```
LinksPlatform's Platform Numbers Class Library
    ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Arithmetic.cs
   using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
   namespace Platform. Numbers
4
   {
       /// <summary>
5
       /// <para>Represents a set of arithmetic methods.</para>
       /// <para>Представляет набор арифметических методов.</para>
       /// </summary>
       public static class Arithmetic
10
            /// <summary>
11
            /// <para>Performing adding the x and y arguments.</para>
12
            /// <para>Выполняет сложение аргументов х и у.</para>
13
            /// </summary>
14
            /// <typeparam name="T">
15
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
            /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
18
            /// <param name="x">
19
            /// <para>The first term.</para>
20
            /// <para>Первое слагаемое.</para>
21
            /// </param>
            /// <param name="y">
            /// <para>The second term.</para>
24
            /// <para>Второе слагаемое.</para>
25
            /// </param>
26
            /// <returns>
27
            /// <para>Sum of x and y.</para>
28
            /// <para>Сумма х и у.</para>
            /// </returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
31
            public static T Add<T>(T x, T y) => Arithmetic<T>.Add(x, y);
32
33
            /// <summary>
34
            /// <para>Performs subtracting y from x.</para>
            /// <para>Выполняет вычитание у из х.</para>
            /// </summary>
37
            /// <typeparam name="T">
38
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
39
            /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
40
            /// </typeparam>
41
            /// <param name="x">
42
            /// <para>Minuend.</para>
            /// <para>Уменьшаемое.</para>
44
            /// </param>
45
            /// <param name="y">
            /// <para>Subtrahend.</para>
47
            /// <para>Вычитаемое.</para>
48
            /// </param>
            /// <returns>
            /// <para>Difference between x and y.</para>
51
            /// <para>Разность между х и у.</para>
52
            /// </returns>
53
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
54
            public static T Subtract<T>(T x, T y) => Arithmetic<T>.Subtract(x, y);
55
            /// <summary>
57
            /// <para>Performs multiplication x by y.</para>
58
            /// <para>Выполняет умножение х на у.</para>
            /// </summary>
60
            /// <typeparam name="T">
61
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
            /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
63
            /// </typeparam>
64
            /// <param name="x">
65
            /// <para>First multiplier.</para>
            /// <para>Первый множитель.</para>
67
            /// </param>
68
            /// <param name="y">
            /// <para>Second multiplier.</para>
            /// <para>Второй множитель.</para>
71
            /// </param>
            /// <returns>
73
            /// <para>Product of x and y.</para>
74
            /// <para>Произведение х и у.</para>
75
            /// </returns>
```

```
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
             public static T Multiply<T>(T x, T y) => Arithmetic<T>.Multiply(x, y);
79
             /// <summary>
             /// <para>Performs dividing x by y.</para>
81
             /// <para>Выполняет деление х на у.</para>
82
             /// </summary>
83
             /// <typeparam name="T">
84
             /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
85
             /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
86
             /// </typeparam>
             /// <param name="x">
             /// <para>Dividend.</para>
89
             /// <para>Делимое.</para>
90
             /// </param>
             /// <param name="y">
92
             /// <para>Divider.</para>
93
             /// <para>Делитель.</para>
             /// </param>
95
             /// <returns>
96
             /// <para>Quoitent of x and y.</para>
97
             /// <para>Частное х и у.</para>
98
             /// </returns>
99
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
100
            public static T Divide<T>(T x, T y) => Arithmetic<T>.Divide(x, y);
102
             /// <summary>
103
             /// <para>Increasing the number by one.</para>
             /// <para>Увеличивает число на единицу.</para>
105
             /// </summary>
106
             /// <typeparam name="T">
             /// <para>The number's type.</para>
108
             /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
109
             /// </typeparam>
110
             /// <param name="x">
111
             /// <para>The number to increase.</para>
112
             /// <para>Число для увеличения.</para>
113
             /// </param>
             /// <returns>
115
             /// <para>Increase by one number.</para>
116
             /// <para>Увеличенное на единицу число.</para>
117
             /// </returns>
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
119
            public static T Increment<T>(T x) => Arithmetic<T>.Increment(x);
120
121
             /// <summary>
122
             /// <para>Increases the value of argument by one.</para>
            /// <para>Увеличивает значение аргумента на единицу.</para>
124
            /// </summary>
125
             /// <typeparam name="T">
126
             /// <para>The number's type.</para>
             /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
128
             /// </typeparam>
129
             /// <param name="x">
130
             /// <para>The argument to increase.</para>
131
             /// <para>Аргумент для увеличения.</para>
132
             /// </param>
             /// <returns>
             /// <para>Increased argument value.</para>
135
             /// <para>Увеличенное значение аргумента.</para>
136
             /// </returns>
137
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
138
            public static T Increment<T>(ref T x) => x = Arithmetic<T>.Increment(x);
139
140
             /// <summary>
141
             /// <para>Decreases number by one.</para>
142
             /// <para>Уменьшение числа на единицу.</para>
             /// <\(\bar{summary}\)
144
             /// <typeparam name="T">
145
             /// <para>The number's type.</para>
146
             /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
147
             /// </typeparam>
148
             /// <param name="x">
149
             /// <para>The number to reduce.</para>
            /// <para>Число для уменьшения.</para>
151
            /// </param>
152
             /// <returns>
             /// <para>Decreased by one number.</para>
```

```
/// <para>Уменьшенное на единицу число.</para>
155
            /// <\brace //returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
157
            public static T Decrement<T>(T x) => Arithmetic<T>.Decrement(x);
158
            /// <summary>
160
            /// <para>Decreases the value of the argument by one.</para>
161
            /// <para>Уменьшает значение аргумента на единицу.</para>
162
            /// </summary>
163
            /// <typeparam name="T">
164
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
165
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
167
            /// <param name="x">
168
            /// /// para>The argument to reduce.
            /// <para>Аргумент для уменьшения.</para>
170
            /// </param>
171
            /// <returns>
            /// <para>Decreased argument value.</para>
173
            /// <para>Уменьшеное значение аргумента.</para>
174
            /// </returns>
175
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
176
            public static T Decrement<T>(ref T x) => x = Arithmetic<T>.Decrement(x);
177
178
     ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/ArithmeticExtensions.cs
    using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
    namespace Platform. Numbers
 4
        /// <summary>
 5
        /// <para>Represents a set of extension methods that perform arithmetic operations on
           arbitrary object types.</para>
        /// <para>Представляет набор методов расширения выполняющих арифметические операции для
           объектов произвольного типа.</para>
        /// </summary>
        public static class ArithmeticExtensions
            /// <summary>
11
            /// <para>Increments the variable passed as an argument by one.</para>
12
            /// <para>Увеличивает переданную в качестве аргумента переменную на единицу.</para>
13
            /// </summary>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
15
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
16
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
18
            /// <param name="x">
19
            /// <para>The reference to the incremented variable.</para>
            /// <para>Ссылка на увеличиваемую переменную.</para>
21
            /// </param>
22
            /// <returns>
23
            /// <para>The value of the argument incremented by one.</para>
            /// <para>Увеличенное значение аргумента на единицу.</para>
25
            /// </returns>
26
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            public static T Increment<T>(this ref T x) where T : struct => x =
             → Arithmetic<T>.Increment(x);
29
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>Decrements the variable passed as an argument by one.</para>
31
            /// <para>Уменьшает переданную в качестве аргумента переменную на единицу.</para>
32
            /// </summary>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
35
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
36
            /// </typeparam>
37
            /// <param name="x">
38
            /// /// cpara>The reference to the decremented variable.
3.9
            /// <para>Ссылка на уменьшаемую переменную.</para>
            /// </param>
41
            /// <returns>
42
            /// <para>The value of the argument decremented by one.</para>
43
            /// <para>Уменьшеное значение аргумента на единицу.</para>
44
            /// </returns>
45
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
46
            public static T Decrement<T>(this ref T x) where T : struct => x =
             → Arithmetic<T>.Decrement(x);
```

```
48
   }
49
    ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Arithmetic[T].cs
1.3
   using System;
   using System.Reflection.Emit;
2
   using System.Runtime.CompilerServices; using Platform.Exceptions;
3
4
   using Platform.Reflection;
6
   // ReSharper disable StaticFieldInGenericType
   namespace Platform. Numbers
8
        /// <summary>
10
        /// <para>Represents a set of compiled arithmetic operations delegates.</para>
11
        /// <para>Представляет набор скомпилированных делегатов арифметических операций.</para>
12
        /// </summary>
13
       public static class Arithmetic<T>
14
15
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a addition function delegate.</para>
17
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции сложения.</para>
18
            /// </summary>
19
            public static readonly Func<T, T, T> Add = CompileAddDelegate();
20
            /// <summary>
22
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a subtraction function delegate.</para>
23
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции вычитания.</para>
^{24}
            /// </summary>
25
            public static readonly Func<T, T, T> Subtract = CompileSubtractDelegate();
26
            /// <summary>
28
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a multiplication function delegate.</para>
29
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции умножения.</para>
30
            /// </summary>
            public static readonly Func<T, T, T> Multiply = CompileMultiplyDelegate();
32
            /// <summary>
34
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a division function delegate.</para>
35
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции деления.</para>
36
            /// </summary>
37
            public static readonly Func<T, T, T> Divide = CompileDivideDelegate();
38
            /// <summary>
40
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a increment function delegate.</para>
41
42
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции инкремента.</para>
            /// </summary>
43
            public static readonly Func<T, T> Increment = CompileIncrementDelegate();
44
45
            /// <summary>
46
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a decrement function delegate.</para>
47
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции декремента.</para>
48
            /// </summary>
49
            public static readonly Func<T, T> Decrement = CompileDecrementDelegate();
50
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
51
            private static Func<T, T, T> CompileAddDelegate()
53
                return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
54
                    Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
56
                    emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
57
                    emiter.Add();
58
                    emiter.Return();
59
                });
60
61
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
62
            private static Func<T, T, T> CompileSubtractDelegate()
63
64
                return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
                    Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
67
                    emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
68
                    emiter.Subtract();
69
                    emiter.Return();
70
                });
71
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            private static Func<T, T, T> CompileMultiplyDelegate()
74
```

```
return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
76
                     Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
78
                     emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
79
                     emiter.Emit(OpCodes.Mul);
                     emiter.Return();
81
                 }):
82
83
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            private static Func<T, T, T> CompileDivideDelegate()
85
86
                 return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
                     Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
89
                     emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1)
90
                     if(NumericType<T>.IsSigned)
92
                          emiter.Emit(OpCodes.Div);
93
                     }
                     else
95
96
                          emiter.Emit(OpCodes.Div_Un);
97
98
                     emiter.Return();
99
                 });
100
101
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
102
            private static Func<T, T> CompileIncrementDelegate()
103
                 return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T>>(emiter =>
105
106
                     Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
                     emiter.LoadArgument(0);
108
                     emiter.Increment<T>();
109
                     emiter.Return();
110
                 });
112
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
113
            private static Func<T, T> CompileDecrementDelegate()
                 return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T>>(emiter =>
116
117
                     Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
                     emiter.LoadArgument(0);
119
                     emiter.Decrement<T>();
120
                     emiter.Return();
                 });
122
            }
123
        }
124
125
1.4
     ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Bit.cs
    using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
    namespace Platform.Numbers
 4
        /// <summary>
 5
         /// <para>A set of operations on the set bits of a number.</para>
        /// <para>Набор операций над установленными битами числа.</para>
        /// </summary>
        public static class Bit
1.0
             /// <summary>
11
             /// <para>Counts the number of bits set in a number.</para>
12
             /// <para>Подсчитывает количество установленных бит в числе.</para>
13
             /// </summary>
14
             /// <param name="x">
             /// <para>Bitwise number.</para>
             /// <para>Число в битовом представлении.</para>
17
             /// </param>
18
             /// <returns>
19
             /// <para>Number of bits set in a number.</para>
20
             /// <para>Количество установленных бит в числе.</para>
21
             /// </returns>
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
             public static long Count(long x)
24
25
                 long n = 0;
26
```

```
while (x != 0)
        n++:
        x \&= x - 1;
    return n;
}
/// <summary>
/// <para>Searches for the first bit set in a number.</para>
/// <para>Ищет первый установленный бит в числе.</para>
/// </summary>
/// <param name="value">
/// <para>Bitwise number.</para>
/// <para>Число в битовом представлении.</para>
/// </param>
/// <returns>
/// <para>First bit set.</para>
/// <para>Первый установленный бит.</para>
/// </returns>
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
public static int GetLowestPosition(ulong value)
    if (value == 0)
        return -1;
    var position = 0;
    while ((value & 1UL) == 0)
        value >>= 1;
        ++position;
    return position;
}
/// <summary>
/// <para>Performing bitwise inversion of a number.</para>
/// <para>Выполняет побитовую инверсию числа.</para>
/// </summary>
/// <typeparam name="T">
/// <para>The number's type.</para>
/// <para>Тип числа.</para>
/// </typeparam>
/// <param name="x">
/// <para>Number to invert.</para>
/// <para>Число для инверсии.</para>
/// </param>
/// <returns>
/// <para>Inverse value of the number.</para>
/// <para>Обратное значение числа.</para>
/// </returns>
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
public static T Not\langle T \rangle (T x) = \langle Bit \langle T \rangle . Not(x);
/// <summary>
/// <para>Performing bitwise numbers addition.</para>
/// <para>Выполняет побитовое сложение чисел.</para>
/// </summary>
/// <typeparam name="T">
/// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
/// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
/// </typeparam>
/// <param name="x">
/// <para>First term.</para>
/// <para>Первое слагаемое.</para>
/// </param>
/// <param name="y">
/// <para>Second term.</para>
/// <para>Второе слагаемое.</para>
/// </param>
/// <returns>
/// <para>The logical sum of numbers</para>
/// <para>Логическая сумма чисел.</para>
/// </returns>
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
public static T Or<T>(T x, T y) => Bit<T>.Or(x, y);
/// <summary>
```

2.9

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7.0

71

73

74

7.5

77

78

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83

84

86

87

89

90

91

93

94

97

98

100

101

102

```
/// <para>Performs bitwise numbers multiplication.</para>
106
            /// <para>Выполняет побитовое умножение чисел.</para>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
108
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
109
            /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
111
            /// </summary>
112
            /// <param name="x">
113
            /// <para>First multiplier.</para>
            /// <para>Первый множитель.</para>
115
            /// </param>
116
            /// <param name="y">
            /// <para>Second multiplier.</para>
            /// <para>Второй множитель.</para>
119
            /// </param>
120
            /// <returns>
121
            /// <para>Logical product of numbers.</para>
122
            /// <para>Логическое произведение чисел.</para>
123
            /// </returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
125
            public static T And<T>(T x, T y) => Bit<T>.And(x, y);
126
127
            /// <summary>
128
            /// <para>Performs a bitwise shift of a number to the left by the specified number of
129
                bits.</para>
            /// <para>Выполняет побитовый свиг числа влево на указанное количество бит.</para>
            /// <\br/>/summary>
131
            /// <typeparam name="T">
132
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
133
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
135
            /// <param name="x">
136
            /// /// cpara>The number on which the left bitwise shift operation will be performed.
            /// <para>Число над которым будет производиться операция пиботового смещения
             → влево.</para>
            /// </param>
139
            /// <param name="y">
140
            /// <para>The number of bits to shift.</para>
141
            /// <para>Количество бит на которые выполнить смещение.</para>
142
            /// </param>
143
            /// <returns>
144
            /// <para>The value with discarded high-order bits that are outside the range of the
                number's type and set low-order empty bit positions to zero.</para>
            /// <para>Значение с отброшенными старшими битами, которые находятся за пределами
146
             🛶 диапазона типа числа и устанавливленными пустыми битовыми позициями младших разрядов
                в ноль.</para>
            /// </returns>
147
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
148
            public static T ShiftLeft<T>(T x, int y) => Bit<T>.ShiftLeft(x, y);
149
            /// <summary>
151
            /// <para>Performs a bitwise shift of a number to the right by the specified number of
152
                bits.</para>
            /// <para>Выполняет побитовый свиг числа вправо на указанное количество бит.</para>
            /// <\br/>/summary>
154
            /// <typeparam name="T">
155
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
156
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
158
            /// <param name="x">
159
            /// <para>The number on which the right bitwise shift operation will be performed.</para>
            /// <para>Число над которым будет производиться операция побитового смещения
161
                вправо.</para>
            /// </param>
162
            /// <param name="y">
163
            /// <para>The number of bits to shift.</para>
            /// <para>Количество бит на которые выполнить смещение.</para>
165
            /// </param>
166
            /// <returns>
167
            /// <para>The value with discarded low-order bits.</para>
168
            /// <para>Значение с отброшенными младшими битами.</para>
169
            /// </returns>
170
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            public static T ShiftRight<T>(T x, int y) => Bit<T>.ShiftRight(x, y);
172
            /// <summary>
174
```

```
/// <para>Performs a partial write of a specified number of bits from source number to
175
                target number.</para>
             /// <para>Выполняет частичную запись определенного количества бит исходного числа в
                целевое число.</para>
             /// </summary>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
179
             /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
             /// </typeparam>
181
             /// <param name="target">
182
             /// <para>The value to which the partial write will be performed.</para>
183
            /// <para>Значение в которое будет выполнена частичная запись.</para>
184
            /// </param>
185
            /// <param name="source">
186
             /// <para>Data source for recording.</para>
             /// <para>Источник данных для записи.</para>
188
             /// </param>
189
             /// <param name="shift">
190
             /// <para>The start position to read from.</para>
             /// <para>Стартовая позиция чтения.</para>
192
            /// </param>
193
             /// <param name="limit">
             /// <para>The number of bits to write from source to target.</para>
195
             /// <para>Количество бит, которые нужно записать из source в target.</para>
196
             /// </param>
197
            /// <returns>
198
             /// <para>The target number updated with bits from source number.</para>
199
             /// <para>Целевое число с обновленными битами из исходного числа.</para>
200
             /// </returns>
             [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
202
            public static T PartialWrite<T>(T target, T source, int shift, int limit) =>
203
             → Bit<T>.PartialWrite(target, source, shift, limit);
            /// <summarv>
205
            /// <para>Reads a specified number of bits from the number at specified position.</para>
206
             /// <para>Считывает указанное количество бит из числа в указанной позиции.</para>
             /// </summary>
208
            /// <typeparam name="T">
209
             /// <para>The number's type.</para>
210
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
211
            /// </typeparam>
212
213
            /// <param name="target">
             /// <para>The number from which the partial read will be performed.</para>
             /// <para>Число из которого будет выполнено частичное чтение.</para>
215
             /// </param>
216
             /// <param name="shift">
217
            /// <para>The start position to read from.</para>
218
            /// <para>Стартовая позиция чтения.</para>
219
            /// </param>
220
             /// <param name="limit">
            /// <para>The number of bits to read.</para>
222
            /// <para>Количество бит, которые нужно считать.</para>
223
             /// </param>
            /// <returns>
225
            /// <para>The number consisting of bits read from the source number.</para>
226
            /// <para>Число состоящее из считанных из исходного числа бит.</para>
             /// </returns>
             [{\tt MethodImpl}({\tt MethodImpl}{\tt Options}. {\tt AggressiveInlining})]
229
            public static T PartialRead<T>(T target, int shift, int limit) =>
230
             → Bit<T>.PartialRead(target, shift, limit);
        }
232
     ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/BitExtensions.cs
    using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
    namespace Platform.Numbers
 3
 4
        /// <summary>
        /// <para>Represents a set of bitwise operation.</para>
        /// <para>Представляет набор битовых операций.</para>
        /// </summary>
        public static class BitwiseExtensions
 9
10
             /// <summary>
11
            /// <para>Performs bitwise inversion of a number.</para>
            /// <para>Выполняет побитовую инверсию числа.</para>
13
             /// </summary>
```

```
/// <typeparam name="T">
15
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
16
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
17
            /// </typeparam>
18
            /// <param name="target">
            /// <para>The number to invert.</para>
20
            /// <para>Число для инверсии.</para>
21
            /// </param>
22
            /// <returns>
            /// <para>An inverted value of the number.</para>
24
            /// <para>Обратное значение числа.</para>
25
            /// </returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
27
           public static T Not<T>(this ref T target) where T : struct => target = Bit.Not(target);
28
29
            /// <summary>
30
            /// <para>Performs a partial write of a specified number of bits from source number to
31
               target number.</para>
            /// <para>Выполняет частичную запись определенного количества бит исходного числа в
               целевое число.</para>
            /// </summary>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
34
            /// <para>The numbers' type.</para>
35
            /// <para>Тип чисел.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
37
            /// <param name="target">
38
            /// <para>The value to which the partial write will be performed.</para>
3.9
            /// <para>Значение в которое будет выполнена частичная запись.</para>
            /// </param>
41
            /// <param name="source">
42
            /// <para>Data source for writing.</para>
43
            /// <para>Источник данных для записи.</para>
44
            /// </param>
45
            /// <param name="shift">
46
            /// <para>The start position to read from.</para>
            /// <para>Стартовая позиция чтения.</para>
48
            /// </param>
49
            /// <param name="limit">
            /// /// para>The number of bits to write from source to target.
51
            /// <para>Количество бит, которые нужно записать из source в target.</para>
52
            /// </param>
            /// <returns>
            /// <para>The target number updated with bits from source number.</para>
55
            /// <para>Целевое число с обновленными битами из исходного числа.</para>
56
            /// </returns>
57
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
           public static T PartialWrite<T>(this ref T target, T source, int shift, int limit) where
59
            → T : struct => target = Bit<T>.PartialWrite(target, source, shift, limit);
            /// <summary>
61
            /// <para>Reads a specified number of bits from the number at specified position.</para>
62
            /// <para>Считывает указанное количество бит из числа в указанной позиции.</para>
63
            /// </summary>
64
            /// <typeparam name="T">
65
            /// <para>The number's type.</para>
66
            /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
            /// </typeparam>
68
            /// <param name="target">
69
            /// <para>The number from which the partial read will be performed.</para>
70
            /// <para>Число из которого будет выполнено частичное чтение.</para>
71
            /// </param>
72
            /// <param name="shift">
            /// <para>The start position to read from.</para>
            /// <para>Стартовая позиция чтения.</para>
7.5
            /// </param>
76
            /// <param name="limit">
77
            /// <para>The number of bits to read.</para>
78
            /// <para>Количество бит, которые нужно считать.</para>
79
            /// </param>
            /// <returns>
            /// <para>The number consisting of bits read from the source number.</para>
82
            /// <para>Число состоящее из считанных из исходного числа бит.</para>
83
            /// </returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
85
           public static T PartialRead<T>(this T target, int shift, int limit) =>
86
            → Bit<T>.PartialRead(target, shift, limit);
       }
```

```
1.6 ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Bit[T].cs
   using System;
   using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
using Platform.Exceptions;
3
   using Platform.Reflection;
4
   // ReSharper disable StaticFieldInGenericType
   namespace Platform. Numbers
8
        /// <summary>
10
        /// <para>Represents a set of compiled bit operations delegates.</para>
11
       /// <para>Представляет набор скомпилированных делегатов битовых операций.</para>
12
       /// </summary>
13
       public static class Bit<T>
14
15
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a bitwise inversion function delegate.</para>
17
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции побитовой инверсии
18
               числа.</para>
            /// </summary>
19
           public static readonly Func<T, T> Not = CompileNotDelegate();
20
            /// <summary>
23
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a logic addition function delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции логического
24
               сложения.</para>
            /// </summary>
25
           public static readonly Func<T, T, T> Or = CompileOrDelegate();
26
27
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a logic multiplication function
29
               delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции логического
30
               умножения.</para>
            /// </summary>
31
           public static readonly Func<T, T, T> And = CompileAndDelegate();
33
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a bitwise left shift function
35
               delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции побитового сдвига числа
36
               влево.</para>
            /// </summary>
37
           public static readonly Func<T, int, T> ShiftLeft = CompileShiftLeftDelegate();
39
            /// <summary>
40
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a bitwise right shift function
               delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции побитового сдвига числа
42
               вправо.</para>
            /// </summary>
43
           public static readonly Func<T, int, T> ShiftRight = CompileShiftRightDelegate();
45
            /// <summary>
46
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a bitwise number representation partial
               rewrite function delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции частичной побитовой
               перезаписи представления числа.</para>
            /// </summary>
49
           public static readonly Func<T, T, int, int, T> PartialWrite =
50

→ CompilePartialWriteDelegate();
            /// <summary>
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a bitwise number representation partial read
53
               function delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, представляющее делегат функции частичного побитового
54
               считывания числа.</para>
            /// </summary>
5.5
            public static readonly Func<T, int, int, T> PartialRead = CompilePartialReadDelegate();
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
57
           private static Func<T, T> CompileNotDelegate()
58
59
                return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T>>(emiter =>
61
                    Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
```

```
emiter.LoadArguments(0);
        emiter.Not();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, T, T> CompileOrDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
        emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
        emiter.Or();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, T, T> CompileAndDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
        emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
        emiter.And();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, int, T> CompileShiftLeftDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, int, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
        emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, int, T> CompileShiftRightDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, int, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
        emiter.LoadArguments(0, 1);
        emiter.ShiftRight<T>();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, T, int, int, T> CompilePartialWriteDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T, int, int, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>()
        var constants = GetConstants();
        var bitsNumber = constants.Item1;
        var numberFilledWithOnes = constants.Item2;
        ushort shiftArgument = 2;
        ushort limitArgument = 3;
var checkLimit = emiter.DefineLabel();
        var calculateSourceMask = emiter.DefineLabel();
        // Check shift
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.LoadConstant(0)
        emiter.BranchIfGreaterOrEqual(checkLimit); // Skip fix
        // Fix shift
        emiter.LoadConstant(bitsNumber);
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.Add();
        emiter.StoreArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.MarkLabel(checkLimit);
        // Check limit
        emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.LoadConstant(0);
        emiter.BranchIfGreaterOrEqual(calculateSourceMask); // Skip fix
        // Fix limit
        emiter.LoadConstant(bitsNumber);
```

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119

120 121

122 123

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127

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135 136

137

138

139

```
emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.Add()
        emiter.StoreArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.MarkLabel(calculateSourceMask)
        var sourceMask = emiter.DeclareLocal<T>();
        var targetMask = emiter.DeclareLocal<T>()
        emiter.LoadConstant(typeof(T), numberFilledWithOnes);
        emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.Not();
        emiter.LoadConstant(typeof(T), numberFilledWithOnes);
        emiter.And();
        emiter.StoreLocal(sourceMask);
        emiter.LoadLocal(sourceMask);
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.Not();
        emiter.StoreLocal(targetMask);
        emiter.LoadArgument(0); // target
        emiter.LoadLocal(targetMask);
        emiter.And();
        emiter.LoadArgument(1); // source
        emiter.LoadLocal(sourceMask);
        emiter.And();
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.Or();
        emiter.Return();
    });
[MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
private static Func<T, int, int, T> CompilePartialReadDelegate()
    return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, int, int, T>>(emiter =>
        Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>()
        var constants = GetConstants();
        var bitsNumber = constants.Item1;
        var numberFilledWithOnes = constants.Item2;
        ushort shiftArgument =
        ushort limitArgument = 2;
        var checkLimit = emiter.DefineLabel();
        var calculateSourceMask = emiter.DefineLabel();
        // Check shift
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.LoadConstant(0);
        emiter.BranchIfGreaterOrEqual(checkLimit); // Skip fix
        // Fix shift
        emiter.LoadConstant(bitsNumber);
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.Add();
        emiter.StoreArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.MarkLabel(checkLimit);
        // Check limit
        emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.LoadConstant(0);
        emiter.BranchIfGreaterOrEqual(calculateSourceMask); // Skip fix
        // Fix limit
        emiter.LoadConstant(bitsNumber);
        emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.Add();
        emiter.StoreArgument(limitArgument);
        emiter.MarkLabel(calculateSourceMask);
        var sourceMask = emiter.DeclareLocal<T>();
        var targetMask = emiter.DeclareLocal<T>()
        emiter.LoadConstant(typeof(T), numberFilledWithOnes);
        emiter.LoadArgument(limitArgument); // limit
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.Not();
        emiter.LoadConstant(typeof(T), numberFilledWithOnes);
        emiter.And();
        emiter.StoreLocal(sourceMask);
        emiter.LoadLocal(sourceMask);
        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
        emiter.ShiftLeft();
        emiter.StoreLocal(targetMask);
        emiter.LoadArgument(0); // target
        emiter.LoadLocal(targetMask);
```

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```
emiter.And();
219
                        emiter.LoadArgument(shiftArgument);
                        emiter.ShiftRight<T>();
221
                        emiter.Return();
222
                   });
224
              [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
225
              private static Tuple<int, T> GetConstants()
226
227
                   var type = typeof(T);
228
                   if (type == typeof(ulong))
229
230
                        return new Tuple<int, T>(64, (T)(object)ulong.MaxValue);
231
232
233
                   if (type == typeof(uint))
                        return new Tuple<int, T>(32, (T)(object)uint.MaxValue);
235
                   }
236
                      (type == typeof(ushort))
237
238
                        return new Tuple<int, T>(16, (T)(object)ushort.MaxValue);
239
240
                      (type == typeof(byte))
241
242
                        return new Tuple<int, T>(8, (T)(object)byte.MaxValue);
243
                   throw new NotSupportedException();
245
              }
246
         }
247
248
1.7
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Math.cs
    using System;
    using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
 2
    namespace Platform. Numbers
 4
 5
          /// <summary>
 6
         /// <para>Represents a set of math methods.</para>
         /// <para>Представляет набор математических методов.</para>
          /// </summary>
 9
         /// <remarks>Resizable array (FileMappedMemory) for values cache may be used. or cached
1.0
             oeis.org</remarks>
         public static class Math
11
 12
              private static readonly ulong[] _factorials =
13
14
                             6, 24, 120, 720, 5040, 40320, 362880, 3628800, 39916800, 0, 6227020800, 87178291200, 1307674368000, 20922789888000
15
                   479001600,
                   355687428096000, 6402373705728000, 121645100408832000, 2432902008176640000
17
18
              private static readonly ulong[] _catalans =
19
20
                   1, 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, 1430, 4862, 16796, 58786, 208012, 742900, 2674440, 9694845, 35357670, 129644790, 477638700, 1767263190, 6564120420, 24466267020, 91482563640, 343059613650, 1289904147324, 4861946401452, 18367353072152, 69533550916004, 263747951750360, 1002242216651368, 3814986502092304,
21
22
23
                   14544636039226909, 55534064877048198, 212336130412243110, 812944042149730764,
25
                   \rightarrow 3116285494907301262, 11959798385860453492
              };
27
              /// <summary>
28
              /// <para>Represents the limit for calculating the catanal number, supported by the <see
29
                   cref="ulong"/> type.</para>
              /// <para>Представляет предел расчёта катаналового числа, поддерживаемый <see
30
                  cref="ulong"/> типом.</para>
              /// </summary>
31
              public static readonly ulong MaximumFactorialNumber = 20;
32
33
              /// <summary>
34
              /// <para>Represents the limit for calculating the factorial number, supported by the
35
                   <see cref="ulong"/> type.</para>
              /// <para>Представляет предел расчёта факториала числа, поддерживаемый <see
36
                  cref="ulong"/> типом.</para>
              /// </summary>
              public static readonly ulong MaximumCatalanIndex = 36;
38
39
              /// <summary>
40
```

```
/// <para>Returns the product of all positive integers less than or equal to the number
41
                specified as an argument.</para>
            /// <para>Возвращает произведение всех положительных чисел меньше или равных указанному
                в качестве аргумента числу.</para>
            /// </summary>
            /// <param name="n">
44
            /// <para>The maximum positive number that will participate in factorial's
45
                product.</para>
            /// <para>Максимальное положительное число, которое будет участвовать в произведении

→ факториала.
            /// </param>
47
            /// <returns>
48
            /// <para>The product of all positive integers less than or equal to the number
49
                specified as an argument.</para>
            /// {	ilde{	t para}}Произведение всех положительных чисел меньше или равных указанному, в качестве
                аргумента, числу.</para>
            /// </returns>
            public static ulong Factorial(ulong n)
52
5.3
                 if (n >= 0 && n <= MaximumFactorialNumber)</pre>
55
                     return _factorials[n];
56
                 }
57
                 else
58
                 {
59
                     throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException($\"Only numbers from 0 to
                     {MaximumFactorialNumber} are supported by unsigned integer with 64 bits
                     → length.");
                 }
            }
62
            /// <summary>
64
            /// <para>Returns the Catalan Number with the number specified as an argument </para>
65
            /// <para>Возвращает Число Катанала с номером, указанным в качестве аргумента.</para>
66
            /// </summary>
            /// <param name="n">
68
            /// <para>The number of the Catalan number.</para>
69
            /// <para>Номер Числа Катанала.</para>
70
            /// </param>
71
            /// <returns>
72
            /// <para>The Catalan Number with the number specified as an argument.</para>
            /// <para>Число Катанала с номером, указанным в качестве аргумента.</para>
74
            /// </returns>
75
            public static ulong Catalan(ulong n)
76
77
                 if (n >= 0 && n <= MaximumCatalanIndex)</pre>
78
                 {
79
                     return _catalans[n];
80
                 }
82
                 else
                 {
83
                     throw new ArgumentOutOfRangeException($"Only numbers from 0 to
84
                        {MaximumCatalanIndex} are supported by unsigned integer with 64 bits
                         length.");
                 }
85
            }
86
87
            /// <summary>
88
            /// <para>Checks if a number is a power of two.</para>
89
            /// <para>Проверяет, является ли число степенью двойки.</para>
90
            /// </summary>
91
            /// <param name="x">
92
            /// <para>The number to check.</para>
            /// <para>Число для проверки.</para>
94
            /// </param>
95
            /// <returns>
96
            /// <para>True if the number is a power of two otherwise false.</para>
97
            /// <para>True, если число является степенью двойки, иначе - false.</para>
98
            /// </returns>
99
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            public static bool IsPowerOfTwo(ulong x) => (x & x - 1) == 0;
101
102
            /// <summary>
103
            /// <para>Takes a module from a number.</para>
104
            /// <para>Берёт модуль от числа.</para>
105
            /// </summary>
            /// <typeparam name="T">
107
```

```
/// <para>The number's type.</para>
108
               /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
               /// </typeparam>
110
              /// <param name="x">
111
               /// /// /// cpara>The number from which to take the absolute value.//para>////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
               /// <para>Число, от которого необходимо взять абсолютное значение.</para>
113
               /// </param>
114
              /// <returns>
115
               /// <para>The absolute value of the number.</para>
              /// <para>Абсолютное значение числа.</para>
117
               /// </returns>
118
               [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
              public static T Abs<T>(T x) => Math<T>.Abs(x);
121
              /// <summary>
              /// <para>Makes a number negative.</para>
123
              /// <para>Делает число отрицательным.</para>
124
               /// </summary>
              /// <typeparam name="T">
              /// <para>The number's type.</para>
127
              /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
128
              /// </typeparam>
129
              /// <param name="x">
130
              /// <para>The number to be made negative.</para>
131
              /// <para>Число которое нужно сделать отрицательным.</para>
               /// </param>
133
               /// <returns>
134
               /// <para>A negative number.</para>
135
               /// <para>Отрицательное число.</para>
               /// </returns>
137
               [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
138
              public static T Negate<T>(T x) => Math<T>.Negate(x);
         }
140
     }
141
     ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/MathExtensions.cs
    using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
    namespace Platform. Numbers
          /// <summary>
          /// <para>Represents a set of extension methods that perform mathematical operations on
              arbitrary object types.</para>
          /// <para>Представляет набор методов расширения выполняющих математические операции для
              объектов произвольного типа.</para>
          /// </summary>
          public static class MathExtensions
10
               /// <summary>
              /// <para>Takes a module from a number.</para>
12
              /// <para>Берёт модуль от числа.</para>
13
               /// </summary>
              /// <typeparam name="T">
              /// <para>The number's type.</para>
16
              /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
               /// </typeparam>
               /// <param name="x">
19
               /// <para>The number from which to take the absolute value.</para>
20
               /// <para>Число от которого необходимо взять абсолютное значение.</para>
21
              /// </param>
22
              /// <returns>
23
              /// <para>The absolute value of a number.</para>
               /// <para>Абсолютное значение числа.</para>
               /// </returns>
26
               [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
27
              public static T Abs<T>(this ref T x) where T : struct => x = Math<T>.Abs(x);
29
               /// <summary>
               /// <para>Makes a number negative.</para>
               /// <para>Делает число отрицательным. </para>
32
               /// </summary>
33
               /// <typeparam name="T">
              /// <para>The number's type.</para>
35
              /// <para>Тип числа.</para>
36
              /// <\brace\ftypeparam>
               /// <param name="x">
               /// <para>The number to be made negative.</para>
39
               /// <para>Число которое нужно сделать отрицательным.</para>
```

```
/// </param>
41
            /// <returns>
42
            /// <para>Negative number.</para>
43
            /// <para>Отрицательное число.</para>
44
            /// </returns>
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            public static T Negate<T>(this ref T x) where T : struct => x = Math<T>.Negate(x);
47
        }
48
   }
49
1.9
    ./csharp/Platform.Numbers/Math[T].cs
   using System;
using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
   using Platform. Exceptions;
   using Platform. Reflection;
4
   // ReSharper disable StaticFieldInGenericType
6
   namespace Platform.Numbers
8
        /// <summary>
9
        /// <para>Represents a set of compiled math operations delegates.</para>
10
        /// <para>Представляет набор скомпилированных делегатов математических операций.</para>
11
        /// </summary>
12
        public static class Math<T>
14
            /// <summary>
15
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a number modulus calculation function
16
                delegate.</para>
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, которое представляет делегат функции вычисления модуля
                числа.</para>
            /// </summary>
18
            public static readonly Func<T, T> Abs = CompileAbsDelegate();
19
20
            /// <summary>
21
            /// <para>A read-only field that represents a number negation function delegate.</para>
22
            /// <para>Поле только для чтения, которое представляет делегат функции отрицания
                числа.</para>
            /// </summary>
24
            public static readonly Func<T, T> Negate = CompileNegateDelegate();
25
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            private static Func<T, T> CompileAbsDelegate()
27
28
                return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T>>(emiter =>
29
30
                    Ensure.Always.IsNumeric<T>();
31
                    emiter.LoadArgument(0);
32
                    if (NumericType<T>.IsSigned)
34
                         emiter.Call(typeof(System.Math).GetMethod("Abs", Types<T>.Array));
35
                    }
36
                    emiter.Return();
37
                });
38
39
            [MethodImpl(MethodImplOptions.AggressiveInlining)]
            private static Func<T, T> CompileNegateDelegate()
41
42
                return DelegateHelpers.Compile<Func<T, T>>(emiter =>
43
                     emiter.LoadArgument(0);
45
                    emiter.Negate();
46
                     emiter.Return();
                });
48
            }
49
        }
50
51
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/ArithmeticExtensionsTests.cs
1.10
   using Xunit;
   namespace Platform.Numbers.Tests
4
        /// <summary>
5
        /// <para>
        /// \bar{\text{Represents}} the arithmetic extensions tests.
        /// </para>
        /// <para></para>
        /// </summary>
       public static class ArithmeticExtensionsTests
```

```
12
             /// <summary>
13
             /// <para>
14
             /// Tests that increment test.
15
             /// </para>
             /// <para></para>
             /// </summary>
18
             [Fact]
19
             public static void IncrementTest()
21
                  var number = OUL;
                  var returnValue = number.Increment();
                  Assert.Equal(1UL, returnValue);
24
25
                  Assert.Equal(1UL, number);
             }
             /// <summary>
             /// <para> /// Tests that decrement test.
29
30
             /// </para>
31
             /// <para></para>
32
             /// </summary>
33
             [Fact]
34
             public static void DecrementTest()
36
37
                  var number = 1UL;
                  var returnValue = number.Decrement();
                  Assert.Equal(OUL, returnValue);
39
                  Assert.Equal(OUL, number);
40
             }
        }
42
    }
43
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/ArithmeticTests.cs
1.11
   using System;
using Xunit;
3
   namespace Platform.Numbers.Tests
5
        /// <summary>
6
        /// <para>
        /// Represents the arithmetic tests.
        /// </para>
9
        /// <para></para>
        /// </summary>
11
        public static class ArithmeticTests
12
13
             /// <summary>
14
             /// <para>
15
             /// Tests that compiled operations test.
16
             /// </para>
17
             /// <para></para>
/// </summary>
18
19
             [Fact]
20
             public static void CompiledOperationsTest()
21
22
                  Assert.Equal(3, Arithmetic.Add(1, 2));
                  Assert Equal(1, Arithmetic Subtract(2, 1));
24
                  Assert.Equal(8, Arithmetic.Multiply(2, 4)
Assert.Equal(4, Arithmetic.Divide(8, 2));
Assert.Equal(2, Arithmetic.Increment(1));
25
26
27
                  Assert.Equal(1UL, Arithmetic.Decrement(2UL));
2.8
                  Assert.Throws<NotSupportedException>(() => Arithmetic<string>.Subtract("1", "2"));
29
             }
        }
31
    }
32
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/BitTests.cs
   using System;
   using Platform.Reflection; using Xunit;
3
    namespace Platform.Numbers.Tests
5
        /// <summary>
7
        /// <para>
        /// Represents the bit tests.
        /// </para>
```

```
/// <para></para>
11
        /// </summary>
12
        public static class BitTests
13
             /// <summary>
15
             /// <para>
16
             /// Tests that get lowest bit position test.
17
             /// </para>
             /// <para></para>
19
             /// </summary>
20
             /// <param name="value">
             /// <para>The value.</para>
             /// <para></para>
23
             /// </param>
24
             /// <param name="expectedPosition">
25
             /// para>The expected position.
26
             /// <para></para>
27
             /// </param>
             [Theory]
29
             [InlineData(00, -1)] // 0000 0000 (none, -1)
[InlineData(01, 00)] // 0000 0001 (first, 0)
[InlineData(08, 03)] // 0000 1000 (forth, 3)
30
31
             [InlineData(88, 03)] // 0101 1000 (forth, 3)
33
             public static void GetLowestBitPositionTest(ulong value, int expectedPosition)
34
                  Assert.True(Bit.GetLowestPosition(value) == expectedPosition);
             }
37
             /// <summary>
39
             /// <para>
40
             /// Tests that byte bitwise operations test.
42
             /// </para>
             /// <para></para>
43
             /// </summary>
44
             [Fact]
45
             public static void ByteBitwiseOperationsTest()
46
47
                  Assert.True(Bit<byte>.Not(2) == unchecked((byte)~2));
                  Assert.True(Bit<br/>byte>.Or(1, 2) == (1 \mid 2))
                  Assert.True(Bit<byte>.And(1, 2) == (1 & 2));
Assert.True(Bit<byte>.ShiftLeft(1, 2) == (1 << 2));
50
51
                  Assert.True(Bit<byte>.ShiftRight(1, 2) == (1 >> 2));
                  Assert.Equal(NumericType<byte>.MaxValue >> 1,
53
                      Bit<byte>.ShiftRight(NumericType<byte>.MaxValue, 1));
             }
54
55
             /// <summary>
56
             /// <para>
57
             /// Tests that u int 16 bitwise operations test.
             /// </para>
59
             /// <para></para>
60
             /// </summary>
             [Fact]
62
             public static void UInt16BitwiseOperationsTest()
63
64
                  Assert.True(Bit<ushort>.Not(2) == unchecked((ushort)~2));
65
                  Assert.True(Bit\langle ushort \rangle.Or(1, 2) == (1 | 2));
66
                  Assert.True(Bit\langle ushort \rangle.And(1, 2) == (1 & 2));
67
                  Assert.True(Bit<ushort>.ShiftLeft(1, 2) == (1 << 2));
Assert.True(Bit<ushort>.ShiftRight(1, 2) == (1 >> 2));
69
                  Assert.Equal(NumericType<ushort>.MaxValue >> 1,
70
                      Bit<ushort>.ShiftRight(NumericType<ushort>.MaxValue, 1));
72
             /// <summary>
73
             /// <para>
             /// Tests that u int 32 bitwise operations test.
7.5
             /// </para>
76
             /// <para></para>
77
             /// </summary>
78
             [Fact]
79
             public static void UInt32BitwiseOperationsTest()
80
                  Assert.True(Bit<uint>.Not(2) == unchecked((uint)~2));
82
                  Assert.True(Bit\langle uint \rangle.Or(1, 2) == (1 | 2));
83
                  Assert.True(Bit\langle uint \rangle.And(1, 2) == (1 & 2));
84
                  Assert.True(Bit<uint>.ShiftLeft(1, 2) == (1 << 2));
85
                  Assert.True(Bit<uint>.ShiftRight(1, 2) == (1 >> 2));
86
```

```
Assert.Equal(NumericType<uint>.MaxValue >> 1,
       Bit<uint>.ShiftRight(NumericType<uint>.MaxValue, 1));
}
/// <summary>
/// <para>
/// Tests that u int 64 bitwise operations test.
/// </para>
/// <para></para>
/// </summary>
[Fact]
public static void UInt64BitwiseOperationsTest()
    Assert.True(Bit<ulong>.Not(2) == unchecked((ulong)~2));
    Assert.True(Bit\langle ulong \rangle.Or(1, 2) == (1 | 2))
    Assert.True(Bit\langle ulong \rangle.And(1, 2) == (1 & 2));
    Assert.True(Bit<ulong>.ShiftLeft(1, 2) == (1 << 2));
    Assert.True(Bit<ulong>.ShiftRight(1, 2) == (1 >> 2));
    Assert.Equal(NumericType<ulong>.MaxValue >> 1,
       Bit<ulong>.ShiftRight(NumericType<ulong>.MaxValue, 1));
}
/// <summary>
/// <para>
/// Tests that partial read write test.
/// </para>
/// <para></para>
/// </summary>
[Fact]
public static void PartialReadWriteTest()
    {
        uint firstValue = 1;
        uint secondValue = 1543;
        // Pack (join) two values at the same time
        uint value = secondValue << 1 | firstValue;</pre>
        uint unpackagedFirstValue = value & 1;
        uint unpackagedSecondValue = (value & OxFFFFFFFE) >> 1;
        Assert.True(firstValue == unpackagedFirstValue);
        Assert.True(secondValue == unpackagedSecondValue);
        // Using universal functions:
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
        firstValue = 0:
        secondValue = 6892;
        value = PartialWrite(value, firstValue, 0, 1);
        value = PartialWrite(value, secondValue, 1, -1);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
    }
    {
        uint firstValue = 1;
        uint secondValue = 1543;
        // Pack (join) two values at the same time
        uint value = secondValue << 1 | firstValue;</pre>
        uint unpackagedFirstValue = value & 1;
        uint unpackagedSecondValue = (value & 0xFFFFFFFE) >> 1;
        Assert.True(firstValue == unpackagedFirstValue);
        Assert.True(secondValue == unpackagedSecondValue);
        // Using universal functions:
        Assert.True(Bit.PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(Bit.PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
        firstValue = 0:
        secondValue = 6892;
        value = Bit.PartialWrite(value, firstValue, 0, 1);
        value = Bit.PartialWrite(value, secondValue, 1, -1);
```

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```
Assert.True(Bit.PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(Bit.PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
    {
        uint firstValue = 1;
        uint secondValue = 1543;
        // Pack (join) two values at the same time
        uint value = secondValue << 1 | firstValue;</pre>
        uint unpackagedFirstValue = value & 1;
        uint unpackagedSecondValue = (value & 0xFFFFFFFE) >> 1;
        Assert.True(firstValue == unpackagedFirstValue);
        Assert.True(secondValue == unpackagedSecondValue);
        // Using universal functions:
        var readMasksAndShiftForOAnd1 = GetReadMaskAndShift(0, 1);
        var readMasksAndShiftFor1AndMinus1 = GetReadMaskAndShift(1,
        var writeMasksAndShiftForOAnd1 = GetWriteMasksAndShift(0, 1);
        var writeMasksAndShiftFor1AndMinus1 = GetWriteMasksAndShift(1, -1);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, readMasksAndShiftForOAnd1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, readMasksAndShiftFor1AndMinus1) == secondValue);
        firstValue = 0
        secondValue = 6892;
        value = PartialWrite(value, firstValue, writeMasksAndShiftForOAnd1);
        value = PartialWrite(value, secondValue, writeMasksAndShiftFor1AndMinus1);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, readMasksAndShiftForOAnd1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, readMasksAndShiftFor1AndMinus1) == secondValue);
    }
}
// TODO: Can be optimized using precalculation of TargetMask and SourceMask
private static uint PartialWrite(uint target, uint source, int shift, int limit)
    if (shift < 0)</pre>
    {
        shift = 32 + shift;
    if (limit < 0)</pre>
    {
        limit = 32 + limit;
    }
    var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
    var targetMask = ~(sourceMask << shift);</pre>
    return target & targetMask | (source & sourceMask) << shift;</pre>
}
private static uint PartialRead(uint target, int shift, int limit)
    if (shift < 0)</pre>
    {
        shift = 32 + shift;
    }
    if (limit < 0)</pre>
    {
        limit = 32 + limit;
    var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
    var targetMask = sourceMask << shift;</pre>
    return (target & targetMask) >> shift;
private static Tuple<uint, uint, int> GetWriteMasksAndShift(int shift, int limit)
    if (shift < 0)</pre>
    {
        shift = 32 + shift;
    }
    if (limit < 0)</pre>
        limit = 32 + limit;
    var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
    var targetMask = ~(sourceMask << shift);</pre>
```

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 $\frac{229}{230}$ 

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234

235

237

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```
return new Tuple<uint, uint, int>(targetMask, sourceMask, shift);
244
             }
245
            private static Tuple<uint, int> GetReadMaskAndShift(int shift, int limit)
246
247
                 if (shift < 0)</pre>
                 {
249
                     shift = 32 + shift;
250
                 }
                 if (limit < 0)</pre>
252
                 {
253
                     limit = 32 + limit;
254
                 }
255
                 var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
256
                 var targetMask = sourceMask << shift;</pre>
257
                 return new Tuple<uint, int>(targetMask, shift);
258
             }
            private static uint PartialWrite(uint target, uint targetMask, uint source, uint
             → sourceMask, int shift) => target & targetMask | (source & sourceMask) << shift;
            private static uint PartialWrite(uint target, uint source, Tuple<uint, uint, int>
261
             masksAndShift) => PartialWrite(target, masksAndShift.Item1, source,
                masksAndShift.Item2, masksAndShift.Item3);
            private static uint PartialRead(uint target, uint targetMask, int shift) => (target &
262
             private static uint PartialRead(uint target, Tuple<uint, int> masksAndShift) =>
             PartialRead(target, masksAndShift.Item1, masksAndShift.Item2);
264
             /// <summary>
             /// <para>
             /// Tests that bug with loading constant of 8 test.
267
             /// </para>
268
             /// <para></para>
             /// </summary>
270
             [Fact]
271
            public static void BugWithLoadingConstantOf8Test()
                 Bit<byte>.PartialWrite(0, 1, 5, -5);
274
             }
275
        }
276
277
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/MathExtensionsTests.cs
1.13
    using Xunit;
    namespace Platform.Numbers.Tests
 3
 4
 5
        /// <summary>
        /// <para>
 6
        \ensuremath{///} Represents the math extensions tests.
        /// </para>
        /// <para></para>
        /// </summary>
10
        public static class MathExtensionsTests
11
12
             /// <summary>
13
            /// <para>
14
             /// Tests that abs test.
             /// </para>
16
             /// <para></para>
17
             /// </summary>
18
             [Fact]
19
            public static void AbsTest()
20
                 var number = -1L;
22
                 var returnValue = number.Abs();
23
                 Assert.Equal(1L, returnValue);
                 Assert.Equal(1L, number);
25
             }
26
             /// <summary>
2.8
             /// <para>
29
             /// Tests that negate test.
             /// </para>
31
             /// <para></para>
32
             /// </summary>
             [Fact]
             public static void NegateTest()
35
36
                 var number = 2L;
```

```
var returnValue = number.Negate();
38
                 Assert.Equal(-2L, returnValue);
39
                 Assert.Equal(-2L, number);
40
            }
41
42
            /// <summary>
43
            /// <para>
44
            /// Tests that unsigned negate test.
45
            /// </para>
46
            /// <para></para>
47
            /// </summary>
48
            [Fact]
            public static void UnsignedNegateTest()
50
51
                 var number = 2UL;
52
                 var returnValue = number.Negate();
53
                 Assert.Equal(18446744073709551614, returnValue);
                 Assert.Equal(18446744073709551614, number);
55
            }
56
        }
57
   }
58
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/MathTests.cs
   using Xunit;
   namespace Platform.Numbers.Tests
4
        /// <summary>
5
        /// <para>
        /// Represents the math tests.
        /// </para>
        /// <para></para>
        /// </summary>
10
        public static class MathTests
11
12
            /// <summary>
13
            /// <para>
14
            /// Tests that compiled operations test.
            /// </para>
            /// <para></para>
/// </summary>
17
18
            [Fact]
19
            public static void CompiledOperationsTest()
20
21
                 Assert.True(Math.Abs(Arithmetic < double > .Subtract(3D, 2D) - 1D) < 0.01);
22
            }
23
        }
24
   }
25
      ./csharp/Platform.Numbers.Tests/SystemTests.cs
1.15
   using Xunit;
   namespace Platform. Numbers. Tests
3
        /// <summary>
5
        /// <para>
6
        /// Represents the system tests.
7
        /// </para>
        /// <para></para>
9
        /// </summary>
10
        public static class SystemTests
11
12
            /// <summary>
13
            /// <para>
14
            /// Tests that possible pack two values into one test.
15
            /// </para>
16
            /// <para></para>
            /// </summary>
18
            [Fact]
19
            public static void PossiblePackTwoValuesIntoOneTest()
20
21
                 uint value = 0;
23
                 // Set one to first bit
^{24}
                 value |= 1;
26
                 Assert.True(value == 1);
```

```
// Set zero to first bit
        value &= OxFFFFFFFE;
        // Get first bit
        uint read = value & 1;
        Assert.True(read == 0);
        uint firstValue = 1;
        uint secondValue = 1543;
        // Pack (join) two values at the same time
        value = (secondValue << 1) | firstValue;</pre>
        uint unpackagedFirstValue = value & 1;
        uint unpackagedSecondValue = (value & OxFFFFFFFE) >> 1;
        Assert.True(firstValue == unpackagedFirstValue);
        Assert.True(secondValue == unpackagedSecondValue);
        // Using universal functions:
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
        firstValue = 0;
        secondValue = 6892;
        value = PartialWrite(value, firstValue, 0, 1);
        value = PartialWrite(value, secondValue, 1, -1);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 0, 1) == firstValue);
        Assert.True(PartialRead(value, 1, -1) == secondValue);
    private static uint PartialWrite(uint target, uint source, int shift, int limit)
        if (shift < 0)</pre>
        {
            shift = 32 + shift;
        }
        if (limit < 0)</pre>
        {
            limit = 32 + limit;
        }
        var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
        var targetMask = ~(sourceMask << shift);</pre>
        return (target & targetMask) | ((source & sourceMask) << shift);</pre>
    private static uint PartialRead(uint target, int shift, int limit)
        if (shift < 0)</pre>
        {
            shift = 32 + shift;
        if (limit < 0)</pre>
        {
            limit = 32 + limit;
        }
        var sourceMask = ~(uint.MaxValue << limit) & uint.MaxValue;</pre>
        var targetMask = sourceMask << shift;</pre>
        return (target & targetMask) >> shift;
    }
}
```

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