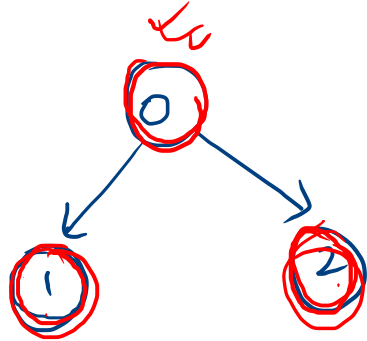


Topological Sort

(Kahn's Algo)

I/p:

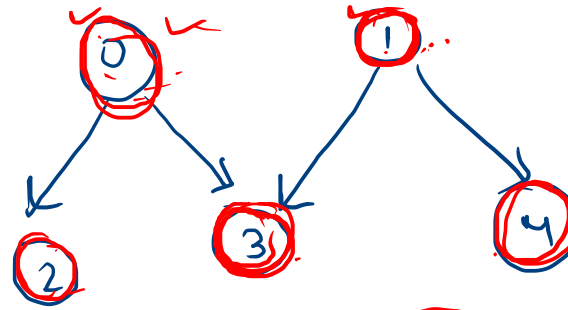


O/p:

0 1 2
0 2 1

1 2

I/p:



O/p:

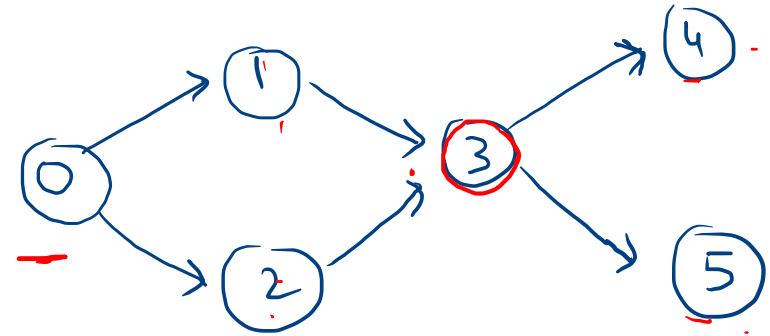
0 1

2 3 4

1 0 3 2 4

1 0 2 3 4

I/p:

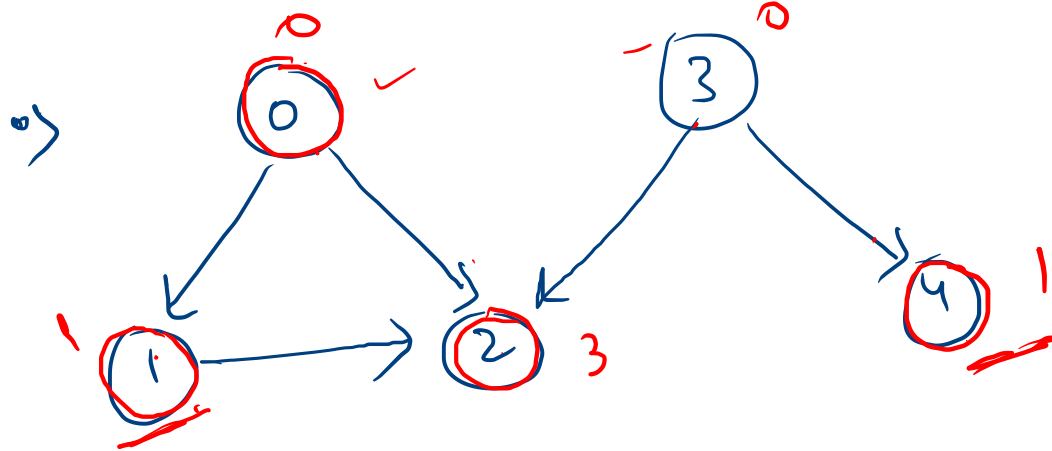


O/p:

0 1 2 3 4 5

➤ Less dependent on vertex
write first. } conclusion

➤ Less dependent → means → In degree of vertex



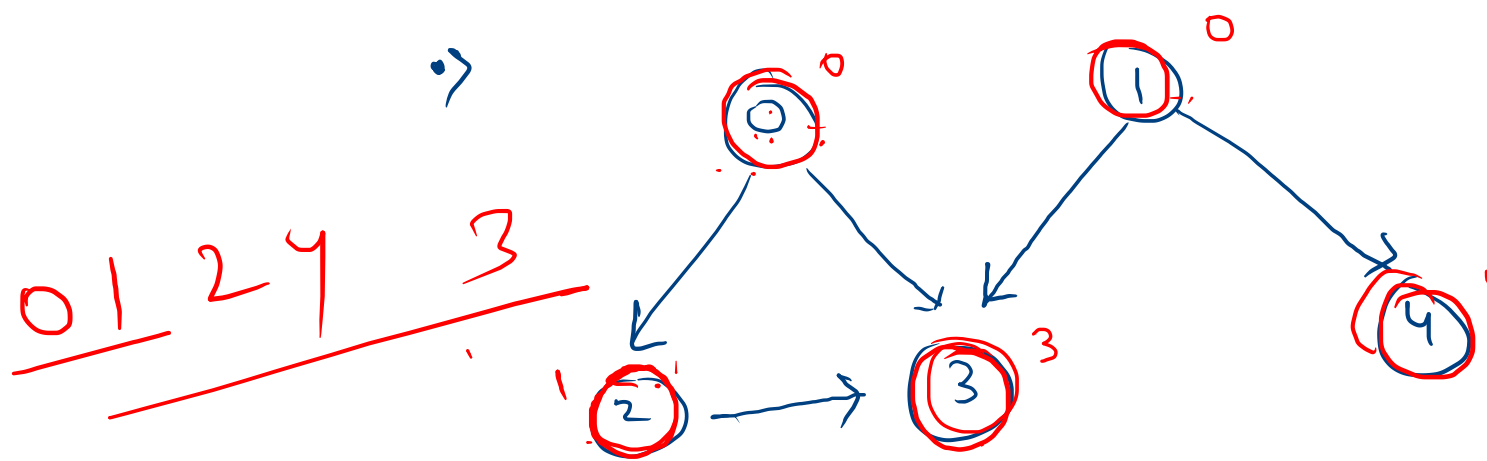
0 3 4 2

0 3 1 4 2

0 3 1 4 2

•> Simple, •> Those who have less Indegree
write first / choose first

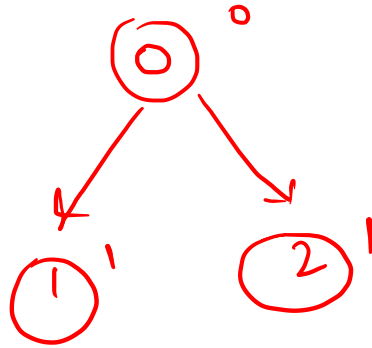
↓
•> Graph Traversal



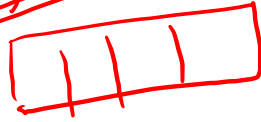
ans: 0 1 2 4 3

~~2/01~~

ALGO OF TOPOLOGICAL SORT



indegree



BFS
(ALGO)

① store Indegree of Each Vertex

② Create a queue, q

③ store 0 indegree vertex to q

④ while (q is not empty)

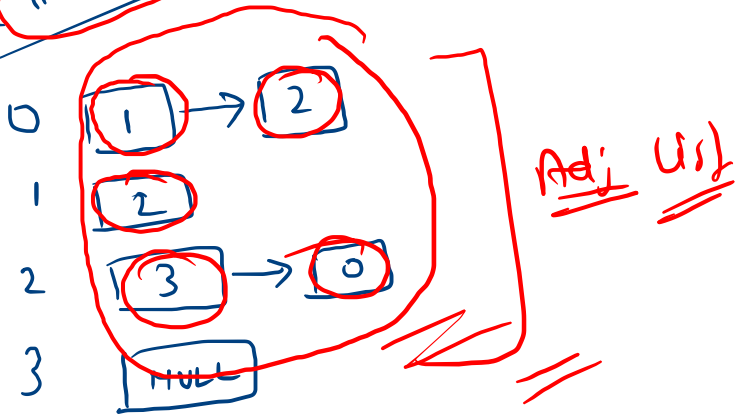
{
 = int u = q.pop()
 = print 'u'

= for every adjacent v of u
 1) reduce indegree of v
 2) if indegree of v is 0
 add it to q

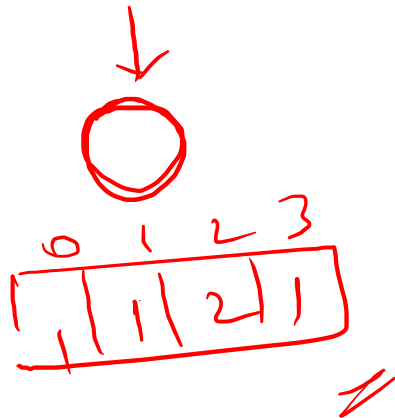
}

How to Find /
Calculate Indegree

ALGO OF TOPOLOGICAL SORT



0 → 1 0 → 2 1 → 2 2 → 3
2 → 0



$\text{indegree}[1]++$
 $\text{indegree}[2]++$
 $\text{indegree}[2]++$

① store Indegree of Each Vertex

② Create a queue, q

③ store 0 indegree vertex to q

④ while (q is not empty)

{
 $\text{int } u = q.\text{pop}()$

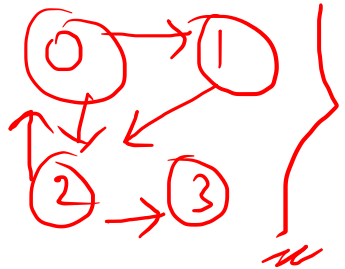
$\text{print } 'u'$

 for every adjacent v of u

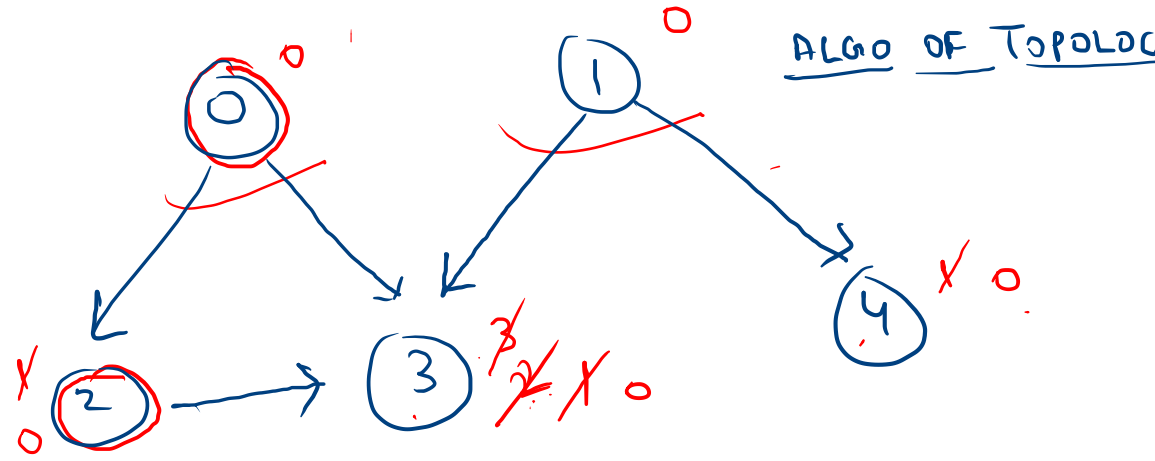
 1) reduce indegree of v

 2) if indegree of v is 0
 add it to q

}



ALGO OF TOPOLOGICAL SORT



o/p: 0 1 2 4 3 | $q =$

1	1
---	---

- ① store Indegree of Each vertex
- ② Create a queue, q
- ③ Store 0 indegree vertex to q
- ④ while (q is not empty)

\therefore int $u = q.pop()$

\therefore print ' u '

\therefore for every adjacent v of u

1) reduce indegree of v

2) if indegree of v is 0
 add it to q

\therefore