* **Notice Regarding Vaccine, Mask, and Testing Mandates as a Condition of  Employment**

**Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal and Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent**

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, one of the people as seen in Article 1 Section 2  of the Florida Constitution, Sui Juris, in this court of record, am serving you with due  notice, that you may provide due care:

Please take notice from where the government’s power originates:

Florida Constitution Article 1 Section 1:

“All political power is inherent in the people, The enunciation herein of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or impair others retained by the people.”

Please take notice that the people of any state are entitled to the same rights and privileges that are found in every other state.

United States Constitution Article IV Section 2 Clause 1

“The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and

Immunities of Citizens in the several States”

The Orange Bowl and Collage Football Playoffs have adopted a policy that all media personel must be vaccinated against Covid-19.

Please take notice that, as a company operating under a corporate charter, The Orange Bowl and Collage Football Playoffs are bound by the laws of the federal Constitution and the state Constitutions.

Please take note that as one of the people, I wish to address the issue of the rights of the people, more specifically their right to liberty, the protection of their liberty interest, and privacy:

Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 19:

“No citizen of this State shall be deprived of life, liberty, property, privileges or immunities, or in any manner disfranchised, except by the due course of the law of the land.”

Arizona Constitution Article 2 Section 8:

“No person shall be disturbed in his private affairs or his home invaded, without authority of law”

By mandating that people take an injection as a condition of employment or attendance, and to inquire  into their personal health information to do so, such as by weekly testing, without an oath or affirmation, is a violation of their right to privacy and depriving them of their liberty.

Black’s Law 4th Edition:

“PRIVACY, RIGHT OF. The right to be let alone, the right of a person to be free from unwarranted publicity. Holloman v. Life Ins. Co. of Virginia 192 S.C. 454, 7 S.E.2d 169, 171, 127 A.L.R. 110. The right of an individual (or corporation) to withhold himself and his property from public scrutiny, if he so chooses. It is said  to exist only so far as its assertion is consistent with law or public policy, and in a  proper case equity will interfere, if there is no remedy at law, to prevent an injury  threatened by the invasion of, or infringement upon, this right from motives of  curiosity, gain, or malice. Federal Trade Commission v. American Tobacco Co., 44 S.Ct. 336, 264 U.s. 298, 68 L. Ed. 696, 32 A.L.R. 786.

Black’s Law 4th Edition

“LIBERTY. Freedom; exemption from extraneous control. Freedom from all  restraints except such as are justly imposed by law. Ex parte Kreutzer, 187 Wis. 463, 204 N.W. 595,604. Freedom from restraint under conditions essential to the equal enjoyment of the same right by others…The power of the will to follow  the dictates of its unrestricted choice, and to direct the external acts of the  individual without restraint, coercion, or control from other persons.”

These sections clearly demonstrate that the people have the right to be free not only in their possessions but also in their persons and shall not be deprived of liberty. This includes being free from the state or companies making forced medical decisions and forcing compliance with those decisions.

Declaring a State of Emergency or crisis still does not give the government the authority to violate the constitution. This is made clear by Article 1 Section 29 of the Texas Constitution and further supported by West Virginia Constitution Article 1 Section 3.:

Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 29:

“To guard against transgressions of the high powers herein delegated, we  declare that everything in this "Bill of Rights" is excepted out of the general  powers of government, and shall forever remain inviolate, and all laws contrary  thereto, or to the following provisions, shall be void.”

West Virginia Constitution Article 1 Section 3:

“The provisions of the constitution of the United States, and of this state, are operative alike in a period of war as in time of peace, and any departure there from, or violation thereof, under plea of necessity, or any other plea, is subversive of good government, and tends to anarchy and despotism.” [Emphasis is Highlight Added]

To be clear an emergency cannot create power for the government that it does not already have, and under no circumstances can it violate any part of the Constitution.  Any attempt by the state or agents of the state to violate the liberty and rights of the people, has committed a trespass against the people and has violated their trust indenture.

This violation also extends to any person, company or corporation that is enforcing a medical mandate put forth by the government. Any enforcement by a person, company or corporation to enforce a government mandate is acting as an agent of the state and is bound by the law and the United States Constitution and the Constitutions of the 50 states.

For a company to order what goes into the bodies of workers or to undergo testing as a condition of employment or attendance, would mean that the workers themselves are in fact viewed as property.

There are also individuals, agencies, and corporations that demand that the government violate the liberties of the people for their own personal feeling of safety. No one has special rights or privileges that give them the authority to demand that individuals’ rights  be violated. This is made clear by Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 3:

Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 3:

“All free men, when they form a social compact, have equal rights, and no man,  or set of men, is entitled to exclusive separate public emoluments, or privileges,  but in consideration of public services.”

Please take notice that vaccinated and unvaccinated individuals both can spread the virus, so only requiring the unvaccinated to undergo testing is discriminatory and without merit.

All free men have equal rights regardless of medical status and no man or men can have exclusive rights. Any system, including all companies with a public charter acting as agents of the state, that would create different privileges based on medical or any  other status is against the law, a trespass against the people.

Any person, company, or corporation enforcing a mandate as an agent of the state is also in violation of Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 16:

Texas Constitution Article 1 Section 16:

“No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, retroactive law, or any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall be made.”

Every employee in a company or corporation has entered into some of form contract laying out the terms of that employment. By introducing vaccine mandates or testing requirements as a condition of employment, they have changed the terms of that  contract and is enforcing the mandate ex post facto.

By setting an arbitrary date to enforce mandates that were never present at the  time of employment the government and the individuals, companies, and  corporations acting as their agents are enforcing a change to their contracts ex  post facto.

Please take notice that creating a special class of people, such as ‘vaccinated’ versus ‘unvaccinated’ functions as a form of attainder.

Princeton WordNet

“Attainder (n.): cancellation of civil rights”

If one of the people was employed before the mandate was put into place then it is retroactive and a violation of the law. Any person, company or corporation that retroactively violates the law is violating the rights of the people and is liable for any damages resulting from the illegal enforcement of the mandate.

Any person, corporation, or company that chooses to enforce any kind of medical mandate should be aware that they are also liable for any death that occurs as seen in Texas Constitution Article 16 Section 26:

Texas Constitution Article 16 Section 26:

“Every person, corporation, or company, that may commit a homicide, through  willful act, or omission, or gross neglect, shall be responsible, in exemplary  damages, to the surviving husband, widow, heirs of his or her body, or such of  them as there may be, without regard to any criminal proceeding that may or may  not be had in relation to the homicide.”

The Texas Constitution clearly states that any person, corporation, or company that  mandates vaccines for its workers is liable for any death that occurs regardless of any  criminal proceeding. No mandate by the state or government can absolve any person,  corporation, or company of liability, since demanding and enforcing medical mandates  such as vaccines is a “willful act”. By choosing to enforce medical mandates as  conditions of employment, they become responsible for any death that may occur or  has occurred as a result of such mandate.

Any company that mandates any medical procedure or vaccine as a condition of employment is also liable for any injury or illness that occurs. This liability is also supported by Arizona Article 18 Section 7:

Arizona Article 18 Section 7:

“To protect the safety of employees in all hazardous occupations, ….the  legislature shall enact an employer's liability law, by the terms of which any  employer, whether individual, association, or corporation shall be liable for the  death or injury, caused by any accident due to a condition or conditions of such  occupation, of any employee in the service of such employer in such hazardous  occupation, in all cases in which such death or injury of such employee shall not  have been caused by the negligence of the employee killed or injured.” [Emphasis is Highlight Added]

By mandating a vaccine as a condition of employment or occupation, the individual, association, or corporation that enforced the mandate is liable even if the injury, illness or death is the result of an accident. This would include any and all reactions that have been reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). No matter how small or rare the Center for Disease Control purports the side effects of any vaccine to be, any employer that is mandating a vaccine is aware of those risks and is responsible for any reactions that occur. By mandating that the people must take those risks as a condition of employment, they become fully liable for any negative outcomes.

Please take notice that federal programs under Title 42, such as the Coronavirus State  Fiscal Recovery Fund (42 USC 802), are not law, as Title 42 programs are non-positive  law and not passed by the legislature to bind the people.

Office of the Law Revision Counsel:

https://uscode.house.gov/codification/legislation.shtml

Please take notice that Title 42 programs make private actors money based on contracts that allow them to use social security money to gain profit based on how much  they spend the people’s money.

Please take further notice that executive orders and rules made by agencies, such as  OSHA are not law, and even if passed by legislature, no laws can be made against the  rights of the people.

Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436 (1966):

“Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rulemaking or legislation which would abrogate them.” [Emphasis is  Highlight Added]

Marbury v. Madison, 5 U.S. (1 Cranch) 137; 2L Ed. 60 (1803)

“Thus, the particular phraseology of the Constitution of the United States  confirms and strengthens the principle, supposed to be essential to all written constitutions, that a law repugnant to the Constitution is void and  that courts, as well as other departments, are bound by that instrument.” [Emphasis is Highlight Added]

Please take further notice that if a corporation abuses its corporate powers or becomes harmful to the people, the corporation’s corporate charter can  be revoked.

Kentucky Constitution Section 205

“The General Assembly shall, by general laws, provide for the revocation or  forfeiture of the charters of all corporations guilty of abuse or misuse of their  corporate powers, privileges or franchises, or whenever said corporations  become detrimental to the interest and welfare of the Commonwealth or its  citizens.”

By the power of one of the people, and the power declared in the above constitutional  provisions, I demand, require and order that you, The Orange Bowl and Collage Football Playoffs, immediately cease the enforcement of vaccine requirements, weekly testing, or any other medical decisions as such enforcements are in violation of the law. Any enforcement of vaccine mandates by The Orange Bowl and/or Collage Football Playoffs makes you liable for any injury, illness or death that occurs or has occurred as a result. Any attempt to claim extra powers not granted in the Constitution under an emergency will cease immediately or be considered in violation of their trust indenture and the law.

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Autograph Date