## Copy of a letter from Newton to Henry Oldenburg, dated 13 June 1676

Author: Isaac Newton

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<4v>

Sir I have here sent you the letter I promised concerning these series. It is blotted in some places but rather then write it over fair, I have set down here the places less legible. p.1, l: 17,  $\overline{P+PQ}$   $^{\frac{m}{n}}$ . lin: 34,  $\overline{cc}$   $^{\frac{1}{2}}$ . p. 4, l: 35,  $^{\frac{CB^q}{CD}}$ . lin 36,  $^{\frac{1}{14\text{rrc}^4}}$  p: 6, l:3,  $+\frac{14x^5}{2025a^4}+\frac{604x^7}{893025a^6}$  p: 7, l 14, Quare  $AG=\frac{3}{2}d-\frac{1}{5}x-\frac{12xx}{175d}-vel+\&c$ . lin: 40, in DP cape  $DM=\frac{3AD^q}{4AK}$ . lin 42  $\frac{44N+A\beta}{15}\times 4AD$ , lin 43  $\frac{214N+4A\beta}{75}\times 4AD$ .

I received yours concerning M<sup>r</sup> Lucas, for whom I intend an answer. But he referring in the Postscript to the R. societie's tryal of the Experiment, I desire you would be pleased to send me some short information about their tryal: particularly the shape of their Image as to length & breadth, & the angle of {their Prism conteined} by the refracting sides, & whether they caused that angle to be very exactly measured, or {esteemed it by guesse} a less exact measure to be any number of degrees . For I imagin the difference between me & M<sup>r</sup> Lucas lies either in the different angles of our Prisms; or in this that he perhaps measures the length of the Image by the streight sides, I by the middle line or axis; or in both together. In his experiments which he urges against me you'l find want of circumspection. Sir I am in hast

Your humble Servant

Is. Newton.

Cambridge

June 13 1676

Rec. June 13. 76. Answ. june 17. 76.