# **SQL Queries and Database Objects**

# Lab: Writing SQL Queries using Employee-Department Tables

# Refer to scripts present in Samples/Module2/PracticeQueries

Create Tables using script: Emp\_Dept.sql

## **Simple Select queries**

- 1. Calculate total salary of employee as Salary + commission and get employee name and Annual Salary.
- 2. Get all employees in department 10 and name starting with (a-c)
- 3. Sort employees by department no and names.
- 4. Get employees with job as salesman or clerk.
- 5. Get Top 3 Employees having Highest salaries

## **Aggregate Queries**

- 6. Get total no of employees in each department.
- 7. Get Max, Min, Avg, Sum of Salary for each department.
- 8. Get total no of employees in each department with salary more than 1500.
- 9. Get total no of employees in 10, 30 department.
- 10. Get Min, Max Salary in each department, Department should have more than 3 employees
- 11. Get Total no of employees hired in different years.

#### Joins

- 12. Get Employee name, salary and DepartmentName
- 13. Get all Employee and department details.Include all employees if if department is not assigned to them
- 14. Get employee name, manager name and their salaries
- 15. Get Department for which there is no employee
- 16. Get Manager name and total number of employees working under that manager.

# **Subqueries**

- 17. Get details of employees with same salary as 'SCOTT'
- 18. Get employees having same job as SCOTT or SMITH
- 19. Display the names of employees who earn salary more than that of Allen or Scott.
- 20. Get details of employees under manager 'JONES'

## **Co-related Sub Queries**

- 21. Get all employees having salary greater than average salary of their own department.
- 22. Select Department details having
  - a. At least one employee
  - b. No employee

# **Table Values Subquery**

23. Get empname, salary and average salary of department to which employee belongs to.

#### **Advanced Queries:**

## **Window Aggregate Functions**

1. Get Employee Details along with average Salary of their own Department.

```
SELECT FKDeptid, Salary, EmpName, Avg(Salary) OVER (PARTITION BY FKDeptid) FROM Employee
```

2. Get Employee Details with average Salary of their own Department and difference between Salary and Avg Salary.

```
SELECT FKDeptId, Salary, EmpName, Avg(Salary) OVER (PARTITION BY FKDeptid), Salary -Avg(Salary
```

## Window ranking Functions: ROW\_NUMBER(),RANK(),DENSE RANK(),NTILE()

```
Give ranks to all Employees based on Salaries

Select Empname, Salary, Job, ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY SALARY) AS RowNum From Employee

Give ranks to Employees for Each Job based on Salaries

Select Empname, Salary, Job, RANK() OVER (partition by job ORDER BY SALARY) AS RowNum From Employee
```

Pivot: Pivoting in SQL Server rotates the display of data from row based orientation to column based orientation.

## **Original Query:**

```
Select FKDeptId,job,Sum(Salary) as TotalSalary
From Employee
Group by Job,Fkdeptid
```

## **Using Pivot**

```
WITH PIVOTTABLE AS
(
SELECT Job, FKDeptId, Salary
FROM Employee
)
Select Job, [10], [20], [30]
From PIVOTTABLE
PIVOT(SUM(Salary) FOR FKDeptId IN ([10],[20],[30])) AS T1
```

#### **Database Objects:**

View: Create view to show Employee Summary departmentwise

```
Create View vw_Empdeptsummary
as

SELECT D.DeptName,MIN(Salary) as MinSal,MAX(Salary) as MaxSal,SUM(Salary) as
TotalSal,AVG(Salary) as AvgSal,count(*) as TotalEmp
FROM Employee E
INNER JOIN Department D
ON E.FKDeptId=D.PKDeptId
GROUP BY D.DeptName
```

# Stored Procedure:Write a procedure to update employee salary based on department and return no of rows affected

```
CREATE PROCEDUE SpUpdateEmployee(@id int,@increment)

AS

Update Employee
Set Salary=Salary+@increment
Where fkdeptId =@id
return @@rowcount
```

#### To Execute:

Declare @no int EXEC @no = SpUpdateEmployee 1111,1000 Print @no

# **Function:Create Function to get Total Salary of Department**