

Experiment – 2.2

Student Name: Rohan Jaiswal

UID: 21BCS2856

Branch: BE-CSE

Section: KRG-CC-1/B

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Java with Lab

- **1. Aim:** Create a program to collect unique symbols from a set of cards using the set interface.
- **2. Objective:** To learn about the concept of sets of collections and to learn about HashSet and List in Java.
- **3. Input/Apparatus Used:** Hardware Requirements: Minimum 384MB RAM, 100 GB hard Disk, processor with 2.1 MHz Software Requirements: Eclipse, NetBeans, IntelliJ, etc.

4. Procedure/Algorithm/Pseudocode:

- Create a card class having a symbol and number.
- Add details of cards in all types of set classes.
- Then print how many cards we have to gather to have 4 unique symbols.
- Print all unique cards in sorted order.

5. Script and Output:

}

```
String symbol = scanner.next();
       int number = scanner.nextInt();
       Card card = new Card(symbol, number);
       if (cards.add(card)) {
         symbols.add(symbol);
       }
     }
    System.out.println("Four symbols gathered in " + cards.size() + "
cards.");
    System.out.println("Cards in Set are :");
    TreeSet<Card> sortedCards = new TreeSet<>((card1, card2) ->
card1.symbol.compareTo(card2.symbol));
    sortedCards.addAll(cards);
    for (Card card : sortedCards) {
       System.out.println(card.symbol + " " + card.number);
  static class Card {
    String symbol;
    int number;
    Card(String symbol, int number) {
       this.symbol = symbol;
       this.number = number;
    @Override
    public boolean equals(Object o) {
       if (this == 0) return true;
       if (o == null || getClass() != o.getClass()) return false;
       Card card = (Card) o;
       return symbol.equals(card.symbol);
    @Override
    public int hashCode() {
       return symbol.hashCode();
    }
```

- 6. Learning Outcome: In this experiment, we learned about
 - a. concept of sets of collections.
 - b. HashSet and List in Java.