Topical note on Numerical Method lecture 1

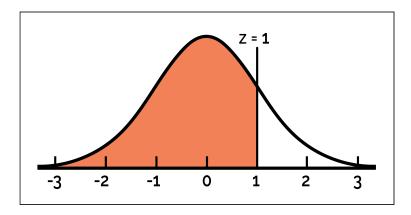
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Numerical Method's alternative name is Scientific Computing.

1 Normal Distribution CDF

Normal distributions's PDF cannot be integrated in closed form.



Normal Distribution CDF,

$$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}} dy$$

We can compute this integral using various methods.

- 1. **Riemann Sum:** A Riemann sum approximates the definite integral of a function by summing the areas of rectangles under the curve
- 2. **Monte Carlo Method:** The Monte Carlo method for computing integrals approximates the value of a definite integral by using random sampling and averaging.
- 3. Quadratic Equation: Using random 3 points we can get a quadratic equation from which we can calculate the area more accurately.

Lab assignment 1: Write a program to calculate the normal distribution CDF using random points (Monte-Carlo method).

2 Modeling

In the realm of numerical methods, "modeling" refers to creating a mathematical representation of a real world physical system or phenomenon to predict its behavior.

• **Approximation:** Approximation in modeling refers to the practice of using simplified representations or techniques to analyze complex systems, while acknowledging that the model is not a perfect replica of the real-world situation.

• Modeling Errors:

- 1. Formatting Error
- 2. Quantization Error
- 3. Rounding Error
- 4. Absolute Error
- 5. Relative Error

3 Catastrophic Cancellation:

When we substract a very small number (electron mass) from a very big number like Avogadro's number $(6.023*10^{23})$, the result seems to be the big number and the smaller number is completely ignored, this phenomenon is called catastropic cancellation.

4 Floating point sum

We can compute the floating point sum using 3 methods.

- 1. Random sum
- 2. Increasing sum
- 3. Decreasing sum

Lab assignment 2: Write a program to calculate the sum of 10000 floating point numbers.

5 Linear and Non-linear equation

5.1 Linear Equation:

f(x) is linear iff for scalars a and b with points x_1 and x_2 ,

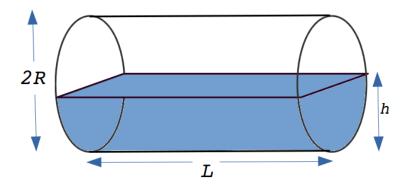
$$f(ax_1 + bx_2) = af(x_1) + bf(x_2)$$

5.2 Non-Linear Equation:

- 1. **Transcendental equation:** A transcendental nonlinear equation is an equation involving functions that are not algebraic, meaning they cannot be expressed as a solution to a polynomial equation. Examples include equations involving trigonometric, logarithmic, or exponential functions.
- 2. **Algebraic equation:** An equation of the type f(x) = 0 is algebraic if it contains power of x, that is, f(x) is a polynomial.

6 Analytical Question

6.1



A cylinder is lying on the horizontal side and it is continuously filling with water through a pipe. What would be the height(h) of the water level from the ground to fill up quarter($\frac{1}{4}$) of the volume of that cylinder?

6.2

Represent the fibonacci number recurrence using 2*2 matrices.