## Holograph notes on parliamentary proceedings relating to copper coinage 1694-1708.

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**Source:** MINT 19/2/416-17, National Archives, Kew, Richmond, Surrey, UK

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1674. It was Resolved that the present Tinn Farthings & Half pence not being of the Intrinsick value, & being easy to be counterfeited, were an obstruction to Trade, & a great grievance of the subject.

That the farthings & half pence to be made for the future, ought to be made of English metall & of the Intrinsick value, & to be coyned by their Majesties at the Mint.

And it was resolved not to be lett to Farms.

Vpon these Resolution to his M

Resolutions an Address was Ordered to be drawn up: which was done accordingly, & presented to his Majesty, that the Tinn farthings & half pence (not counterfeited) should be exchanged by his Majesty.

20 Apr. The Addresse.

23 Apr. The Kings Answer, Viz<sup>t</sup>

That he was willing to comply with the desires of the House, & would do this as far as was consistent with the publick good.

And soon after, An Agreement was accordingly made with certain persons to change the Tin halfpence & farthings for others of copper to be coyned for them by the Kings Officers at the Mint &c

A complaint was made that the Patentees made the Farthings & half pence of base Copper, and refused to deliver out any but for milled & broad unclipt money & at  $10^{\overline{l}i}$  or  $15^{\overline{l}i}$  per cent, & refused to exchange Tinn farthings.

3 Apr. The Committee made a Report

6 Apr.
The Report was considered & several Resolutions made in behalf of the Patentees, viz<sup>t</sup>.

Resolved that upon Examination of the complaint made against the Patentees for making copper half pence & farthings, The Committee are of opinion that the said Patentees have made the said farthings & half pence of good

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copper according to the direction of their Patent.

## Resolved,

That the said Patentees have exchanged & delivered out half pence & farthings for good & current silver money at the common value without any further recompence.

## Resolved,

That the said Patentees have exchanged  $200^{\overline{l}i}$  a week of Tinn farthings & half pence for  $200^{\overline{l}i}$  of the like value in copper half pence & farthings pursuant to their said Patent.

- In  $169\frac{7}{8}$  An Act passed for stopping the Coyning of half pence & farthings for one year.
- In  $169\frac{8}{9}$  A Bill passed the House of Commons for preventing the coyning them for One year longer, but the Bill did not pass the Lords house.
- In  $1\frac{699}{700}$  A Bill was brought in for restraining the coyning any more half pence & farthings, but it went no further then the Committee.
- 1° Apr. 1708. (the last day of the session) A Petition of the Inhabitants of Southwark was read setting forth

That they were informed some persons were attempting to obtain a New Licence for a New Coynage of half pence & farthings tho they were loaded with great quantities thereof, & prayed the Consideration of the house.

This Petition was ordered to lye on the Table.

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Extracts out of the House of Commons Iournals about farthings