



Network Security Laboratory – Lecture 3

WIFI CRACKING (WEP + WPA)

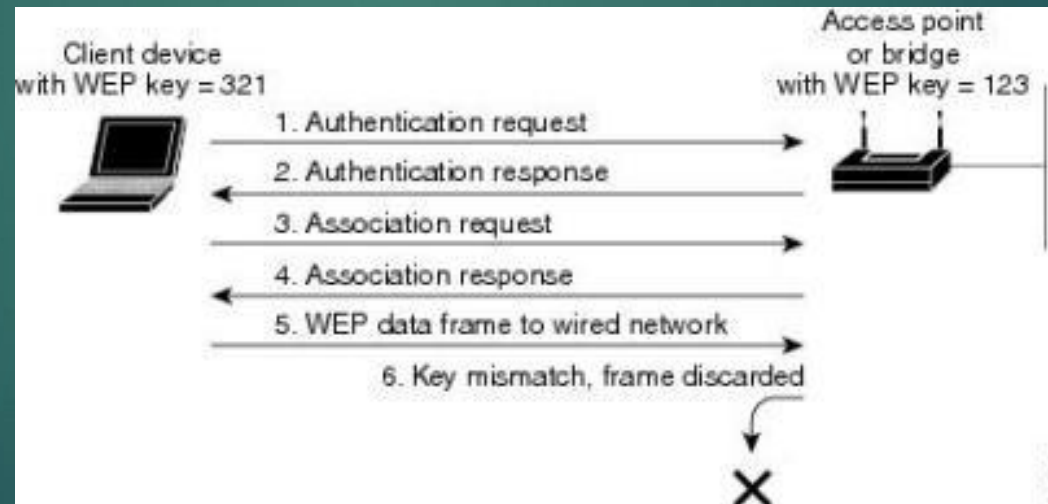
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Wireless LAN (WLAN)

- ▶ is a wireless computer network that links two or more devices using wireless communication to form a local area network (LAN)
- ▶ Based on IEEE 802.11 protocol
- ▶ we can classify them according to the security protocols used. There are three types:
 - ▶ Open WLAN (without any kind of protection)
 - ▶ WEP
 - ▶ WPA

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

- ▶ Use a RC4 key, formed by the union of the KEY and the Initialization Vector (IV)
- ▶ WEP Negotiation:



Why WEP is weak

- ▶ WEP is considered vulnerable for many reason:
- ▶ Length of IV, just 24 bit
- ▶ Possibility of reuse of the IV
- ▶ All connections are encrypted with the same Pre Shared Key (PSK)

WEP Cracking

- ▶ Exploiting weakness of WEP
- ▶ sniffing enough data to have duplicates IV
- ▶ Use Aircrack-ng to discover WEP Key exploiting captured data

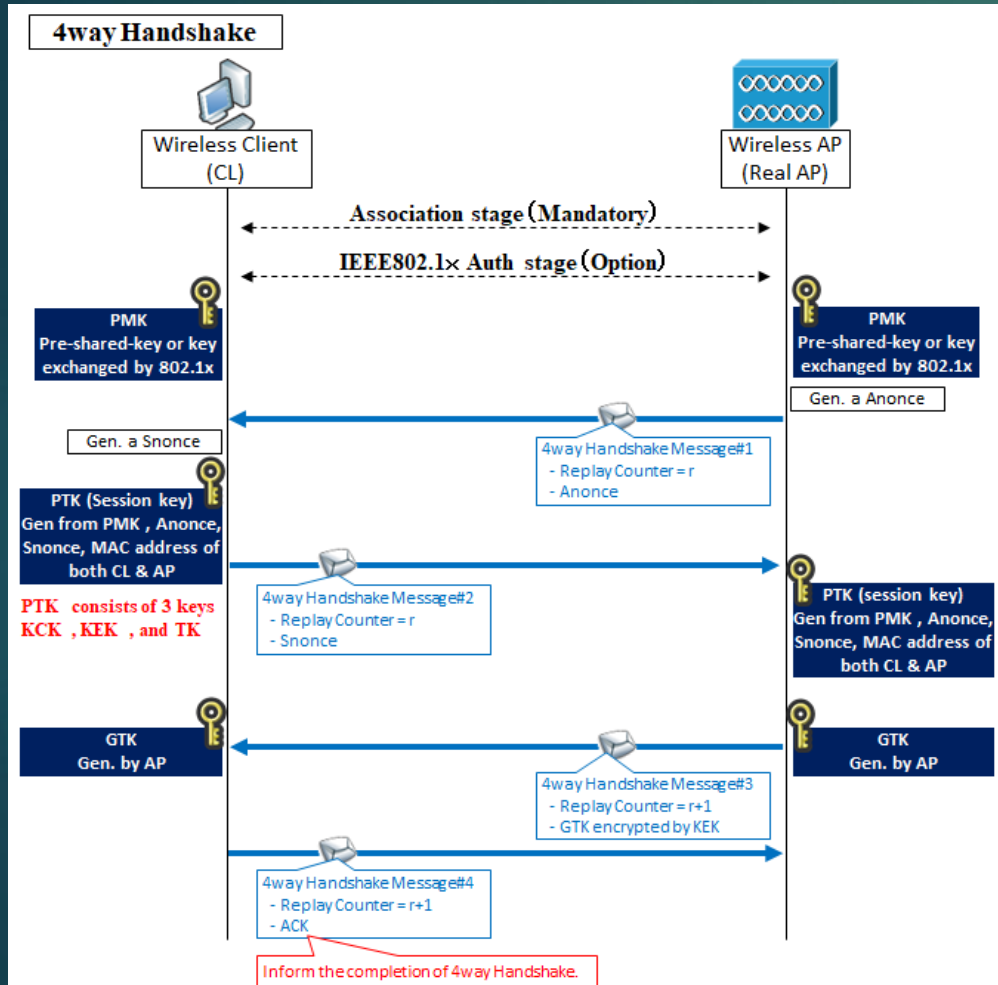
WEP Cracking - exercise

- ▶ Let's see a video for WEP attack
- ▶ Go on course website and download WEP Capture
- ▶ Using Aircrack-ng try to discover the key yourself, following the guide
- ▶ What is the password?
- ▶ And how the attack works?

WiFi Protected Access (WPA)

- ▶ WPA can be classified as WPA Personal or WPA Enterprise
- ▶ Our focus will be on WPA Personal, also known as WPA-PSK
- ▶ Based on a Pre Shared Key

WPA Personal Handshake



- ▶ This kind of handshake is based on mutual authentication.
 - ▶ Each host must provide the right PTK, derived on the PMK (the password of the network)
- ▶ The PTK is used to encrypt data
- ▶ Each connection has different PTK, so an hosts cannot decrypt conversation between another hosts and the AP, improving security of WPA

WPA Attacks

- ▶ We have some way to attack a WiFi protected with WPA
- ▶ Of course we can try a **bruteforce**, or **dictionary attack**, on the PMK
- ▶ But we also can try an attack on PSK with the **rainbow table attack**
 - ▶ PSK is a key of 256 bit derived from PMK, ESSID and some others parameters

WPA Cracking

- ▶ In order to perform some attack we must, at first, sniff the handshake
- ▶ Let's see a video for capturing the WPA Handshake
- ▶ Once we have the handshake we can perform some attacks in order to find the key

WPA Cracking - exercise

- ▶ On course Website there is a capture of the handshake, called wpa_capture
- ▶ Download and try to discover the password, using the guide available
- ▶ For rainbow table attack, you could either generate your own rainbow table or using the ones available on course website
- ▶ The goal of this exercise is to discover the password



Questions?



The lesson is over.

Thank you!