Optimizing TransBorder Freight Operations in North America

By: Adeolu Deborah Boluwatife

GitHub Repo: https://github.com/Debv122/transborder-freight-analysis.git

Executive Summary

- Analyzed 2020 US TransBorder Freight Data (BTS)
- Focused on trends, inefficiencies, and sustainability in trade with Canada & Mexico
- Used CRISP-DM framework to drive structured, data-backed insights
- Recommendations target cost savings, environmental impact, and performance

Business Goal

Enhance the efficiency, uncover patterns, and propose actionable recommendations.

CRISP-DM Approach

- Business Understanding → Optimize freight operations
- Data Understanding → BTS 2020 Monthly Data
- Preparation → Cleaned, engineered key metrics
- Analysis → Trends, inefficiencies, and opportunities
- Evaluation → COVID impacts, seasonal trends
- Deployment → Recommendations + GitHub release

Analytical Questions

- 1. Which U.S. states have the highest and lowest trans-border trade values?
- 2. What are the top ports of entry/exit and how do they compare?
- 3. Which transport modes dominate and how do they vary by region/commodity?
- 4. What are the leading traded commodities and how do their values change over time?

- 5. How do trade flows fluctuate seasonally or during anomalies like COVID?
- 6. Where are the inefficiencies, zero-weight high-value shipments or underused routes?
- 7. What recommendations can improve efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and sustainability?

Key Visual Insights

- Top States: Texas, Michigan, California (Where Trade Is Happening)
- Top Ports: Laredo and Detroit dominate entry/exit points
- Modes of Transport: Trucks lead, but rail and vessels are underutilized
- Top Commodities: Vehicles, fuels, machinery
- Seasonal Trends & COVID Impact: Drop early 2020, recovery later
- Inefficiencies: Zero-weight, high-value records + underused routes

Key Findings

- Trucking dominates but strains sustainability
- Port & route bottlenecks exist
- Data anomalies signal operational/reporting gaps
- Seasonal and global disruptions clearly affect flow

Actionable Recommendations

- 1. Invest in underused rail & vessel routes
- 2. Encourage green logistics practices
- 3. Use AI for real-time freight monitoring
- 4. Improve cross-border policy harmonization
- 5. Strengthen data accuracy & standards

Conclusion

Data-backed logistics can shape more sustainable, cost-effective freight systems across North America. This project offers a blueprint for smarter cross-border trade.