## **Import modules**

### **Data load and transformation**

# Histogram

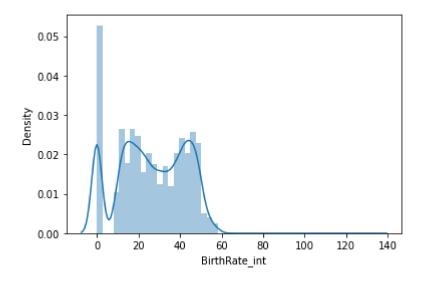
#### Out[3]:

	Country	Year	BirthRate	BirthRate_int
0	Aruba	1960	36.400	37
1	Afghanistan	1960	52.201	53
2	Angola	1960	54.432	55
3	Albania	1960	40.886	41
4	Netherlands Antilles	1960	32.321	33

C:\Users\debas\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figur e-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

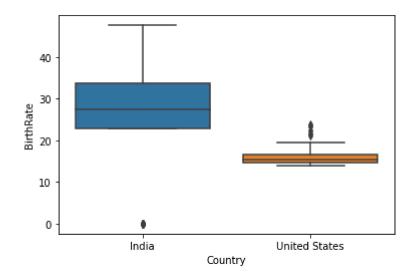
Out[4]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='BirthRate\_int', ylabel='Density'>



# **Box plot**

Comparison of birthrate betwen India and USA

Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Country', ylabel='BirthRate'>



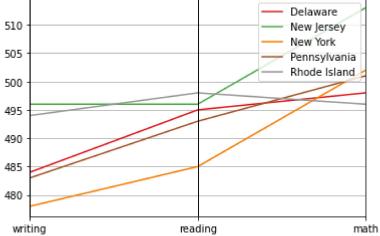
### **Bullet chart**

```
In [7]:
  1
    ## US burglary statistics against some dummy benchmark
  2
    # transform data
  3
    crime_bullet = crime[crime["state"]=="United States"][["state","burgla
    crime_bullet['target'] = 500
    crime_bullet_tuple = [tuple(x) for x in crime_bullet.values][0]
  6
  7
    # set parameter for bullet chart
  8
  9
    limits = [300, 500, 1000]
    palette = sns.color_palette("Blues_r", len(limits))
 10
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.set_aspect('equal')
 12
    ax.set_yticks([1])
 13
    ax.set_yticklabels='United States'
 14
 15
 16
    prev_limit = 0
    for idx, lim in enumerate(limits):
 17
         ax.barh([1], lim-prev_limit, left=prev_limit, height=75, color=pal
 18
 19
        prev_limit = lim
 20
    # draw the value we're measuring
 21
 22
    ax.barh([1], crime_bullet_tuple[1], color='black', height=45)
 23
 24
    ax.axvline(crime_bullet_tuple[2], color="gray", ymin=0.10, ymax=0.9)
```

Out[7]: <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1b9e031af70>

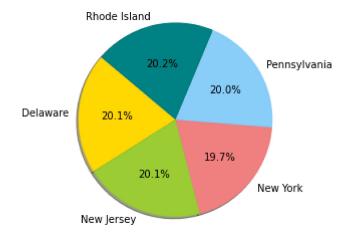


### **Parallel Coordinate plot**



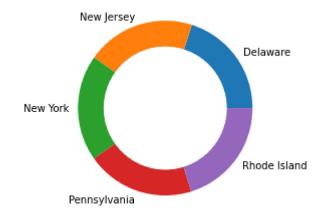
#### Pie chart

```
In [9]:
     ##Comparison of reading numbers between 5 states
  2
     # transform data
  3
     education_pie = education_parallel[['state', 'reading']]
  4
  5
     # set colors
  6
     colors = ['gold', 'yellowgreen', 'lightcoral', 'lightskyblue', 'teal']
  7
  8
    # plot
  9
     plt.pie(education pie['reading'], labels=education pie['state'], color
     autopct='%1.1f%%', shadow=True, startangle=140)
 10
 11
    plt.axis('equal')
 12
    plt.show()
 13
```



### **Donought chart**

```
In [11]:
     #Comparison of reading, writing and math numbers between 5 states
   1
   2
      # transform data
   3
     education_donut = education_pie
   4
   5
     # create a pieplot
   6
     plt.pie(education_donut['reading'], labels=education_donut['state'])
   7
   8
     # add a circle at the center
   9
     my_circle=plt.Circle((0,0), 0.7, color='white')
  10
     p=plt.gcf()
     p.gca().add_artist(my_circle)
  11
  12
  13
     plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: ) 1
```