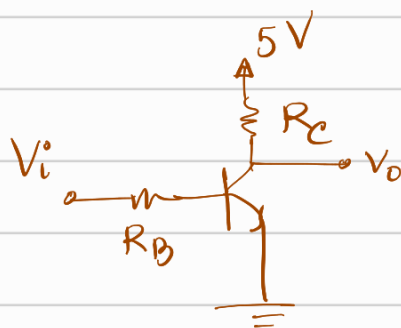
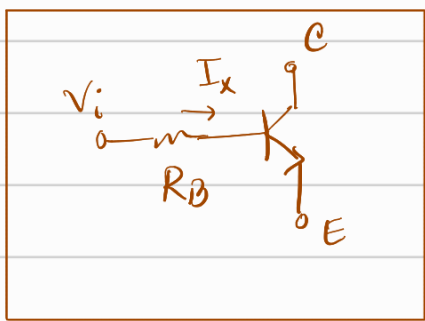
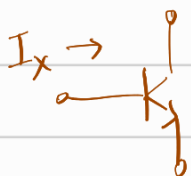
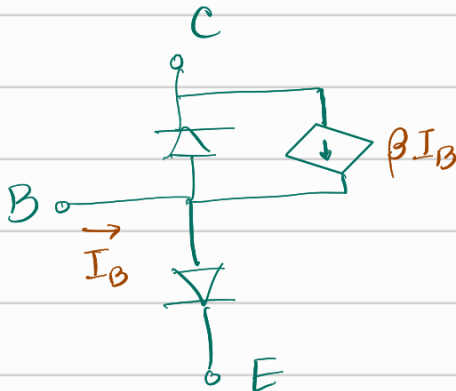
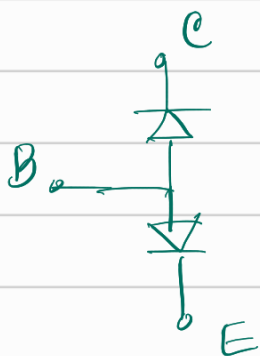
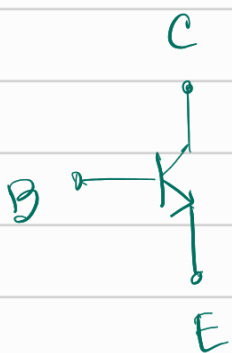
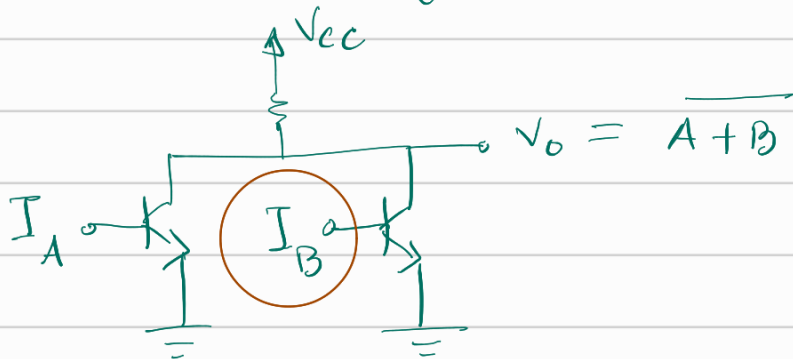
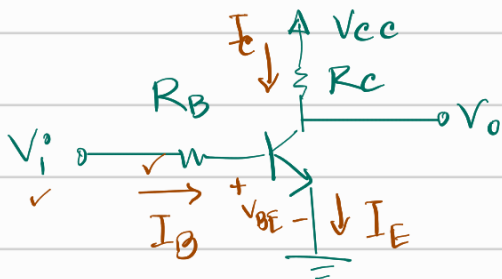


BJT Implementation of $\overline{A+B}$



BJT Inverter :



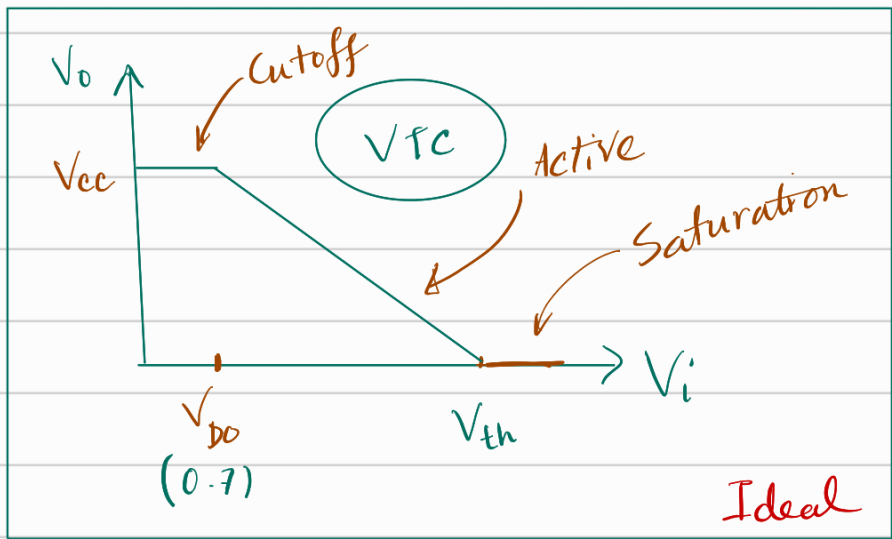
$$V_{BE} = V_B - V_E = V_B$$

$$\# V_i = R_B I_B + V_{BE}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_B = \frac{V_i - V_{BE}}{R_B}$$

$$\# I_E = I_B + I_C$$

$$\# I_C = \frac{V_{cc} - V_0}{R_C}$$

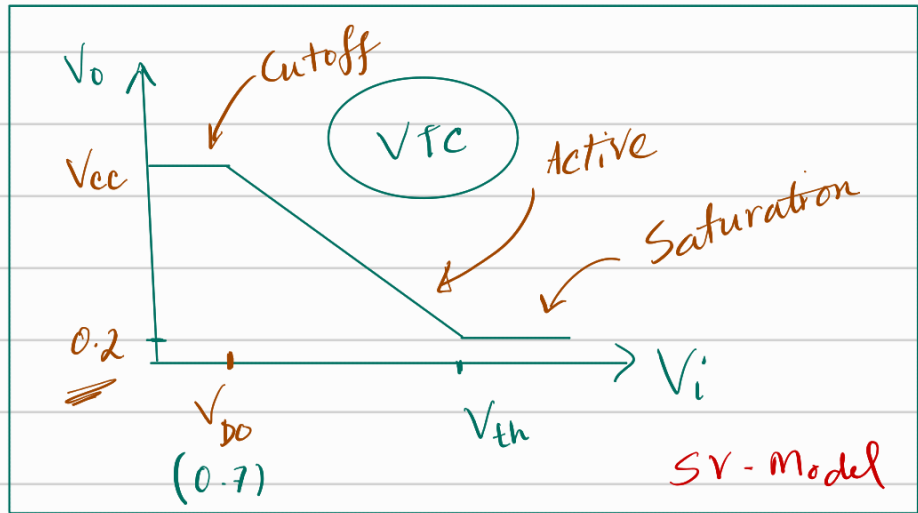


Active : linear change

Saturation : $V_{CE} \approx 0$

Cutoff : $V_0 \approx V_{cc}$

(S-Model) **



Active : linear change

Saturation : $V_{CE} \approx 0.2V$

Cutoff : $V_0 \approx V_{cc}$

(SV-Model) **

BJT : DC Analysis :- ① Cut off ② Active ③ Saturation

② Active :

$$I_c = \beta I_B$$

β = common emitter current gain

$$V_{BE} = 0.7V = V_{D0}$$

$$I_E = I_c + I_B = (1 + \beta) I_B$$

$$I_E = I_c + \frac{I_c}{\beta} = I_c \frac{1 + \beta}{\beta} \Rightarrow I_c = \frac{\beta}{1 + \beta} I_E$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\beta}{1 + \beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha + \alpha\beta = \beta \Rightarrow \beta(1 - \alpha) = \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_c = \alpha I_E$$

Example : $\alpha = 0.99$
 $\beta = 100$

Verify : $V_{CE} > 0.2V$

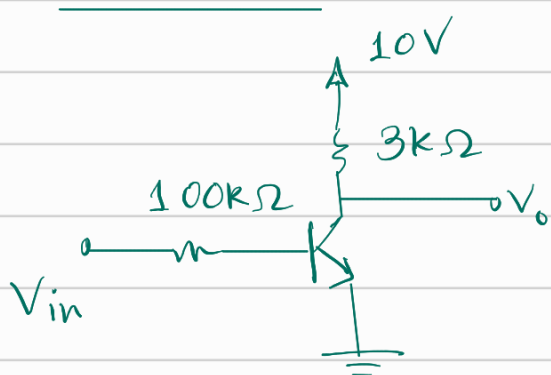
③ Saturation : $V_{CE} = 0.2V$, $V_{BE} = 0.8V$

$$\# \text{ Verify : } I_c < \beta I_B \Rightarrow \frac{I_c}{I_B} < \beta$$

① Cutoff : $I_c = I_B = I_E = 0$

$$\# \text{ Verify : } V_{BE} < 0.7, V_{CE} \gg 0.2V.$$

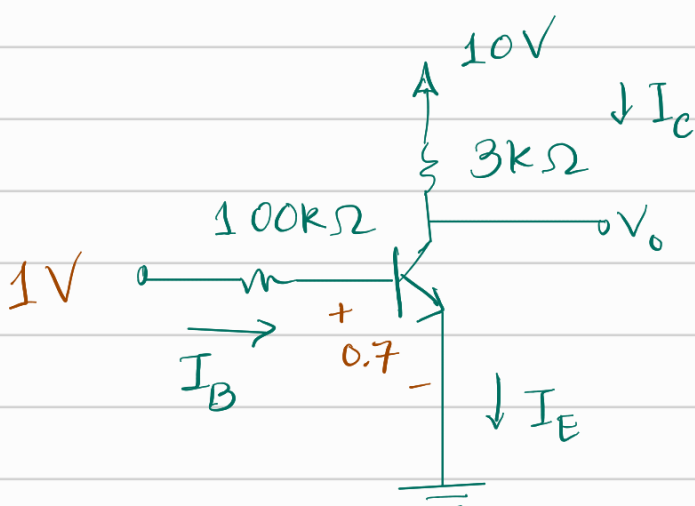
* Example 1 :-



① $V_{in} = 1V$	$V_o = 9.1V$
② $V_{in} = 5V$	$V_o = 0.2V$

$$\beta = 100$$

① Assume, Active : $V_{BE} = 0.7V$



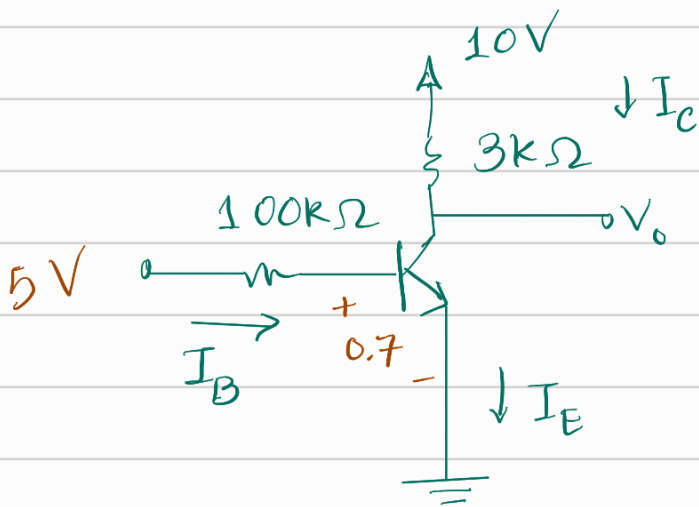
$$\therefore I_B = \frac{1 - 0.7}{100} = 0.003mA$$

$$I_c = \beta I_B = 100 \times 0.003 = 0.3mA$$

$$\text{Verify : } V_{CE} = V_c = 10 - 3I_c = 9.1V > 0.2V.$$

$$\therefore V_o = V_c = 9.1V \text{ (Ans)}$$

① Assume, Active : $V_{BE} = 0.7V$

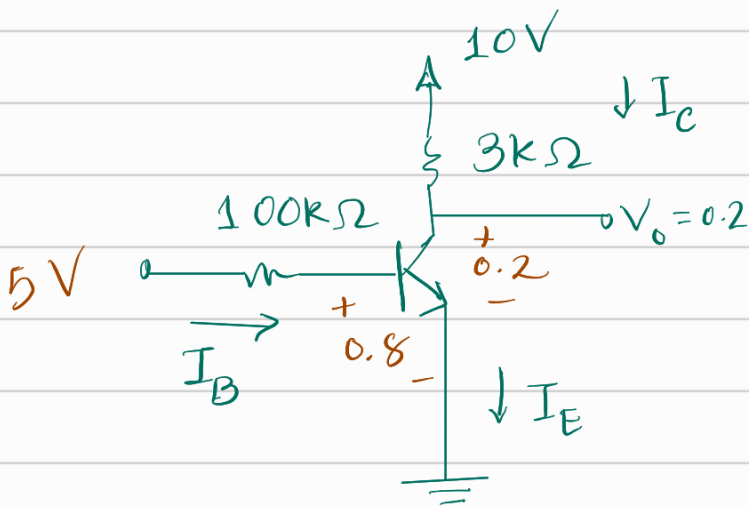


$$\therefore I_B = \frac{5 - 0.7}{100} = 0.043 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_C = \beta I_B = 4.3 \text{ mA}$$

Verify : $V_{CE} = V_C = 10 - 3I_C$
 $\textcircled{\times} = -2.9V < 0.2V$

Assume, Saturation : $V_{CE} = 0.2V$, $V_{BE} = 0.8V$



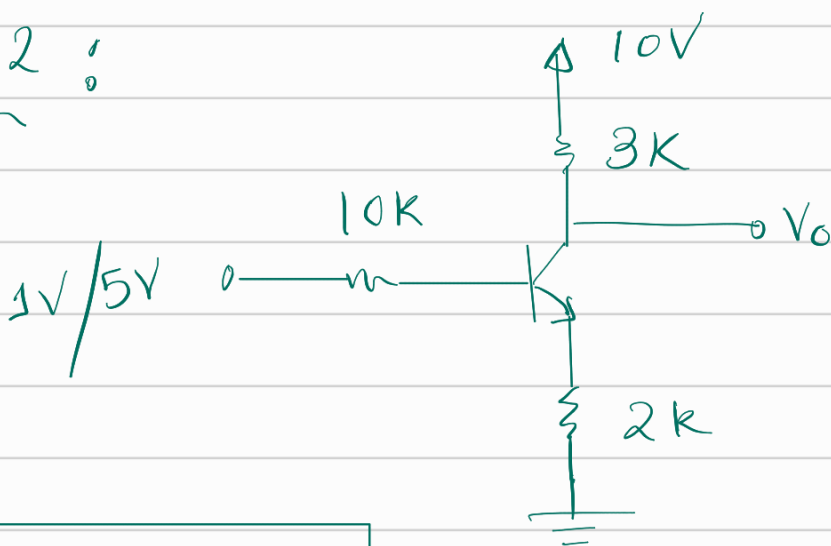
$$\therefore I_B = \frac{5 - 0.8}{100} = 0.042 \text{ mA}$$

$$\therefore I_C = \frac{10 - 0.2}{3} = 3.267 \text{ mA}$$

Verify : $\frac{I_C}{I_B} = 77.79 < \beta = 100$
 $\textcircled{\checkmark}$

$$V_o = V_C = V_{CE} = 0.2V$$

Example 2 :



$\beta = 100$

Next Class !!