

(2) (1)

Troio de

$$I_{DS} = k \left[(V_{GS} - V_T) - \frac{1}{2} V_{DS} \right] V_{DS}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{DS} = 0.7 \left[(5 - 1.7) - \frac{1}{2} V_0 \right] V_0$$

$$V_0 = 20 - I_{DS} \times 0.27$$

$$\Rightarrow V_0 = 20 - 0.27 \times 0.7 \times \left[3.3 - \frac{1}{2} V_0 \right] V_0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_0 = 20 - 0.6237 V_0 + 0.0945 V_0^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.0945 V_0^2 - 0.6237 V_0 + 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_0 = (8.59 - 11.74i) \checkmark$$

$$\text{or}$$

$$(8.59 + 11.74i) \checkmark$$

$$= 14.547 \angle -0.93^\circ \checkmark$$

$$\therefore |V_{DS}| = 14.547 \checkmark$$

(b)

V_{DS} is greater than $V_{DS} - V_t$

\therefore NOT in Triode

(2)

(i) + (ii')

$$V_i = 15V$$

$$I_{D5} = \frac{0.7 [15 - 1.7]^2}{2}$$

$$= 61.9115 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_o = 20 - (61.9115 \times 0.27)$$

$$= 3.2838$$

$$= V_{DS}$$

(ii')

$$V_{GS} - V_T = 15 - 1.7$$

$$= 13.3$$

$$\therefore V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_T$$

\therefore Assumption Wrong