E3G Swamp

题目描述

 $n \le m$ 边的无向图,每条边权值 $h_{u,v}$,求从 1 开始走完所有点所经过的权值中最大值最小是多少

解题思路

看到 最大值最小,配合数据范围 $1 \le n \le 2 \times 10^5$ 可以确定该题为<mark>二分答案</mark>

check函数实现方式:判断参数为可以走的最大权值,因此为在原图子图上边走DFS,判断是否可以到达每一个顶点即可

代码实现

时间复杂度: $O(n \log n)$

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
using 11 = long long;
using db = long double; // or double, if TL is tight
using str = string;
using u32 = unsigned int;
using u64 = unsigned long long;
using u128 = unsigned __int128;
using pii = pair<int, int>;
using pll = pair<11, 11>;
using pdd = pair<db, db>;
#define fi first
#define se second
#define vc vector
using vi = vc<int>;
using vb = vc<bool>;
using v11 = vc<11>;
using vd = vc<db>;
using vs = vc<str>;
using vch = vc<char>;
using vpii = vc<pii>;
using vpll = vc<pll>;
using vpdd = vc<pdd>;
using vvi = vc<vc<int>>;
```

```
using vvll = vc<vc<ll>>;
using vvch = vc<vc<char>>;
using vvb = vc<vc<bool>>;
using vvpii = vc<vc<pii>>>;
using vvpll = vc<vc<pll>>>;
const int mod = 998244353; // 1e9 + 7;
const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
const 11 BIG = 1e18; // not too close to LLONG_MAX
const db PI = acos((db)-1);
const int dx[4]{1, 0, -1, 0}, dy[4]{0, 1, 0, -1}; // for
every grid problem!!
mt19937
rng32((uint32_t)chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epo
ch().count());
mt19937_64
rng64((uint64_t)chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epo
ch().count());
#define cl(x, y) memset(x, y, sizeof(x))
#define de(x) cerr << #x << " = " << x << " "
\#define del(x) cerr \ll \#x \ll " = " \ll x \ll endl
#define overload3(a, b, c, d, ...) d
#define rep1(a) for(int i = 0; i < (a); i++)
#define rep2(i, a) for (int i = 0; i < (a); i++)
#define rep3(i, a, b) for (int i = (a); i <= (b); i++)
#define per1(a) for(int i = (a) - 1; i >= 0; i--)
#define per2(i, a) for (int i = (a) - 1; i >= 0; i--)
#define per3(i, a, b) for (int i = (a); i >= (b); i--)
#define rep(args...) overload3(args, rep3, rep2, rep1)
(args)
#define per(args...) overload3(args, per3, per2, per1)
(args)
#define for_subset(t, s) \
   for (11 t = (s); t >= 0; t = (t == 0 ? -1 : (t - 1) &
(s)))
#define co cout
#define dl '\n'
#define ret return
#define pb push_back
#define tcT template <class T
#define YES cout << "YES" << endl
#define Yes cout << "Yes" << endl
#define NO cout << "NO" << endl
#define No cout << "No" << endl
#define INT(args...) \
   int args;
    rd(args)
#define LL(args...) \
    11 args;
```

```
rd(args)
#define all(s) s.begin(), s.end()
#define rall(s) s.rbegin(), s.rend()
#define sz(v) int(v.size())
#define SUM(a) accumulate(all(a), 011)
#define MIN(v) (*min_element(all(v)))
#define MAX(v) (*max_element(all(v)))
#define unisort(v) \
    sort(all(v)); \
    v.resize(unique(all(v)) - v.begin())
int popcnt(int x) { return __builtin_popcount(x); }
int popcnt(u32 x) { return __builtin_popcount(x); }
int popcnt(ll x) { return __builtin_popcountll(x); }
int popcnt(u64 x) { return __builtin_popcountll(x); }
#define LOWBIT(x) ((x) & (-x))
// (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) -> (-1, 0, 1, 1, 2)
int topbit(int x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 : 31 -
__builtin_clz(x)); }
int topbit(u32 x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 : 31 -
__builtin_clz(x)); }
int topbit(11 x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 : 63 -
__builtin_clzll(x)); }
int topbit(u64 x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 : 63 -
__builtin_clzll(x)); }
// (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) -> (-1, 0, 1, 0, 2)
int lowbit(int x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 :
__builtin_ctz(x)); }
int lowbit(u32 x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 :
__builtin_ctz(x)); }
int lowbit(ll x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 :
__builtin_ctzll(x)); }
int lowbit(u64 x) { return (x == 0 ? -1 :
__builtin_ctzll(x)); }
tcT > T cdiv(T &a, T &b) {
    return a / b + ((a \land b) > (T)(0) \&\& a \% b);
} // divide a by b rounded up
tcT > T fdiv(T &a, T &b) {
    return a / b - ((a \land b) < (T)(0) \&\& a \% b);
} // divide a by b rounded down
tcT, class S > inline ostream &operator<<(ostream &i,
const pair<T, S> &a) { return i << a.first << ' ' <<</pre>
a.second; }
tcT, class S > inline istream &operator>>(istream &i,
pair<T, S> &a) { return i >> a.first >> a.second; }
tcT > inline ostream &operator<<(ostream &i, const
vector<T> &a) {
    if (a.size())
        i \ll a[0];
```

```
for (int j = 1; j < int(a.size()); j++)
        i << ' ' << a[j];
    return i;
}
tcT > inline istream &operator>>(istream &i, vector<T> &a)
    for (auto &j : a)
        i >> j;
    return i;
}
void err(istream_iterator<string> it) {
it.~istream_iterator(); }
template <typename T, typename... Args>
void err(istream_iterator<string> it, T a, Args... args) {
    cerr << *it << " = " << a << endl;</pre>
    err(++it, args...);
}
void wt() { cout << '\n'; }</pre>
tcT, class... Args > void wt(const T &a, const Args
&...args) {
    cout << a;</pre>
    (void)(cout << ... << (cout << ' ', args));</pre>
    cout << '\n';</pre>
}
tcT > void wt(vector<vector<T>>> &a) {
    for (auto &i : a)
        wt(i);
}
tcT, class S > void wt(vector<pair<T, S>> &a) {
    for (auto &i : a)
        wt(i);
}
template <class... T>
void rd(T &...a) { (cin >> ... >> a); }
#define LOCAL_TEST freopen("out.txt", "w", stdout)
#define IOS
ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0)
#define FIX(x) cout << fixed << setprecision(x)</pre>
const int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
inline void INIT() {
}
/*
*/
inline void SOLVE() {
```

```
INT(n, m);
    vvpii edge(n + 1);
    rep(m) {
        INT(u, v, h);
        edge[u].pb(pii{v, h});
        edge[v].pb(pii{u, h});
    }
    auto check = [\&](11 lim) \rightarrow bool {
        vb vis(n + 1);
        queue<int> q;
        vis[1] = true;
        q.push(1);
        while(!q.empty()) {
            int now = q.front();
             q.pop();
             for(auto ed: edge[now]) {
                 if(vis[ed.first] || ed.second > lim)
continue;
                 vis[ed.first] = true;
                 q.push(ed.first);
            }
        }
        rep(i, 1, n) if(!vis[i]) return false;
        return true;
    };
    11 1 = 0, r = (111 \ll 31) - 1, ans = -1;
    while(1 \leftarrow r) {
        11 \text{ mid} = 1 + r >> 1;
        if(check(mid)) r = mid - 1, ans = mid;
        else l = mid + 1;
    }
    wt(ans);
}
int main() {
    IOS; FIX(20);
    INIT();
    int tt = 1;
    cin >> tt;
    while(tt--)
        SOLVE();
    // cout << "program ends..." << endl;</pre>
    // system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```