Climbing Stairs

⇒ You are climbing a stair of (n steps)

↳ either you can step 1 / step 2 } at one time

n = 100

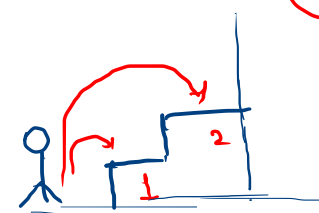
1 2 1 1 1 22

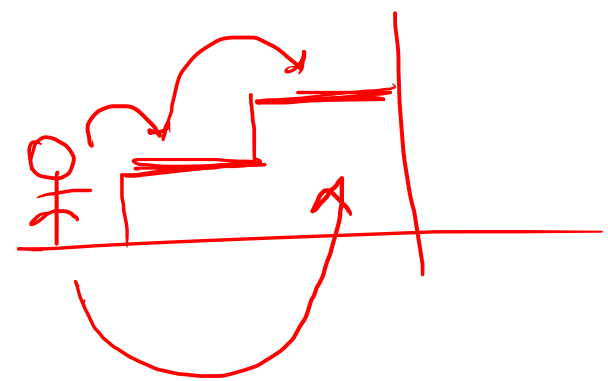
I/p : n = 2

↳ 1 way → (1+1)

↳ 2 way → (2)

=> (2)





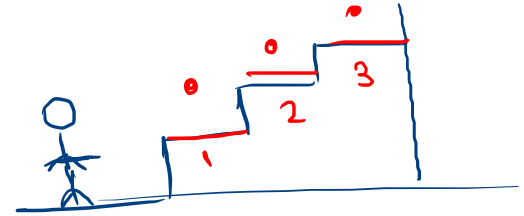
I/p n=3

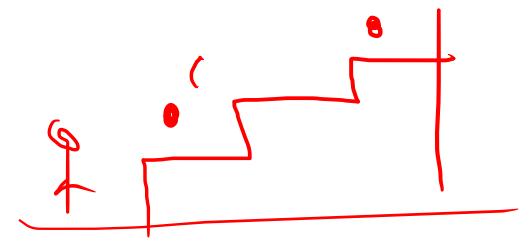
o/p : 1+1+1

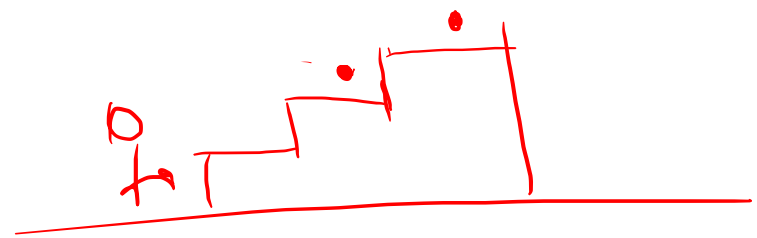
1+2

2+1

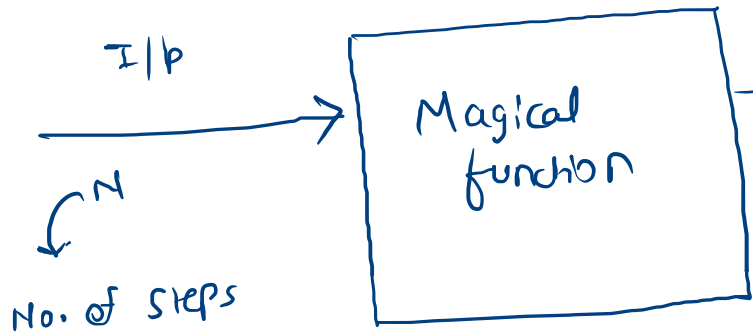
} 3 way

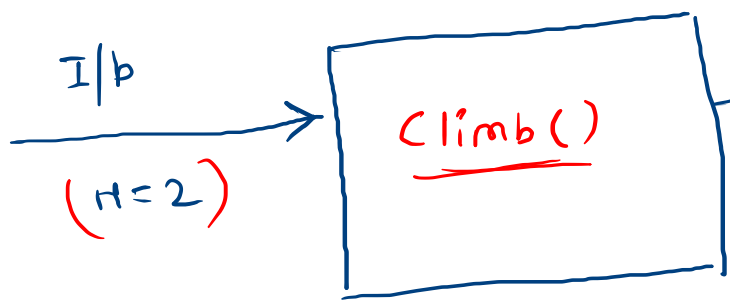






Recursive Solution





{ 1+1
2 }

Logical Part

I/p: N = 3

Ways

No. of Steps

1 Step + 1 Step

2 Step

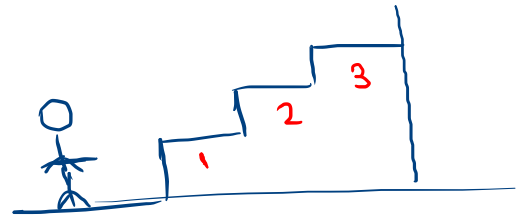
+1

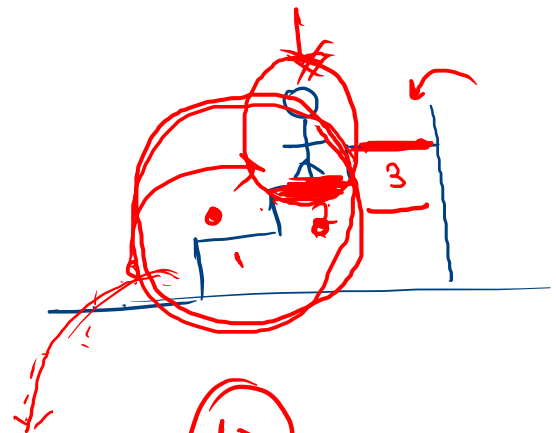
+1 Steps

No. of ways to reach to N-1 steps

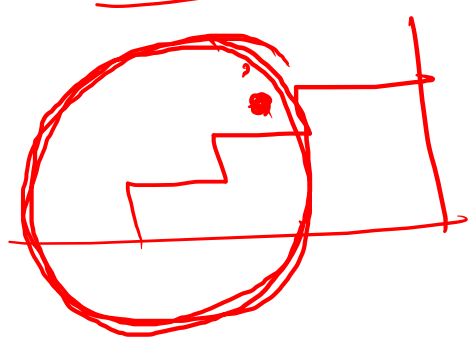
N=3

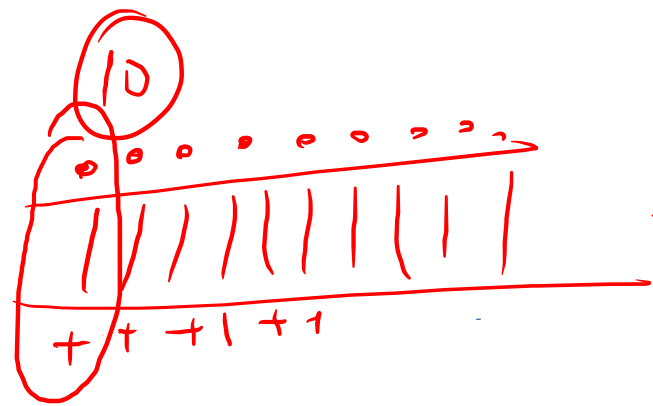
N=2

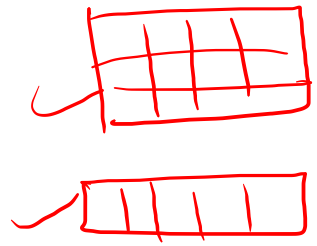




N=3







X

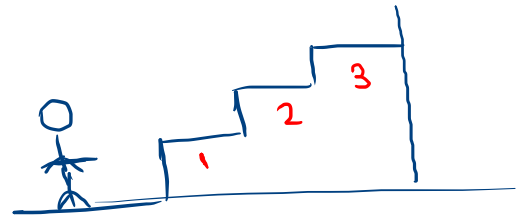
Recursion

↓

DP

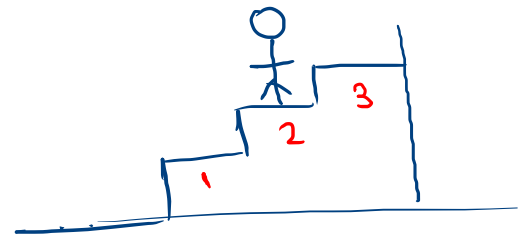
Logical Part

Ilk: N = 3



✓ 1 step + 1 step

✓ 2 step

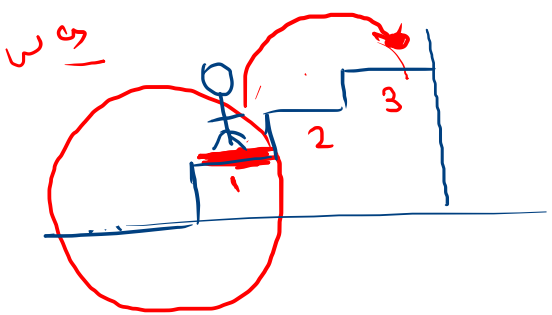


No. of ways to reach to N-1 steps = m

return m+n

1 way

1 step + 2 step



1 way

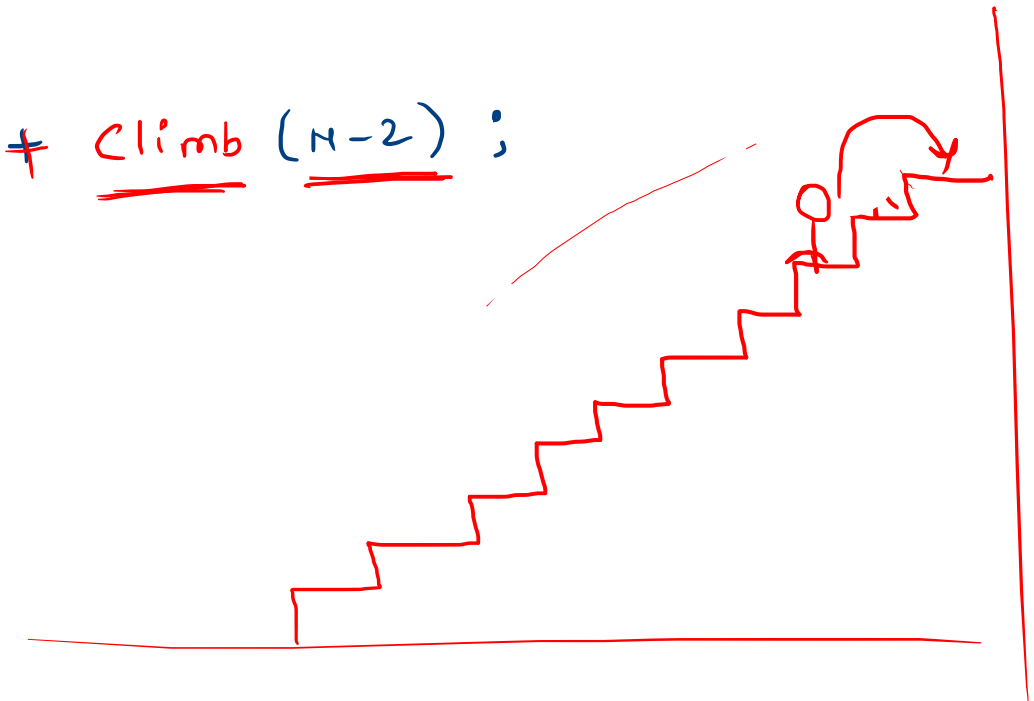
No. of ways to reach to N-2 steps = n

Recursive Code

```
int climb (int N)
{
    // Base condition →

    return climb(N-1) + climb(N-2);

}
```



Base condition → ∴ Smallest valid Input → check output

```
int climb ( int H )
{

}
```

H → No. of steps in a stair

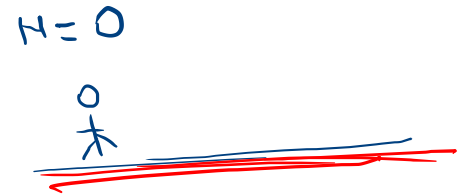
H = 0, 1, 2, 3

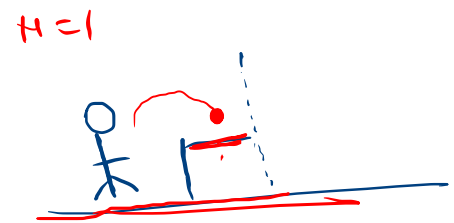
0 1 2

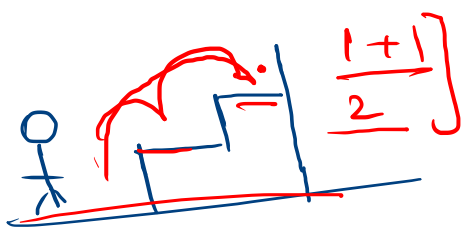
No. of ways

No. of ways +

```
if ( H<=2 ) return H;
```







Rewrsive Code

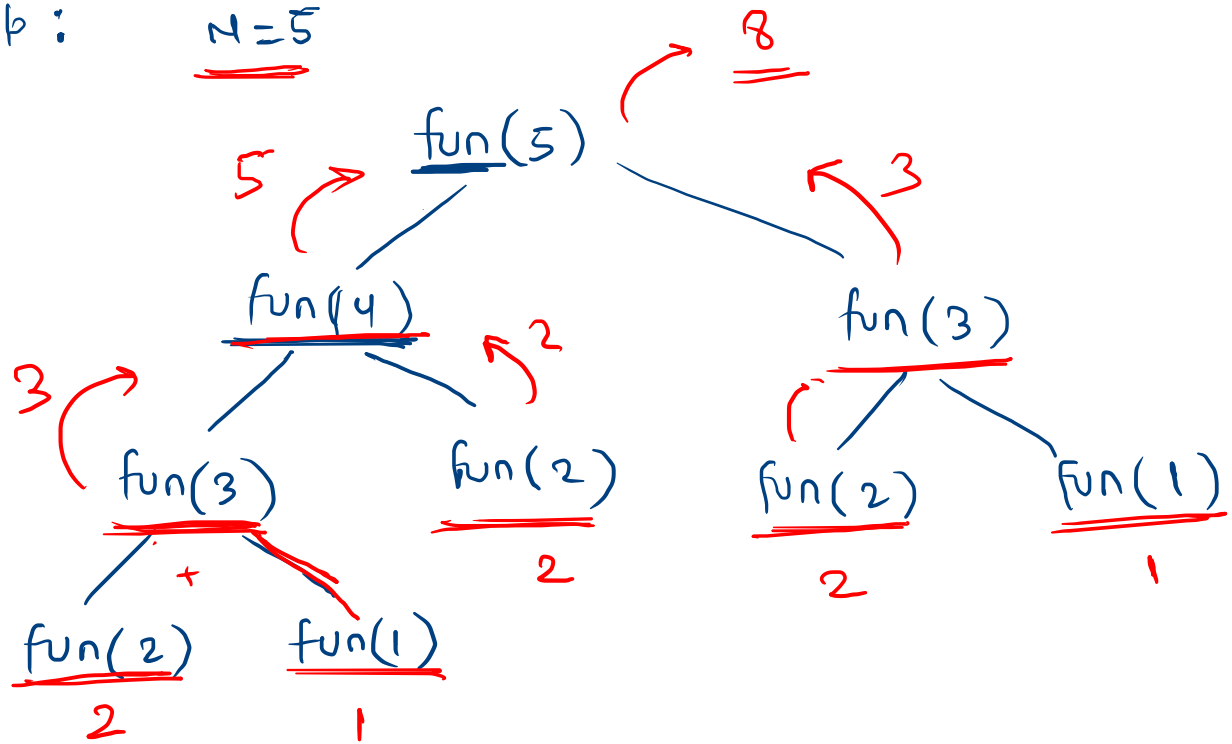
```
int climb (int N)
{
    if (N<=2) return N;
    return climb(N-1) + climb(N-2);
}
```

Let's Code on Leetcode

Recursion Tree

I/p : N = 5

fun(n-1) + f(n-2)



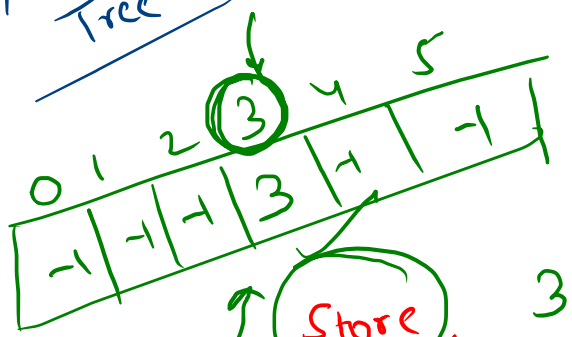
Climb()

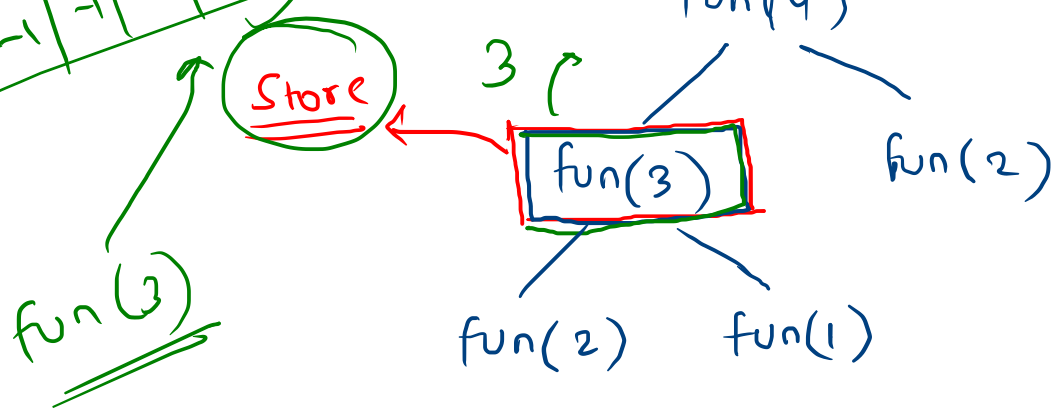
⇓

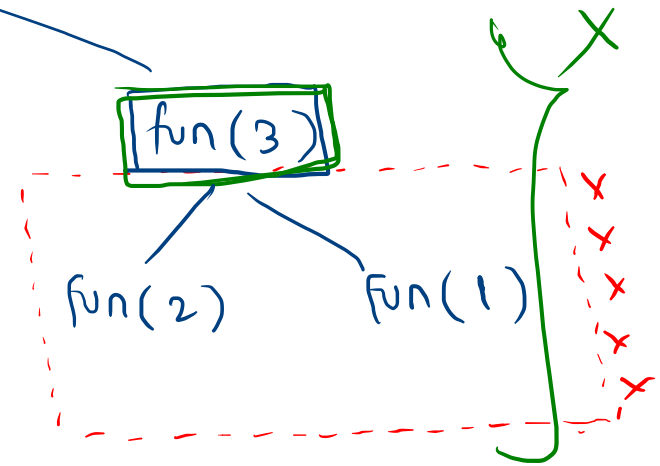
fun()

Recursion Tree

I/p : N = 5



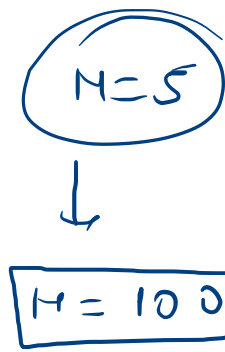




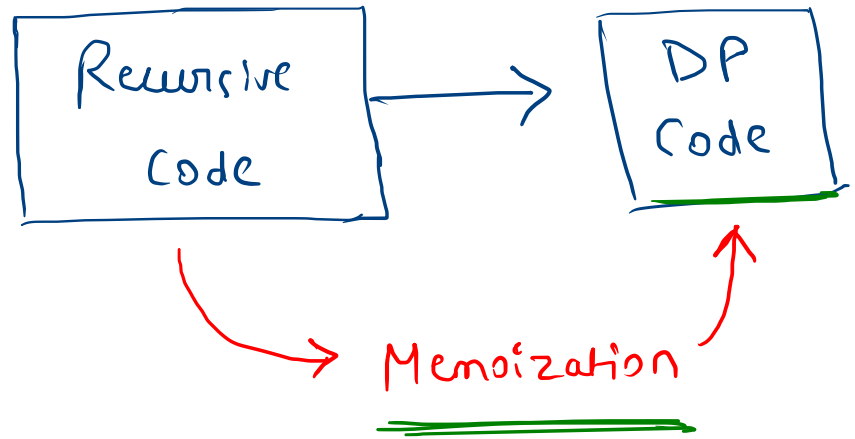
climb()

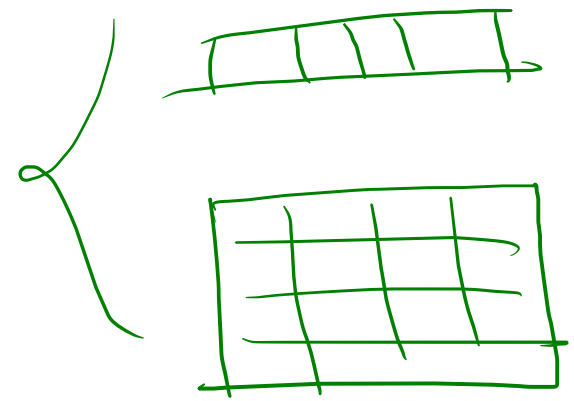
⇓

fun()



Now, we have to convert





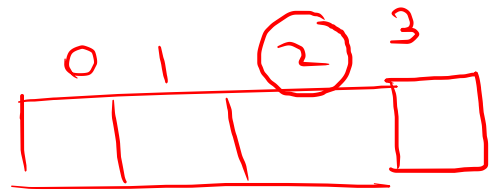
Recursive code

Imp

```
int climb (int N)
{
    if (N<=2) return N;
    return climb(N-1) + climb(N-2);
}
```

fun(3) → x

N=3 N+1



DP code

C++

```
vector<int> dp(N+1, -1);

int climb (int N)
{
    if( dp[N] != -1 ) return dp[N];
    if( N<=2)
    {
        return dp[N] = n;
    }
    return dp[N] =
        climb(N-1) +
        climb(N-2);
}
```