

## Self-Signed Certificate Generation

In order to obtain a valid self-signed certificate for testing purposes we should perform the following steps:

- A. Generation of CA certificate**
- B. Generation of Server certificate**

The CA certificate will sign our server certificate, ensuring that browser can ensure its validity.

### CA Certificate generation:

For first thing we generate a key for CA certificate

```
$ openssl genrsa -aes256 -out ca.key 2048
```

After key generation we must generate a CSR (Certificate Signing Request)

```
$ openssl req -new -key ca.key > ca.csr
```

Once we generated both files, we could generate the certificate of CA from these

```
$ openssl x509 -req -days 100 -trustout -signkey ca.key < ca.csr > ca.cert
```

### Server certificate generation:

First of all, we generate a server key

```
$ openssl genrsa -aes256 -out server.key 2048
```

Generation of CSR for server

```
$ openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

Generation of server certificate from CA, valid for 100 days

```
$ openssl x509 -req -days 100 -CA ca.cert -CAkey ca.key -set_serial 1 < server.csr >  
server.cert
```