Case Study - Linux Ext3

Physical journaling - write real block contents of the update to log

- 1. Commit dirty blocks to journal as one transaction (TxBegin, inodes, bitmaps and data blocks)
- 2. Write commit record (TxEnd)
- 3. Copy dirty blocks to real file system (checkpointing)
- 4. Reclaim the journal space for the transaction

Logical journaling - write logical record of the operation to log

- "Add entry F to directory data block D"
- Complex to implement
- May be faster and save disk space

Ext3 - What if there is a crash

→ Recovery - Go through log and "redo" operations that have been successfully committed to log

What if ...

- TxBegin but not TxEnd in log?
- TxBegin through TxEnd are in log, but inodes, bitmaps, and data have not yet been checkpointed?
- What if Tx is in log; inodes, bitmaps and data have been checkpointed; but Tx has not been freed from log?