How to balance criteria?

- Batch systems (supercomputers)
 strive for job throughput and turnaround time
- Interactive systems (personal computers)
 strive to minimize response time for interactive jobs
 - However, in practice, users prefer predictable response time over faster but highly variable response time
 - Often optimized for an average response time

Two kinds of scheduling algorithm

- Non-preemptive scheduling (good for batch systems)
 once the CPU has been allocated to a thread, it keeps the
 CPU until it terminates
- Preemptive scheduling (good for interactive systems)
 CPU can be taken from a running thread and allocated to another