3.Euler math → \usepackage[]{ccfonts,eulervm} → \usepackage[T1]{fontspec}

 a_k and if $\gamma \approx 0$ in G then $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} f = \sum_{k=1}^{m} n(\gamma; a_k) \operatorname{Res}(f; a_k).$

Theorem 2 (Maximum Modulus). Let G be a bounded open set in \mathbb{C} and suppose that f is a continuous function on G⁻ which is analytic in G. Then

$$\max\{|\mathsf{f}(z)|:z\in\mathsf{G}^-\}=\max\{|\mathsf{f}(z)|:z\in\mathfrak{d}\mathsf{G}\}.$$

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