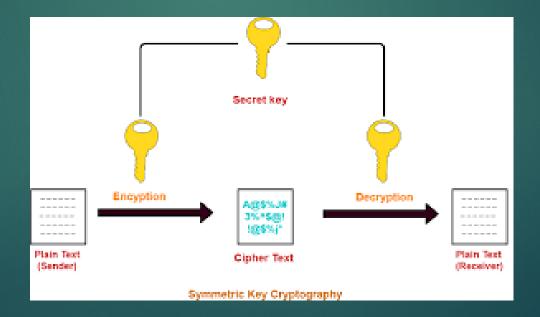
# Network Security Laboratory – Lecture 2

SYMMETRIC CRYPTOGRAPHY & STEGANOGRAPHY

#### Symmetric Cryptography

- Most widely used encryption system
- Based on shared key between hosts
- ▶ Most common symmetric algorithms are: DES, AES, TwoFish, etc...



#### Netcat

- CLI Tool for plain text transmission
- Used for reading and writing data between two computer in the networks
- Useful commands:
  - ► Server:
    - ▶ netcat -l <port>
  - ▶ Client:
    - ▶ netcat <hostname> <port>
- ▶ It will be used to exchange encrypted messages between 2 hosts

#### OpenSSL Enc

- ▶ It allows to encrypt or decrypt data using various block and stream ciphers, keys based on passwords or explicitly provided
- Used to encrypt data from stdin or files
- ▶ Useful commands:
  - ► Encrypt:
    - openssl enc -<cipher> -e -k <key> -in <file>
  - ▶ Decrypt:
    - openssl enc -<cypher> -d -k <key> -out <file>
- ▶ It will be used to encrypt and decrypt data sent/received by hosts

#### Cryptocat

- Download exercise cryptocat.pdf on course website
- Create and execute a python3 script called cryptocat.py
- Execute Wireshark and sniff the traffic between the hosts
- What are the differences between plain text and cypher text on wireshark?
- Hint
  - ▶ To execute bash command through python you can use os.system('your\_command') or the subprocess library

# How to build an encrypted stream?

# Cryptcat

- CLI Tool for encrypted text transmission in a stream
- It is a simple Unix utility which reads and writes data across network connections
- ▶ It makes use of TCP or UDP protocols
- It encrypts the data before transmission
- ▶ It is based on Netcat
- It uses a symmetric encryption algorithm (TwoFish) to send streams
- Useful commands:
  - Server:
    - cryptcat -l <port> -k <key>
  - Client:
    - cryptcat <hostname> <port> -k <key>

#### Cryptcat - attack

- Can we capture and decrypt an encrypted stream?
- ▶ YES, try to use
  - Decryptcat
  - Netcat
- Check decrypt\_cryptcat.pdf on the website and follow the guide

# Steganography

- Technique for hide data into images or video
- The output images contains secret data
- ► The hidden file cannot be seen immediately without a deeper analysis of the image itself
- Image must be decrypted in order to extract hidden data

#### Mutt

- ▶ It is a tool to send email through CLI
- ▶ It uses SMTP protocol
- Useful Commands:
  - ▶ Send email: mutt [-s subject] [-a attachment] receiver\_address

# Steghide

- Download exercise Steghide.pdf on course website
- Build and execute steghide.py
- Capture the traffic using wireshark
- ▶ Useful commands:
  - ► Encryption:
    - steghide embed -cf <source> -ef <data\_to\_encrypt> -sf <output\_file> [-k key]
  - ▶ Decryption:
    - steghide extract -sf <image\_with\_encrypted\_data>