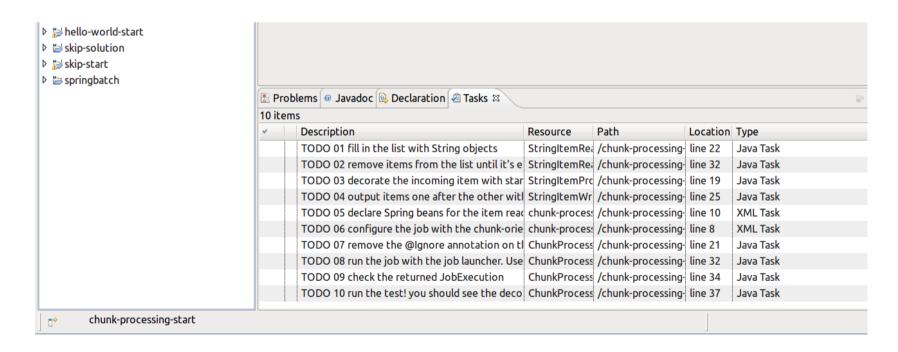
Arnaud Cogoluègnes Consultant at Zenika, co-author "Spring Batch in Action"

#### Overview

- This workshop highlights Spring Batch features
- Problem/solution approach
  - A few slides to cover the feature
  - A project to start from, just follow the TODOs
- Prerequisites :
  - Basics about Java and Java EE
  - Spring: dependency injection, enterprise support
- https://github.com/acogoluegnes/Spring-Batch-Workshop

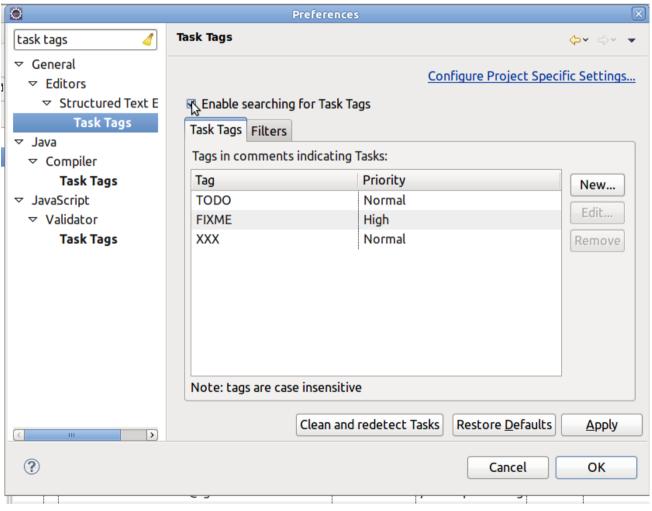
# Settings

- Track the TODO in the \*-start projects!
- It's easier with support from the IDE



## TODO with Eclipse

Window > Preferences > "tasks tag" in filter

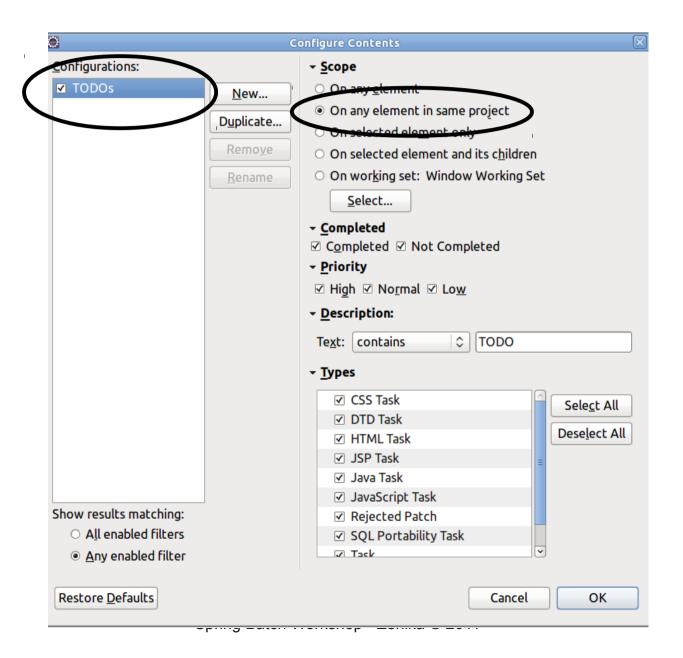


#### TODO with Eclipse

Open the "Tasks" view and "configure contents"

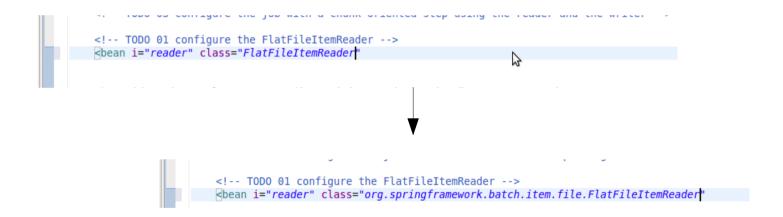


# TODO with Eclipse



# Spring support in IDE

- Spring support in IDE is a +
- e.g. code completion in SpringSource Tool Suite



## Spring Batch overview

- Read process write large amounts of data, efficiently
- Ready-to-use components to read from/write to
  - Flat/XML files
  - Databases (JDBC, Hibernate, JPA, iBatis)
  - JMS queues
  - Emails
- Numerous extension points/hooks

# Spring Batch overview

- Configuration to skip/retry items
- Execution metadata
  - Monitoring
  - Restart after failure
- Scaling strategies
  - Local/remote
  - Partitioning, remote processing

- Problem: getting started with Spring Batch
- Solution: writing a simple "Hello world" job

- A Spring Batch job is made of steps
- The Hello World job has one step
- The processing is implemented in a *Tasklet*

The Hello World Tasklet

```
public class HelloWorldTasklet implements Tasklet {
    @Override
    public RepeatStatus execute(
        StepContribution contribution,
        ChunkContext chunkContext) throws Exception {
        System.out.println("Hello world!");
        return RepeatStatus.FINISHED;
    }
}
```

- The configuration of the Hello World job
  - Notice the <batch /> namespace

- Spring Batch needs some infrastructure beans
  - Let's use the typical test configuration

Let's test!

```
@RunWith(SpringJUnit4ClassRunner.class)
@ContextConfiguration("/hello-world-job.xml")
public class HelloWorldJobTest {
 @Autowired
 private Job job;
 @Autowired
 private JobLauncher jobLauncher;
 @Test public void helloWorld() throws Exception {
    JobExecution execution = jobLauncher.run(job, new JobParameters());
   assertEquals(ExitStatus.COMPLETED, execution.getExitStatus());
```

- Problem: processing large amounts of data efficiently
- Solution: using chunk processing

- Batch jobs often read, process, and write items
- e.g.
  - Reading items from a file
  - Then processing (converting) items
  - Writing items to a database
- Spring Batch calls this "chunk processing"
  - a chunk = a set of items

- Spring Batch
  - handles the iteration logic
  - uses a transaction for each chunk
  - lets you choose the chunk size
  - defines interfaces for each part of the processing

- ItemReader
  - Reading ends when read() returns null

- ItemProcessor
  - optional

```
public interface ItemProcessor<I, 0> {
    O process(I item) throws Exception;
}
```

- ItemWriting
  - Receive all the items of the chunk
  - Allows for batch update (more efficient)

```
public interface ItemWriter<T> {
   void write(List<? extends T> items) throws Exception;
}
```

 Let's implement a (too?) simple chunk-oriented step!

#### The ItemReader

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.batch.item.ItemReader;
import org.springframework.batch.item.NonTransientResourceException;
import org.springframework.batch.item.ParseException;
import org.springframework.batch.item.UnexpectedInputException;
public class StringItemReader implements ItemReader<String> {
  private List<String> list;
 public StringItemReader() {
    this.list = new ArrayList<String>(Arrays.asList("1","2","3","4","5","6","7"));
 @Override
 public String read() throws Exception, UnexpectedInputException,
                         ParseException, NonTransientResourceException {
    return !list.isEmpty() ? list.remove(0) : null;
```

The ItemProcessor

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import org.springframework.batch.item.ItemProcessor;

public class StringItemProcessor implements ItemProcessor<String, String> {
    @Override
    public String process(String item) throws Exception {
        return "*** "+item+" ***";
    }
}
```

#### The ItemWriter

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import java.util.List;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.batch.item.ItemWriter;
public class StringItemWriter implements ItemWriter<String> {
 private static final Logger LOGGER =
    LoggerFactory.getLogger(StringItemWriter.class);
 @Override
  public void write(List<? extends String> items) throws Exception {
    for(String item : items) {
      LOGGER.info("writing "+item);
```

Configuring the job

- Do I always need to write my ItemReader/Processor/Writer?
- No, Spring Batch provides ready-to-use components for common datastores
  - Flat/XML files, databases, JMS, etc.
- You
  - Configure these components
  - Provides some logic
    - e.g. mapping a line with a domain object

- Going further...
  - Reader/writer implementation for flat/XML files, database, JMS
  - Skipping items when something goes wrong
  - Listeners to react to the chunk processing

- Problem: reading lines from a flat file and sending them to another source (e.g. database)
- Solution: using the FlatFileItemReader

- Spring Batch has built-in support for flat files
  - Through the FlatFileItemReader for reading
- The FlatFileItemReader handles I/O
- 2 main steps:
  - Configuring the FlatFileItemReader
  - Providing a line object mapping strategy

The usual suspects:

```
De-Anna, Raghunath, 2010-03-04
Susy, Hauerstock, 2010-03-04
Kiam, Whitehurst, 2010-03-04
Alecia, Van Holst, 2010-03-04
Hing, Senecal, 2010-03-04
```

```
public class Contact {
   private Long id;
   private String firstname, lastname;
   private Date birth;
   (...)
}
```

- What do we need to read a flat file?
  - How to tokenize a line
  - How to map the line with a Java object
  - Where to find the file to read

**Tokenization** 

```
<bean id="reader"</pre>
      class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader">
  property name="lineMapper">
   <bean class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.mapping.DefaultLineMapper"</pre>
      property name="lineTokenizer">
        <hean
  class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.transform.DelimitedLineTokenizer">
          cproperty name="names" value="firstname, lastname, birth" />
        </bean>
      </property>
      cproperty name="fieldSetMapper">
        <bean class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.ContactFieldSetMapper" />
      </property>
   </bean>
 </property>
 property name="resource" value="classpath:contacts.csv"
</bean>
```

File to read

Line – object mapping

- A FieldSetMapper to map a line with an object
- More about business logic, so typically implemented by developer
  - Spring Batch provides simple implementations

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import org.springframework.batch.item.file.mapping.FieldSetMapper;
import org.springframework.batch.item.file.transform.FieldSet;
import org.springframework.validation.BindException;
public class ContactFieldSetMapper implements FieldSetMapper<Contact> {
 @Override
  public Contact mapFieldSet(FieldSet fieldSet) throws BindException {
    return new Contact(
      fieldSet.readString("firstname"),
      fieldSet.readString("lastname"),
      fieldSet.readDate("birth","yyyy-MM-dd")
```

- Going further...
  - FlatFileItemWriter to write flat file
  - Fixed-length format (different tokenizer)
  - Skipping badly formatted lines

- Problem: my job fails miserably because of a tiny error in my input file
- Solution: skipping lines without failing the whole execution

Skipping lines is sometimes acceptable

```
De-Anna, Raghunath, 2010-03-04
Susy, Hauerstock, 2010-03-04
Kiam, Whitehurst, 2010-03-04
Alecia, Van Holst, 09-23-2010
Hing, Senecal, 2010-03-04
Kannan, Pirkle, 2010-03-04
Row, Maudrie, 2010-03-04
Voort, Philbeck, 2010-03-04
```

- Skip in Spring Batch
  - Choose the exceptions to skip
  - Set the max number of items to skip

- Going further...
  - Logging skipped items with a SkipListener
  - Setting a custom SkipPolicy

## Dynamic job parameters

- Problem: passing values to the configuration when launching a job
- Solution: using job parameters and late binding

## Dynamic job parameters

 Use case: providing a input file dynamically to the item reader

```
JobParameters jobParameters = new JobParametersBuilder()
   .addString("input.file", "file:./input/contacts-01.txt")
   .toJobParameters();
JobExecution execution = jobLauncher.run(job, jobParameters);
```

```
<bean id="reader"
    class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader"
    scope="step">
    cproperty name="resource" value="#{jobParameters['input.file']}" />
    (...)
</bean>
```

## Dynamic job parameters

- Going further...
  - Checking other available variables in an expression

- Problem: reading large result sets from the database with a stable memory footprint
- Solution: using the JdbcPagingItemReader, which uses paging to handle large result sets

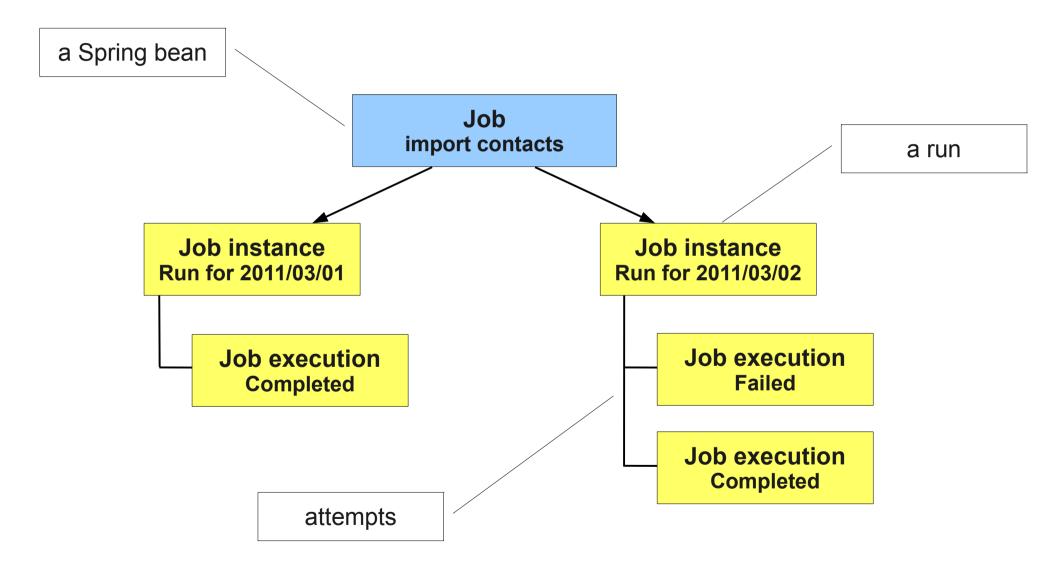
```
<bean id="reader"</pre>
     class="org.springframework.batch.item.database.JdbcPagingItemReader">
 cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
 property name="pageSize" value="10" />
 property name="gueryProvider">
    <bean class="o.s.b.item.database.support.SqlPagingQueryProviderFactoryBean">
      cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
     property name="selectClause"
                value="select id, firstname, lastname, birth" />
     cproperty name="fromClause" value="from contact" />
     cproperty name="sortKey" value="id" />
   </bean>
 cproperty name="rowMapper">
    <bean class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.ContactRowMapper" />
 </property>
</bean>
```

- By paging, you send multiple queries to the database
- Alternative: cursor-based item reader
  - Spring Batch "streams" the result set from the DB
  - Only one query
- Paging always works, cursor-based reader depends on driver implementation

- Going further...
  - Paging readers for Hibernate, JPA, iBatis
  - Cursor-based readers

- Problem: monitoring the execution of batch jobs
- Solution: letting Spring Batch storing execution metadata in a database

- Spring Batch keeps track of batch execution
- Enables:
  - Monitoring by querying metadata tables
  - Restarting after a failure



- How to define a job instance?
- Thanks to job parameters
  - They define the identity of the job instance

- Metadata are stored in a database
  - In-memory implementation for test/development
- Monitoring tools can query metadata tables
  - e.g. Spring Batch Admin

- Going further...
  - Spring Batch Admin set-up
  - JobExplorer and JobOperator interfaces
  - Spring JMX support

### Scheduling

- Problem: scheduling a job to execute periodically
- Solution: using the scheduling support in Spring

### Scheduling

```
public class ImportLauncher {

public void launch() throws Exception {
   JobExecution exec = jobLauncher.run(
      job,
      new JobParametersBuilder()
            .addLong("time", System.currentTimeMillis())
            .toJobParameters()
      );
   }
}
```

A "cron" attribute is available

## Scheduling

- Going further...
  - Threading settings in Spring Scheduler
  - Spring support for Quartz

- Problem: I want to add some business logic before writing the items I just read
- Solution: use an item processor to process/convert read items before sending them to the item writer

- Use case:
  - Reading contacts from a flat file
  - Registering them into the system
  - Writing the registration confirmations to the database

**Business logic** 

Delegate to business service

Register the item processor on the step

```
<batch:job id="itemProcessorJob">
  <batch:step id="itemProcessorStep">
    <hatch:tasklet>
      <batch:chunk reader="reader" processor="processor"</pre>
                   writer="writer" commit-interval="3"/>
    </batch:tasklet>
  </batch:step>
</batch:job>
<bean id="registrationService"</pre>
      class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.RegistrationService" />
<bean id="processor"</pre>
      class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.ContactItemProcessor">
  property name="registrationService" ref="registrationService" />
 'bean>
```

- Going further...
  - Available ItemProcessor implementations

- Problem: logging skipped items
- Solution: using a skip listener

- 2 steps:
  - Writing the skip listener (and the logging code)
  - Registering the listener on the step

Writing the skip listener

```
package com.zenika.workshop.springbatch;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.batch.core.listener.SkipListenerSupport;

public class Slf4jSkipListener<T,S> extends SkipListenerSupport<T, S> {
    private static final Logger LOG = LoggerFactory.getLogger(
        Slf4jSkipListener.class);

@Override
    public void onSkipInRead(Throwable t) {
        LOG.warn("skipped item: {}",t.toString());
    }
}
```

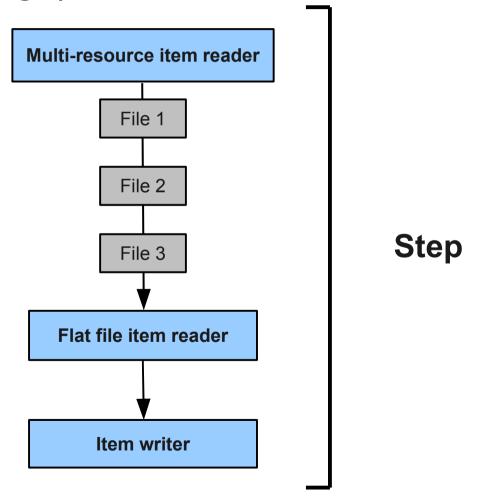
Registering the skip listener

```
<batch:job id="loggingSkippedItemsJob">
  <batch:step id="loggingSkippedItemsStep">
    <batch:tasklet>
      <batch:chunk reader="reader" writer="writer" commit-interval="3"</pre>
                   skip-limit="10">
        <batch:skippable-exception-classes>
          <batch:include</pre>
              class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileParseException"/>
        </batch:skippable-exception-classes>
      </batch:chunk>
      <batch:listeners>
        <batch:listener ref="skipListener" />
      </batch:listeners>
    </batch:tasklet>
  </batch:step>
</batch:iob>
<bean id="skipListener" class="com.zenika.workshop.springbatch.Slf4jSkipListener" />
```

- Going further...
  - Other listeners in Spring Batch
    - ChunkListener, Item(Read/Process/Write)Listener,
       ItemStream, StepExecutionListener,
       JobExecutionListener

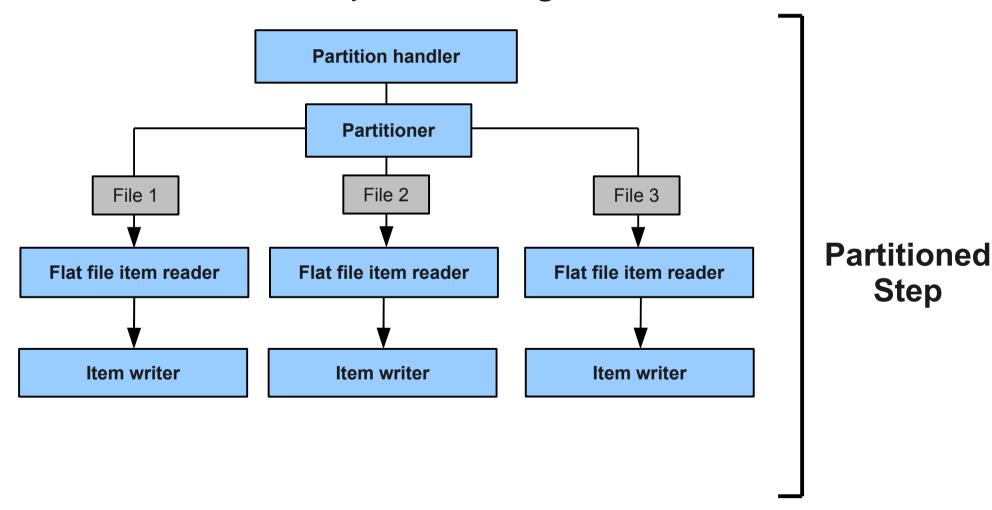
- Problem: I have multiple input files and I want to process them in parallel
- Solution: use partitioning to parallelize the processing on multiple threads

No partitioning (one file after the other)



- Partitioning principle in Spring Batch:
  - Partition the data
    - e.g. one input file = one partition
  - Execute the partition in a dedicated step
- Partitioning is easy to set up but need some knowledge about the data
- Partition handler implementation
  - Multi-threaded
  - Spring Integration

Multi-threaded partitioning



Partitioner for input files

Set a context for the steps to run

```
<bean id="reader"
    class="org.springframework.batch.item.file.FlatFileItemReader"
    scope="step">
    (...)
```

Using the multi-threaded partition handler

- Going further...
  - Spring Integration partition handler implementation
  - Other scaling approaches (parallel steps, remote chunking, multi-threaded step)