Experiment-9

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in Java with Lab

9.1.1 Aim: To demonstrate dependency injection using Spring Framework with Java-based configuration.

9.1.2 Objective:

Define Course and Student classes. Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies. Load Spring context and print student details.

9.1.3 Code:

```
public class Course {
    private String courseName; private
    String duration;

public Course(String courseName, String duration) { this.courseName =
        courseName;
        this.duration = duration;
}

public String getCourseName() { return courseName; } public
    String getDuration() { return duration; }

@Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Course: " + courseName + ", Duration: " + duration;
    }
}

public class Student { private
    String name; private Course
```



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```
public Student(String name, Course course) {
     this.name = name;
     this.course = course;
   public void showDetails() { System.out.println("Student: " +
     name); System.out.println(course);
import org.springframework.context.annotation.*;
@Configuration
public class AppConfig { @Bean
  public Course course() {
     return new Course("Java", "3 months");
   @Bean
   public Student student() {
     return new Student("Aman", course());
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
public class MainApp {
   public static void main(String[] args) { ApplicationContext
     context = new
AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class); Student
     student = context.getBean(Student.class);
     student.showDetails();
Output:
```

```
Course: Java, Duration: 4 months
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



Experiment -9.2

Aim: To perform CRUD operations on a Student entity using Hibernate ORM with MySQL.

Objective: Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies.

Load Spring context and print student details.

```
Code:
```

```
<hibernate-configuration>
        <session-factory>
          property
name="hibernate.connection.driver class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
          property
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb</property>
          property name="hibernate.connection.username">root/property>
          property name="hibernate.connection.password">password/property>
          property
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect</property>
          cproperty name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">update/property>
          <mapping class="Student"/>
        </session-factory>
      </hibernate-configuration>
import javax.persistence.*;
Entity
public class Student {
```

```
deneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
private int id;
private String name;
private int age;

public Student() {}
public Student(String name, int age) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
}
```



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```
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 import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
 import org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
 public class HibernateUtil {
   private static final SessionFactory sessionFactory;
   static {
      sessionFactory = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
   public static SessionFactory getSessionFactory() {
      return sessionFactory;
 import org.hibernate.*;
 public class MainCRUD {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Session session = HibernateUtil.getSessionFactory().openSession();
      Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
      Student s1 = new Student("Aman", 22);
      session.save(s1);
      tx.commit();
```

```
Student student students;

tx = session.beginTransaction();
student.setAge(23);
session.update(student);
tx.commit();

tx = session.beginTransaction();
session.delete(student);

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tx.commit();
session.close();
```

Output:

```
Saved: Student{id=1, name='SAHIL', age=21}
Fetched: Student{id=1, name='SAHIL', age=21}
Updated: Student{id=1, name='SAHIL', age=23}
Deleted student with ID 1

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



Experiment -9.3

Aim: To implement a banking system using Spring and Hibernate that ensures transaction

consistency during fund transfers.

Objective:

```
Integrate Spring + Hibernate.

Handle transactions atomically (rollback on failure).

Demonstrate success and failure cases.
```

Code:

```
import javax.persistence.*;
Entity
public class Account { @Id
  private int accountId; private
  String holderName; private
  double balance;
import javax.persistence.*;
import java.util.Date;
@Entity
public class BankTransaction { @Id
  @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private int txnId;
  private int fromAcc;
  private int toAcc; private
  double amount;
  private Date txnDate = new Date();
import org.hibernate.*;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
```



```
public class BankService {
  private SessionFactory sessionFactory;
  public BankService(SessionFactory sessionFactory) {
     this.sessionFactory = sessionFactory;
  @Transactional
  public void transferMoney(int fromId, int toId, double amount) { Session
     session = sessionFactory.getCurrentSession();
     Account from = session.get(Account.class, fromId); Account
     to = session.get(Account.class, toId);
     if (from.getBalance() < amount) {
       throw new RuntimeException("Insufficient Balance");
     from.setBalance(from.getBalance() - amount);
     to.setBalance(to.getBalance() + amount);
     session.update(from);
     session.update(to);
     BankTransaction txn = new BankTransaction(fromId, toId, amount); session.save(txn);
@Configuration
@EnableTransactionManagement
public class AppConfig {
  @Bean
  public DataSource dataSource() {
     DriverManagerDataSource ds = new DriverManagerDataSource();
     ds.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
     ds.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb"); ds.setUsername("root");
     ds.setPassword("password");
```

```
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      return ds;
   @Bean
   public LocalSessionFactoryBean sessionFactory() {
      LocalSessionFactoryBean lsf = new LocalSessionFactoryBean();
      lsf.setDataSource(dataSource()); lsf.setPackagesToScan("your.package");
      Properties props = new Properties();
      props.put("hibernate.dialect", "org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect");
      props.put("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto", "update"); lsf.setHibernateProperties(props);
      return lsf;
   @Bean
   public HibernateTransactionManager transactionManager(SessionFactory sf) { return new
      HibernateTransactionManager(sf);
   }
   @Bean
   public BankService bankService(SessionFactory sf) { return
      new BankService(sf);
 public class MainApp {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new
 AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
      BankService service = ctx.getBean(BankService.class);
      try {
        service.transferMoney(101, 102, 500);
        System.out.println("Transaction Successful!");
      } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Transaction Failed: " + e.getMessage());
```

```
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ctx.close();
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Transaction Successful!
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Learning Outcome:

Learned how to define and manage **Spring beans** using @Configuration, @Bean, and dependency injection. I understood the working of a simple Java application wired using **Spring's ApplicationContext**, which improves modularity and decoupling.

Explored **Hibernate ORM** to perform CRUD operations on a database using entity classes mapped via annotations. I learned how to configure hibernate.cfg.xml, establish a connection with MySQL, and use Hibernate's SessionFactory, Session, and Transaction objects to persist and manipulate data.

Learned to combine both Spring and Hibernate to simulate a **real-world banking transaction system**. I learned how to handle transactions using @Transactional, manage dependencies using Spring's @Configuration and @Bean annotations, and implement business logic for transferring money securely between accounts with rollback support in case of errors.