

Homework #4
problem #1

Due Dec 11/2017

$$1a) P(X_5 = S_3) = 1 - P(X_5 = S_2) - P(X_5 = S_1)$$

$$P(X_5 = S_2) = \begin{matrix} t_1 & t_2 & t_3 & t_4 & t_5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ \pi(t) & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ \pi(t) & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ \pi(t) & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ \pi(t) & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{32}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \pi(t) & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} = \frac{1}{16} = \frac{2}{32}$$

$$\therefore P(X_5 = S_3) = 1 - \frac{4}{32} - \frac{2}{32} = \frac{26}{32}$$

$$1b) P(X_5 = S_3 \mid X_{1:7} = AABCABC)$$

$$= \frac{P(X_5 = S_3, X_{1:7} = AABCABC)}{P(X_{1:7} = AABCABC)} = \underbrace{\pi(x_0)}_{t_1} \prod_{t=1}^5 \underbrace{B(x_t, x_{t-1} \mid \eta(x_t, y_{t-1}))}_{\text{other contributors}}$$

$$\text{Since } X_5 = A \quad B(A, S_3) = 0$$

$$B(A, S_3) T(S_3, (S_1, S_2, S_3)) = 0 \quad \text{At } t=5$$

for $t=6$ update

initialization $\alpha_{1,1}) = P(X=A, Y=1) = B(A, 1) \cdot \pi(1)$

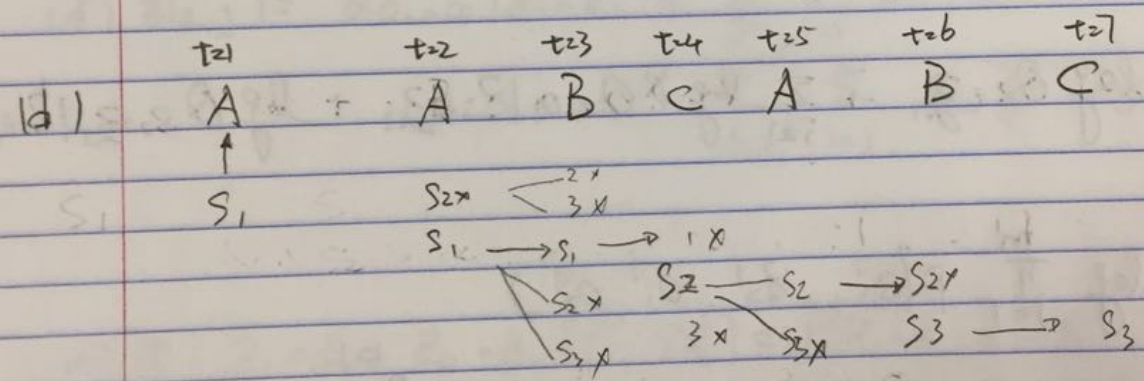
$$\begin{aligned} \text{1c) } \alpha_{t+1,1}) &= P(s_{0:t+1}, x_{t+1}=1) \\ &= B([A, B, C], 1) \left[T(1,1) \alpha_{t,1}) + T(1,2) \alpha_{t,2}) + T(1,3) \alpha_{t,3}) \right] \\ &= B([A, B, C], 1) \times \frac{1}{2} \alpha_{t,1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_{t+1,2}) &= P(s_{0:t+1}, x_{t+1}=2) \\ &= B([A, B, C], 2) \left[T(2,1) \alpha_{t,1}) + T(2,2) \alpha_{t,2}) + T(2,3) \alpha_{t,3}) \right] \\ &= B([A, B, C], 2) \left[\frac{1}{4} \alpha_{t,1}) + \frac{1}{2} \alpha_{t,2}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_{t+1,3}) &= P(s_{0:t+1}, x_{t+1}=3) \\ &= B([A, B, C], 3) \left[T(3,1) \alpha_{t,1}) + T(3,2) \alpha_{t,2}) + T(3,3) \alpha_{t,3}) \right] \\ &= B([A, B, C], 3) \left[\frac{1}{4} \alpha_{t,1}) + \frac{1}{2} \alpha_{t,2}) + \alpha_{t,3}) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_{1,1}) &= P(X=A, Y=1) = B(A, 1) \cdot \pi(1) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

A	t	$\alpha_t(1)$	$\alpha_t(2)$	$\alpha_t(3)$
	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0
B(A,1)	2	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(0, 1)$
	3	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	0
B(B,1)	4	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(0, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$
	5	$\frac{1}{32}$	0	$\frac{1}{32}$
B(C,1)	6	$(0, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$
	7	0	$\frac{1}{256}$	$\frac{5}{256}$
BCA,1)	8	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(0, 1)$
	9	0	$\frac{1}{1024}$	0
B(B,1)	10	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(0, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$
	11	0	0	$\frac{1}{4096}$
B(C,1)	12	$(0, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$
	13	0	0	$\frac{1}{8192}$



$\Rightarrow S_1, S_1, S_1, S_2, S_2', S_3, S_3$

$$P(x_{0:T}, z_{0:T}) = P(S_1, S_1, S_1, S_2, S_2', S_3, S_3, AA, BCAB, C)$$

$$= \pi(C_1) \cdot B(CA, 1) \underset{t=1 \text{ fixed}}{T(C_1, 1)} \cdot B(A, 1) \cdot \underset{t=2 \text{ fixed}}{T(1, 1)} \cdot B(B, 1) \underset{t=3}{T(2, 1)} \cdot B(C, 2) \underset{t=4}{T(2, 2)} \cdot B(A, 2) \underset{t=5}{T(3, 2)} \cdot B(CB, 3) \cdot T(3, 3) \cdot B(C, 3)$$

$$= (1 \times \frac{1}{2}) \times (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times (\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}) \\ \times (\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times (1 \times \frac{1}{2}) = (\frac{1}{4})^{13}$$

problem #2

$$1a) \log p(z_1, z_2, o_1, o_2) = \pi(z_1) \left[\prod_{i=1}^2 B(o_i; z_i) \right] T(z_2, z_1)$$

$$= \log \{ p(z_1=z_1) \cdot p(o_1=o_1 | z_1=z_1) \cdot p(o_2=o_2 | z_2=z_2) \\$$

$$p(z_2=z_2 | z_1=z_1) \}$$

$$= \log \left[Q_{z_1=z_1} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^2 Q_{o_i=o_i | z_i=z_i} \cdot Q_{z_2=z_2 | z_1=z_1} \right]$$

$$= \log Q_{z_1=z_1} + \sum_{i=1}^2 \log Q_{o_i=o_i | z_i=z_i} + \log Q_{z_2=z_2 | z_1=z_1}$$

$$1b) \log \prod_{j=1}^m p(z_1^{(j)}, z_2^{(j)}, o_1^{(j)}, o_2^{(j)})$$

$$= \log \prod_{j=1}^m \left[Q_{z_1=z_1}^{(j)} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^2 Q_{o_i=o_i | z_i=z_i}^{(j)} \cdot Q_{z_2=z_2 | z_1=z_1}^{(j)} \right]$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^m \log(x)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^m \left[\log Q_{z_1=z_1}^{(j)} + \sum_{i=1}^2 \log Q_{o_i=o_i | z_i=z_i}^{(j)} + \log Q_{z_2=z_2 | z_1=z_1}^{(j)} \right]$$

$$1c) Q(z_2 = z_2 | z_1 = z_1) = T(z_2, z_1)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_{t+1}^{(j)} = z_2, z_t^{(j)} = z_1 \}}{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_t^{(j)} = z_1 \}}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_t^{(j)} = z_1 \}}{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_t^{(j)} = z_1 \}}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_2^{(j)} = z_2, z_1^{(j)} = z_1 \}}{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{t=2}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_2^{(j)} = z_2 \}}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \mathbb{1} \{ z_2^{(j)} = z_2 \}}{\sum_{j=1}^m \mathbb{1} \{ z_2^{(j)} = z_2 \}}$$

$$1d) B(i, j) = Q(o_i = o_i | z_i = z_i) = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^T \mathbb{1} \{ o_i^{(j)} = o_i, z_i^{(j)} = z_i \}}{\sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^T \mathbb{1} \{ z_i^{(j)} = z_i \}}$$

$$1e) Q(z_1 = z_1, z_2 = z_2 | o_1^j, o_2^j) = P(z_1 = z_1, z_2 = z_2, o_1 = o_1, o_2 = o_2)$$

$$\frac{\sum_{z_1, z_2} P(z_1 = z_1, z_2 = z_2, o_1 = o_1, o_2 = o_2)}{P(z_{0:T} | o_{0:T})}$$

$$Q - \text{function} \Rightarrow Q = Q^* = P(z_{0:T} | o_{0:T})$$

$$= P(z_1, z_2 | o_1, o_2)$$

$$Q = \left[\sum_{i=1}^2 Q_{2,=2_i} \cdot \frac{2}{4} Q_{0,=0_i} | z_i = z_i \cdot Q_{z_2=z_2} | z_i = z_i \right]$$

$$\left[\sum_{z_1, z_2} (*) \right]$$

$$H) f_{t+1|i} = P(z_{t+1}=i | O_{0:T}) = P(z_1=z_1, O_2=O_2) = \sum_{z_2} P(z_1=z_1, z_2=z_2 | O_1, O_2)$$

$$T(i,j) = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^T g^k(i,j)}{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^T f^k(i,j)}$$

$$f = P(z_t = i | O_{0:T})$$

$$= P(z_2 | O_1, O_2) = \sum_{z_1} P(z_1, z_2 | O_1, O_2)$$

$$= \sum_{z_1} |Q|$$

$$g(i,j) = P(z_1, z_2 | O_1, O_2) = Q$$

$$1g) Q_{0,0} | z_1 = z_2 = B(i,j)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^T \mathbb{1}(o_t^{(k)} = 1) r_t^{(k)} \pi(1)}{\sum_{k=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^T r_t^{(k)} \pi(1)}$$

$$r_t^{(k)}(B) = \sum_{z_1} P(z_1, z_2 | o_1, o_2) = \sum_{z_1} Q$$

$$r(z_1) = P(z_1 | o_1, o_2) = \sum_{z_2} Q$$

$$r(z_2) = P(z_2 | o_1, o_2) = \sum_{z_1} Q$$