

## STATISTICS 1&2

- **Task 1 - 1:**

You survey households in your area to find the average rent they are paying. Find the standard deviation from the following data:

\$1550, \$1700, \$900, \$850, \$1000, \$950.

- **Solution 1 –**
- **Let's assume the above dataset is a sample data**
- **Step 1 – Calculation of Mean –  $(x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4+x_5+x_6)/(n)$**   
 $(1550+1700+900+850+1000+950) / 6 = \mathbf{1158.33}$
- **Step 2 – Calculation of Variance –**

| Data<br>$X_i$                                    | $X_i - \bar{X}$ | $(X_i - \bar{X})^2$  |
|--|-----------------|--|
| 1550   | 392             | 153403   |
| 1700   | 542             | 293403   |
| 900  | -258            | 66736  |
| 850  | -308            | 95069  |
| 1000   | -158            | 25069  |
| 950  | -208            | 43403  |
| $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} = 1158.33$ |                 | $\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \mathbf{677083.3}$   |
| <b>Variance =</b>                                |                 | $S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{(n-1)} = \mathbf{677083.3 / (6-1)}$ $= \mathbf{135416.7}$ |

- **Step 3 – Calculation of Standard Deviation –**

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{(n-1)}} = \sqrt{\mathbf{677083.3 / (6-1)}} \\
 &= \sqrt{\mathbf{135416.7}} = \mathbf{367.99}
 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the Standard Deviation is **367.99**

## STATISTICS 1&2

### - Task 1 - 2:

Find the variance for the following set of data representing trees in California (heights in feet):

3, 21, 98, 203, 17, 9

### - Solution 2 -

- Step 1 – Calculation of Mean –  $(x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4+x_5+x_6)/n$

$$(3+21+98+203+17+9) / 6 = \mathbf{58.5}$$

- Step 2 – Calculation of Variance –

| Data<br>$X_i$                                 | $X_i - \bar{X}$ | $(X_i - \bar{X})^2$   |
|---|-----------------|---|
| 3   | -55.5           | 3080.25   |
| 21  | -37.5           | 1406.25   |
| 98  | 39.5            | 1560.25   |
| 203   | 144.5           | 20880.25  |
| 17  | -41.5           | 1722.25   |
| 9   | -49.5           | 2450.25   |
| $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} = 58.5$ |                 | $\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = 31099.5$  |
| <b>Variance =</b>                             |                 | $S^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{(n-1)} = 31099.5 / (6-1)$ $= 6219.9$ |

## STATISTICS 1&2

### - Task 1 - 3:

In a class on 100 students, 80 students passed in all subjects, 10 failed in one subject, 7 failed in two subjects and 3 failed in three subjects. Find the probability distribution of the variable for number of subjects a student from the given class has failed in.

### - Solution 3 –

- The probability of failing in 0 subjects,  $P(X=0) = 80/100 = 0.8$
  - The probability of failing in 1 subjects,  $P(X=1) = 10/100 = 0.1$
  - The probability of failing in 2 subjects,  $P(X=2) = 7/100 = 0.07$
  - The probability of failing in 3 subjects,  $P(X=3) = 3/100 = 0.03$
- The probability distribution can be shown as:

|      |     |     |      |      |
|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| X    | 0   | 1   | 2    | 3    |
| P(X) | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.07 | 0.03 |