

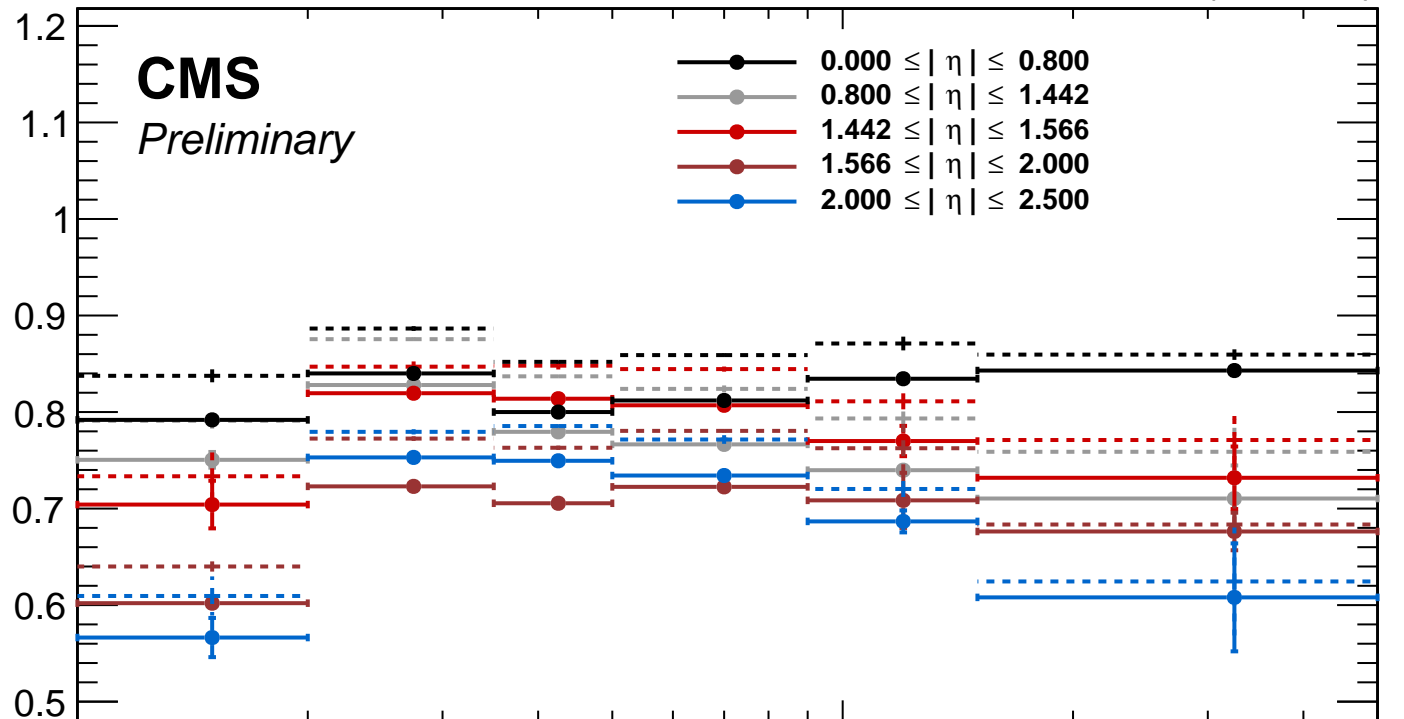
+35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

CMS

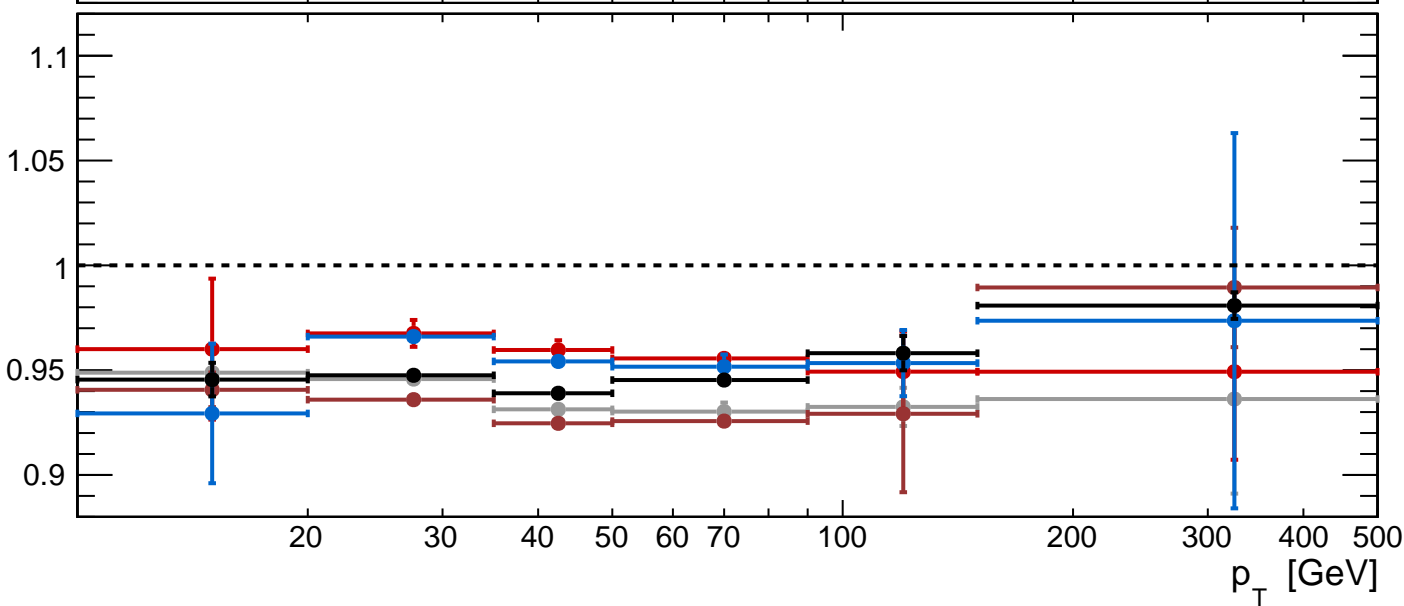
Preliminary

- $0.000 \leq |\eta| \leq 0.800$
- $0.800 \leq |\eta| \leq 1.442$
- $1.442 \leq |\eta| \leq 1.566$
- $1.566 \leq |\eta| \leq 2.000$
- $2.000 \leq |\eta| \leq 2.500$

Data efficiency



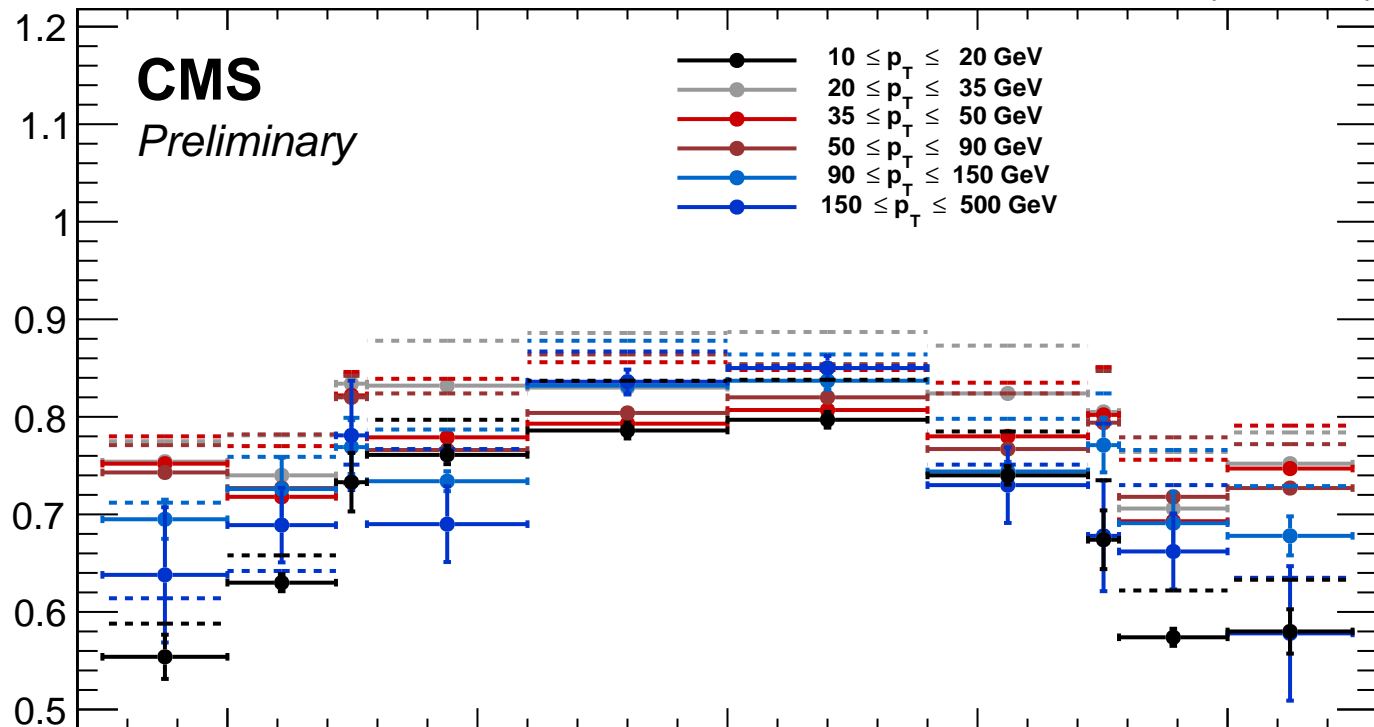
Data / MC



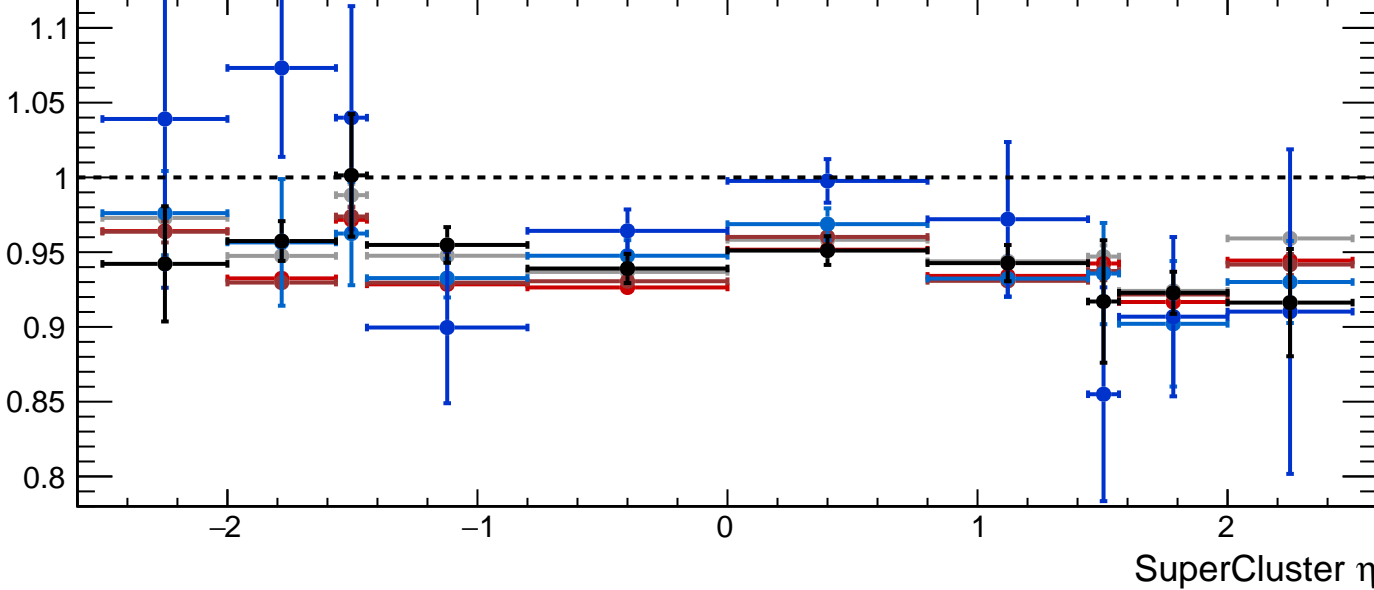
+35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

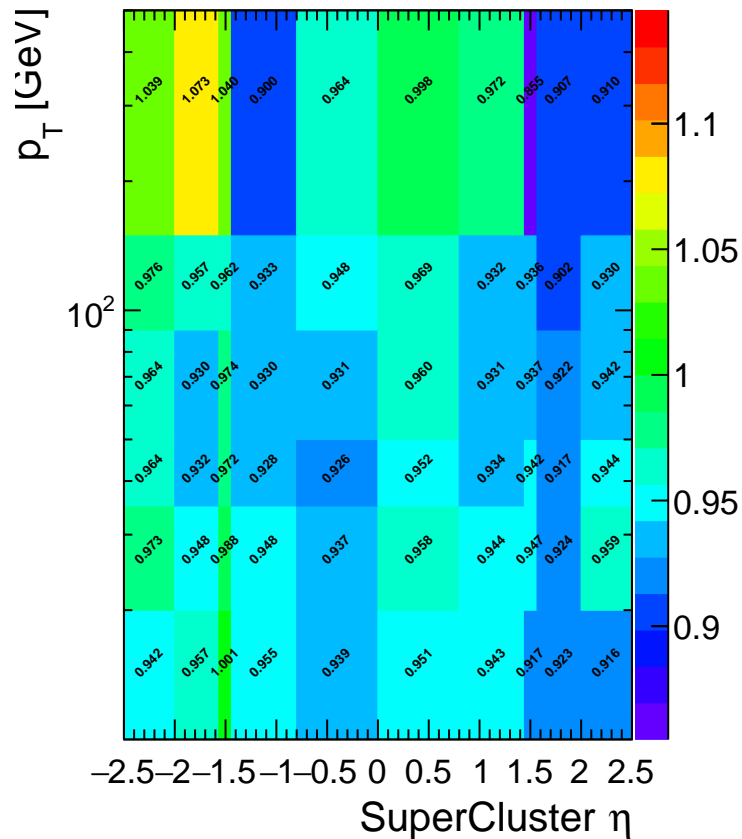
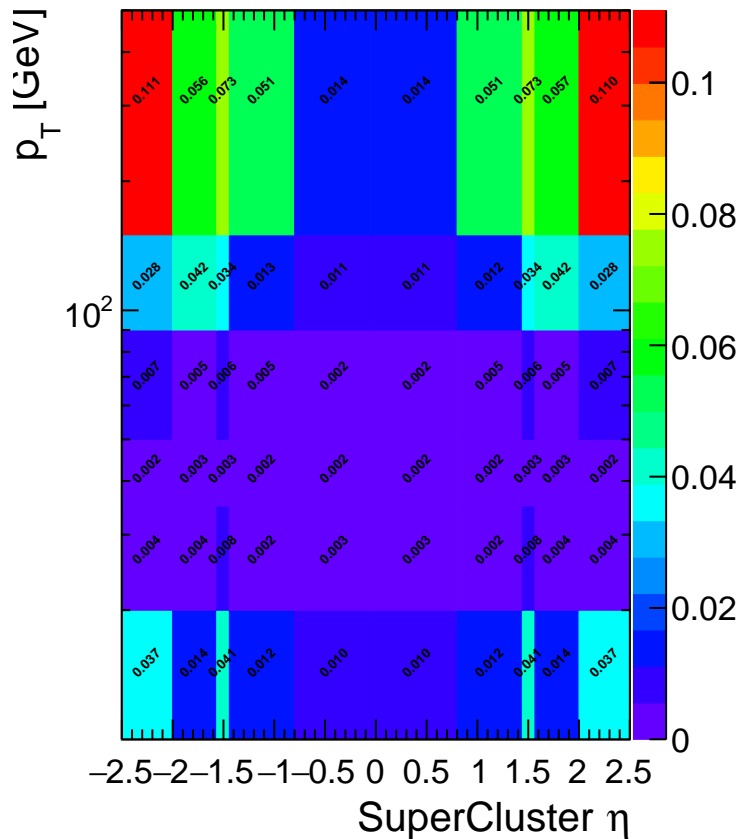
Data efficiency

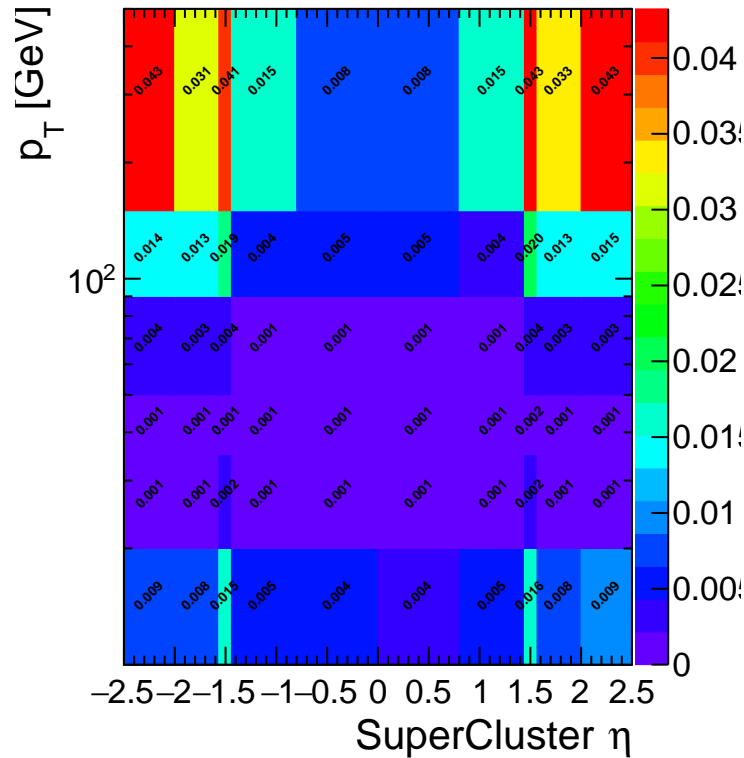
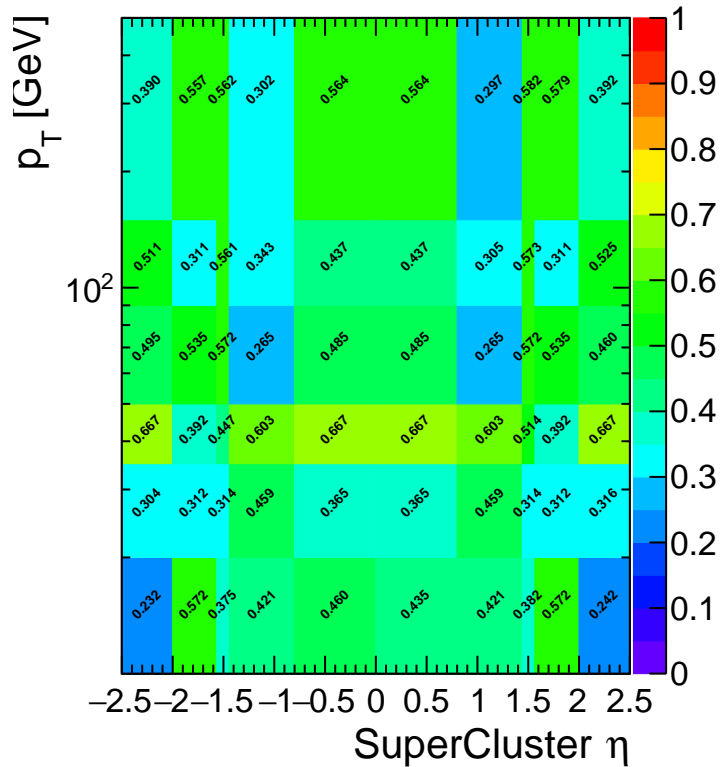
CMS
Preliminary

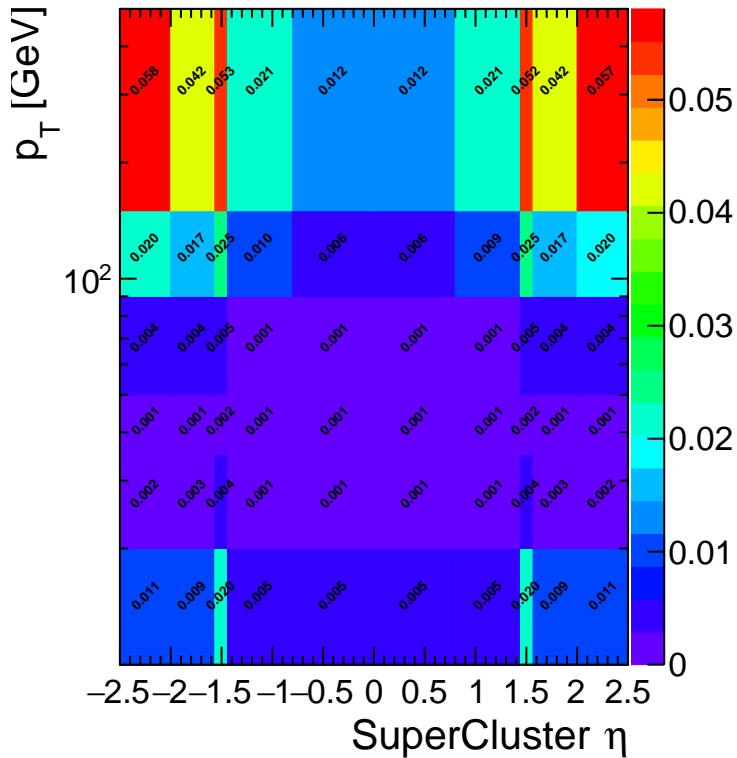
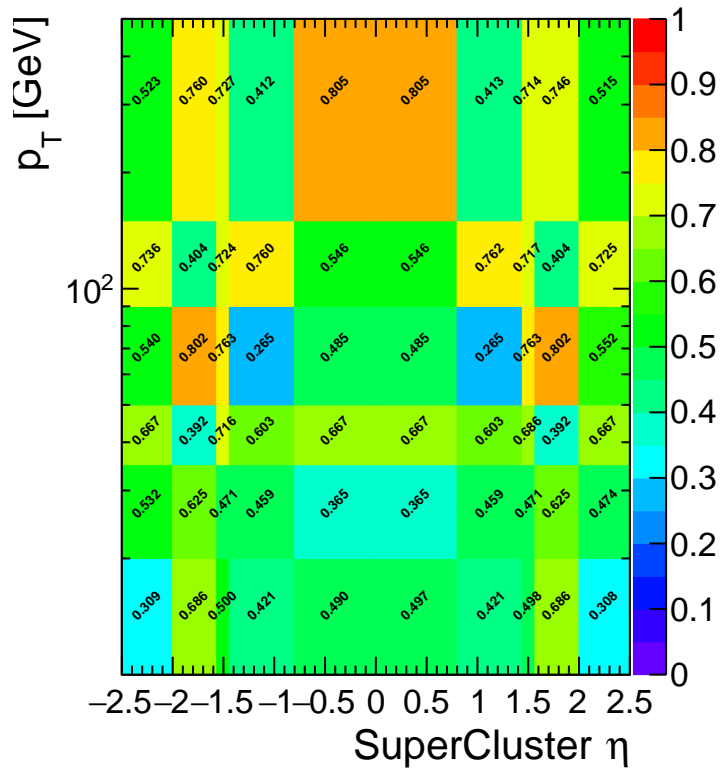


Data / MC



e/γ scale factors **e/γ uncertainties**

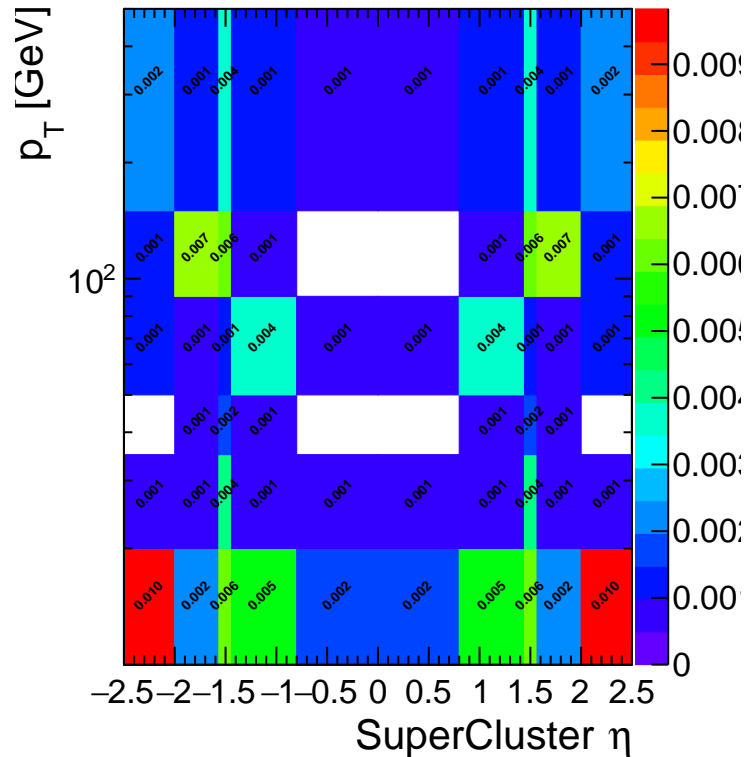
e/γ absolute SF syst: statData **e/γ relative SF syst: statData**

e/γ absolute SF syst: statMC **e/γ relative SF syst: statMC**

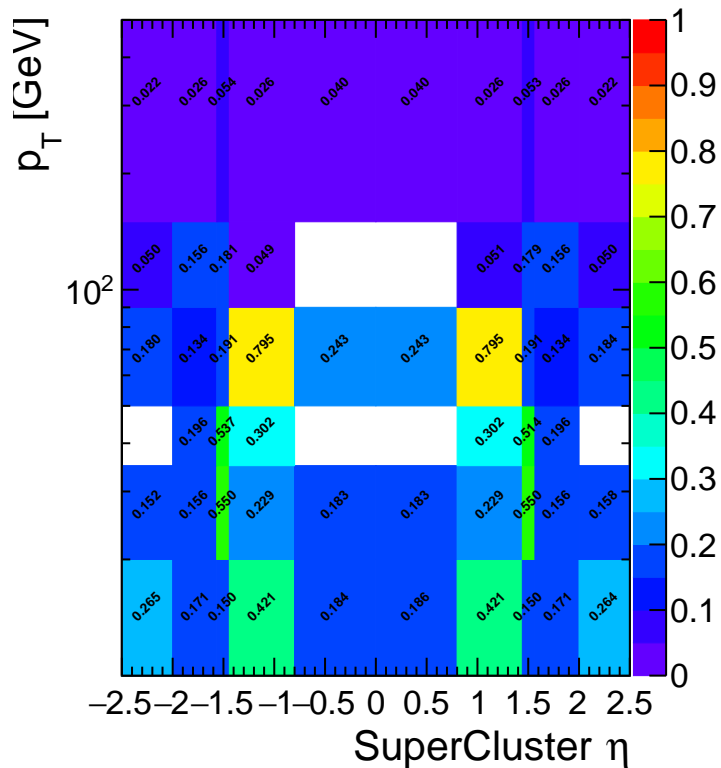
[illegible]

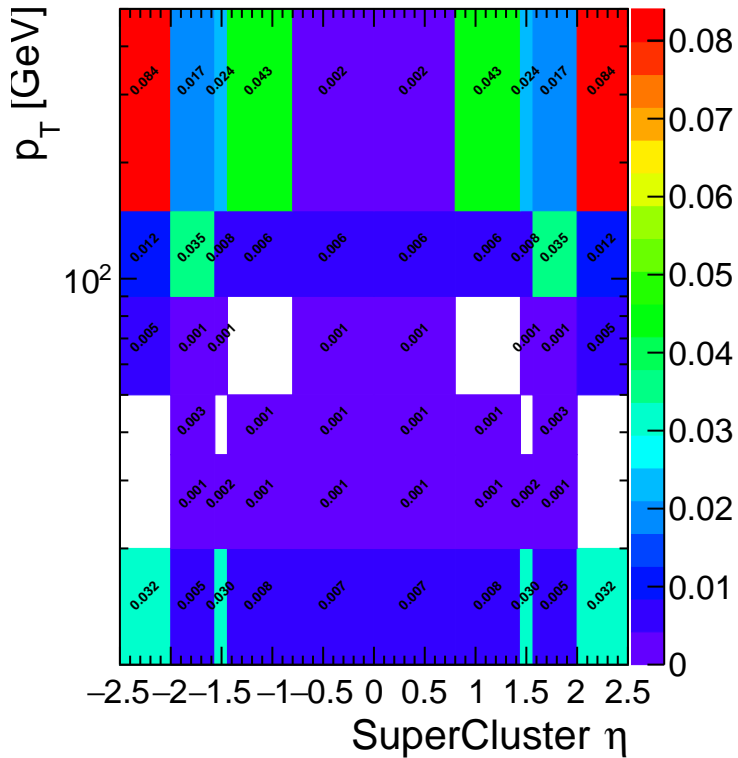
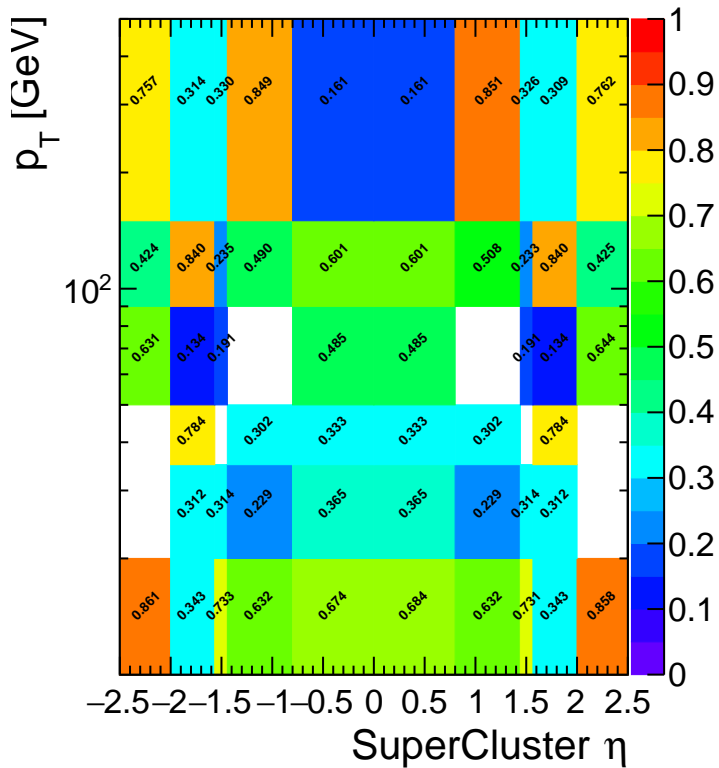
Figure 10 is a 2D heatmap showing the distribution of the number of jets with $p_T > 100$ GeV as a function of SuperCluster η and p_T . The x-axis represents SuperCluster η from -2.5 to 2.5, and the y-axis represents p_T [GeV] on a logarithmic scale from 10 to 100. The color scale ranges from 0 (dark blue) to 1 (red). The plot shows a central region of high probability (red/orange) for η between -1 and 1 and p_T between 100 and 200 GeV, with various labeled regions indicating different probability values.

e/γ absolute SF syst: altSignalModel

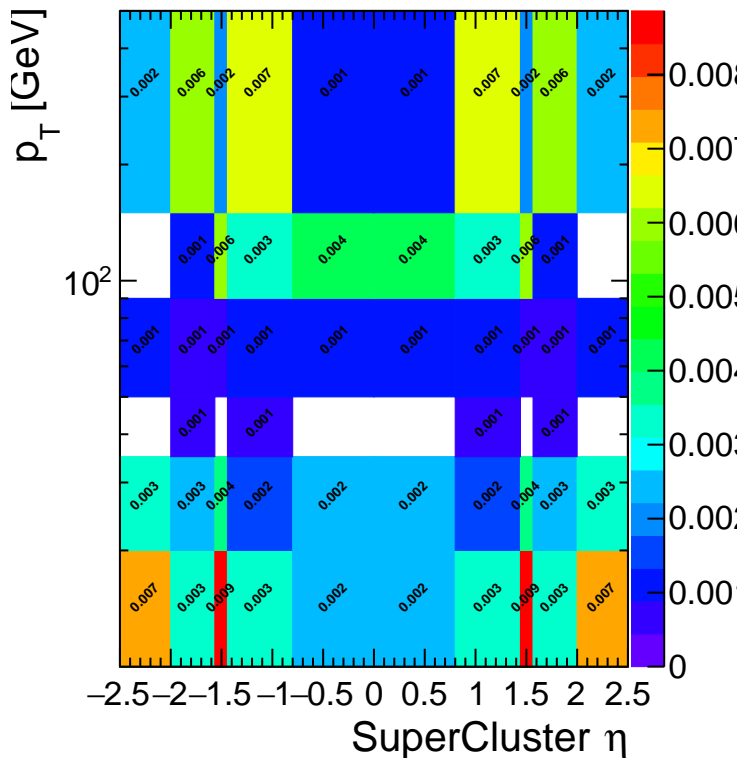


e/γ relative SF syst: altSignalModel



e/γ absolute SF syst: altMCEff **e/γ relative SF syst: altMCEff**

e/γ absolute SF syst: altTagSelection



e/γ relative SF syst: altTagSelection

