Class 8 Mini-Project

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Q1-15, 14 is optional

1. Exploratory data analysis

```
# Save your input data file into your Project directory
fna.data <- "WisconsinCancer.csv"

# Complete the following code to input the data and store as wisc.df
wisc.df <- read.csv(fna.data, row.names=1)
head(wisc.df)</pre>
```

	diagnosis radiu	s_mean	${\tt texture_mean}$	perimeter_mean	area_mean	
842302	M	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	
842517	M	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	
84300903	M	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	
84348301	M	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	
84358402	M	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	
843786	M	12.45	15.70	82.57	477.1	
	smoothness_mean	compa	ctness_mean co	oncavity_mean c	oncave.poi	nts_mean
842302	0.11840		0.27760	0.3001		0.14710
842517	0.08474		0.07864	0.0869		0.07017
84300903	0.10960		0.15990	0.1974		0.12790
84348301	0.14250		0.28390	0.2414		0.10520
84358402	0.10030		0.13280	0.1980		0.10430
843786	0.12780		0.17000	0.1578		0.08089
	symmetry_mean f	ractal	_dimension_mea	an radius_se te	xture_se p	erimeter_se
842302	0.2419		0.078	71 1.0950	0.9053	8.589
842517	0.1812		0.0566	0.5435	0.7339	3.398

```
84300903
                0.2069
                                       0.05999
                                                  0.7456
                                                              0.7869
                                                                            4.585
84348301
                0.2597
                                       0.09744
                                                  0.4956
                                                                            3.445
                                                              1.1560
84358402
                0.1809
                                       0.05883
                                                  0.7572
                                                              0.7813
                                                                            5.438
843786
                0.2087
                                       0.07613
                                                  0.3345
                                                              0.8902
                                                                            2.217
         area se smoothness se compactness se concavity se concave.points se
842302
          153.40
                      0.006399
                                       0.04904
                                                     0.05373
                                                                       0.01587
842517
           74.08
                      0.005225
                                       0.01308
                                                     0.01860
                                                                       0.01340
           94.03
84300903
                      0.006150
                                       0.04006
                                                    0.03832
                                                                       0.02058
84348301
           27.23
                      0.009110
                                       0.07458
                                                    0.05661
                                                                       0.01867
84358402
           94.44
                      0.011490
                                       0.02461
                                                    0.05688
                                                                       0.01885
843786
           27.19
                      0.007510
                                       0.03345
                                                                       0.01137
                                                    0.03672
         symmetry_se fractal_dimension_se radius_worst texture_worst
             0.03003
                                  0.006193
                                                  25.38
                                                                 17.33
842302
842517
             0.01389
                                  0.003532
                                                  24.99
                                                                 23.41
                                                  23.57
                                                                 25.53
84300903
             0.02250
                                  0.004571
84348301
             0.05963
                                  0.009208
                                                  14.91
                                                                 26.50
84358402
             0.01756
                                  0.005115
                                                  22.54
                                                                 16.67
843786
             0.02165
                                  0.005082
                                                  15.47
                                                                 23.75
         perimeter_worst area_worst smoothness_worst compactness_worst
842302
                  184.60
                              2019.0
                                               0.1622
                                                                  0.6656
                                               0.1238
842517
                  158.80
                              1956.0
                                                                  0.1866
84300903
                  152.50
                                               0.1444
                              1709.0
                                                                  0.4245
84348301
                   98.87
                              567.7
                                               0.2098
                                                                  0.8663
84358402
                  152.20
                              1575.0
                                               0.1374
                                                                  0.2050
843786
                  103.40
                               741.6
                                               0.1791
                                                                  0.5249
         concavity_worst concave.points_worst symmetry_worst
842302
                  0.7119
                                        0.2654
                                                       0.4601
                  0.2416
842517
                                        0.1860
                                                        0.2750
84300903
                  0.4504
                                        0.2430
                                                        0.3613
84348301
                  0.6869
                                        0.2575
                                                        0.6638
84358402
                  0.4000
                                        0.1625
                                                        0.2364
843786
                  0.5355
                                        0.1741
                                                        0.3985
         fractal_dimension_worst
842302
                         0.11890
842517
                         0.08902
84300903
                          0.08758
84348301
                          0.17300
84358402
                          0.07678
843786
                          0.12440
```

[#] We can use -1 here to remove the first column wisc.data <- wisc.df[,-1]

```
# Create diagnosis vector for later
  diagnosis <- as.numeric(wisc.df$diagnosis == "M")</pre>
     Q1. How many observations are in this dataset?
  nrow(wisc.data)
[1] 569
There are 569 rows, thus 569 observations in this dataset.
     Q2. How many of the observations have a malignant diagnosis?
   table(diagnosis)
diagnosis
357 212
  # Os are Benigne are 1s are Malignant
212 observations are malignant
     Q3. How many variables/features in the data are suffixed with _mean?
  length(grep("_mean", colnames(wisc.data)))
[1] 10
```

There are 10 features in the data suffixed with _mean.

2. Principal Component Analysis

Check column means and standard deviations
colMeans(wisc.data)

perimeter_mean	texture_mean	radius_mean
9.196903e+01	1.928965e+01	1.412729e+01
compactness_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	area_mean
1.043410e-01	9.636028e-02	6.548891e+02
symmetry_mean	concave.points_mean	concavity_mean
1.811619e-01	4.891915e-02	8.879932e-02
texture_se	radius_se	<pre>fractal_dimension_mean</pre>
1.216853e+00	4.051721e-01	6.279761e-02
smoothness_se	area_se	perimeter_se
7.040979e-03	4.033708e+01	2.866059e+00
concave.points_se	concavity_se	compactness_se
1.179614e-02	3.189372e-02	2.547814e-02
radius_worst	fractal_dimension_se	symmetry_se
1.626919e+01	3.794904e-03	2.054230e-02
area_worst	perimeter_worst	texture_worst
8.805831e+02	1.072612e+02	2.567722e+01
${\tt concavity_worst}$	compactness_worst	smoothness_worst
2.721885e-01	2.542650e-01	1.323686e-01
${\tt fractal_dimension_worst}$	symmetry_worst	<pre>concave.points_worst</pre>
8.394582e-02	2.900756e-01	1.146062e-01

apply(wisc.data,2,sd)

perimeter_mean 2.429898e+01	texture_mean 4.301036e+00	radius_mean 3.524049e+00
compactness_mean 5.281276e-02	smoothness_mean 1.406413e-02	area_mean 3.519141e+02
symmetry_mean 2.741428e-02	concave.points_mean 3.880284e-02	concavity_mean 7.971981e-02
texture_se 5.516484e-01	radius_se 2.773127e-01	fractal_dimension_mean 7.060363e-03
smoothness_se 3.002518e-03	area_se 4.549101e+01	perimeter_se 2.021855e+00
concave.points_se 6.170285e-03	concavity_se 3.018606e-02	compactness_se 1.790818e-02

```
fractal_dimension_se
                                                        radius_worst
         symmetry_se
        8.266372e-03
                                2.646071e-03
                                                        4.833242e+00
       texture_worst
                             perimeter_worst
                                                           area_worst
        6.146258e+00
                                3.360254e+01
                                                        5.693570e+02
    smoothness_worst
                           compactness_worst
                                                      concavity_worst
        2.283243e-02
                                1.573365e-01
                                                        2.086243e-01
concave.points_worst
                              symmetry_worst fractal_dimension_worst
                                6.186747e-02
                                                         1.806127e-02
        6.573234e-02
```

```
# Perform PCA on wisc.data by completing the following code
wisc.pr <- prcomp(wisc.data, scale=TRUE)

# Look at summary of results
summary(wisc.pr)</pre>
```

Importance of components:

	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7
Standard deviation	3.6444	2.3857	1.67867	1.40735	1.28403	1.09880	0.82172
Proportion of Variance	0.4427	0.1897	0.09393	0.06602	0.05496	0.04025	0.02251
Cumulative Proportion	0.4427	0.6324	0.72636	0.79239	0.84734	0.88759	0.91010
	PC8	PC9	PC10	PC11	PC12	PC13	PC14
Standard deviation	0.69037	0.6457	0.59219	0.5421	0.51104	0.49128	0.39624
Proportion of Variance	0.01589	0.0139	0.01169	0.0098	0.00871	0.00805	0.00523
Cumulative Proportion	0.92598	0.9399	0.95157	0.9614	0.97007	0.97812	0.98335
	PC15	PC1	.6 PC1	.7 PC:	18 PC1	.9 PC2	20 PC21
Standard deviation	0.30681	0.2826	0.2437	72 0.2293	39 0.2224	4 0.1765	52 0.1731
Proportion of Variance	0.00314	0.0026	6 0.0019	0.0017	75 0.0016	55 0.0010	0.0010
Cumulative Proportion	0.98649	0.9891	5 0.9911	13 0.9928	38 0.9945	3 0.9955	7 0.9966
	PC22	PC2	3 PC24	PC25	5 PC26	PC27	PC28
Standard deviation	0.16565	0.1560	2 0.1344	0.12442	2 0.09043	0.08307	0.03987
Proportion of Variance	0.00091	0.0008	1 0.0006	0.00052	2 0.00027	0.00023	0.00005
Cumulative Proportion	0.99749	0.9983	0.9989	0.99942	2 0.99969	0.99992	0.99997
	PC29	PC3	80				
Standard deviation	0.02736	0.0115	3				
Proportion of Variance	0.00002	0.0000	0				
Cumulative Proportion	1.00000	1.0000	0				

Q4. From your results, what proportion of the original variance is captured by the first principal components (PC1)?

44.27% is captured by PC1.

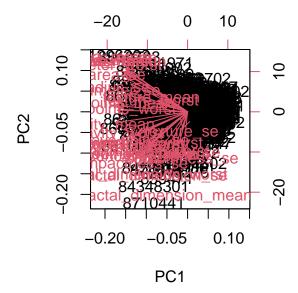
Q5. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 70% of the original variance in the data?

Looking at the "Cumulative Proportion" row, 3 PCs can describe at least 70% of the original variance.

Q6. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance in the data?

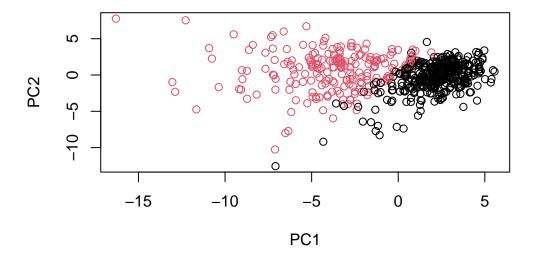
7 PCs are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance.

```
biplot(wisc.pr)
```



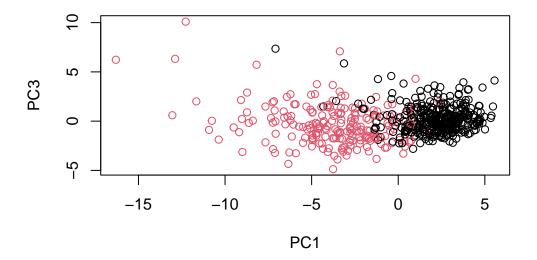
Q7. What stands out to you about this plot? Is it easy or difficult to understand? Why?

I noticed that the column names are colored red and row names are colored black. There are arrows pointing towards the column names. This plot is difficult to understand because all the datapoints are labeled as column names or numbers.



Q8. Generate a similar plot for principal components 1 and 3. What do you notice about these plots?

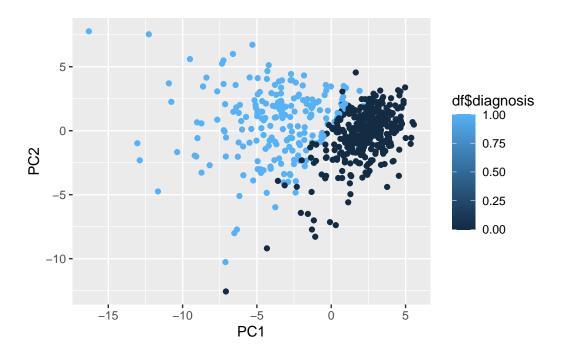
I noticed that the red and black clusters are more separated for the PC1 vs PC2 plot.



```
# Create a data.frame for ggplot
df <- as.data.frame(wisc.pr$x)
df$diagnosis <- diagnosis

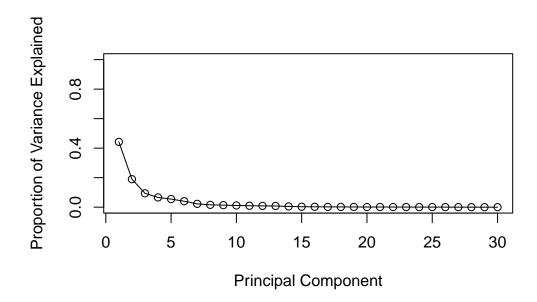
# Load the ggplot2 package
library(ggplot2)

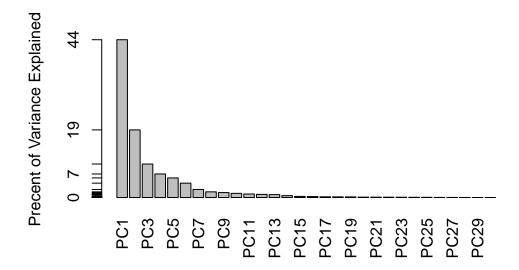
# Make a scatter plot colored by diagnosis
ggplot(df) +
   aes(PC1, PC2, col=df$diagnosis) +
   geom_point()</pre>
```



```
# Calculate variance of each component
pr.var <- wisc.pr$sdev^2
head(pr.var)</pre>
```

[1] 13.281608 5.691355 2.817949 1.980640 1.648731 1.207357





Q9. For the first principal component, what is the component of the loading vector (i.e. wisc.pr\$rotation[,1]) for the feature concave.points_mean?

wisc.pr\$rotation[,1]

perimeter_mean	texture_mean	radius_mean
-0.22753729	-0.10372458	-0.21890244
compactness_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	area_mean
-0.23928535	-0.14258969	-0.22099499
symmetry_mean	concave.points_mean	concavity_mean
-0.13816696	-0.26085376	-0.25840048
texture_se	radius_se	fractal_dimension_mean
-0.01742803	-0.20597878	-0.06436335
smoothness_se	area_se	perimeter_se
-0.01453145	-0.20286964	-0.21132592
concave.points_se	concavity_se	compactness_se
-0.18341740	-0.15358979	-0.17039345
radius_worst	fractal_dimension_se	symmetry_se
-0.22799663	-0.10256832	-0.04249842
area_worst	perimeter_worst	texture_worst
-0.22487053	-0.23663968	-0.10446933
concavity_worst	compactness_worst	smoothness_worst

-0.12795256	-0.21009588	-0.22876753
concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	<pre>fractal_dimension_worst</pre>
-0.25088597	-0.12290456	-0.13178394

The component is -0.26085376.

Q10. What is the minimum number of principal components required to explain 80% of the variance of the data?

```
summary(wisc.pr)
```

Importance of components:

```
PC1
                                  PC2
                                          PC3
                                                   PC4
                                                           PC5
                                                                   PC6
                                                                            PC7
Standard deviation
                        3.6444 2.3857 1.67867 1.40735 1.28403 1.09880 0.82172
Proportion of Variance 0.4427 0.1897 0.09393 0.06602 0.05496 0.04025 0.02251
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.4427\ 0.6324\ 0.72636\ 0.79239\ 0.84734\ 0.88759\ 0.91010
                            PC8
                                   PC9
                                          PC10
                                                  PC11
                                                          PC12
                                                                   PC13
                                                                           PC14
Standard deviation
                       0.69037 \ 0.6457 \ 0.59219 \ 0.5421 \ 0.51104 \ 0.49128 \ 0.39624
Proportion of Variance 0.01589 0.0139 0.01169 0.0098 0.00871 0.00805 0.00523
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.92598 \ 0.9399 \ 0.95157 \ 0.9614 \ 0.97007 \ 0.97812 \ 0.98335
                           PC15
                                   PC16
                                           PC17
                                                    PC18
                                                            PC19
                                                                     PC20
                                                                            PC21
Standard deviation
                       0.30681 0.28260 0.24372 0.22939 0.22244 0.17652 0.1731
Proportion of Variance 0.00314 0.00266 0.00198 0.00175 0.00165 0.00104 0.0010
                       0.98649 0.98915 0.99113 0.99288 0.99453 0.99557 0.9966
Cumulative Proportion
                           PC22
                                   PC23
                                          PC24
                                                   PC25
                                                           PC26
                                                                   PC27
                                                                            PC28
Standard deviation
                       0.16565 0.15602 0.1344 0.12442 0.09043 0.08307 0.03987
Proportion of Variance 0.00091 0.00081 0.0006 0.00052 0.00027 0.00023 0.00005
                       0.99749 0.99830 0.9989 0.99942 0.99969 0.99992 0.99997
Cumulative Proportion
                           PC29
                                   PC30
Standard deviation
                        0.02736 0.01153
Proportion of Variance 0.00002 0.00000
Cumulative Proportion 1.00000 1.00000
```

5 PCs are required to explain 80% of the variance.

3. Hierarchical clustering

```
# Scale the wisc.data data using the "scale()" function
data.scaled <- scale(wisc.data)

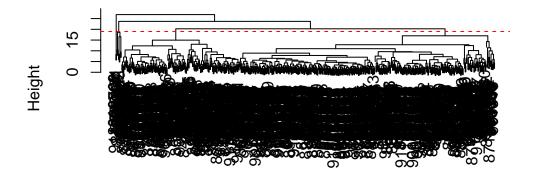
# Calculate the (Euclidean) distances between all pairs of observations
data.dist <- dist(data.scaled)

# Create a hierarchical clustering model
wisc.hclust <- hclust(data.dist, method="complete")

Q11. Using the plot() and abline() functions, what is the height at which the
clustering model has 4 clusters?

plot(wisc.hclust)
abline(h=19, col="red", lty=2)</pre>
```

Cluster Dendrogram



data.dist hclust (*, "complete")

The clustering model has 4 clusters at height around 19.

Q12. Can you find a better cluster vs diagnoses match by cutting into a different number of clusters between 2 and 10?

```
wisc.hclust.clusters <- cutree(wisc.hclust, k=5)
table(wisc.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)</pre>
```

```
diagnosis
wisc.hclust.clusters 0 1
1 12 165
2 0 5
3 343 40
4 2 0
5 0 2
```

5 clusters could be better as clusters 1, 2, and 5 repesent the malignant diagnosis and clusters 3, 4 represent the benign diagnosis.

Q13. Which method gives your favorite results for the same data.dist dataset? Explain your reasoning.

```
wisc.hclust1 <- hclust(data.dist, method="ward.D2")
wisc.hclust1.clusters <- cutree(wisc.hclust1, k=2)
table(wisc.hclust1.clusters, diagnosis)</pre>
```

```
diagnosis
wisc.hclust1.clusters 0 1
1 20 164
2 337 48
```

ward.D2 gives my favorite results because it can create clear clusters for benign and malignant cells even when cutting into 2 clusters.

4. OPTIONAL: K-means clustering

```
wisc.km <- kmeans(data.scaled, centers= 2, nstart= 20)
table(wisc.km$cluster, diagnosis)

diagnosis
    0    1
1    14  175
2   343   37</pre>
```

Q14. How well does k-means separate the two diagnoses? How does it compare to your helust results?

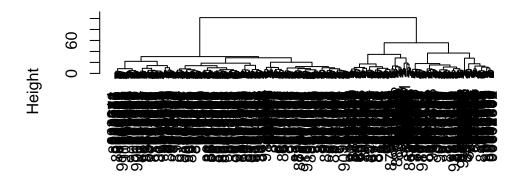
K-means separate the two diagnoses well as it creates more separated than my helust ward.D2 results.

```
table(wisc.km$cluster, wisc.hclust.clusters)
wisc.hclust.clusters
    1     2     3     4     5
1    160     5     20     2     2
2    17     0     363     0     0
```

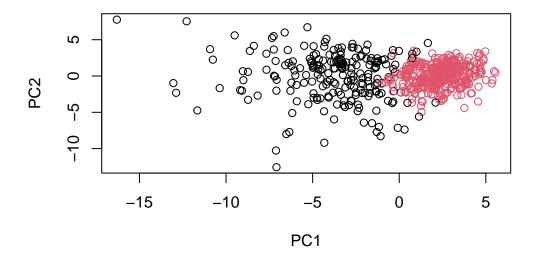
5. Combining methods

```
wisc.pr.hclust <- hclust(dist(wisc.pr$x[, 1:7]), method="ward.D2")
plot(wisc.pr.hclust)</pre>
```

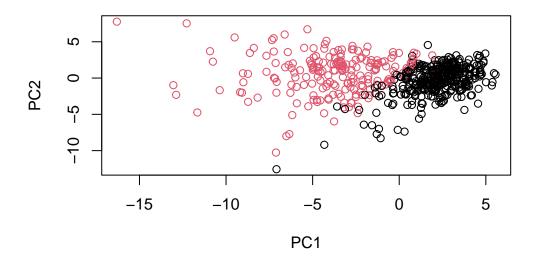
Cluster Dendrogram



dist(wisc.pr\$x[, 1:7]) hclust (*, "ward.D2")



 $\verb"plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2]", col=diagnosis+1")$



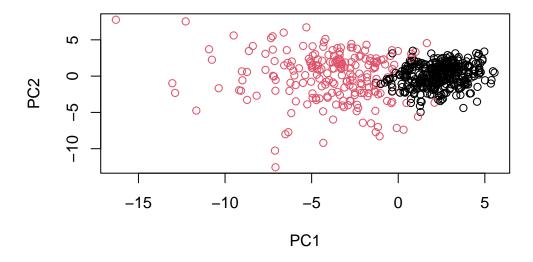
```
g <- as.factor(grps)
levels(g)

[1] "1" "2"

# reorder the levels
g <- relevel(g,2)
levels(g)

[1] "2" "1"

# Plot using our re-ordered factor
plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=g)</pre>
```



Use the distance along the first 7 PCs for clustering i.e. wisc.pr\$x[, 1:7]
wisc.pr.hclust <- hclust(dist(wisc.pr\$x[,1:7]), method="ward.D2")</pre>

```
# Cut this hierarchical clustering model into 2 clusters
wisc.pr.hclust.clusters <- cutree(wisc.pr.hclust, k=2)

# Compare to actual diagnoses
table(wisc.pr.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)</pre>
```

diagnosis
wisc.pr.hclust.clusters 0 1
1 28 188
2 329 24

Q15. How well does the newly created model with four clusters separate out the two diagnoses?

The new model is better at separating out the diagnoses.