

People matter, results count.

Recap

- **>**Unit Testing
- ➤ Objectives of Unit Testing
- **≻**Planning
- ➤ Unit Test Design
- ➤ Unit Testing implementation using Junit
- ➤ Best Practices of Unit Testing



Agenda

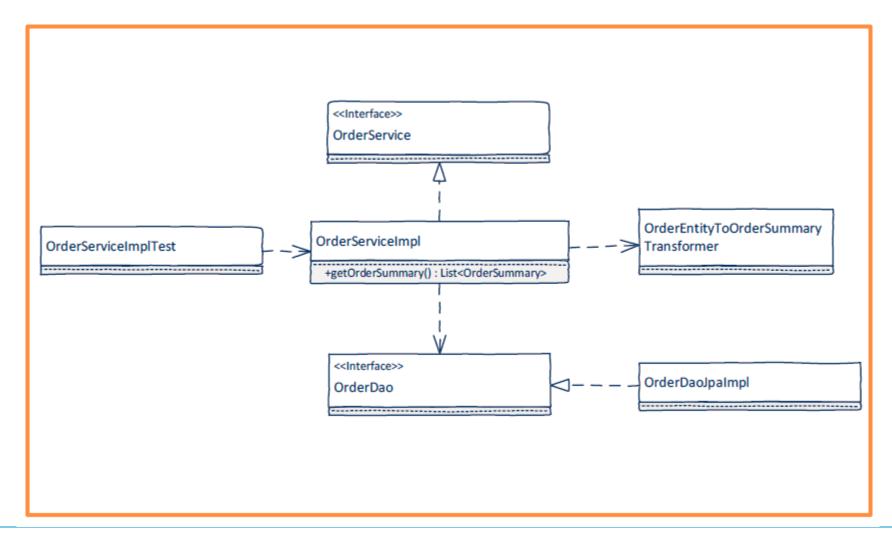
- **≻**Mockito
- ➤ Advanced Mockito Concepts
- **≻**Power Mockito
- ➤ Test Driven Development





Mockito

Mocking Concepts



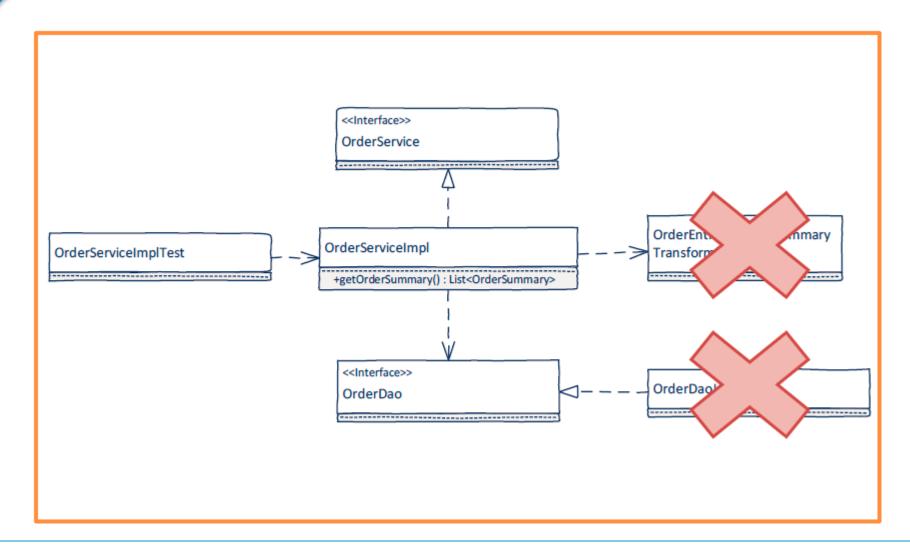


Mocking Concepts

- Methods under test often leverage dependencies
- Testing with dependencies creates challenges
 - Live database needed
 - Multiple developers testing simultaneously
 - Incomplete dependency implementation
- Mocking frameworks give you control



Mocking Concepts





Mocking Options

- •Implement the mocked functionality in a class
 - •This approach is tedious and obscure
- Leverage a mocking framework
 - Avoid class creation
 - Leverages the proxy pattern
- Multiple options Mockito, EasyMock, JMock



Mockito Overview

Support unit testing cycle



Setup – Creating the mock

OrderDao mockOrderDao= Mockito.mock(OrderDao.class)

Setup – Method stubbing

Mockito.when(mockOrderDao.findById(idValue)).thenReturn(orderFixture)

Verification

Mockito.verify(mockOrderDao).findById(idValue)



Creating Mock Instances

•Mockito.mock(Class<?> class) is the core method for creating mocks•@Mock is an alternative

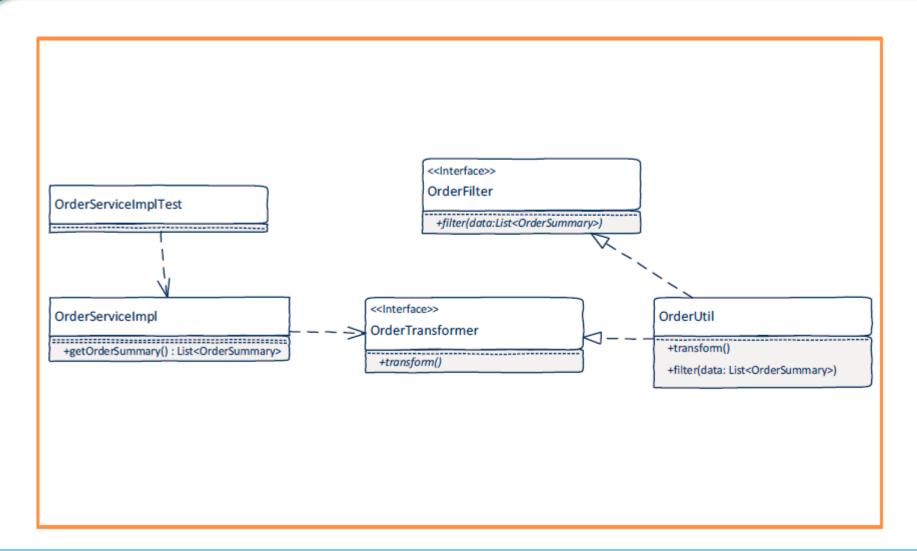


Mock Settings

- •The MockSettingsinterface provides added control for mock creation
- •Use MockSettings.extraInterfaces(..) to add interfaces supported by



Mock Settings





Mock Settings

- •The MockSettingsinterface provides added control for mock creation
- •Use MockSettings.extraInterfaces(..) to add interfaces supported by the mock
- MockSettings.serializable() creates a mock which can be bassed a serializableobject
- •MockSettings.name(..) specifies a name when verification of the mock fails



Stubbing Method Calls

- •Provides capability to define how method calls behave via when/then pattern
- •Calling Mockito.when(..) returns OngoingStub<T>, specifying how the invocation behavesthenReturn(..)
 - •thenThrow(..)
 - •thenCallRealMethod(..)
 - •thenAnswer(..)

Stubbing Method Calls

void Methods

•Mocking void methods do not work with OngoingStub<T>

Mockito.doThrow(..) returns the Stubberclass



Verifications

Mockito.verify(..) is used to verify an intended mock operation was called

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- Verification Modeallows extra verification of the operation



Verifications

- Mockito.verify(..) is used to verify an intended mock operation was called
- VerificationModeallows extra verification of the operationtimes(n)
 - •atLeastOnce()
 - •atLeast(n)
 - •atMost(n)
 - •never()
- Verifying no interactions globallyMockito.verify(..).zeroInteractions()
 - Mockito.verify(..).noMoreInteractions()



Summary

Mocking Concepts

Mockito Basic Features

Set up

Verification



Advanced Mockito Concepts

- Argument matching
- Matchers



Matchers

- Matchers.eq(..)
- Any matchers
- String matchers
- Reference equality and reflection
 - Test reference equality with Matchers.same(ref)
 - Reflectively test using
 - Matchers.refEq(ref)
 - Matchers.refEq(ref, "excludeField")



Stubbing Consecutive Calls

- Handy for testing logic that needs to be resilient when errors occur
 - 1.Looping logic that either short-circuits or continues on exception
 - 2.Retry logic when errors are encountered
- Stubbing consecutive responses helps simplify these types of tests



Verification Order

Sometimes Ordering Is Critical

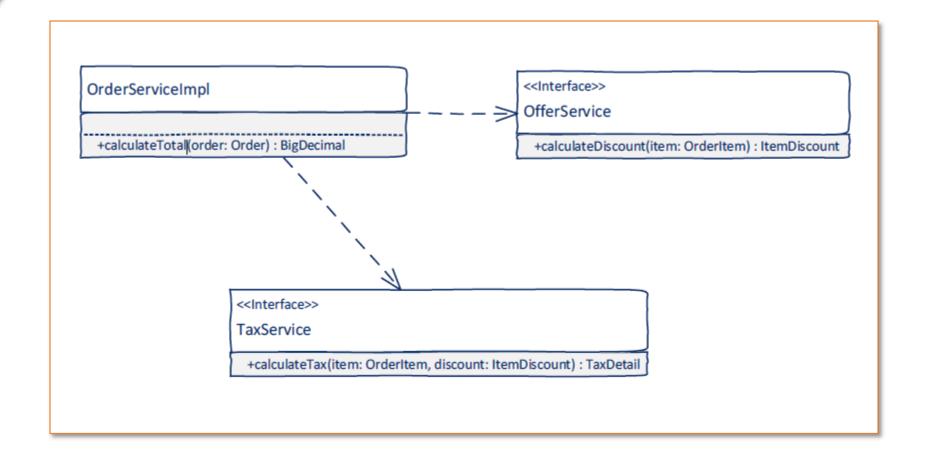
- Legacy APIs and dependencies sometimes enforce restrictions
- Results of one dependency may be needed when interacting with another

One must crawl before they can walk





In Order Verifier



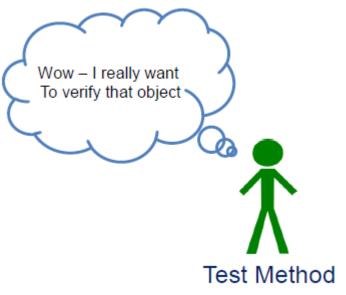


Capturing Arguments

Validating Objects Without Direct Access

Using an input, I create an object and pass it to one of my dependencies but never return it!





Argument Captors



Capturing Arguments

- Capturing allows you to capture the actual object passed into the mock
- Argument Captor instances are used to capture these values



Partial Mocks

Mocks vs. Spies

- Mocking Interfaces vs. Classes
- Partial mocking mixes controlled invocation stubs with real method calls

Mocks

Proxy-based instance routing calls to the mocking library

When mocking a class, the proxy creates an instance of said class

Default when no invocation stub is declared is to return null

Spies

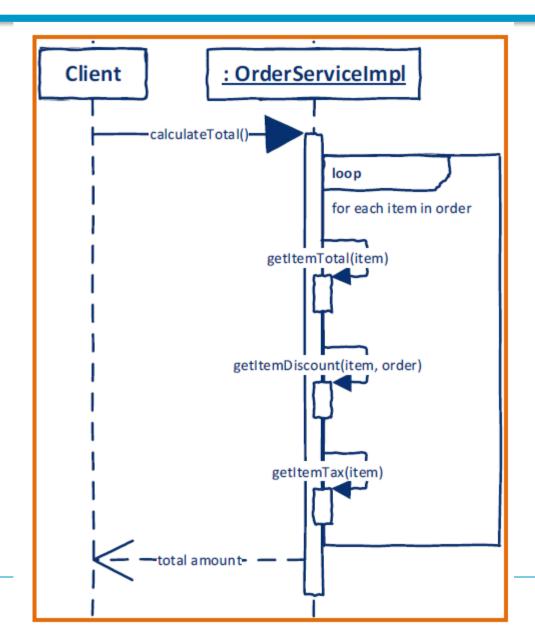
Proxy wraps an existing object instance

Default behavior when no invocation stub is declared is to call the real method

Invocation stubbing is required to avoid real method call



Partial Mocks – Simplify Testing





Things To Be Mindful Of With Partial Mocks

- When partial mocking, please bear the following in mind
 - You can't mock final methods
 - You can't mock private methods
 - Set the state appropriately
- When stubbing a spy, the initial call is routed to the real method





Power Mockito

When Mockito Is Not Enough...

Power Mock

- Mockito covers 80% of your usage scenarios
- PowerMock provides an extension for the remaining 20%
- The difference is
 - Mockito uses a proxy-based approach to intercept calls
 - PowerMock uses a custom class loader and manipulates the byte code



Mocking Static Method Invocations

- Using PowerMock & Static Method Stubbing
- @RunWith(PowerMockRunner.class)
- @PrepareForTest(value={ClassToInstrument.class})
- PowerMockito.mockStatic(ClassWithStaticMethods.class)
- PowerMockito.when(Class.staticMethod(arg)).then(value)
- PowerMockito.verifyStatic()



Replacing Object Instantiation

- Calls using 'new' operator can be replaced with stubbed results
- PowerMockito.whenNew(..)
 - Call zero parameter constructor by class name
 - Use reflection for specific constructor
 - Specify specific constructor using a string value
- whenNew(..) returns PowerMock's version of OngoingStub<T>
 - ConstructorExpectationSetup<T>
 - WithOrWithoutExpectedArguments<T>
- @PrepareForTest(ClassUnderTest.class)
 - Specify the class under test, not the class being instantiated



Stubbing Final & Private Methods

- PowerMockito.mock(..)
- Simply using a PowerMockito mock allows final methods to be stubbed
- A specific overload of PowerMockito.when(..) allows private method mocking



Stubbing Private Methods

- Stubbing Private Methods
 - Pass the mock and a Java Reflection Method object into the when method &

WithOrWithoutExpectedArguments is returned



Verifying Private Methods

- PowerMockito.verifyPrivate(..) supports several overloads
 - PrivateMethodVerification is returned
- PrivateMethodVerification.invoke(..) supports several overloads to verify the call during the test
 - Leverage the Java Reflection Method object to verify & returns WithOrWithoutVerifiedArguments
 - Pass a string value containing the method name, allowing with the arguments via a vararg parameter
 - Final version simply takes arguments





Test Driven Development Best Practices

Integrating Automation Suite within Source Control

- Source Control:
 - GIT
 - Take latest test code from Source Control System and generate test reports.



Approach towards Defect Management, Metrics and Reporting

- Analyze the Test Reports
- Show Metrics with all Defects
- Generate Reports
- Send reports to relevant team members



Summary

Mockito advanced features

Stubbing

PowerMock

Mocking final & private methods



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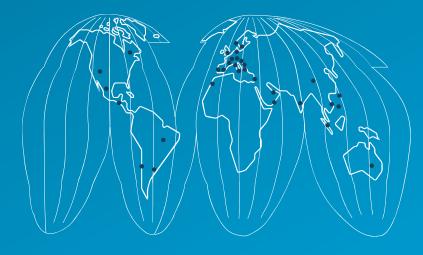


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