

# AI

## L1F21BSCS0783

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#### Task 1

a)

1. State Representation :-

Each state can be represented by the current configuration of the track pieces on the board.

2. Initial State :-

The initial state is the configuration where no pieces are placed on the board.

3. Goal State :-

Goal state is the configuration where all pieces are placed in such a way that there is no overlapping.

Actions :-

Actions are the placement of a track piece in a valid

position and orientation on  
the board

5- Path cost :-

The cost of a path  
can be defined as the  
number of pieces placed.

6- Constraints :-

No overlapping  
of tracks and no loose  
ends.

**b)**

A suitable informed search  
algorithm can be depth  
first search due to  
big state space it  
would work best, in order  
to achieve same result  
as other iterative or  
breadth first searches  
in few steps



## Task 2

### Initial Step and Population

- chromosomes: Represents routes b/w cities
- fitness function: Inverse of the ~~Initial~~ total distance of the route (higher fitness for shorter routes)
- Initial population :- Generate a set of possible routes.

#### a) Fitness evaluation

Assume 4 cities (A, B, C, D) and distances b/w them :

$$A-B = 2$$

$$B-C = 4$$

$$A-C = 5$$

$$B-D = 3$$

$$A-D = 6$$

$$C-D = 2$$

Routes in initial population

Route 1 : A-B-C-D-A ( $2+4+2+6=14$ )

Route 2 : A-C-B-D-A ( $5+4+3+6=18$ )

Route 3 : A-D-B-C-A ( $6+3+4+5=18$ )

## Fitness calculation

Route 1 fitness:  $1/14$   
Route 2 fitness:  $1/18$   
Route 3 fitness:  $1/18$

Sorted based on fitness

1. Route 1
2. Route 2
3. Route 3

## b) Crossover Operations

One-point crossover (middle point) on the fittest two individuals:

Parent 1: Route 1 (A-B-C-D-A)

Parent 2: Route 2 (A-C-B-D-A)

Offspring: A-C-C-D-A and  
A-B-B-D-A

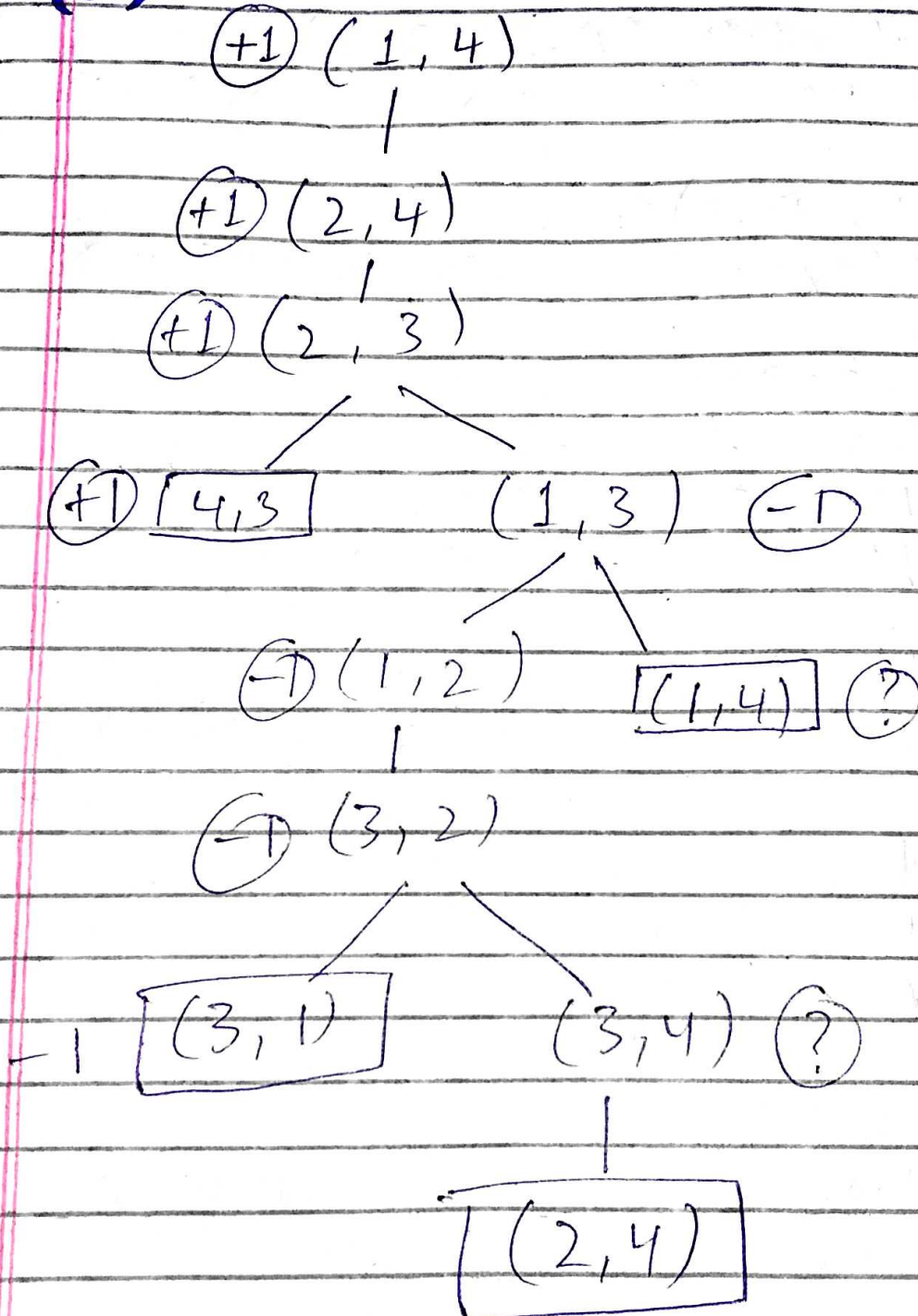
## c) New population

1. A-C-C-D-A
2. A-B-B-D-A



### Task 3

(a)



**(b)**

Applying Alpha beta pruning

Initial state (A:1, B:4)

- Player A moves to position 2

(A:2, B:4):

- Player B moves to position 3

(A:2, B:3):

- Player A has two options
  - Move to 3 : (A:3, B:3)
  - Move to 1 : (A:1, B:3)

(A:3, B:3)

- Player B moves to position 2

(A:3, B:2)

- Player B moves to position 4  
(A wins) : value = +1.

(A:2, B:1):

- Player B moves to position 1  
(B wins) : value = -1.