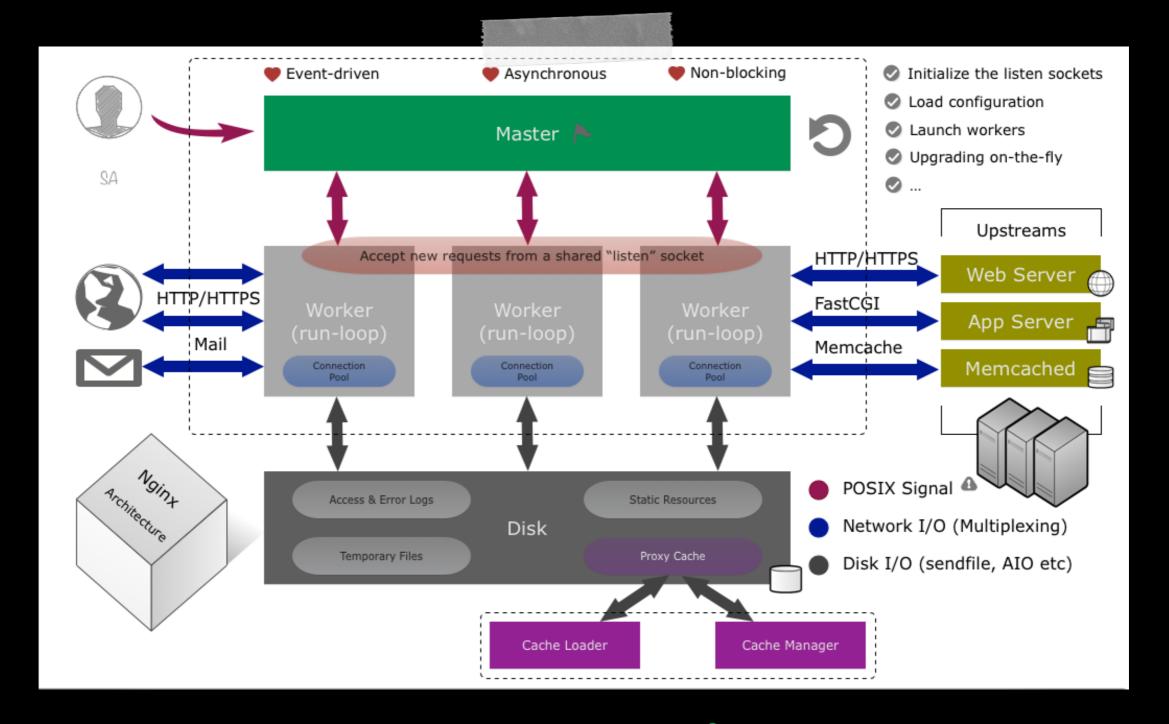
Using ngx_lua in UPYUN

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2014.11 @ Beijing OSC



Hello Nginx

nginx [engine x] is an HTTP and reverse proxy server, as well as a mail proxy server, written by Igor Sysoev.

A simple example

```
$ ./configure --prefix=/opt/nginx \
    --add-module=/path/to/echo-nginx-module
```

```
http {
    server {
       listen 8080;

    location /hello {
       set $foo "hello";
       echo $foo;

    set $foo "world";
       echo $foo;
    }
}
```

```
$ curl http://localhost:8080/hello
world
world
```

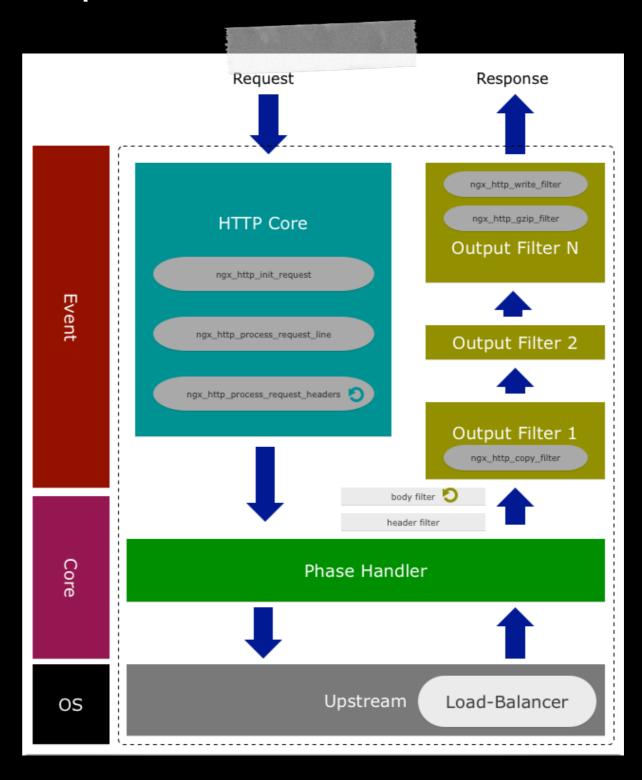
In Fact.

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;
        location /hello {
            set $foo "hello";
            set $foo "world";
            echo $foo;
            echo $foo;
```

- ◆ REWRITE PHASE: set (ngx_http_rewrite_module)
- ◆ CONTENT PHASE: echo (echo-nginx-module)

Nginx Internals: HTTP request phase handlers

- ◆ POST READ PHASE
- ◆ SERVER REWRITE PHASE
- ◆ FIND CONFIG PHASE
- ◆ REWRITE PHASE
- ◆ POST REWRITE PHASE
- ◆ PRE ACCESS PHASE
- ACCESS PHASE
- ◆ POST ACCESS PHASE
- ◆ TRY FILES PHASE
- ◆ CONTENT PHASE
- **◆ LOG PHASE**



Why Nginx Module Development is Not Easy?

Atrue story

```
$ ./configure --prefix=/opt/nginx \
    --add-module=/path/to/echo-nginx-module \
    --add-module=/path/to/base64-nginx-module
```

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;

        location /base64 {
            base64 on;
            base64_max_length 10485760;

        echo "hello world";
        }
    }
}
```

 input bytes stream ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS base64_fil ter_encode Content-Type: text/plain Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64

\$ curl http://localhost:8080/base64
aGVsbG8gd29ybGQK

500 lines C

If is Evil

http://agentzh.blogspot.jp/2011/03/how-nginx-location-if-works.html

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;
        location /if {
            set $foo 1;
            if ($foo = 1) {
                set $foo 2;
                echo "foo = $foo";
            set $foo 3;
            proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:$server_port/$foo;
        }
        location \sim /(\d+) {
            echo "bar = $1";
```

```
$ curl http://localhost:8080/if
foo = 3
```

If is Evil: How it works

REWRITE PHASE

```
set $foo 1;

if ($foo = 1) {
    set $foo 2;
}

set $foo 3;
```

CONTENT PHASE

```
if ($foo = 1) {
    echo "foo = $foo";
}
```

If is Evil:

Break ngx_rewite Directives

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;
        location /if {
            set $foo 1;
            if ($foo = 1) {
                set $foo 2;
                break;
                echo "foo = $foo";
            set $foo 3;
            proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:$server_port/$foo;
        }
        location \sim /(\d+) {
            echo "bar = $1";
```

REWRITE PHASE

```
set $foo 1;

if ($foo = 1) {
    set $foo 2;
    break;
}
```

CONTENT PHASE

```
if ($foo = 1) {
    echo "foo = $foo";
}
```

```
$ curl http://localhost:8080/if
foo = 2
```



Hello Lua

Lua is a powerful, fast, lightweight, embeddable scripting language.

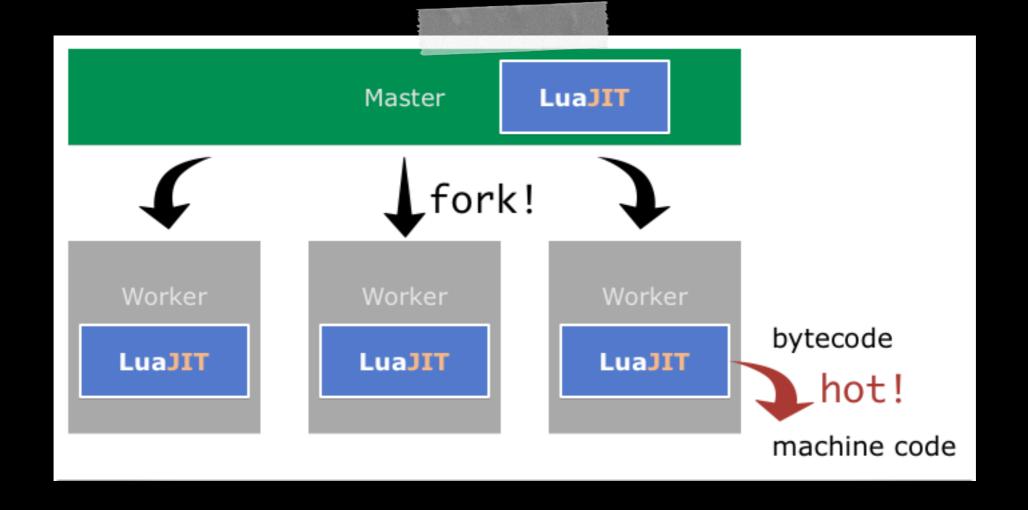


\$./configure --prefix=/opt/nginx \
 --add-module=/path/to/lua-nginx-module

```
http {
    server {
        listen 8080;
        location /add {
            set $res '';
            rewrite_by_lua '
                local a = tonumber(ngx.var.arg_a) or 0
                local b = tonumber(ngx.var.arg_b) or 0
                ngx.var.res = a + b
            content_by_lua '
                ngx.say(ngx.var.res)
```

\$ curl 'http://localhost:8080/add?a=6&b=7'

LuaJIT is a Just-In-Time Compiler (JIT) for the Lua programming language.



How it works

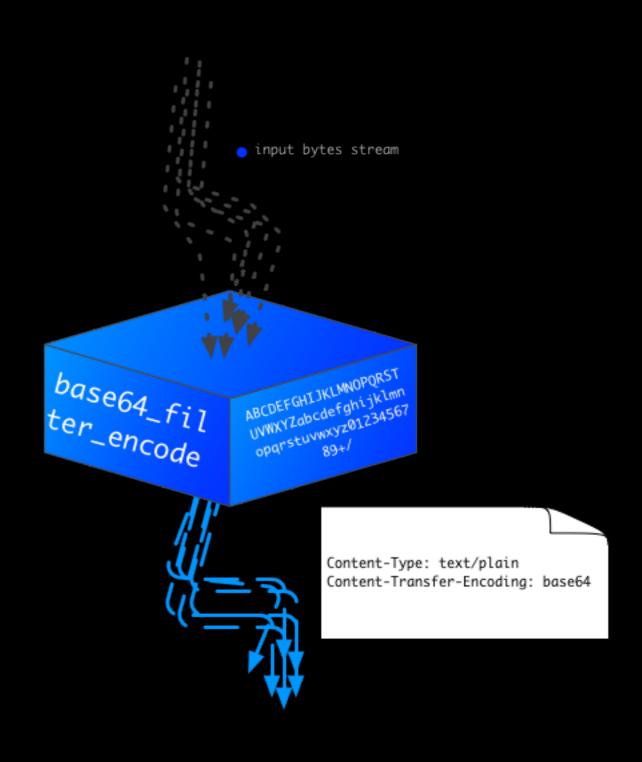
LuaJIT VM embedded into the Nginx

Base64 Filter by Lua

```
http {
    lua_package_path "$prefix/app/src/?.lua;;";
    server {
        listen 8080;
        location /base64 {
            set $b64_en '';
            set $b64_e0 '';
            set $b64_e1 '';
            echo_duplicate 1000 hello;
            header_filter_by_lua '
                ngx.header.content_length = nil -- ((n + 2) / 3) * 4
                ngx.header.content_type = "text/plain"
                ngx.header.content_transfer_encoding = "base64"
            ١.,
            body_filter_by_lua_file app/src/b64_body_filter.lua;
    }
```

Base64 Filter by Lua: Chunk by Chunk

```
local chunk = ngx.arg[1]
local e0 = nqx.var.b64_e0 or ''
local e1 = nax.var.b64_e1 or ''
local en = tonumber(ngx.var.b64_en) or 0
if en == 1 then
    chunk = e0 ... chunk
elseif en == 2 then
    chunk = e0 .. e1 .. chunk
end
if not ngx.arg[2] then
    en = \#chunk \% 3
    if en == 1 then
        e0 = chunk:sub(-1)
    elseif en == 2 then
        e1 = chunk:sub(-1)
        e0 = chunk:sub(-2, -2)
    end
    chunk = chunk:sub(1, #chunk - en)
else -- eof
    en = 0
end
nax.var.b64_en = en
nqx.var.b64_e0 = e0
nqx.var.b64_e1 = e1
nqx.arq[1] = nqx.encode_base64(chunk)
```



30 lines Lua

- ★ngx_upreferer_module.c ~ 2100 C
- *src/modules/referer.lua ~ 500 Lua

```
ngx.md5 ngx.time ngx.re.* ngx.req.* ngx.decode_args
```

string.sub string.find string.byte table.concat

based on Lua coroutines & synchronous & 100% non-blocking

cosocket AP

ngx.socket.* connect send receive sslhandshake close settimeout etc.

A true story:

Yupoo Referer Redirect (Year 2012)

```
eval_escalate off;
eval_override_content_type text/plain;
eval $answer {
    set $redis_key "$scheme://<key>";
    redis_pass redis;
if ($answer = "101") {
    rewrite ^ http://r.yupoo.com/101.gif redirect;
    break;
if (\text{sanswer} = "102") {
    rewrite ^ http://r.yupoo.com/102.gif redirect;
    break;
if ($answer ~ "^http://") {
    rewrite ^ $answer redirect;
    break;
```


- ◆Fork ngx_http_redis to support ypacl command
- vkholodkov/nginx-eval-module last commit on Nov 26, 2010

when upgrade Nginx to the latest version

Coredump

Yupoo Referer Redirect by Lua

lua-resty-redis (based on the cosocket API)
ngx.redirect rewrite_by_lua_file

```
Local redis = require "resty.redis"

local red = redis:new()

redis.add_commands("ypacl")

-- set_timeout and connect

local res, err = red:ypacl(key)

if res == "101" then
    return ngx.redirect("http://r.yupoo.com/101.gif")

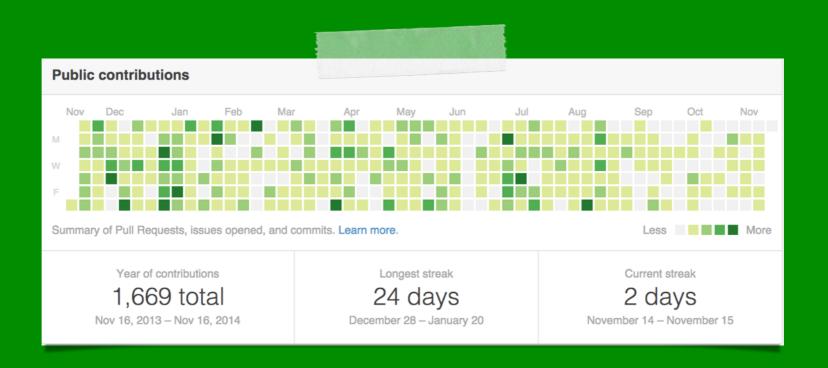
else
    -- do something else
end
```

LuaJIT FFI

lua-resty-uuid: Based on **LuaJIT** FFI

```
-- modified version of original pull request by smallfish
-- <a href="https://github.com/openresty/lua-resty-string/pull/7">https://github.com/openresty/lua-resty-string/pull/7</a>
local ffi = require "ffi"
local new = ffi.new
local string = ffi.string
local _M = \{\}
ffi.cdef[[
    typedef unsigned char uuid_t[16];
    void uuid_generate(uuid_t out);
    void uuid_unparse(const uuid_t uu, char *out);
]]
local libuuid = ffi.load("libuuid")
function _M.generate()
    if libuuid then
         local uuid = new("uuid_t")
         local result = new("char[36]")
         libuuid.uuid_generate(uuid)
         libuuid.uuid_unparse(uuid, result)
         return string(result)
    end
end
```

<u>Openresty</u>



Yichun "agentzh" Zhang (章亦春) agentzh@gmail.com, CloudFlare Inc.

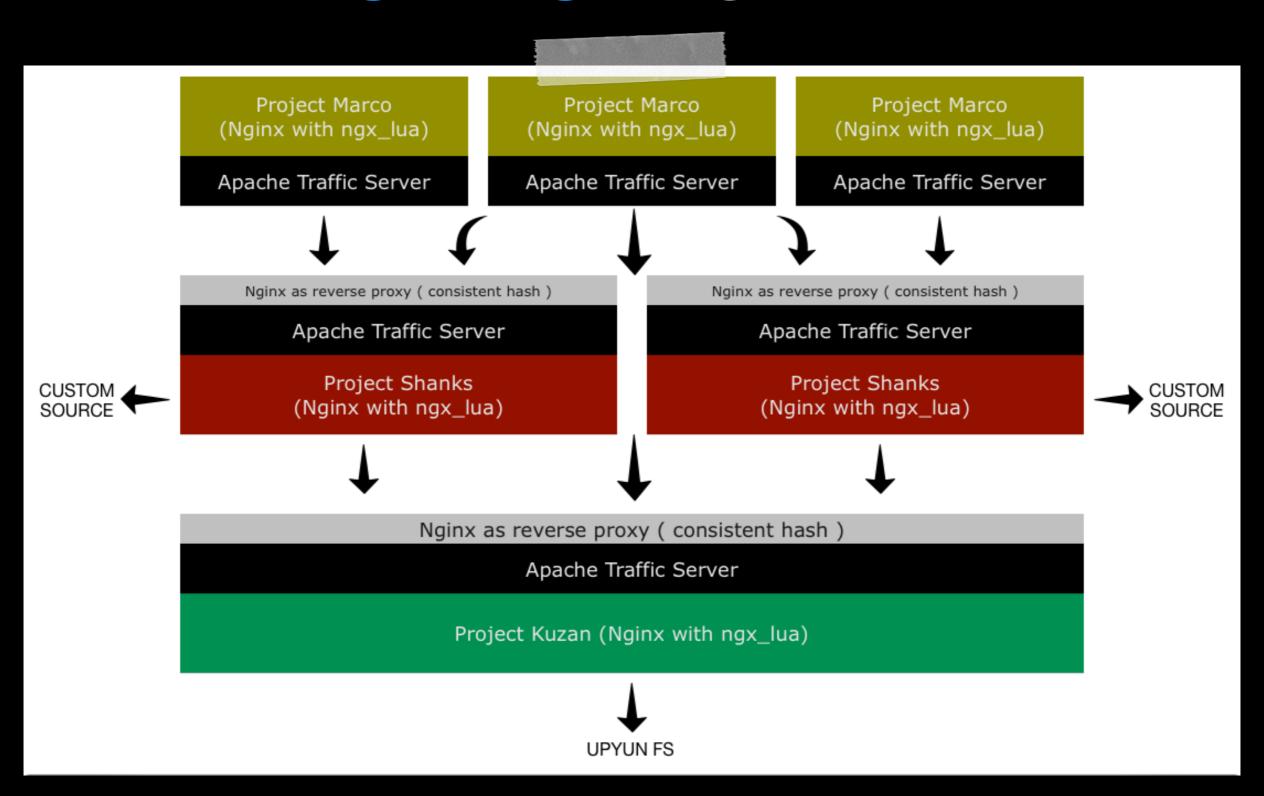
ONEPIECE







UPYUN CDN

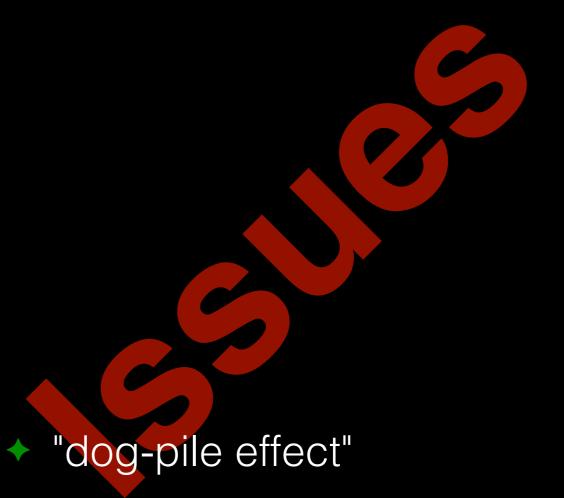


UPYUN CDN: Metadata Cache

- *CJSON, MessagePack
- ngx.shared.DICT
- lua-resty-lock
- lua-resty-shcache
- lua-resty-lrucache (*)

Metadata Cache: The original version (Year 2012)

```
local metadata = ngx.shared.metadata
-- local key, bucket = ...
local value = metadata:get(key)
if value ~= nil then
    if value == "404" then
        return -- HIT_NEGATIVE
    else
        return value -- HIT
    end
end
local rds = redis:new()
local ok, err = rds:connect("127.0.0.1", 6379)
if not ok then
    metadata:set(key, "404", 120) -- expires 2 minutes
    return -- NO DATA
end
res, err = rds:hget("upyun:" .. bucket, ":something")
if not res or res == ngx.null then
    metadata:set(key, "404", 120)
    return -- NO_DATA
end
metadata:set(key, res, 300) -- expires 5 minutes
rds:set_keepalive()
return res -- MISS
```



- NO_DATA when redis crash
- code inflexible

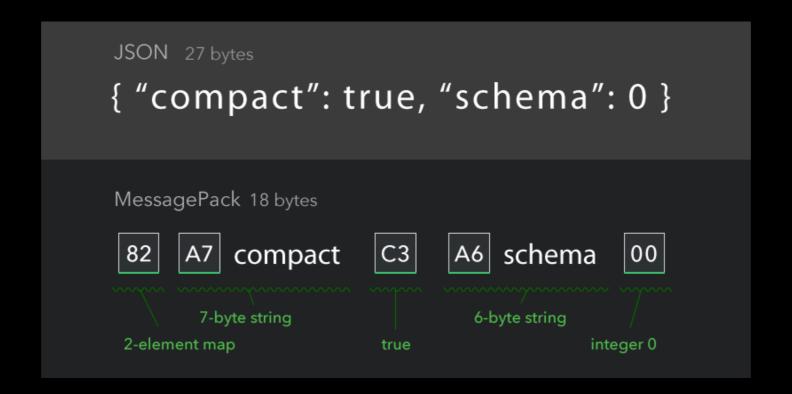
Metadata Cache: lua-resty-shcache

```
-- app/src/modules/metadata.lua
local shcache = require "resty.shcache"
function _M.get_metadata(bucket)
    local lookup_metadata = function ()
        -- fetch from redis
        return res
    end
    local cache_data = shcache:new(
        ngx.shared.metadata,
        { external_lookup = lookup_metadata,
          encode = cmsgpack.pack,
          decode = cmsgpack.unpack,
          positive_ttl = cache_positive_ttl,
          negative_ttl = cache_negative_ttl,
          name = "metadata",
    -- local key = ...
    local data, _ = cache_data:load(key)
    if not data then
        return
    end
    return data
end
```

- cache locks (based on lua-resty-lock)
- serialization / de-serialization
- external lookup via Lua closure
- MISS, HIT, HIT_NEGATIVE, STALE, NET_ERR

Metadata Cache:

MessagePack



Bucket	JSON	MessagePack
huab***	6035 bytes	4135 bytes - 69%

Metadata Cache:

lua-resty-lrucache

- based on LuaJIT FFI
- HIT_LRU
- avoid serialization / de-serialization

UPYUN CDN: Upstream Health Check

- lua-resty-checkups (*)
- lua-upstream-nginx-module

Upstream Health Check: lua-resty-checkups

```
-- app/etc/config.lua
_{M.global} = {
    checkup_timer_interval = 5,
    checkup_timer_overtime = 60,
_M.api = {
    timeout = 2,
    typ = "general", -- http, redis, mysql etc.
    cluster = {
         { -- level 1
             try = 2,
              servers = {
                  \{ \text{ host} = "127.0.0.1", port = 12354 },
                  \{ \text{ host} = "127.0.0.1", port = 12355 } \},
                  \{ \text{ host} = "127.0.0.1", \text{ port} = 12356 \}, 
         },
{
              -- level 2
              servers = {
                  \{ \text{ host} = "127.0.0.1", port = 12360 } \},
                  \{ \text{ host} = "127.0.0.1", port = 12361 } \},
         },
    },
```

Upstream Health Check: checkups with nginx.conf

```
# nginx/conf/upstream.conf

upstream api.com {
    server 127.0.0.1:12354;
    server 127.0.0.1:12355;
    server 127.0.0.1:12356;
    server 127.0.0.1:12360 backup;
    server 127.0.0.1:12361 backup;
}
```

type	status	timer	interval
checkup	shm_zone	global	5s
upstream	per worker	per worker	2s

```
-- app/etc/config.lua
_{M.global} = {
    checkup\_timer\_interval = 5,
    checkup_timer_overtime = 60,
    ups_status_sync_enable = true,
    ups_status_timer_interval = 2,
}
_{M.api} = {
    cluster = {
        { -- level 1
            try = 2,
            upstream = "api.com",
        },
{
            -- level 2
            upstream = "api.com",
            upstream_only_backup = true,
        },
    },
```

	\mathbf{C}	
Inx.		

service

server_name *.b0.upaiyun.com

Custom Domain Binding

valid_referers, rewrite, allow, deny

Custom Antileech Rules and Redirect:

ip, user-agent, referer, token etc.

expires 7d

Custom Expires Time:

support specific URI rules etc.

ssl_certificate*

Custom SSL Certificates Load

upstream { server 127.0.0.1 }

Custom CDN Source:

support multi-network routing etc.

max_fails=3 fail_timeout=30s health_check (*) Custom Health Check Strategy: passive, active

round-robin, ip_hash, hash (1.7.2+)

Custom Load Balancing Strategy

...

nginx. conf as a service

powered by ngx_lua

UPYUN DevOps

conf hash + project version + upyun.cfg

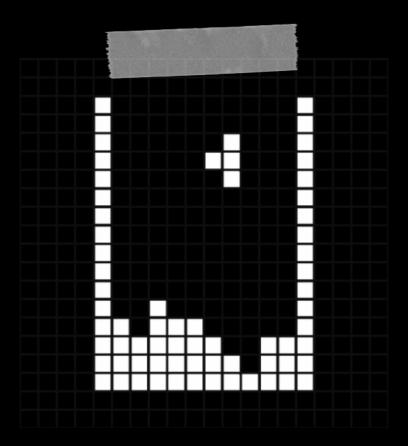
Ansible Playbook

- rsync code and binary
- conf template instantiate
- kill -HUP `cat /var/run/nginx.pid` (*)

Lua CDN Lua SSL

Join our team





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Nginx ngx_lua agentzh Lua

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https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/OpenResty

Ansible Michael Pall Open source

Thanks

. . .

Q & A