

0.7

Mirror Finance Process Quality Review

Score: 86%

Overview

This is a [Mirror Finance](#) Process Quality Review completed on July 28th 2021. It was performed using the Process Review process (version 0.7.3) and is documented [here](#). The review was performed by Nic of DeFiSafety. Check out our [Telegram](#).

The final score of the review is 86%, a Pass. The breakdown of the scoring is in [Scoring Appendix](#). For our purposes, a pass is **70%**.

Summary of the Process

Very simply, the review looks for the following declarations from the developer's site. With these declarations, it is reasonable to trust the smart contracts.

- **Here are my smart contracts on the blockchain**
- **Here is the documentation that explains what my smart contracts do**
- **Here are the tests I ran to verify my smart contract**
- **Here are the audit(s) performed on my code by third party experts**
- **Here are the admin controls and strategies**

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Chain

This section indicates the blockchain used by this protocol.

 **Chain:** Terra

Guidance:

Ethereum
Binance Smart Chain
Polygon
Avalanche
Terra

Code and Team

This section looks at the code deployed on the Mainnet that gets reviewed and its corresponding software repository. The document explaining these questions is [here](#). This review will answer the following questions:

- 1) Are the executing code addresses readily available? (%)
- 2) Is the code actively being used? (%)
- 3) Is there a public software repository? (Y/N)
- 4) Is there a development history visible? (%)
- 5) Is the team public (not anonymous)? (Y/N)

1) Are the executing code addresses readily available? (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

They are available at website <https://docs.mirror.finance/networks>, as indicated in the [Appendix](#).

Guidance:

- | | |
|------|--|
| 100% | Clearly labelled and on website, docs or repo, quick to find |
| 70% | Clearly labelled and on website, docs or repo but takes a bit of looking |
| 40% | Addresses in mainnet.json, in discord or sub graph, etc |

- 20% Address found but labeling not clear or easy to find
0% Executing addresses could not be found

2) Is the code actively being used? (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

Activity is over 10 transactions a day on contract *Staking.rs*, as indicated in the [Appendix](#).

Guidance:

- 100% More than 10 transactions a day
70% More than 10 transactions a week
40% More than 10 transactions a month
10% Less than 10 transactions a month
0% No activity

3) Is there a public software repository? (Y/N)

 **Answer:** Yes

GitHub: <https://github.com/Mirror-Protocol/mirror-contracts>.

Is there a public software repository with the code at a minimum, but also normally test and scripts. Even if the repository was created just to hold the files and has just 1 transaction, it gets a "Yes". For teams with private repositories, this answer is "No".

4) Is there a development history visible? (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

With 317 commits and 5 branches, this is a very healthy repository.

This metric checks if the software repository demonstrates a strong steady history. This is normally demonstrated by commits, branches and releases in a software repository. A healthy history demonstrates a history of more than a month (at a minimum).

Guidance:

- 100% Any one of 100+ commits, 10+branches
70% Any one of 70+ commits, 7+branches
50% Any one of 50+ commits, 5+branches

30%	Any one of 30+ commits, 3+branches
0%	Less than 2 branches or less than 30 commits

5) Is the team public (not anonymous)? (Y/N)

 Answer: Yes

Location: <https://messari.io/person/do-kwon> (founder).

For a "Yes" in this question, the real names of some team members must be public on the website or other documentation (LinkedIn, etc). If the team is anonymous, then this question is a "No".

Documentation

This section looks at the software documentation. The document explaining these questions is [here](#).

Required questions are;

- 6) Is there a whitepaper? (Y/N)
- 7) Are the basic software functions documented? (Y/N)
- 8) Does the software function documentation fully (100%) cover the deployed contracts? (%)
- 9) Are there sufficiently detailed comments for all functions within the deployed contract code (%)
- 10) Is it possible to trace from software documentation to the implementation in code (%)

6) Is there a whitepaper? (Y/N)

 Answer: Yes

Location: <https://docs.mirror.finance/>.

7) Are the basic software functions documented? (Y/N)

 Answer: Yes

The Terra team has documented all of the Mirror Finance basic software functions in the "Developers" section of their documentation.

8) Does the software function documentation fully (100%) cover the deployed contracts? (%)





Answer: 100%

All Mirror Finance's contracts have their software functions documented in the "[Smart Contracts](#)" section of their documentation, as well as in the [developer-tools](#) repository.

Guidance:

- 100% All contracts and functions documented
- 80% Only the major functions documented
- 79-1% Estimate of the level of software documentation
- 0% No software documentation

9) Are there sufficiently detailed comments for all functions within the deployed contract code (%)



Answer: 0%

Code examples are in the [Appendix](#). As per the [SLOC](#), there is 9% commenting to code (CtC).

The Comments to Code (CtC) ratio is the primary metric for this score.

Note: To calculate the CtC, we used the "packages" file of the mirror-contracts repository as it contains all of the necessary core contracts of the protocol. We did not use any mocks, interface, migrations, multiples, or any third-party files into our calculations.

Guidance:

- 100% CtC > 100 Useful comments consistently on all code
- 90-70% CtC > 70 Useful comment on most code
- 60-20% CtC > 20 Some useful commenting
- 0% CtC < 20 No useful commenting

How to improve this score

This score can improve by adding comments to the deployed code such that it comprehensively covers the code. For guidance, refer to the [SecurEth Software Requirements](#).

10) Is it possible to trace from software documentation to the implementation in code (%)



Answer: 100%

There is a clear association between code and documentation via non-explicit traceability to their implementations in the Mirror Finance source code. However, there is clear and explicit traceability in the [README.md](#) of their main contracts' GitHub repository, as well as in the [developer-tools](#) repository.

Guidance:

- 100% Clear explicit traceability between code and documentation at a requirement level for all code
- 60% Clear association between code and documents via non explicit traceability
- 40% Documentation lists all the functions and describes their functions
- 0% No connection between documentation and code
-

Testing

This section looks at the software testing available. It is explained in this [document](#). This section answers the following questions;

- 11) Full test suite (Covers all the deployed code) (%)
- 12) Code coverage (Covers all the deployed lines of code, or explains misses) (%)
- 13) Scripts and instructions to run the tests (Y/N)
- 14) Report of the results (%)
- 15) Formal Verification test done (%)
- 16) Stress Testing environment (%)

11) Is there a Full test suite? (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

Code examples are in the [Appendix](#). As per the [SLOC](#), there is 1009% testing to code (TtC).

This score is guided by the Test to Code ratio (TtC). Generally a good test to code ratio is over 100%. However the reviewers best judgement is the final deciding factor.

Guidance:

- 100% TtC > 120% Both unit and system test visible
- 80% TtC > 80% Both unit and system test visible
- 40% TtC < 80% Some tests visible
- 0% No tests obvious

12) Code coverage (Covers all the deployed lines of code, or explains misses) (%)

 **Answer:** 75%

Mirror Finance does not have official code coverage but does have a robust testing suite as well as detailed testing in their [DocSend v1 audit report](#). Although Mirror Finance is now at v2, the changes brought in the update have not changed the results of those tests (they mainly added governance).

Guidance:

- 100% Documented full coverage
- 99-51% Value of test coverage from documented results
- 50% No indication of code coverage but clearly there is a reasonably complete set of tests
- 30% Some tests evident but not complete
- 0% No test for coverage seen

How to improve this score:

This score can be improved by adding tests that achieve full code coverage. A clear report and scripts in the software repository will guarantee a high score.

13) Scripts and instructions to run the tests (Y/N)

 **Answer:** Yes

Scripts/Instructions location: <https://github.com/Mirror-Protocol/mirror-contracts/blob/master/README.md>.

14) Report of the results (%)

 **Answer:** 0%

No Mirror Finance test report was found in their documentation or in their various GitHub repositories.

Guidance:

- 100% Detailed test report as described below
- 70% GitHub code coverage report visible
- 0% No test report evident

How to improve this score

Add a report with the results. The test scripts should generate the report or elements of it.

15) Formal Verification test done (%)

 **Answer:** 0%

No evidence of a Mirror Finance Formal Verification test was found in their documentation.

16) Stress Testing environment (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

There is evidence of Mirror Finance's test-net smart contract usage in their [documentation](#).

Security

This section looks at the 3rd party software audits done. It is explained in this [document](#). This section answers the following questions;

- 17) Did 3rd Party audits take place? (%)
- 18) Is the bounty value acceptably high?

17) Did 3rd Party audits take place? (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

CyberUnit published a Mirror Finance audit report in October 2020.

Cryptonics published a Mirror Finance audit report on June 22nd 2021.

Mirror Finance Mainnet v1 was launched in December 2020

Mirror Finance Mainnet v2 was launched on June 25th 2021.

Note: All results are public and most fix recommendations were successfully implemented by the Terra team.

Guidance:

- 100% Multiple Audits performed before deployment and results public and implemented or not required
- 90% Single audit performed before deployment and results public and implemented or not required
- 70% Audit(s) performed after deployment and no changes required. Audit report is public
- 50% Audit(s) performed after deployment and changes needed but not implemented
- 20% No audit performed
- 0% Audit Performed after deployment, existence is public, report is not public and no improvements deployed OR smart contract address' not found, (where question 1 is 0%)

Deduct 25% if code is in a private repo and no note from auditors that audit is applicable to deployed code

18) Is the bounty value acceptably high (%)

 **Answer:** 70%

Mirror Finance's Bug Bounty Program is active and rewards participating users with up to 150k for the most critical of bug finds.

Guidance:

100% Bounty is 10% TVL or at least \$1M AND active program (see below)

90% Bounty is 5% TVL or at least 500k AND active program

80% Bounty is 5% TVL or at least 500k

70% Bounty is 100k or over AND active program

60% Bounty is 100k or over

50% Bounty is 50k or over AND active program

40% Bounty is 50k or over

20% Bug bounty program bounty is less than 50k

0% No bug bounty program offered

An active program means that a third party (such as Immunefi) is actively driving hackers to the site. An inactive program would be static mentions on the docs.

Access Controls

This section covers the documentation of special access controls for a DeFi protocol. The admin access controls are the contracts that allow updating contracts or coefficients in the protocol. Since these contracts can allow the protocol admins to "change the rules", complete disclosure of capabilities is vital for user's transparency. It is explained in this [document](#). The questions this section asks are as follow;

19) Can a user clearly and quickly find the status of the admin controls?

20) Is the information clear and complete?

21) Is the information in non-technical terms that pertain to the investments?

22) Is there Pause Control documentation including records of tests?

19) Can a user clearly and quickly find the status of the access controls (%)

 **Answer:** 100%

Mirror Finance has a clearly labelled "[Governance](#)" section in their documentation.

Guidance:

100% Clearly labelled and on website, docs or repo, quick to find

70% Clearly labelled and on website, docs or repo but takes a bit of looking

- 40% Access control docs in multiple places and not well labelled
20% Access control docs in multiple places and not labelled
0% Admin Control information could not be found

20) Is the information clear and complete (%)



Answer: 90%

- a) The contracts are clearly labelled as upgradeable within Mirror Finance's voting process documentation.
- b) [Governance contract](#) is OnlyOwner of itself and there are defined community roles when it comes to the communal voting process.
- c) Capabilities for change in contracts through proposal voting is described in "[Proposal Types](#)".

Guidance:

All the contracts are immutable -- 100% OR

- a) All contracts are clearly labelled as upgradeable (or not) -- 30% AND
- b) The type of ownership is clearly indicated (OnlyOwner / MultiSig / Defined Roles) -- 30% AND
- c) The capabilities for change in the contracts are described -- 30%

How to improve this score:

Create a document that covers the items described above. An [example](#) is enclosed.

21) Is the information in non-technical terms that pertain to the investments (%)



Answer: 90%

All governance parameter information is in user-friendly language that pertains investment safety.

Guidance:

- 100% All the contracts are immutable
90% Description relates to investments safety and updates in clear, complete non-software I language
30% Description all in software specific language
0% No admin control information could not be found

How to improve this score:

Create a document that covers the items described above in plain language that investors can understand. An [example](#) is enclosed.

22) Is there Pause Control documentation including records of tests (%)

 **Answer:** 0%

There is no evidence of Pause Control or a similar function in the Mirror Finance documentation or GitHub repositories.

Guidance:

100% All the contracts are immutable or no pause control needed and this is explained OR

100% Pause control(s) are clearly documented and there is records of at least one test within 3 months

80% Pause control(s) explained clearly but no evidence of regular tests

40% Pause controls mentioned with no detail on capability or tests

0% Pause control not documented or explained

How to improve this score:

Create a document that covers the items described above in plain language that investors can understand. An [example](#) is enclosed.

Appendices

Author Details

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I started with Ethereum just before the DAO and that was a wonderful education. It showed the importance of code quality. The second Parity hack also showed the importance of good process. Here my aviation background offers some value. Aerospace knows how to make reliable code using quality processes.

I was coaxed to go to EthDenver 2018 and there I started [SecuEth.org](#) with Bryant and Roman. We created guidelines on good processes for blockchain code development. We got [EthFoundation funding](#) to assist in their development.

Process Quality Reviews are an extension of the SecurEth guidelines that will further increase the quality processes in Solidity and Vyper development.

DeFiSafety is my full time gig and we are working on funding vehicles for a permanent staff.

Scoring Appendix

PQ Audit Scoring Matrix (v0.1)

	Total	Points	Answer	Points
Code and Team		260		223.75
1) Are the executing code addresses readily available? (%)		20	100%	20
2) Is the code actively being used? (%)		5	100%	5
3) Is there a public software repository? (Y/N)		5	Y	5
4) Is there a development history visible? (%)		5	100%	5
5) Is the team public (not anonymous)? (Y/N)		15	Y	15
Code Documentation				
6) Is there a whitepaper? (Y/N)		5	Y	5
7) Are the basic software functions documented? (Y/N)		10	Y	10
8) Does the software function documentation fully (100%) cover the deployed contracts? (%)		15	100%	15
9) Are there sufficiently detailed comments for all functions within the deployed contract code (%)		5	0%	0
10) Is it possible to trace from software documentation to the implementation in code (%)		10	100%	10
Testing				
11) Full test suite (Covers all the deployed code) (%)		20	100%	20
12) Code coverage (Covers all the deployed lines of code, or explains misses) (%)		5	75%	3.75
13) Scripts and instructions to run the tests? (Y/N)		5	Y	5
14) Report of the results (%)		10	0%	0
15) Formal Verification test done (%)		5	0%	0
16) Stress Testing environment (%)		5	100%	5
Security				
17) Did 3rd Party audits take place? (%)		70	100%	70
18) Is the bug bounty acceptable high? (%)		10	70%	7
Access Controls				
19) Can a user clearly and quickly find the status of the admin controls		5	100%	5
20) Is the information clear and complete		10	90%	9
21) Is the information in non-technical terms		10	90%	9
22) Is there Pause Control documentation including records of tests		10	0%	0
Section Scoring				
Code and Team		50	100%	
Documentation		45	89%	
Testing		50	68%	
Security		80	96%	
Access Controls		35	66%	

Executing Code Appendix

Mainnet (v2)

Network chain ID: columbus-4

Core Contracts

Contract	Address
Collector	terra1s4fllut0e6vw0k3fxsg4fs6fm2ad6hn0prqp3s
Community	terra1x35fvy3sy47drd3qs288sm47fjzjnksuwpyl9k
Factory	terra1mzi9nsxx0lxlaxnekleadv8xnvw2arh3uz6h8d

Gov	terra1wh39swv7nq36pnefnupttm2nr96kz7jjddytx
Mint	terra1wfz7h3aqf4cjmjvc6s8lxdhh7k30nkzyf0mj
Oracle	terra1t6xe0txzywdg85n6k8c960cuwgh6l8esw6lau9
Staking	terra17f7zu97865jmknk7p2glqvxzhduk78772ezac5

Code Used Appendix

Transactions							
Tx hash	Type	Block	Amount (Out)	Amount (In)	Timestamp	Fee	
D2E94341...7A433E66	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923142(columbus-4)	-	+6.800702 MIR	2021.07.28 16:35:28-04:00	0.100000 UST
42B68755...AAB9CCD5	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923141(columbus-4)	-	+54.053673 MIR	2021.07.28 16:35:20-04:00	0.100000 UST
2AB76D3C...7A80B691	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923135(columbus-4)	-	+102.458636 MIR	2021.07.28 16:34:40-04:00	0.100000 UST
7507C875...ECB2CDE4	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923132(columbus-4)	-218.263548 UST -0.500000 mSPY	+10.230356 mSPY-UST LP	2021.07.28 16:34:18-04:00	1.249813 UST
30B7598B...A59A4EFF	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923132(columbus-4)	-251.476175 mQQQ-UST LP	+4,995.618306 UST +13.648606 mQQQ	2021.07.28 16:34:18-04:00	0.200000 UST
1CF792D5...DABFD641	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923128(columbus-4)	-	+22.119350 MIR	2021.07.28 16:33:44-04:00	0.100000 UST
E72BF20C...BDDA852C	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923128(columbus-4)	-11.900682 UST -4.105559 MIR	+4.779798 MIR-UST LP	2021.07.28 16:33:44-04:00	0.257241 UST
7D1F1F25...ACA930FE	✓	MsgExecuteContract	3923127(columbus-4)	-	+139.115184 aUST +16,360.884816 aUST	2021.07.28 16:33:37-04:00	0.300000 UST

Example Code Appendix

```
1 pub fn auto_stake<S: Storage, A: Api, Q: Querier>(
2     deps: &mut Extern<S, A, Q>,
3     env: Env,
4     assets: [Asset; 2],
5     slippage_tolerance: Option<Decimal>,
6 ) -> HandleResult {
7     let config: Config = read_config(&deps.storage)?;
8     let terraswap_factory: HumanAddr = deps.api.human_address(&config.terraswap_factory)?;
9
10    let mut native_asset_op: Option<Asset> = None;
11    let mut token_info_op: Option<(HumanAddr, Uint128)> = None;
12    for asset in assets.iter() {
13        match asset.info.clone() {
14            AssetInfo::NativeToken { .. } => {
15                asset.assert_sent_native_token_balance(&env)?;
16                native_asset_op = Some(asset.clone())
17            }
18        }
19    }
20
21    if native_asset_op.is_none() {
22        return Err("No native asset found".into());
23    }
24
25    let native_asset = native_asset_op.unwrap();
26
27    let token_info = token_info_op.unwrap();
28
29    let native_token_balance =
30        env.get_native_token_balance(native_asset.address, &deps.storage)?;
```

```

17         }
18         AssetInfo::Token { contract_addr } => {
19             token_info_op = Some((contract_addr, asset.amount))
20         }
21     }
22 }
23
24 // will fail if one of them is missing
25 let native_asset: Asset = match native_asset_op {
26     Some(v) => v,
27     None => return Err(StdError::generic_err("Missing native asset")),
28 };
29 let (token_addr, token_amount) = match token_info_op {
30     Some(v) => v,
31     None => return Err(StdError::generic_err("Missing token asset")),
32 };
33
34 // query pair info to obtain pair contract address
35 let asset_infos: [AssetInfo; 2] = [assets[0].info.clone(), assets[1].info.clone()];
36 let terraswap_pair: PairInfo = query_pair_info(deps, &terraswap_factory, &asset_infos);
37
38 // assert the token and lp token match with pool info
39 let pool_info: PoolInfo =
40     read_pool_info(&deps.storage, &deps.api.canonical_address(&token_addr))?;
41
42 if pool_info.staking_token
43     != deps
44     .api
45     .canonical_address(&terraswap_pair.liquidity_token)?
46 {
47     return Err(StdError::generic_err("Invalid staking token"));
48 }
49
50 // get current lp token amount to later compute the received amount
51 let prev_staking_token_amount = query_token_balance(
52     &deps,
53     &terraswap_pair.liquidity_token,
54     &env.contract.address,
55 )?;
56
57 // compute tax
58 let tax_amount: Uint128 = native_asset.compute_tax(deps)?;
59
60 // 1. Transfer token asset to staking contract
61 // 2. Increase allowance of token for pair contract
62 // 3. Provide liquidity
63 // 4. Execute staking hook, will stake in the name of the sender
64 Ok(HandleResponse {
65     messages: vec![
66         CosmosMsg::Wasm(WasmMsg::Execute {
67             contract_addr: token_addr.clone(),
68             msg: to_binary(&Cw20HandleMsg::TransferFrom {
69                 owner: env.message.sender.clone(),

```

```

70             recipient: env.contract.address.clone(),
71             amount: token_amount,
72         })?,
73         send: vec![], 
74     },
75     CosmosMsg::Wasm(WasmMsg::Execute {
76         contract_addr: token_addr.clone(),
77         msg: to_binary(&Cw20HandleMsg::IncreaseAllowance {
78             spender: terraswap_pair.contract_addr.clone(),
79             amount: token_amount,
80             expires: None,
81         })?,
82         send: vec![], 
83     },
84     CosmosMsg::Wasm(WasmMsg::Execute {
85         contract_addr: terraswap_pair.contract_addr,
86         msg: to_binary(&PairHandleMsg::ProvideLiquidity {
87             assets: [
88                 Asset {
89                     amount: (native_asset.amount.clone() - tax_amount)?,
90                     info: native_asset.info.clone(),
91                 },
92                 Asset {
93                     amount: token_amount,
94                     info: AssetInfo::Token {
95                         contract_addr: token_addr.clone(),
96                     },
97                 },
98             ],
99             slippage_tolerance,
100        })?,
101        send: vec![Coin {
102            denom: native_asset.info.to_string(),
103            amount: (native_asset.amount - tax_amount)?,
104        }],
105    },
106    CosmosMsg::Wasm(WasmMsg::Execute {
107        contract_addr: env.contract.address,
108        msg: to_binary(&HandleMsg::AutoStakeHook {
109            asset_token: token_addr.clone(),
110            staking_token: terraswap_pair.liquidity_token,
111            staker_addr: env.message.sender,
112            prev_staking_token_amount,
113        })?,
114        send: vec![], 
115    },
116 ],
117 log: vec![
118     log("action", "auto_stake"),
119     log("asset_token", token_addr.to_string()),
120     log("tax_amount", tax_amount.to_string()),
121 ],
122 data: None,

```

```

123     })
124 }
125
126 pub fn auto_stake_hook<S: Storage, A: Api, Q: Querier>(
127     deps: &mut Extern<S, A, Q>,
128     env: Env,
129     asset_token: HumanAddr,
130     staking_token: HumanAddr,
131     staker_addr: HumanAddr,
132     prev_staking_token_amount: Uint128,
133 ) -> HandleResult {
134     // only can be called by itself
135     if env.message.sender != env.contract.address {
136         return Err(StdError::unauthorized());
137     }
138
139     // stake all lp tokens received, compare with staking token amount before liquidity pro
140     let current_staking_token_amount =
141         query_token_balance(&deps, &staking_token, &env.contract.address)?;
142     let amount_to_stake = (current_staking_token_amount - prev_staking_token_amount)?;
143
144     bond(deps, env, staker_addr, asset_token, amount_to_stake)
145 }
146

```

SLOC Appendix

Solidity Contracts

Language	Files	Lines	Blanks	Comments	Code	Complex
Rust	13	1272	129	94	1049	7

Comments to Code 94/1049 = 9%

Javascript Tests

Language	Files	Lines	Blanks	Comments	Code	Complex
Rust	18	12137	1124	433	10580	5

Tests to Code 10580/1049 = 1009%