MARKS:



AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY-BANGLADESH (AIUB)

Data Communication Laboratory LAB PROJECT

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Section: [G]

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Course Teacher: MD MEHEDI HASAN

Student Name: DEBORAJ ROY

Student ID: 19-40158-1

Data Communication

Lab Project

Develop a communication system using MATLAB/Octave that will send and receive images in a form of analog signal. Consider 10X10 pixel color images. You will require 24 bits to represent 1 pixel. The system uses synchronous transmission considering QPSK modulation and demodulation.

- 1. Show the transmuted bits at the sender.
- 2. Show the analog signals after modulation.
- 3. Show received signal considering AWGN channel.
- 4. Demonstrate your system with an input image (show the output image).

Hint: You should create a function to encode the 10X10 pixel color image into binary bit sequence. Then, convert the bit sequence to analog signal and add noise. Finally, decode at the receiver.

Function:

```
function DEB = imageTobinConverter(image)
figure
subplot(4,1,1);
imshow(image);
title('Original Image');
subplot(4,1,2);
grimage = rgb2gray(image);
grimageAdj = imadjust(grimage);
title('GrayScale Image');
binimage = imbinarize(grimageAdj);
subplot(4,1,3);
imshow(binimage)
title('Binary Image');
s = sum(binimage, 2);
subplot(4,1,4);
plot(s)
title('Sum of columns');
disp("Original binary matrix for Image:");
disp(binimage);
DEB = reshape(binimage, 1, numel(binimage));
end
```

Code:

```
% DEBORAJ ROY 19-40158-1.
clc;
close all;
workspace;
fontSize = 14;
image = imread("40158.png"); % can use any size image.
binaryData = imageTobinConverter(image);
disp("Message transmitter: ");
figure
stem(binaryData, 'Linewidth',1), grid on;
title('Information before Transmiting ');
axis([ 0 99 0 1.5]);
disp(binaryData);
size(binaryData);
data NZR=2*binaryData-1;
SPData=reshape(data_NZR,2,length(binaryData)/2);
br=10^6;
f=br;
T=1/br;
t=T/99:T/99:T;
y=[];
yInPhase=[];
yQuadrature=[];
rcvddata=image;
for i=1:length(binaryData)/2
    y1=SPData(1,i)*cos(2*pi*f*t);
    y2=SPData(2,i)*sin(2*pi*f*t);
    yInPhase=[yInPhase y1];
    yQuadrature=[yQuadrature y2];
    y = [y y1 + y2];
end
transmittedSignal=awgn(y,10);
```

```
tt=T/99:T/99:(T*length(binaryData))/2;
figure
subplot(3,1,1);
plot(tt,y inPhase,'Linewidth',3), grid on;
title('QPSK modulation');
xlabel('time(sec)');
ylabel('Amplitude(volt0');
subplot(3,1,2);
plot(tt,y quadrature, 'Linewidth', 3), grid on;
title('QPSK modulation ');
xlabel('time(sec)');
ylabel('Amplitude(volt0');
subplot(3,1,3);
plot(tt,transmittedSignal,'r','Linewidth',3), grid on;
title('QPSK modulated signal (sum of inphase and Quadrature phase
signal)');
xlabel('time(sec)');
ylabel('Amplitude(volt0');
receivedData=[];
receivedSignal=transmittedSignal;
for i=1:1:length(binaryData)/2
    ZInPhase=receivedSignal((i-1)*length(t)+1:i*length(t)).*cos(2*pi*f*t);
    ZInPhase intg=(trapz(t,ZInPhase))*(2/T);
    if(ZInPhase intg>0)
        receivedInphaseData=1;
    else
       receivedInphaseData=0;
    end
    Quadrature=receivedSignal((i-
1) *length(t)+1:i*length(t)).*sin(2*pi*f*t);
    Quadrature intg=(trapz(t,Quadrature)) *(2/T);
```

```
if (Quadrature_intg>0)
          receivedQuadratureData=1;
        else
          receivedQuadratureData=0;
        end
        receivedData=[receivedData receivedInphaseData
receivedQuadratureData]; % Received Data vector
end
figure
stem(receivedData,'Linewidth',1);
title('Information after Receiveing ');
axis([ 0 99 0 1.5]), grid on;
figure
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(rcvddata);
title('Output Image');
De=reshape(receivedData, 10, []);
disp("binary matrix after receiving & demodulation");
disp(De);
GrayImage = uint8(255 *receivedData);
```











