

$\text{HandlingTime}_z \sim \text{stim_cat} * \text{Reward}_z + (1 | \text{Participant_ID})$

Three reward normalisations are tested as `Reward_z`:

- `Reward_pct_max_theo_z` — reward as % of theoretical maximum, globally z-scored
- `Reward_rel_baseline_z` — reward relative to task baseline, globally z-scored
- `Reward_minmax_emp_z` — empirical min-max normalised reward, globally z-scored

```
library(tidyverse)
library(brms)
library(bayesplot)
library(loo)
library(patchwork)

options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores())
rstan::rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)

EPSILON <- 1e-6

df_post <- read.csv("/Users/dearpita/Desktop/arjun/trial_wise_dataset_post.csv")
df_pre  <- read.csv("/Users/dearpita/Desktop/arjun/trial_wise_dataset_pre.csv")

df <- bind_rows(df_post, df_pre)

# Game parameters
df <- df %>%
  mutate(
    rew_base = ifelse(stim_cat == "pre", 91, 181),
    rew_hi   = ifelse(stim_cat == "pre", 9, 19),
    rew_dec  = ifelse(stim_cat == "pre", 10, 20)
  )

# Trial index within each patch (needed for R_min_theo)
df <- df %>%
  group_by(Participant_ID, stim_cat, env, patch_id) %>%
  mutate(trial_in_patch = row_number()) %>%
  ungroup()

# Theoretical bounds
df <- df %>%
  mutate(
    R_max_theo = rew_base + rew_hi,
    R_min_theo = pmax(rew_base - rew_dec * trial_in_patch, 0)
  )

# Empirical bounds within Participant x stim_cat x env
df <- df %>%
  group_by(Participant_ID, stim_cat, env) %>%
  mutate(
    R_min_empirical = min(Reward, na.rm = TRUE),
    R_max_empirical = max(Reward, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) %>%
```

```

ungroup()

# Normalised reward variants
df <- df %>%
  group_by(Participant_ID, stim_cat, env) %>%
  mutate(
    Reward_pct_max_theo = Reward / R_max_theo,
    Reward_rel_baseline = (Reward - rew_base) / (rew_hi + 1e-6),
    Reward_minmax_emp = (Reward - R_min_empirical) /
      (R_max_empirical - R_min_empirical + 1e-6)
  ) %>%
  ungroup()

# Global z-scores
df <- df %>%
  mutate(
    Reward_pct_max_theo_z = scale(Reward_pct_max_theo)[, 1],
    Reward_rel_baseline_z = scale(Reward_rel_baseline)[, 1],
    Reward_minmax_emp_z = scale(Reward_minmax_emp)[, 1]
  )

df <- df %>%
  mutate(HandlingTime_eps = HandlingTime + EPSILON)

# Step 2: drop zero-reward trials
df_ht <- df %>%
  filter(Reward != 0, !is.na(HandlingTime), !is.na(Reward))

# Step 3: IQR-based outlier removal within each stim_cat
iqr_bounds <- df_ht %>%
  group_by(stim_cat) %>%
  summarise(
    Q1 = quantile(HandlingTime_eps, 0.25, na.rm = TRUE),
    Q3 = quantile(HandlingTime_eps, 0.75, na.rm = TRUE),
    IQR = IQR(HandlingTime_eps, na.rm = TRUE),
    lower = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR,
    upper = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR,
    .groups = "drop"
  )

cat("IQR bounds per stim_cat:\n")

## IQR bounds per stim_cat:

print(iqr_bounds)

## # A tibble: 2 x 6
##   stim_cat     Q1     Q3    IQR  lower upper
##   <chr>     <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 post      2.39   3.10  0.713  1.32   4.17
## 2 pre       2.54   4.34  1.80  -0.164  7.04

```

```

df_ht <- df_ht %>%
  left_join(iqr_bounds %>% select(stim_cat, lower, upper), by = "stim_cat") %>%
  filter(HandlingTime_eps >= lower, HandlingTime_eps <= upper) %>%
  select(-lower, -upper)

cat(sprintf("\nObservations after IQR filter: %d\n", nrow(df_ht)))

```

```

##  
## Observations after IQR filter: 4505

```

```

# Step 4: z-score HandlingTime
df_ht <- df_ht %>%
  mutate(
    HandlingTime_z      = scale(HandlingTime_eps)[, 1],
    trait_anxiety_score_z = scale(trait_anxiety_score)[, 1]
  )

```

```

p1 <- ggplot(df_ht, aes(x = HandlingTime_eps, fill = stim_cat)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 60, alpha = 0.6, position = "identity") +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "HandlingTime Distribution (post IQR filter)",
       x = "HandlingTime", y = "Count")

```

```

p2 <- ggplot(df_ht %>% sample_n(min(4000, nrow(df_ht))),
              aes(x = Reward_pct_max_theo_z, y = HandlingTime_z,
                  colour = stim_cat)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.2, size = 0.7) +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = TRUE) +
  facet_wrap(~stim_cat) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (pct_max_theo_z)",
       x = "Reward_pct_max_theo_z", y = "HandlingTime_z")

```

```

p3 <- ggplot(df_ht %>% sample_n(min(4000, nrow(df_ht))),
              aes(x = Reward_rel_baseline_z, y = HandlingTime_z,
                  colour = stim_cat)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.2, size = 0.7) +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = TRUE) +
  facet_wrap(~stim_cat) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (rel_baseline_z)",
       x = "Reward_rel_baseline_z", y = "HandlingTime_z")

```

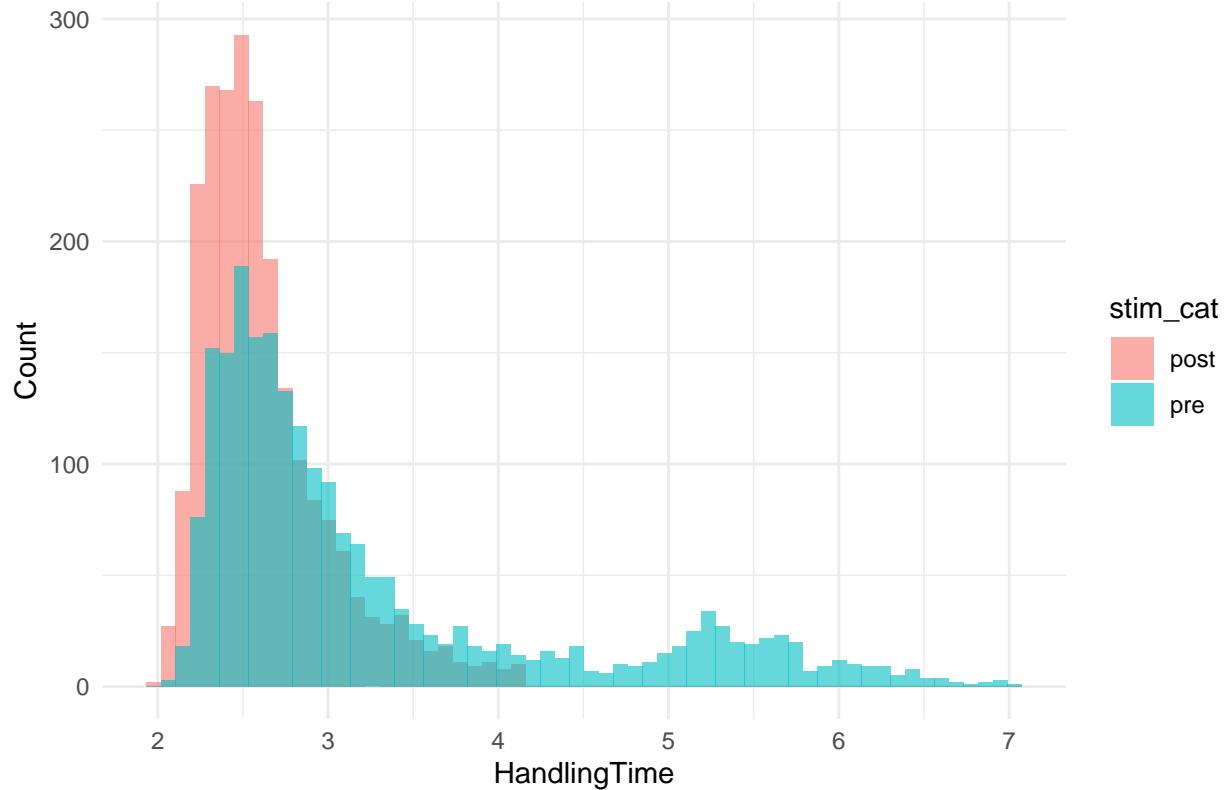
```

p4 <- ggplot(df_ht %>% sample_n(min(4000, nrow(df_ht))),
              aes(x = Reward_minmax_emp_z, y = HandlingTime_z,
                  colour = stim_cat)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.2, size = 0.7) +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = TRUE) +
  facet_wrap(~stim_cat) +
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (minmax_emp_z)",
       x = "Reward_minmax_emp_z", y = "HandlingTime_z")

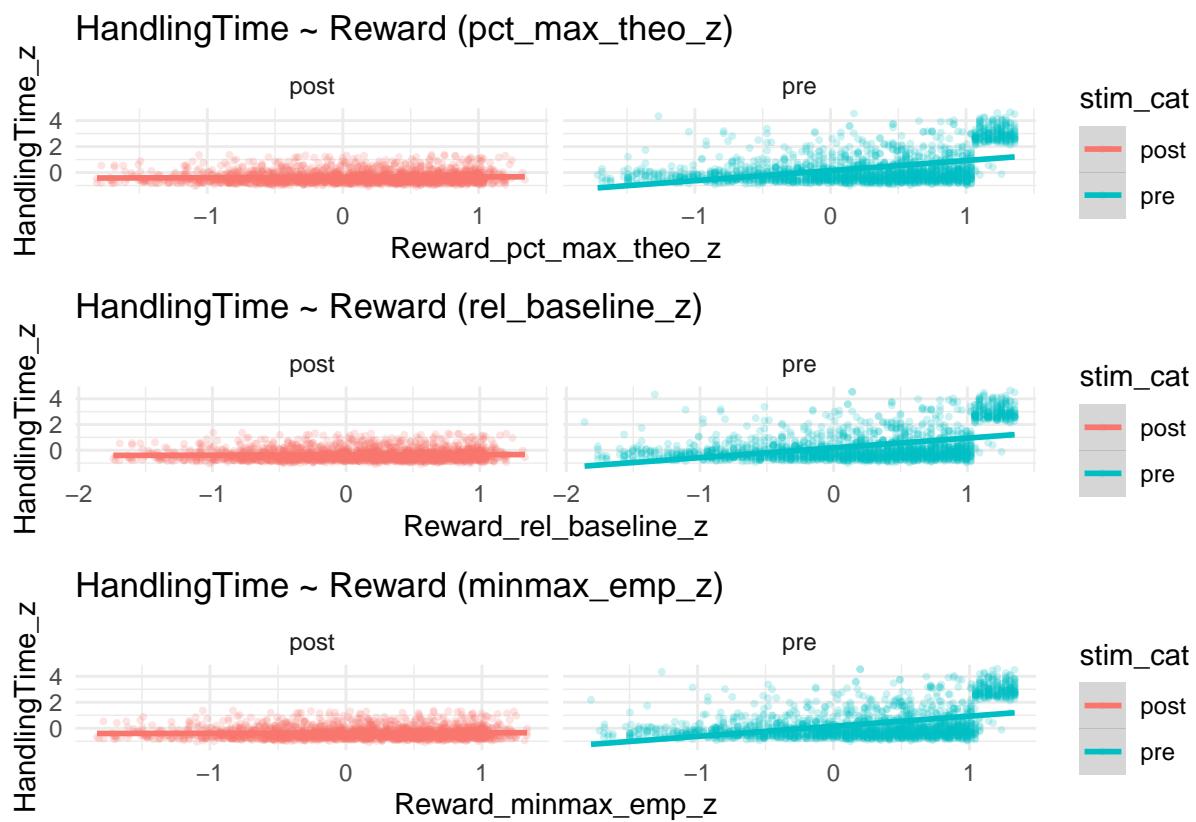
```

p1

HandlingTime Distribution (post IQR filter)



p2 / p3 / p4



Model A — Reward: % of Theoretical Maximum

```

modelA <- brm(
  HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_pct_max_theo_z + (1 | Participant_ID),
  data      = df_ht,
  family    = student(),
  chains   = 4,
  iter     = 3000,
  warmup   = 1000,
  cores    = 4,
  seed     = 123,
  file     = "modelA_ht_pct_max_theo"
)

summary(modelA)

##  Family: student
##  Links: mu = identity
##  Formula: HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_pct_max_theo_z + (1 | Participant_ID)
##  Data: df_ht (Number of observations: 4505)
##  Draws: 4 chains, each with iter = 3000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup draws = 8000
##
##  Multilevel Hyperparameters:
##  ~Participant_ID (Number of levels: 21)
##              Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS

```

```

## sd(Intercept)      0.82      0.14      0.61      1.15 1.00      1624      2620
##
## Regression Coefficients:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat
## Intercept                         -0.21      0.18     -0.56      0.14 1.00
## stim_catpre                        0.20      0.01      0.18      0.22 1.00
## Reward_pct_max_theo_z              0.01      0.01     -0.01      0.03 1.00
## stim_catpre:Reward_pct_max_theo_z  0.03      0.02      0.00      0.06 1.00
##                                     Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## Intercept                         887       1216
## stim_catpre                       5240       4617
## Reward_pct_max_theo_z             4656       4741
## stim_catpre:Reward_pct_max_theo_z 4286       4068
##
## Further Distributional Parameters:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## sigma      0.24      0.01      0.22      0.25 1.00      4465      3940
## nu         1.29      0.04      1.21      1.36 1.00      4370      4000
##
## Draws were sampled using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Bulk_ESS
## and Tail_ESS are effective sample size measures, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).

```

```

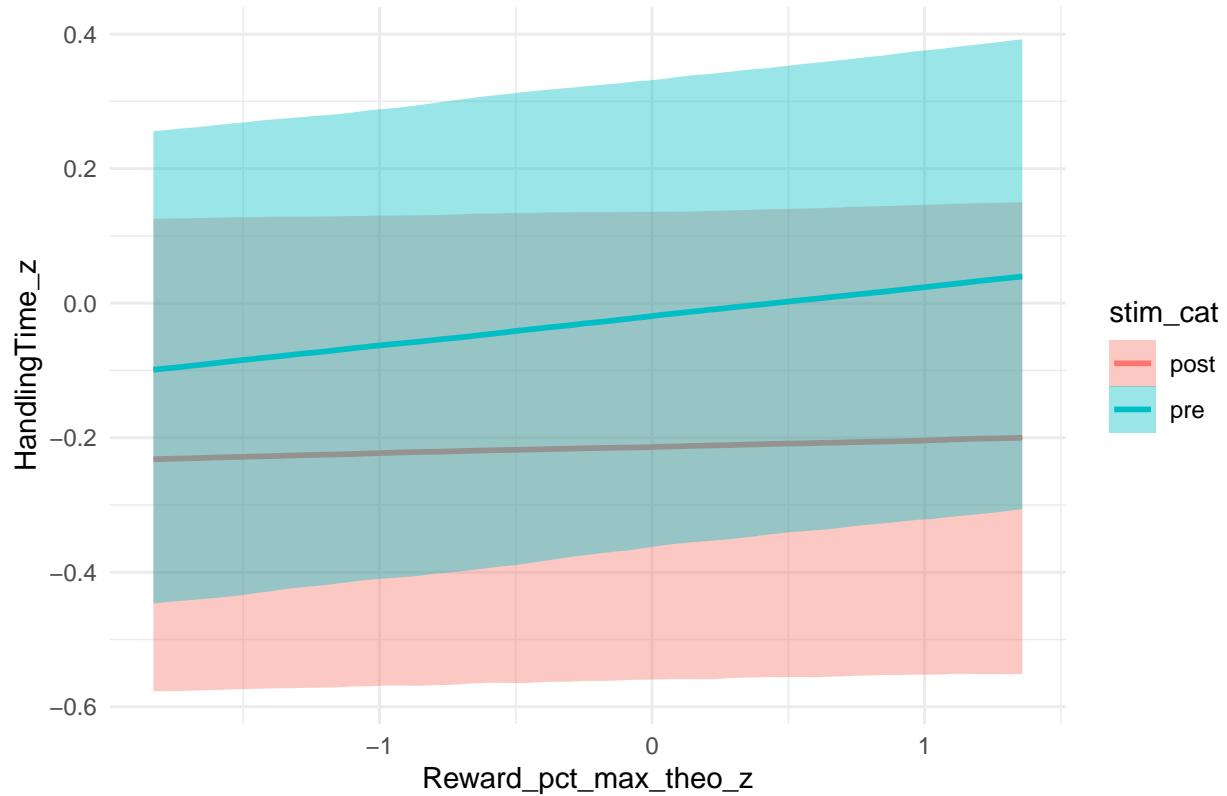
ce <- conditional_effects(
  modelA,
  effects = "Reward_pct_max_theo_z:stim_cat"
)

p <- plot(ce, plot = FALSE)[[1]]

p +
  labs(
    title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (pct_max_theo) × Stimulation",
    x = "Reward_pct_max_theo_z",
    y = "HandlingTime_z"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()

```

HandlingTime ~ Reward (pct_max_theo) \times Stimulation



```
pp_check(modelA, ndraws = 100)
```



Model — Reward: Relative to Baseline

```

modelB <- brm(
  HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_rel_baseline_z + (1 | Participant_ID),
  data      = df_ht,
  family    = student(),
  chains    = 4,
  iter      = 3000,
  warmup   = 1000,
  cores     = 4,
  seed      = 123,
  file      = "modelB_ht_rel_baseline"
)

summary(modelB)

##  Family: student
##  Links: mu = identity
##  Formula: HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_rel_baseline_z + (1 | Participant_ID)
##  Data: df_ht (Number of observations: 4505)
##  Draws: 4 chains, each with iter = 3000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##          total post-warmup draws = 8000
##
##  Multilevel Hyperparameters:
##  ~Participant_ID (Number of levels: 21)
##              Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS

```

```

## sd(Intercept)      0.82      0.14      0.60      1.14  1.00      1349      2110
##
## Regression Coefficients:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat
## Intercept                         -0.20      0.17    -0.54     0.14 1.01
## stim_catpre                        0.20      0.01     0.18     0.22 1.00
## Reward_rel_baseline_z              0.01      0.01    -0.01     0.03 1.00
## stim_catpre:Reward_rel_baseline_z  0.03      0.02     0.00     0.06 1.00
##                                     Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## Intercept                         706       1339
## stim_catpre                       5306      4713
## Reward_rel_baseline_z             4312      3579
## stim_catpre:Reward_rel_baseline_z 4119      3834
##
## Further Distributional Parameters:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## sigma      0.24      0.01      0.22      0.25 1.00      4075      4057
## nu         1.29      0.04      1.21      1.36 1.00      3967      3601
##
## Draws were sampled using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Bulk_ESS
## and Tail_ESS are effective sample size measures, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).

```

```

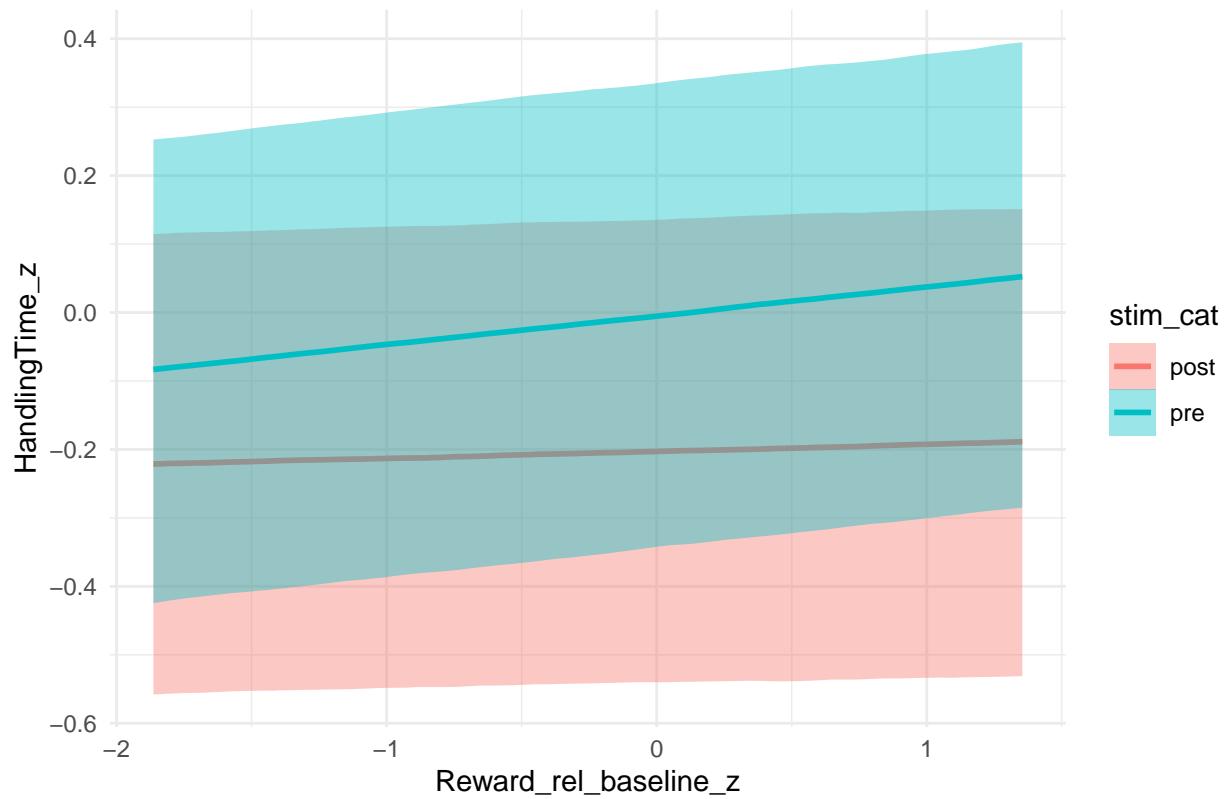
ce <- conditional_effects(
  modelB,
  effects = "Reward_rel_baseline_z:stim_cat"
)

p <- plot(ce, plot = FALSE)[[1]]

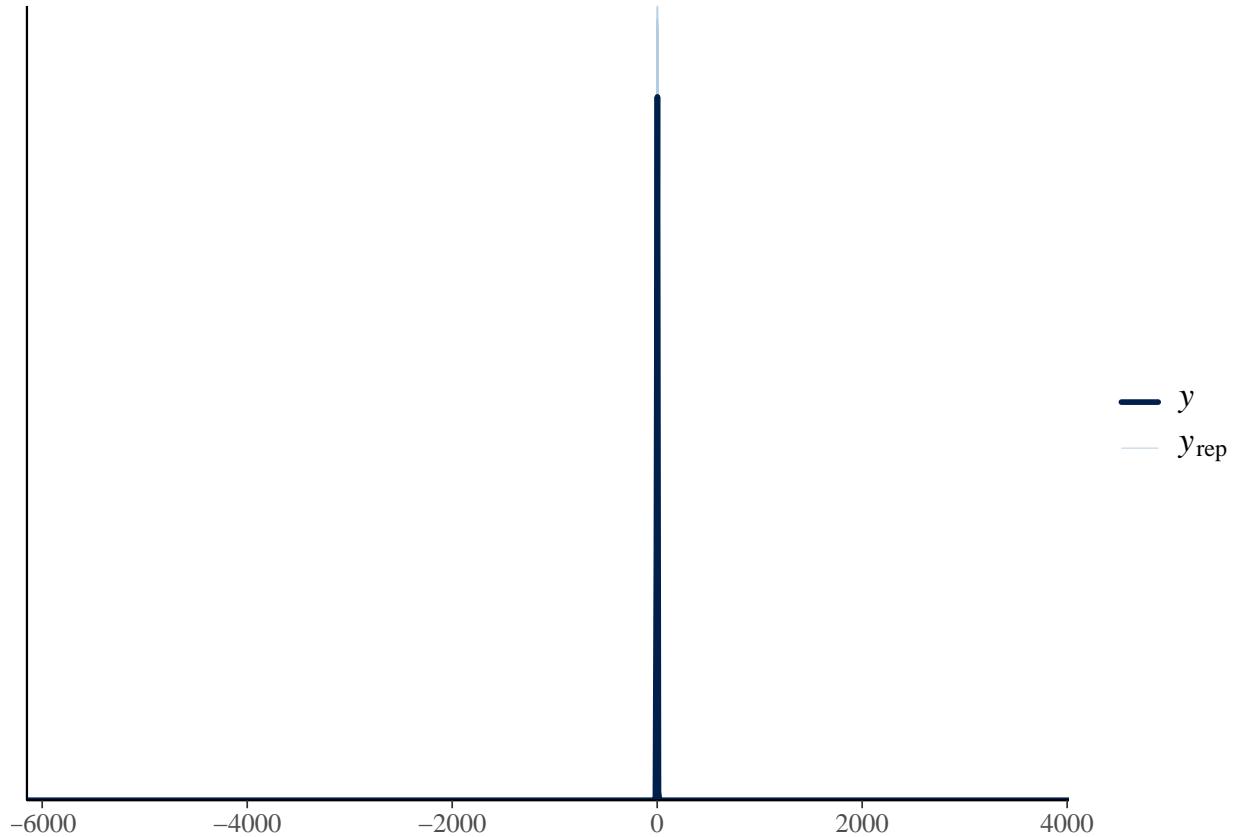
p +
  labs(
    title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (rel_baseline) × Stimulation",
    x = "Reward_rel_baseline_z",
    y = "HandlingTime_z"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()

```

HandlingTime ~ Reward (rel_baseline) \times Stimulation



```
pp_check(modelB, ndraws = 100)
```



Model— Reward: Empirical Min-Max

```
modelC <- brm(
  HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_minmax_emp_z + (1 | Participant_ID),
  data      = df_ht,
  family    = student(),
  chains    = 4,
  iter      = 3000,
  warmup   = 1000,
  cores     = 4,
  seed      = 123,
  file      = "modelC_ht_minmax_emp"
)

summary(modelC)

##  Family: student
##  Links: mu = identity
##  Formula: HandlingTime_z ~ stim_cat * Reward_minmax_emp_z + (1 | Participant_ID)
##  Data: df_ht (Number of observations: 4505)
##  Draws: 4 chains, each with iter = 3000; warmup = 1000; thin = 1;
##         total post-warmup draws = 8000
##
##  Multilevel Hyperparameters:
##  ~Participant_ID (Number of levels: 21)
##          Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
```

```

## sd(Intercept)      0.83      0.14      0.60      1.16 1.00      1237      1973
##
## Regression Coefficients:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat
## Intercept                      -0.23     0.19    -0.62     0.13 1.01
## stim_catpre                     0.20     0.01     0.18     0.22 1.00
## Reward_minmax_emp_z            0.01     0.01    -0.01     0.03 1.00
## stim_catpre:Reward_minmax_emp_z 0.03     0.02     0.00     0.06 1.00
##                                     Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## Intercept                      686       937
## stim_catpre                     5468      4197
## Reward_minmax_emp_z            4820      4834
## stim_catpre:Reward_minmax_emp_z 4727      4664
##
## Further Distributional Parameters:
##                                     Estimate Est.Error l-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## sigma              0.24     0.01     0.22     0.25 1.00      4620      4811
## nu                 1.29     0.04     1.21     1.36 1.00      4546      4065
##
## Draws were sampled using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Bulk_ESS
## and Tail_ESS are effective sample size measures, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).

```

```

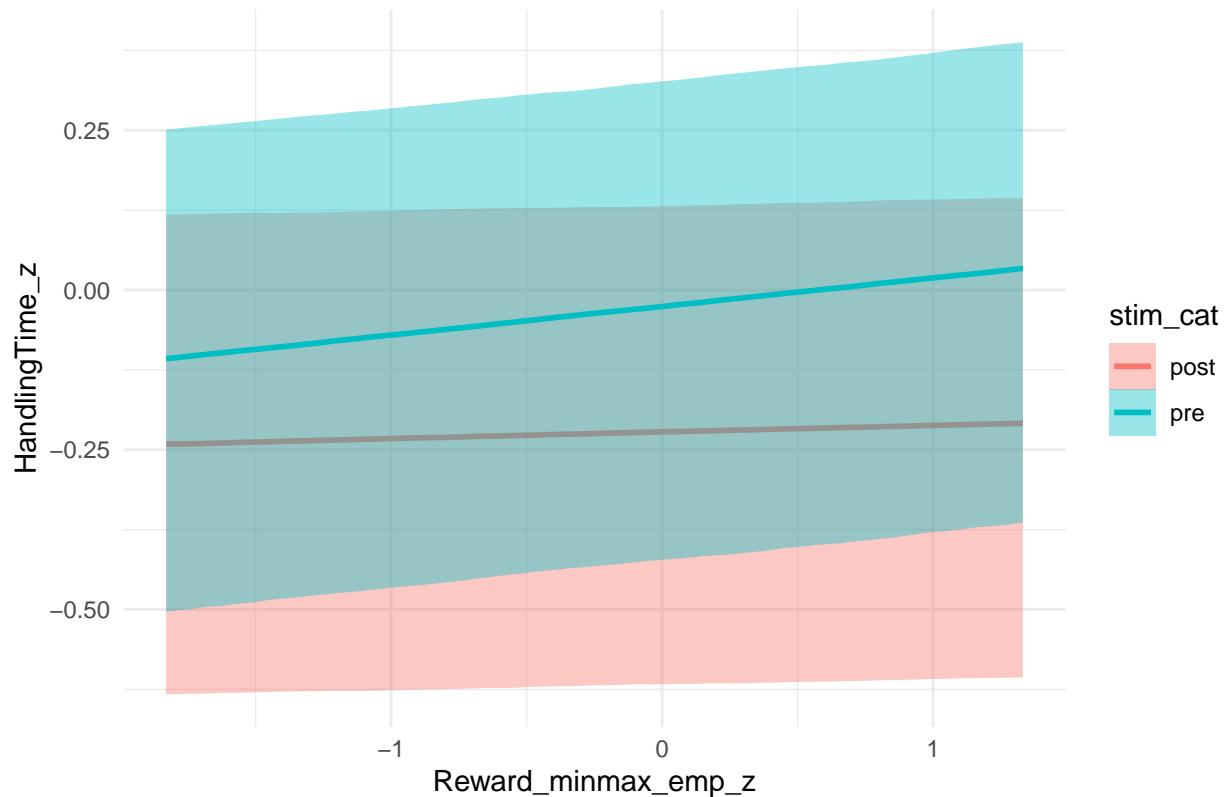
ce <- conditional_effects(
  modelC,
  effects = "Reward_minmax_emp_z:stim_cat"
)

p <- plot(ce, plot = FALSE)[[1]]

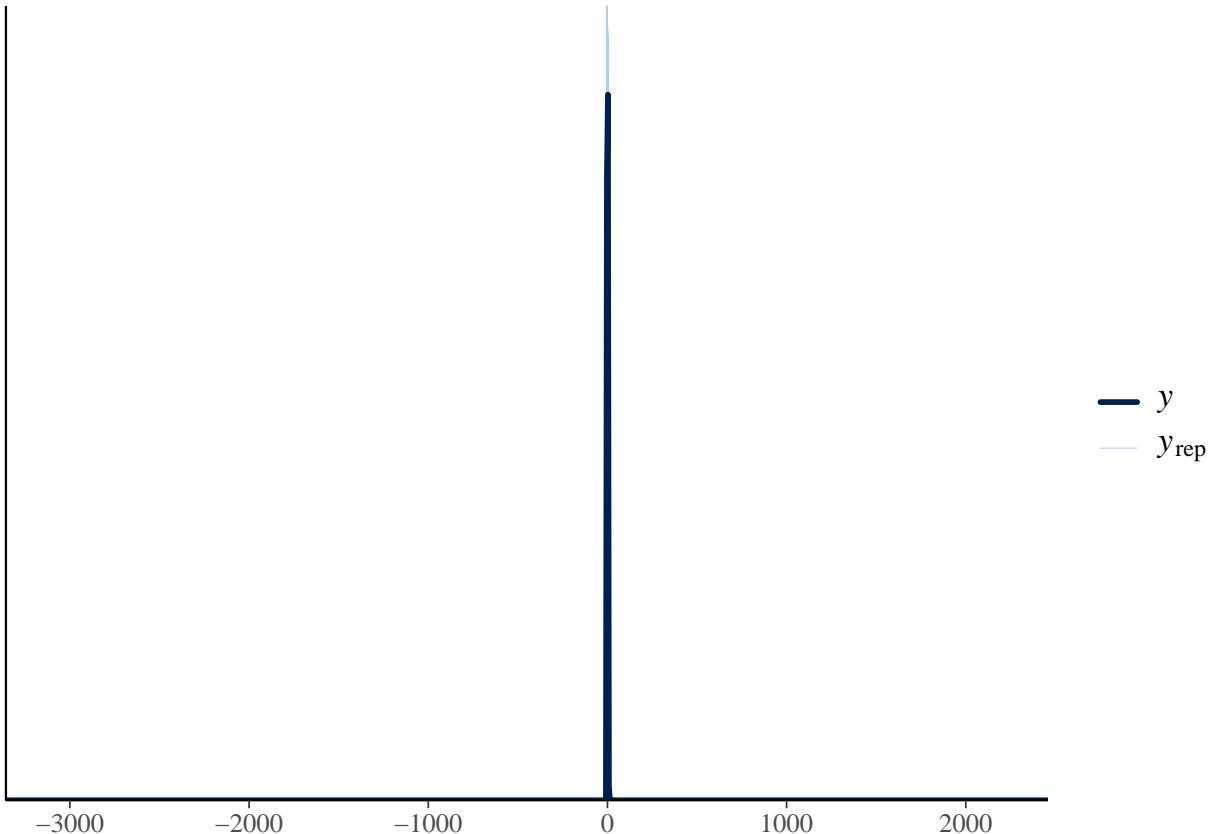
p +
  labs(
    title = "HandlingTime ~ Reward (minmax_emp) × Stimulation",
    x = "Reward_minmax_emp_z",
    y = "HandlingTime_z"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()

```

HandlingTime ~ Reward (minmax_emp) \times Stimulation



```
pp_check(modelC, ndraws = 100)
```



```

looA <- loo(modelA)
looB <- loo(modelB)
looC <- loo(modelC)

loo_compare(looA, looB, looC)

##          elpd_diff se_diff
## modelC    0.0     0.0
## modelA   -0.2     0.1
## modelB   -0.3     0.2

```

The model with the highest ELPD is preferred. Large differences (> 4 SE) indicate meaningfully different fit.

```

cat(rep("=", 72), "\n")

## =====

cat("HANDLING TIME ~ STIMULATION × REWARD - SUMMARY\n")

## HANDLING TIME ~ STIMULATION × REWARD - SUMMARY

```

```

cat(rep("=", 72), "\n\n")

## =====

cat("IQR filter: trials outside Q1 - 1.5*IQR / Q3 + 1.5*IQR removed per stim_cat\n")

## IQR filter: trials outside Q1 - 1.5*IQR / Q3 + 1.5*IQR removed per stim_cat

cat("Family: Student-t (robust to outliers)\n\n")

## Family: Student-t (robust to outliers)

models_list <- list(
  "A (pct_max_theo)" = modelA,
  "B (rel_baseline)" = modelB,
  "C (minmax_emp)" = modelC
)

int_lookup <- c(
  "A (pct_max_theo)" = "stim_catpre:Reward_pct_max_theo_z",
  "B (rel_baseline)" = "stim_catpre:Reward_rel_baseline_z",
  "C (minmax_emp)" = "stim_catpre:Reward_minmax_emp_z"
)

rew_lookup <- c(
  "A (pct_max_theo)" = "Reward_pct_max_theo_z",
  "B (rel_baseline)" = "Reward_rel_baseline_z",
  "C (minmax_emp)" = "Reward_minmax_emp_z"
)

for (nm in names(models_list)) {
  fx <- fixef(models_list[[nm]])

  # Main reward effect
  r_row <- rew_lookup[[nm]]
  r_est <- fx[r_row, "Estimate"]
  r_lo <- fx[r_row, "Q2.5"]
  r_hi <- fx[r_row, "Q97.5"]

  # Interaction
  i_row <- int_lookup[[nm]]
  i_est <- fx[i_row, "Estimate"]
  i_lo <- fx[i_row, "Q2.5"]
  i_hi <- fx[i_row, "Q97.5"]

  cat(sprintf("Model %s\n", nm))
  cat(sprintf("  Main reward beta = %6.3f [%6.3f, %6.3f]", r_est, r_lo, r_hi))
  if (r_lo > 0)      cat("  → Higher reward = LONGER handling time\n")
  else if (r_hi < 0) cat("  → Higher reward = SHORTER handling time\n")
  else               cat("  → No credible main reward effect\n")
}

```

```

cat(sprintf("  Interaction beta = %6.3f [%6.3f, %6.3f]", i_est, i_lo, i_hi))
if (i_lo > 0) {
  cat("  → Pre-stim: reward-dwell relationship STRONGER (more sensitivity)\n")
} else if (i_hi < 0) {
  cat("  → Pre-stim: reward-dwell relationship WEAKER (less sensitivity)\n")
} else {
  cat("  → No credible stimulation moderation of reward-handling link\n")
}
cat("\n")

## Model A (pct_max_theo)
##  Main reward beta = 0.010 [-0.009, 0.029] → No credible main reward effect
##  Interaction beta = 0.033 [ 0.002, 0.064] → Pre-stim: reward-dwell relationship STRONGER (more ...)
##
## Model B (rel_baseline)
##  Main reward beta = 0.010 [-0.009, 0.030] → No credible main reward effect
##  Interaction beta = 0.032 [ 0.002, 0.062] → Pre-stim: reward-dwell relationship STRONGER (more ...)
##
## Model C (minmax_emp)
##  Main reward beta = 0.010 [-0.009, 0.029] → No credible main reward effect
##  Interaction beta = 0.034 [ 0.004, 0.064] → Pre-stim: reward-dwell relationship STRONGER (more ...)

cat(rep("=", 72), "\n")

## =====

```