Clustering:

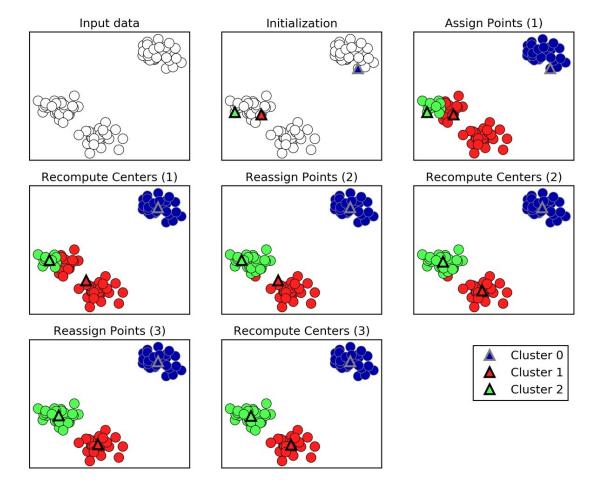
- --> Example of Unsupervised Learning.
- --> Clustering divides the data points into groups based on sillarity or distance measure.
- --> Goal: Smaples with in the cluster are vary similar and samples in different clusters are different.

K-Means Algorithm

- --> Inputs: X Input samples and K Number of clusters need to be created.
- --> Outputs: Group Labels assigned to each input and Cluster centers.

--> Pocedure:

- i. Randomly picks centroids for K clusters
- ii. Each data point is assigned to one of the K clusters based on the distance from centroids.
- iii. Recalculate each centroid using the mean of all the data points assigned to that cluster.
- iV. Repeat the steps ii and iii until there is no further re-arrange ment of cluster centers.



Step 1: Load iris dataset and trim it with only two features, petal length and petal width.

- --> Import load_iris dataset from sklearn.datasets module.
- --> Visualize the input samples with different colors for the categories.
 - * Use matplotlib.pyplot.scatter(feature1, feature2, c=categorical_variable)

```
In [1]: from sklearn.datasets import load iris
        dataset = load_iris()
        print(dataset.feature names)
        print(dataset.target_names)
        x = dataset.data[:, 2:4]
        y = dataset.target
        print(x.shape)
        print(y.shape)
        print(x[0:5])
        print(y[0:5])
        ['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)', 'petal length (cm)', 'petal width
         (cm)']
         ['setosa' 'versicolor' 'virginica']
         (150, 2)
         (150,)
         [[1.4 0.2]
          [1.4 \ 0.2]
          [1.3 0.2]
          [1.5 0.2]
          [1.4 0.2]]
         [0 0 0 0 0]
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        plt.scatter(x[:,0], x[:, 1], c=y)
        plt.show()
          2.5
          2.0
          1.5
          1.0
          0.5
```

Step 2: Fit the KMeans clustering model

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- --> Import the KMeans class from sklearn.cluster module.
- --> Create a model object using n clusters attribute.

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- --> Fit the model using fit(x) method.
- --> Use labels_ attribute to get labels assigned to all samples.

- --> Use cluster centers attribute to get cluster centers.
- --> Use predict method to know the cluster label for new data.

```
In [11]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
    kc = KMeans(n clusters=3)
    kc.fit(x)
    labels = kc.labels
    centers = kc.cluster_centers_
    print("Sample Group Labels:")
    print(labels)
    print("Cluster Centers: ")
    print(centers)
    Sample Group Labels:
     0 0]
    Cluster Centers:
     [[5.59583333 2.0375
     [1.462
           0.246
     [4.26923077 1.34230769]]
```

Step 3: Visulaize the clusters with centers

```
In [12]: plt.scatter(x[:,0], x[:, 1], c=labels)
    plt.scatter(centers[:, 0], centers[:, 1], color = "red", marker = "*", s = 120
    plt.show()
```

In [15]:	import numpy as np
	<pre>print(kc.predict(np.array([2.4, 1.3]).reshape(1, -1)))</pre>
	[1]
In []:	
In []:	