

# Safe Handling of Escaped Animals in the Cabin: Best Practice

Evidence suggests that the number of incidents of live animals escaping in the cabin is increasing. The impact of this can threaten cabin safety, be intimidating for passengers and crew, and represent a potential health risk from bites, stings and animal-borne diseases. These guidelines are designed to help if you encounter live animals on-board an aircraft. The undeclared carriage of live animals breaches airline conditions of carriage and often these animals are being smuggled by wildlife traffickers in contravention of national and international regulations.

If you see or suspect a live animal has escaped in the cabin or hold, you should report it to your P.I.C. as soon as possible but do not touch the animal until you have read this guidance.

# If you find something - stay calm and do not put yourself or others at risk

Do not take unnecessary risks

Contain where possible, try and observe where you can't

Don't handle any animal unless you believe it is necessary or safe to do so

Move passengers away slowly and be cautious of sudden changes to weight distribution

Inform the station managers of your need for experts at arrival

# Assess the situation

- What is it?
- Is it alone or are there more than one?
- · Does it pose an immediate risk?
- · Does it belong to anyone?
- Is it calm/quiet/afraid/aggressive?

- Where is it?
- Is it completely contained (locked in the toilet or in a container)?
- If it is, leave it and do not let anyone access the area
- If it is still and not an immediate risk you may be able to leave it and watch it.

If anyone is bitten or stung and the animal is dead, retain the body so that medical professionals know what treatment is required.

### Prevention

Do not leave aircraft doors open and unattended for extended periods

Check the cabin before passenger embarkation and departure

Investigate and report anything suspicious as soon as possible.

# Live animals may be brought onto an aircraft on passengers or hidden in their luggage. What to look out for:

# Luggage that moves, smells or makes a noise

Passengers who don't eat or move, are very nervous, smell unusual, wear baggy clothing

### Small animals:

Place container (preferably transparent e.g. drinking glass/plastic box) over the top of the animal (1), slide a piece of paper underneath (2) and a rigid flat object beneath this (3). Tape the rigid base to the top of the container (4).

For small insects you may be able to seal with plastic film.

### Larger animals:

If the container method is not feasible, it may be possible to place a blanket or coat over the animal so that you can try to catch it without touching it.

Drop the animal in a larger container (solid) and secure. Place in the toilet and lock the door.

A calm snake may be willing to enter a dark bag held open in front of them. Wear gloves and do not place yourself at risk.

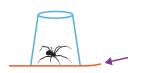
1) Trap the animal under a container



1) Slide a rigid flat object underneath the paper



2) Slide a piece of paper under the container



1) Tape the rigid, flat object to the top of the container



# Most common types of animals found on aircraft:



Most are not dangerous

Be careful of...

Bites can be extremely venomous

Hairs can cause irritation

Containment:

# Plastic container

(bin, glass, ice bucket etc.) with lid

Well sealed cardboard box

Safety equipment

Gloves



# **Scorpions**

All can sting

Be careful of...

Stings can be extremely venomous

Containment:

# Plastic container

(bin, glass, ice bucket etc.) with lid

Well sealed cardboard box

Safety equipment

Gloves



### **Rodents**

Good chewers

Be careful of...

Bites risk of disease

Chewing of equipment

Containment:

# Plastic container

(bin, glass, ice bucket etc.) with lid

!!! can chew through cardboard, thin plastic, cloth

Safety equipment

Gloves



All can bite

Be careful of...

Bites some are venomous

Squeezing dangerous in large specimens

Containment:

# Plastic container

(bin, glass, ice bucket etc.) Cloth bag (knot or tied at top). Can bite through bag so only handle this above the knot. Place in other container.

Safety equipment

Gloves Goggles



