

## Problem 1

- a) Find the electric field a distance  $z$  above the centre of a circular loop of radius  $a$ , which carries a uniform line charge  $\lambda$ .
- b) Find the electric field a distance  $z$  above the centre of a flat circular disk of radius  $a$ , which carries a uniform surface charge  $\sigma$ .

Check the behaviour in the limiting cases:

- i)  $a \rightarrow \infty$
- ii)  $z \gg a$

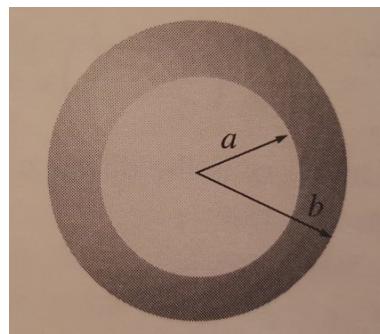
## Problem 2

A hollow spherical shell carries charge density

$$\rho(r) = \frac{k}{r^2}$$

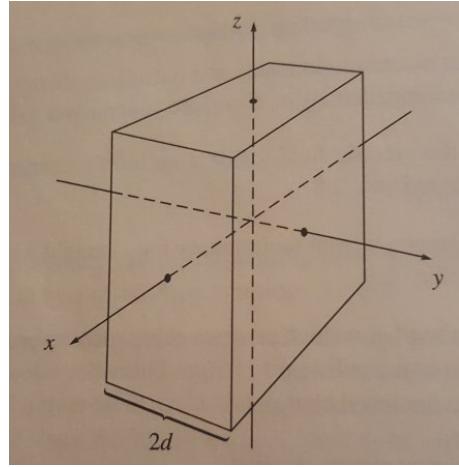
in the region  $a \leq r \leq b$ , as shown in the figure. Find the electric field in three regions:

- i)  $r < a$
- ii)  $a < r < b$
- iii)  $r > b$



### Problem 3

An infinite plane slab, of thickness  $2d$ , carries a uniform volume charge density  $\rho$ . Find the electric field, as a function of  $y$ , where  $y = 0$  at the centre.



### Problem 4

A long coaxial cable (see figure) carries a uniform *volume* charge density  $\rho$  on the inner cylinder (with radius  $a$ ), and a uniform *surface* charge density on the outer cylindrical shell (with radius  $b$ ). The surface charge is negative and its magnitude is chosen to make the cable electrically neutral. Find the electric field in three regions:

- i)  $\rho < a$
- ii)  $a < \rho < b$
- iii)  $\rho > b$

