

# 300103 Data Structures and Algorithms

## Practical 7 (Week 10) (2 Marks)

### Task 7.1

1. Draw a binary search tree with the sequence of the following input:

55, 79, 90, 25, 110, 40, 85, 52, 30, 45, 65, 48, 98, 50, 80, 58, 70

2. Redraw the binary search tree after inserting a new key 47 into the tree. List all the nodes that are visited.
3. Redraw the binary search tree again after deleting key 79 from the tree.

### Task 7.2

Download the file *Task7\_2BST.zip*. Based on the binary search tree ADT implementation: `binaryTree.h` and `binarySearchTree.h`, add code to the class `binaryTreeType` (see file `binaryTree.h`) to finish the definition of the function, `leavesCount (binaryTreeNode<elemType> *p)`. The function is to return the number of **tree leaves** of a binary tree. Test the whole program with the provided driver `MainProgram.cpp`.

### Task 7.3

Download code *AVL\_Tree.zip*. Read the code carefully and answer the following questions to your tutor:

1. The `AVLTree` structure is defined as a template with two arguments:

```
template <class TYPE, class KTYPE>
class AVLTree
```

What is the second data type, `KTYPE`, for? How to use it?

2. What is the functionality of the following two functions?

```
bool AVL_Retrieve(KTYPE key, TYPE& dataOut);
NODE<TYPE>* _retrieve KTYPE key, NODE<TYPE> *root)
```

How do they work?

3. In the implementation of AVL Traverse, there is a pointer `*process`.

```
void AVL_Traverse(void (*process)(TYPE dataProc));
void _traversal(void (*process)(TYPE dataProc),
               NODE<TYPE> *root);
```

What is this pointer for?

**Task 7.4**

Write a program that reads words from a text file and store occurrence frequency of each word in a STL map. Download the file `AVL_Tree.zip` and redo the task by using the provided AVL tree implementation. Print the AVL tree.

**Hint:** *Use word as key and the frequency as data.*