

ID:

Name:

**Brac University**

Semester: Fall 2024

Course Code: CSE250

Circuits And Electronics

Set

A

Assessment: *Final Exam*

Duration: 1 hour 40 minutes

Date: January 17, 2025

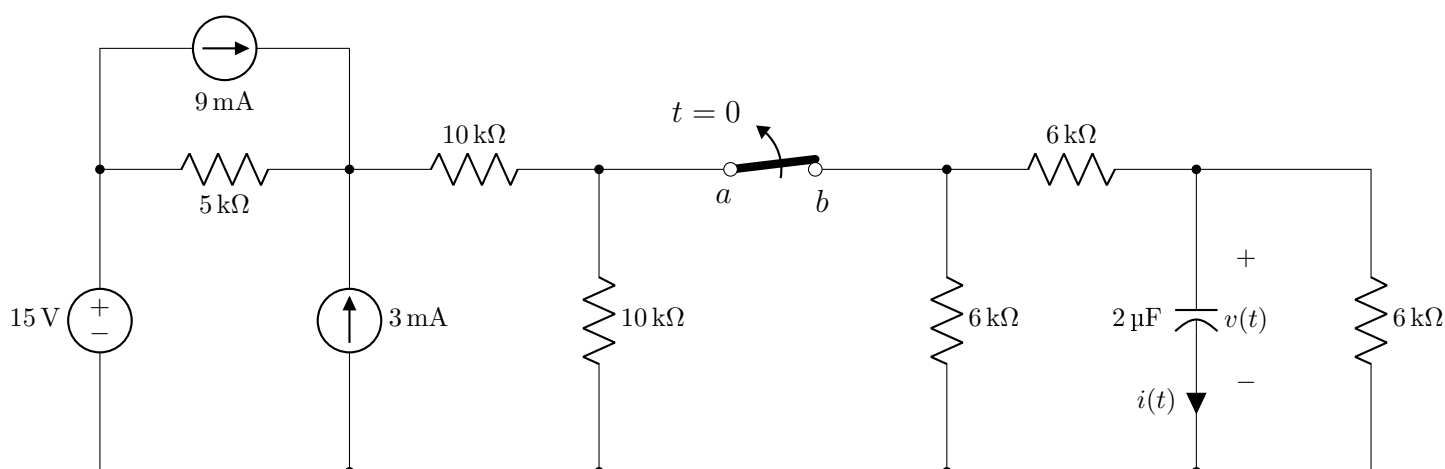
Full Marks: 55

- ✓ No washroom breaks. Phones must be turned off. Using/carrying any notes during the exam is not allowed.
- ✓ At the end of the exam, both the **answer script** and the **question paper** must be returned to the invigilator.
- ✓ All **4 questions** are compulsory. Marks allotted for each question are mentioned beside each question.
- ✓ Draw the plots for the question **1(e)** in the grids provided on the question paper.
- ✓ Symbols have their usual meanings.

■ Question 1 of 4

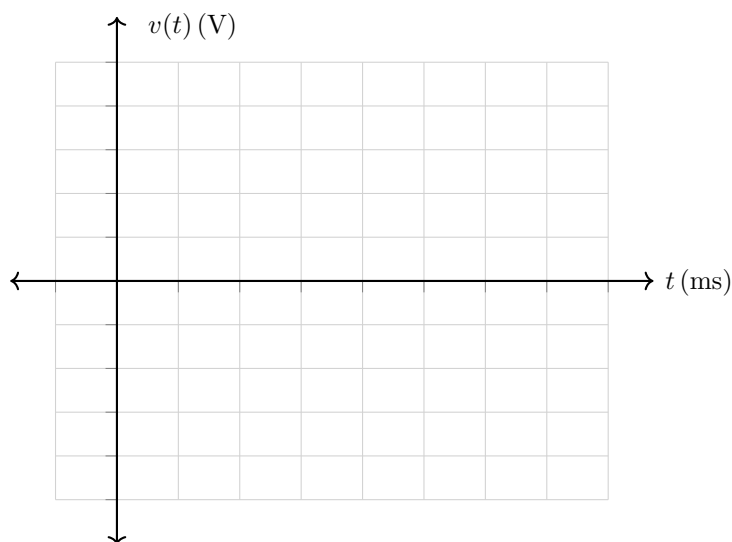
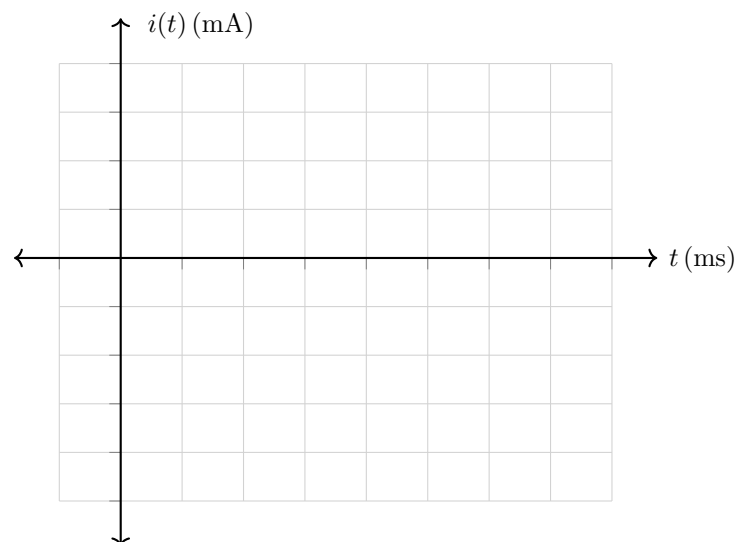
[CO3] [20 marks]

In the circuit below, at time $t = 0$, the switch opens, disconnecting terminals a and b .



Analyze the **Transient Behavior** to answer the following questions–

- (a) [8 marks] Determine the initial and final voltages across the capacitor, respectively before and after switching.
- (b) [4 marks] Determine the time constant of the circuit.
- (c) [2 marks] Based on the quantities determined in (a) and (b), write an expression of the voltage $v(t)$ for $t > 0$.
- (d) [3 marks] Based on the $v(t)$ found in (c), determine the current $i(t)$ through the capacitor as a function of t for $t > 0$.
- (e) [3 marks] On the following grids, approximately draw the $v(t)$ and $i(t)$ found in (c) and (d), respectively. Label on the graphs the quantities found in (a) and (b).

Grid for $v(t)$ Grid for $i(t)$

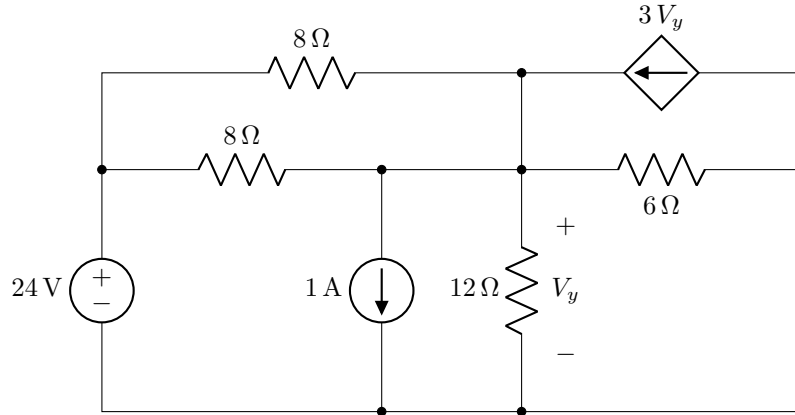
■ Question 2 of 4

[CO2] [16 marks]

Apply **Superposition Principle** in the following circuit to determine the voltage V_y .

or

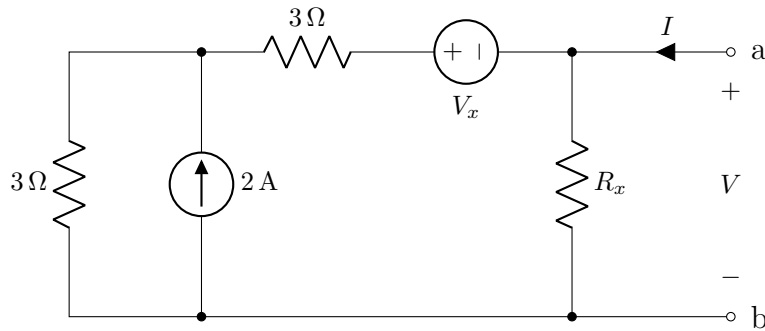
Apply **Source Transformation** to reduce the following circuit to a single mesh and then determine V_y .



■ Question 3 of 4

[CO3] [10 marks]

In the circuit below, all resistors are practical and cannot have negative values. When a voltage of $V = 2\text{ V}$ is applied across terminals a and b , the circuit draws a current of $I = 3\text{ A}$. However, if -6 V is applied, instead of drawing, the circuit supplies 1 A to the terminal a .

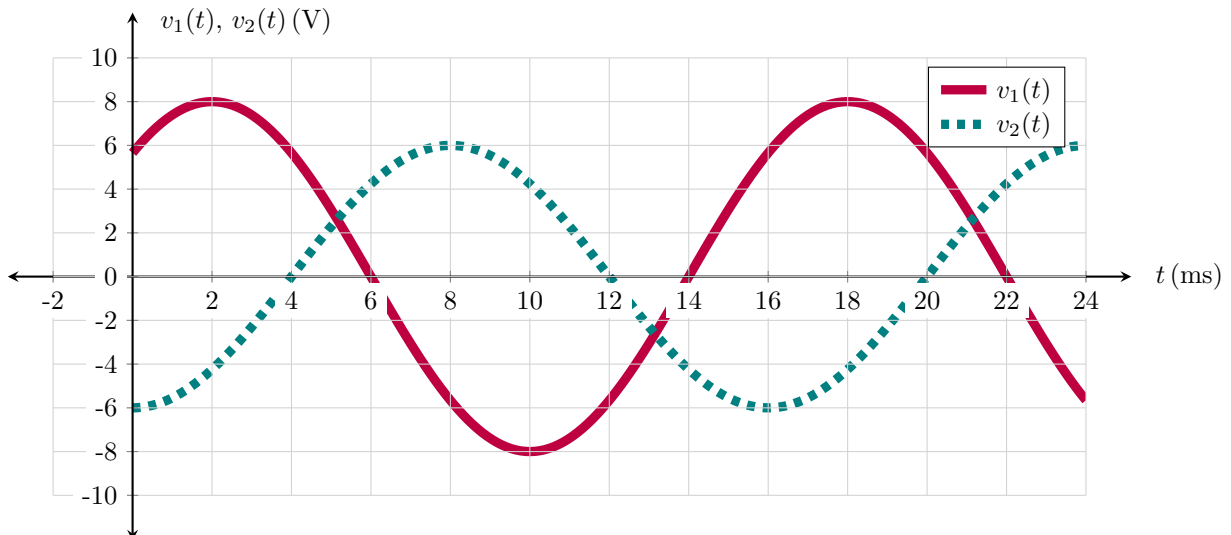


- [4 marks] Determine the unknown resistance R_x in the circuit.
- [6 marks] Find an equivalent representation of the circuit having minimum number of elements and determine V_x .

■ Question 4 of 4

[CO3] [9 marks]

Two voltage waveforms $v_1(t)$ and $v_2(t)$ from an ac circuit are plotted below as a function of time t .



- [4 marks] Determine the phase difference ($0^\circ \leq \Delta\varphi \leq 180^\circ$) between the two and identify which one is leading.
- [5 marks] Write analytical expressions for both $v_1(t)$ and $v_2(t)$ as a function of t with the initial phases (φ) in degrees, where $-180^\circ \leq \varphi \leq 180^\circ$.