Assignment 4: Matrix Theory

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Abstract—This is a problem of a line, circle and tangent. We know,

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Debolena/EE5609/blob/master/ Assignment 4/figure.py

and all the latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Debolena/EE5609/tree/master/ Assignment 4

1 Problem

Find the points of intersection of the line

$$(3 2) \mathbf{x} = 12 (1.0.1)$$

and the circle

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 = 13\tag{1.0.2}$$

and for what values of c the line

$$(3 \quad 2)\mathbf{x} = c \tag{1.0.3}$$

touches the circle.

2 Solution

If P be a point on the line and n is the normal vector, the equation of the line can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{n}^T \left(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{P} \right) = 0 \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c \tag{2.0.2}$$

where

$$c = \mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{P} \tag{2.0.3}$$

From (1.0.1) and (2.0.2),

$$\mathbf{n}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(2.0.4)where, $\mathbf{m}^T \mathbf{n} = 0$ (2.0.5)

$$\implies \mathbf{m}^T \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{m}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

Now,

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{P} = c \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\implies (3 \quad 2)\mathbf{P} = 12 \tag{2.0.9}$$

P can be

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.10}$$

Let us take

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{q} \tag{2.0.11}$$

The circle equation:

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.12}$$

From (1.0.2),

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.13}$$

$$f = -13 (2.0.14)$$

The points of intersection of the line

$$L: \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{q} + \mu \mathbf{m} \quad , \mu \in \mathbb{R}$$
 (2.0.15)

with the conic section

are given by

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.16}$$

$$\mathbf{x}^{T}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^{T}\mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{2.0.16}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_i = \mathbf{q} + \mu_i \mathbf{m} \tag{2.0.17}$$

$$\mu_{i} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{m}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m}} \left(-\mathbf{m}^{T} \left(\mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right)$$

$$\pm \sqrt{\left[\mathbf{m}^{T} \left(\mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{u} \right) \right]^{2} - \left(\mathbf{q}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{q} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{T} \mathbf{q} + f \right) \left(\mathbf{m}^{T} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} \right)}$$
(2.0.18)

For circle,

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{I} \tag{2.0.19}$$

$$\therefore \mu_i = \frac{1}{13} \left(-5 \pm \sqrt{25 - (13 - 13) \, 13} \right) \quad (2.0.20)$$

$$=\frac{1}{13}(-5\pm 5)\tag{2.0.21}$$

$$=0, -\frac{10}{13} \tag{2.0.22}$$

Using (2.0.17), the points of intersection are given by

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{46}{13} \\ \frac{9}{13} \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.23}$$

Points of contact are given by

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{V}^{-1} \left(\kappa \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u} \right) \tag{2.0.24}$$

$$\kappa = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{u} - f}{\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}}$$
 (2.0.25)

Since for circle,

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{I} \tag{2.0.26}$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{V}^{-1} = \mathbf{I} \quad \because \mathbf{I}^{-1} = \mathbf{I} \tag{2.0.27}$$

$$\therefore \kappa = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-f}{\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{n}}} \qquad \because \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{u} = 0 \tag{2.0.28}$$

$$=\pm\sqrt{\frac{13}{\left(3\quad 2\right)\left(\begin{matrix} 3\\2\end{matrix}\right)}}\tag{2.0.29}$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\frac{13}{13}} \tag{2.0.30}$$

$$=\pm 1$$
 (2.0.31)

$$\therefore \mathbf{q} = \pm 1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.32}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3\\2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -3\\-2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.33}$$

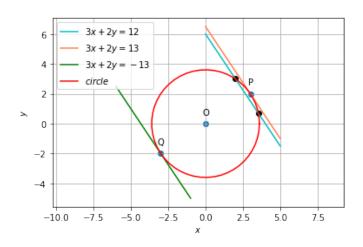


Fig. 0: Circle with tangent and intersection lines

From (1.0.3),

$$c = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 13,$$
 (2.0.34)

$$(3 \ 2)\begin{pmatrix} -3\\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = -13$$
 (2.0.35)

The line (1.0.3) touches the circle for c = 13, -13.