WebAuthn uses public key certificates instead of passwords to complete user registration and identity authentication (login). It is more like an enhancement or supplement to existing identity authentication. In order to ensure the security of communication data, it is generally based on HTTPS (TLS) communication.

- 1. Server: It can be considered as a relying party (Relying Party), it will store the user's public key and is responsible for user registration, authentication.
- 2. Browser: Credential Management API with WebAuthn is required
- 3. Authentication module (Authenticator): It can create, store, and retrieve identity credentials. It is generally a hardware device (smart card, USB), or it may have been integrated into your operating system (such as Windows Hello).

1: Register

- (a) Initiate a registration request
- (b) The server returns Challenge, user information, relying party information
- (c) The browser calls the authentication module to generate a certificate

This is an asynchronous task, and the JS script calls the browser's navigator.credentials.create to create a certificate.

```
getMakeCredentialsChallenge({username, name})
         . then((response) \Rightarrow {}
             let publicKey = preformatMakeCredReq(response);
             return navigator.credentials.create({ publicKey })
        })
         . then((response) \Rightarrow \{
             console.log(response);
             let makeCredResponse = publicKeyCredentialToJSON(response);
             return sendWebAuthnResponse (makeCredResponse)
        })
         . then((response) \Rightarrow \{
             if (response.status === 'ok') {
                 loadMainContainer()
             } else {
                 alert ('Server responed with error. The message is: ${response.message}
        })
```

- (d) The authentication module creates a pair of public / private key and attestation data
- (e) The authentication module sends the public key / Credential rawID / attestation to the browser

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- (f) The browser sends Credential to the server
- (g) Server completes registration

2: Authentication

Same as most steps for registration

Call navigator.credentials.get of the browser to retrieve the certificate.

```
getGetAssertionChallenge({username})
        . then((response) \Rightarrow {}
             console.log(response)
             let publicKey = preformatGetAssertReq(response);
             return navigator.credentials.get({ publicKey })
        })
         . then((response) \Rightarrow {}
             console.log(response)
             let getAssertionResponse = publicKeyCredentialToJSON(response);
             return sendWebAuthnResponse (getAssertionResponse)
        })
         . then((response) \Rightarrow {}
             if (response.status === 'ok') {
                 loadMainContainer()
             } else {
                 alert ('Server responed with error. The message is: ${response.message}
        })
```

3: Task

(a) Algorithm:

```
import urllib
import base64
import getpass
import urllib3
urllib3.disable_warnings(urllib3.exceptions.InsecureRequestWarning)
import base64

import simplejson
import requests
import cbor2 as cbor
from fido2.hid import CtapHidDevice
from fido2.client import Fido2Client
```

```
class Fido2HttpClient(object):
   session = None
   server = None
   dev = None
   ssl\_verify = True
   begin_url = None
   complete_url = None
   is authenticated = False
   verbose = False
   def authenticate_to(self,
            server, begin_endpoint, complete_endpoint,
            session=None, append_to_data=None, append_to_headers=None):
        self.server = server
        self.init dev()
        begin_url = urllib.parse.urljoin(server, begin_endpoint)
        complete_url = urllib.parse.urljoin(server, complete_endpoint)
        if self.dev:
            if session:
                self.session = session
            if not self.session:
                self.session = requests.session()
            self.begin(begin_url,
                append_to_headers=append_to_headers)
            self.complete(complete url,
                append_to_data=append_to_data,
                append to headers=append to headers)
        return self.is_authenticated
   def log(self, *args):
        if self.verbose: print(args)
   def ask_for_interaction(self):
        print ('Touch your authenticator device...')
   def no_device_found(self):
        print('No FIDO device found')
   def authenticated (self):
        print('Authenticated')
   def say not authenticated (self, data):
        print('Not Authenticated')
   def init_dev(self):
```

```
self.dev = next(CtapHidDevice.list_devices(), None)
    if not self.dev:
        self.no_device_found()
def begin (self, begin_url, append_to_headers=None):
    headers = \{\}
    if append_to_headers:
        for k in append_to_headers:
             headers [k] = append to headers [k]
    r = self.session.post(begin_url,
        verify=self.ssl_verify,
        headers=headers)
    self.begin data = cbor.loads(r.content)
    self.log('BEGIN RESPONSE: ', self.begin data)
\label{lem:complete_url} \mbox{def complete\_url} \; , \; \; \mbox{append\_to\_data=None} \; , \; \; \mbox{append\_to\_headers=None} \; ) \; :
    fido2_client = Fido2Client(self.dev, self.server)
    pubkey = self.begin_data['publicKey']
    challenge = base64.b64encode(pubkey['challenge'])
    challenge = challenge.decode('utf-8')
    allow_list = [{
         'type': 'public-key',
        'id': pubkey['allowCredentials'][0]['id'],
    }]
    self.ask_for_interaction()
    try:
        assertions, client_data = fido2_client.get_assertion(
             pubkey['rpId'],
             challenge,
             allow_list)
    except ValueError:
        assertions, client_data = fido2_client.get_assertion(
             pubkey['rpId'],
             challenge,
             allow list,
             pin=getpass.getpass('Please enter PIN:'))
    assertion = assertions [0]
    self.log('ASSERTION:', assertion)
    self.log('CLIENT DATA: ', client_data)
    user data = \{\}
    if append to data:
        user_data = append_to_data
```

```
user data = base64.b64encode(simplejson.dumps(user data).encode('utf-8'))
    data = {
        'credentialId': assertion.credential['id'],
        'authenticatorData': assertion.auth_data,
        'clientDataJSON': client_data,
        'signature': assertion.signature,
        'user_data': user_data,
    body = cbor.dumps(data)
    headers = {'content-type': 'application/cbor'}
    if append_to_headers:
        for k in append to headers:
            headers [k] = append_to_headers [k]
    r = self.session.post(complete url,
        verify=self.ssl verify,
        headers=headers,
        data=body
    self._last_response = r
    data = cbor.loads(r.content)
    self.log('Response: ', data)
    if 'status' in data and data['status'] == 'OK':
        self.is authenticated = True
    else:
        self.is authenticated = False
    if self.is authenticated: self.authenticated()
    else: self.say not authenticated (data)
    return self.is authenticated
def get_last_response(self):
    return self._last_response
```

(b) Output: