

CSE185

# Introduction to Computer Vision

## Lab 05: Image Pyramid and Template Matching

Instructor: Prof. Ming-Hsuan Yang

TA: Taihong Xiao & Tiantian Wang

# Overview

- Task 1: Gaussian Pyramid



# Overview

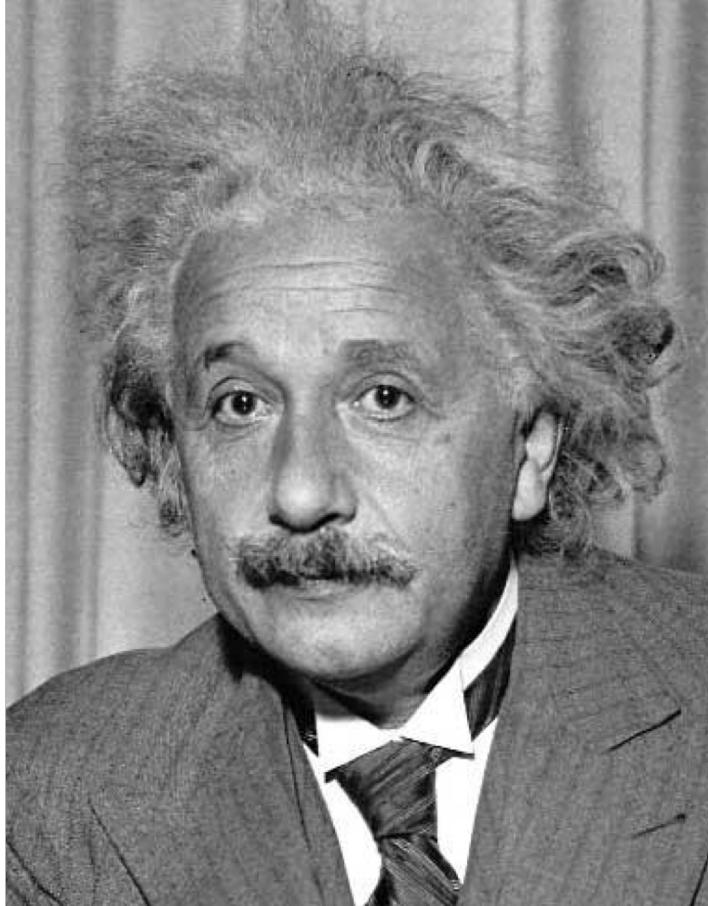
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- Task 1: Laplacian Pyramid

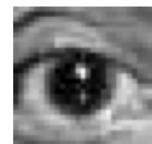


# Overview

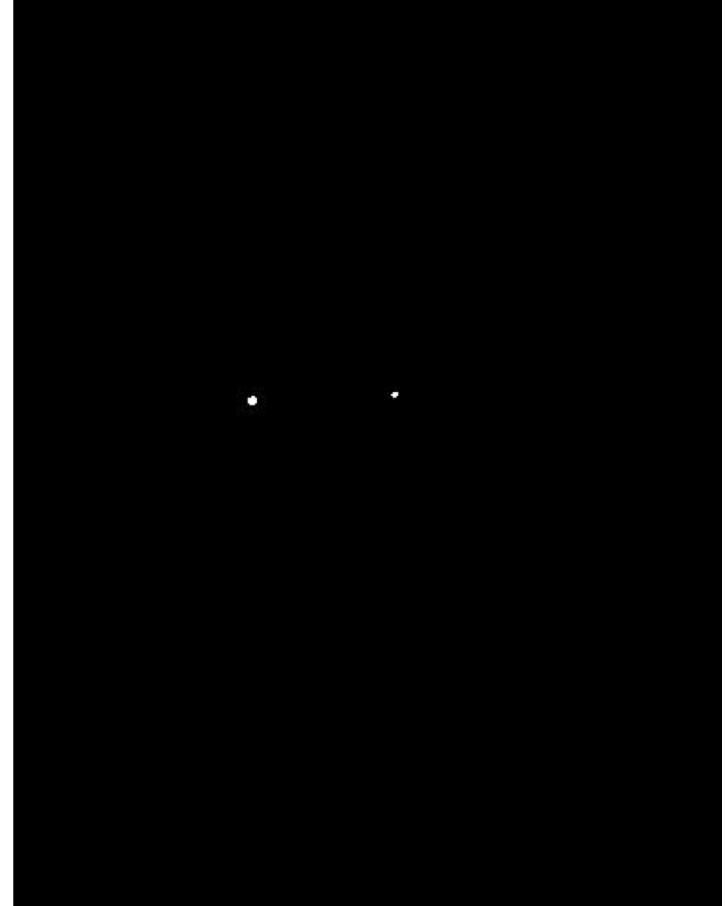
- Task 2: Template Matching



Input Image



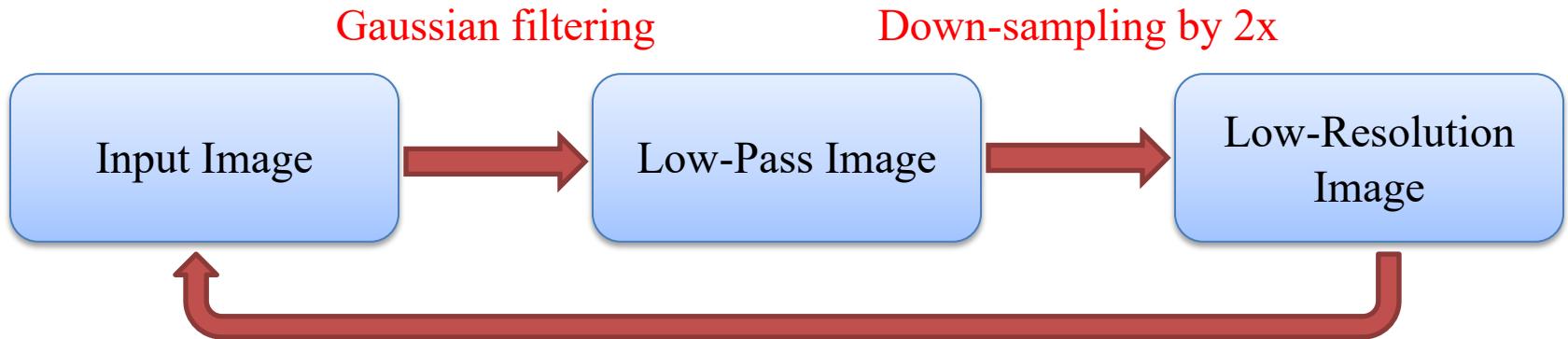
template



Match regions

# Gaussian Pyramid

- Given an input image, a Gaussian kernel, construct a Gaussian Pyramid with  $N$  scales:



- Gaussian filter: use `imfilter` and `fspecial` or your `Gaussian_filter.m` in `lab03`.
- Down-sample: use `imresize` or your implementation in `lab02`.

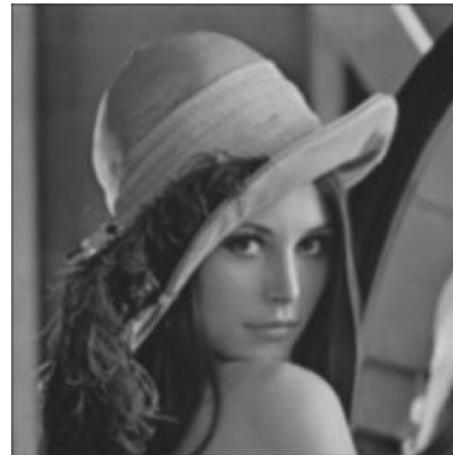
# Gaussian Pyramid

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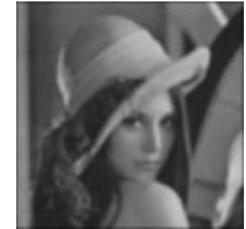
scale = 1



scale = 2



scale = 3



scale = 4



scale = 5



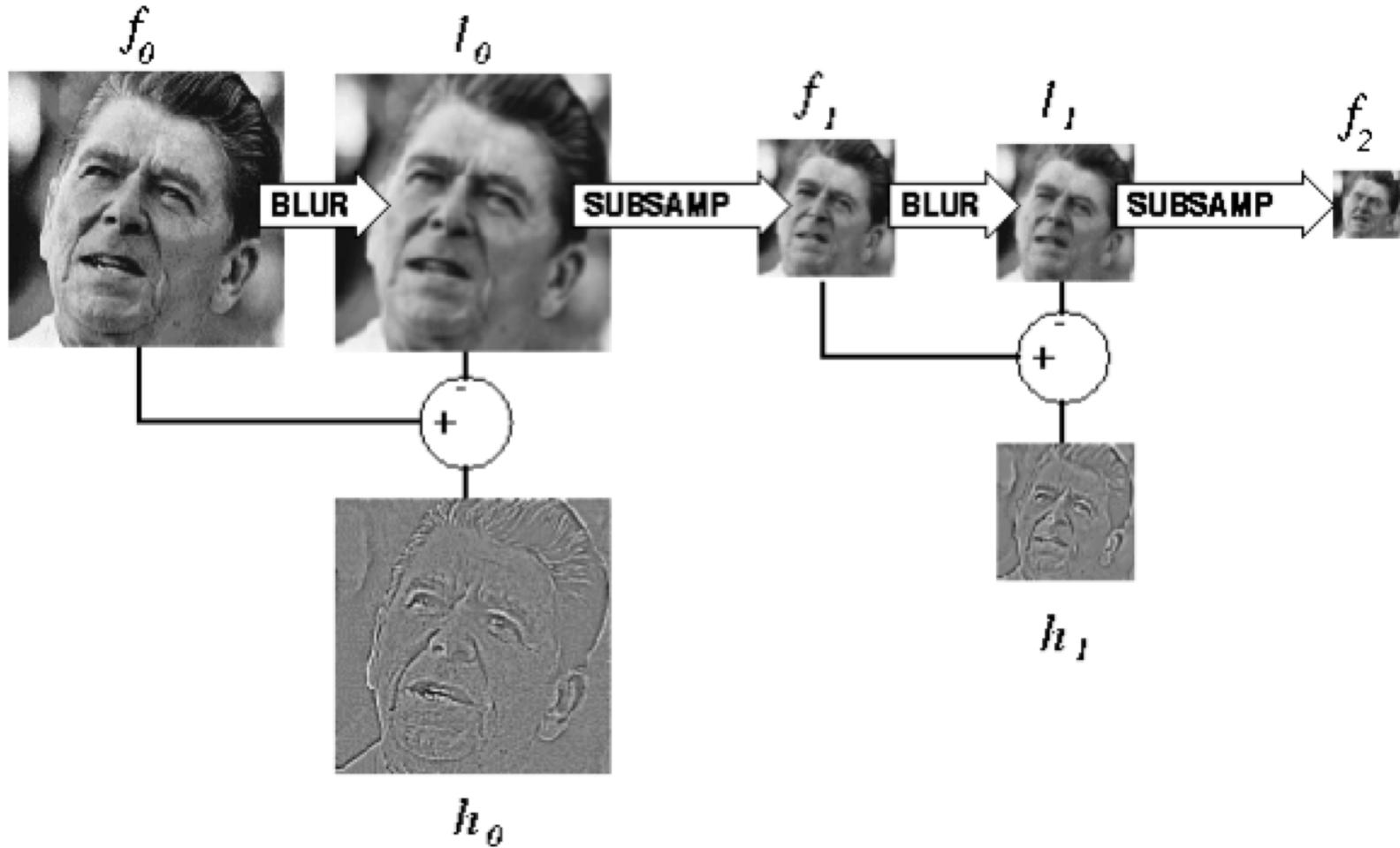
# Gaussian Pyramid

- In lab05\_task1.m:

```
img = im2double(imread('lena.jpg'));  
  
sigma = 2.0;  
hsize = 7;  
scale = 5;  
  
%% Gaussian Pyramid  
I = img;  
for s = 1 : scale  
  
    % Gaussian filter  
  
    % Save or show image  
    imwrite(I, sprintf('Gaussian_scale%d.jpg', s));  
  
    % Down-sampling  
end
```

# Laplacian Pyramid

- Laplacian filtering output = Input image – Gaussian filtering output



# Laplacian Pyramid

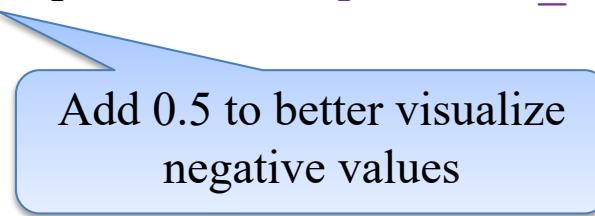
- In lab05\_task1.m:

```
%% Laplacian Pyramid
for s = 1 : scale

    % Gaussian filtering

    % Laplacian filtering

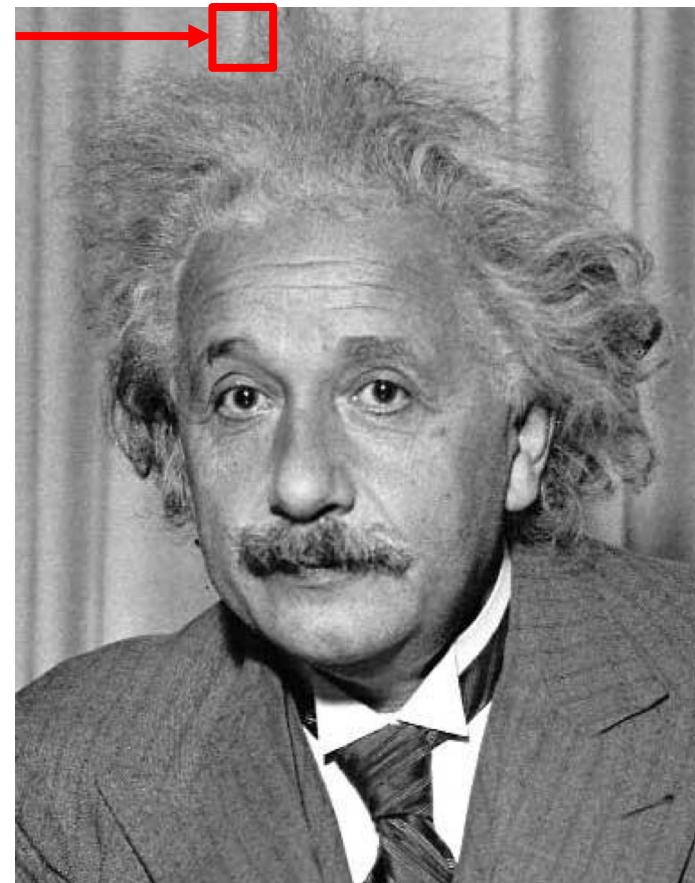
    % Save or show image
    imwrite(I + 0.5, sprintf('Laplacian_scale%d.jpg',
s));
    % Down-sampling
end
```



Add 0.5 to better visualize negative values

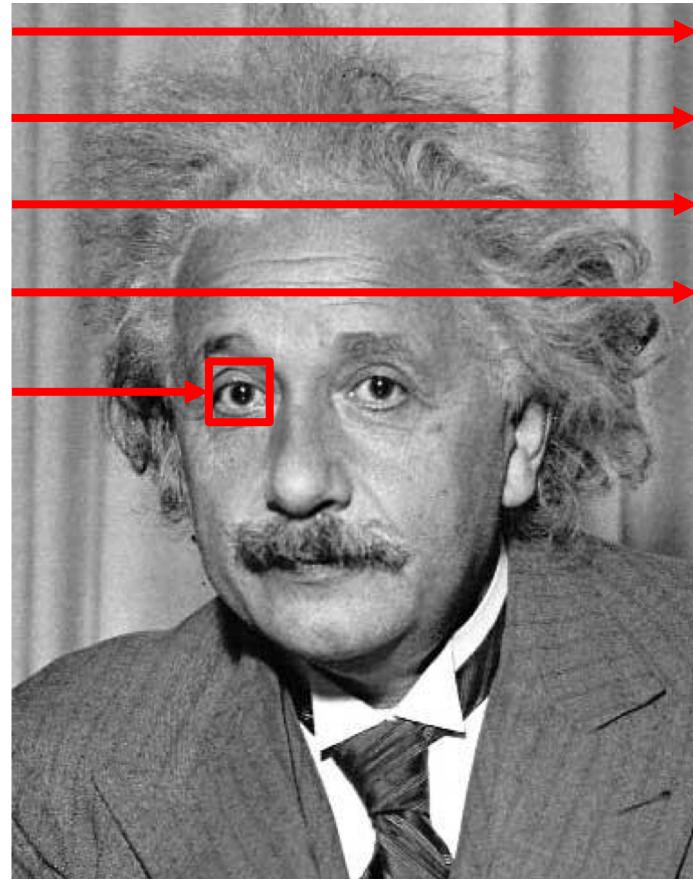
# Template Matching

- Goal: given a template (patch) , find matched regions in the input image
- use sliding window:



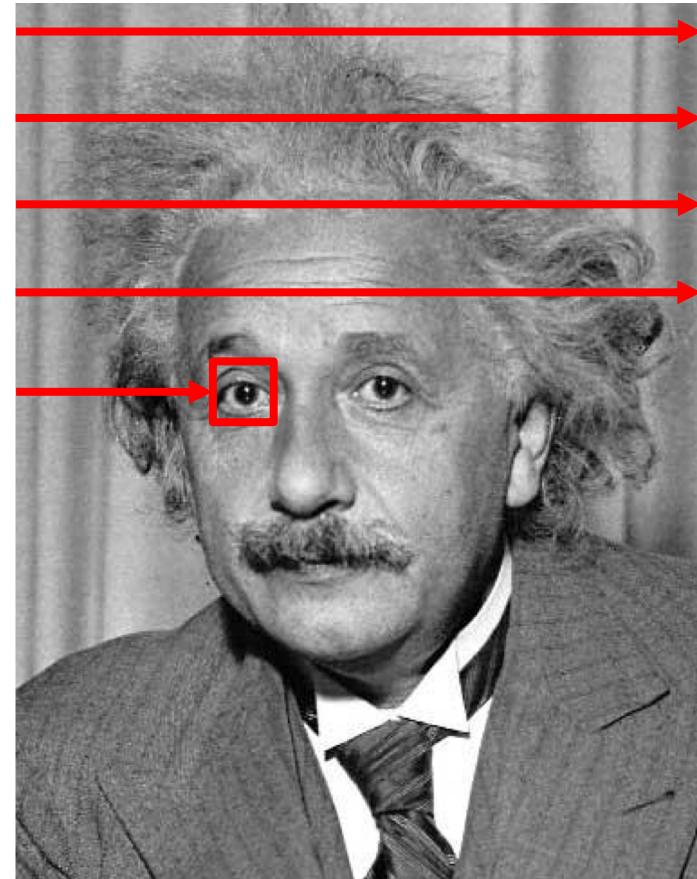
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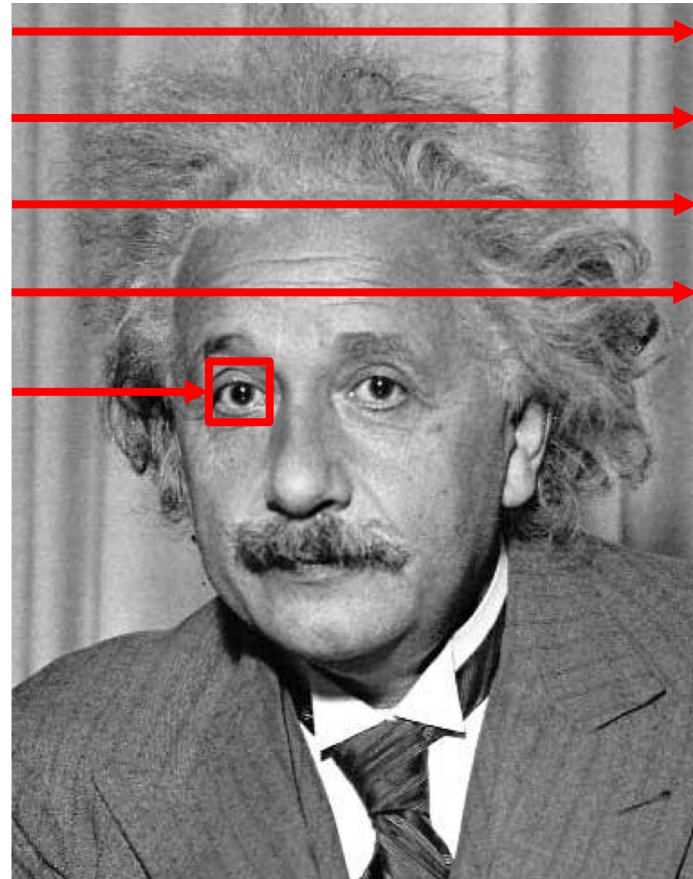
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  - similar to spatial filtering!



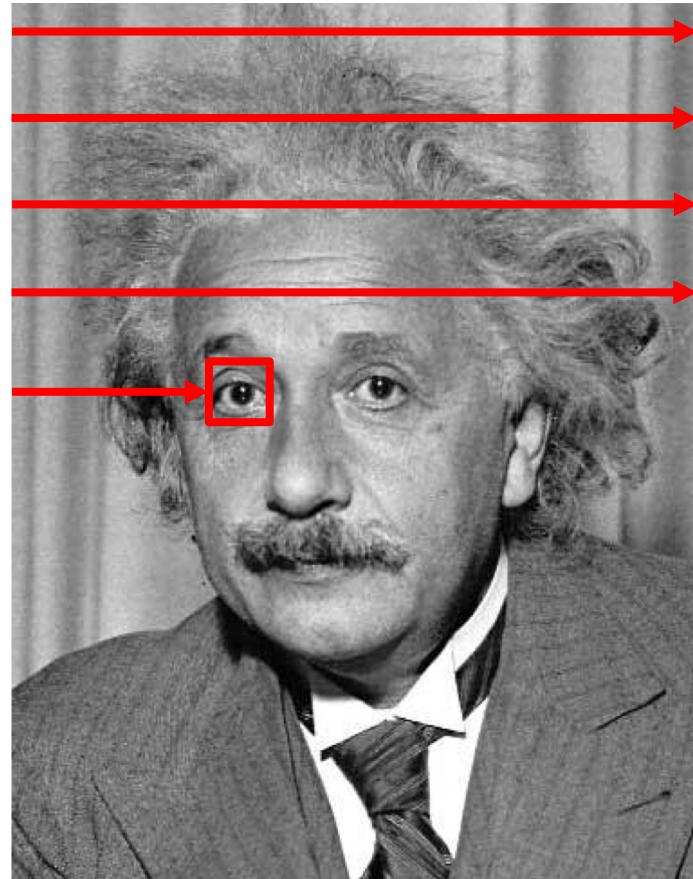
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- Matching criteria:
  - correlation
  - zero-mean correlation
  - Sum of Square Difference (SSD)
  - Normalized Cross-Correlation (NormCorr)



# Template Matching

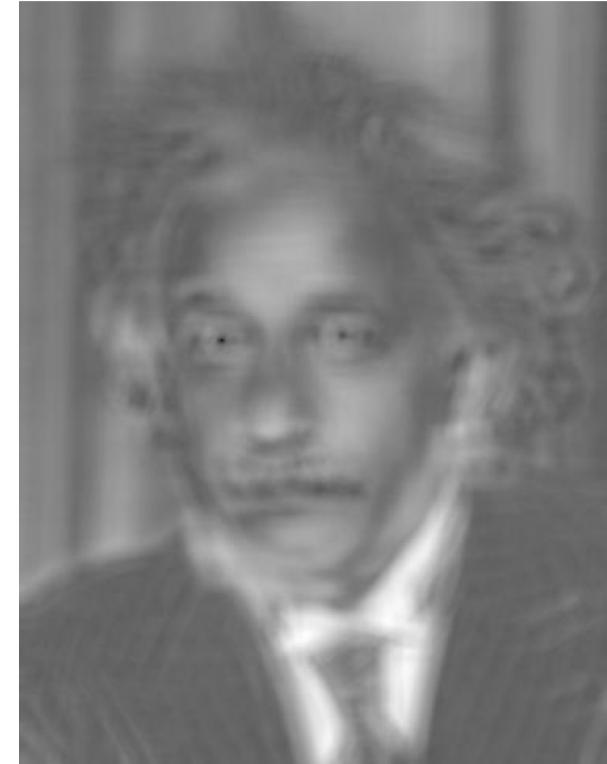
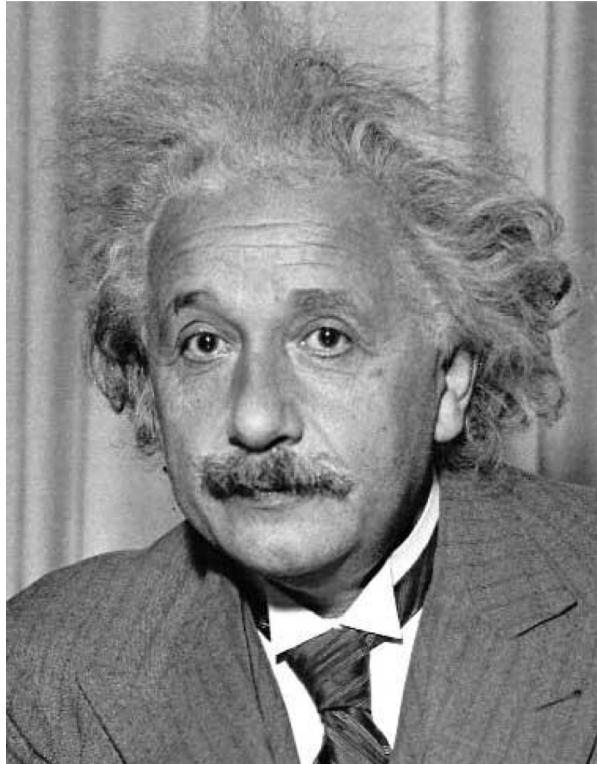
- Goal: given a template (patch) , find matched regions in the input image
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# Template Matching with SSD

- SSD: calculate the difference between the template and each image patch

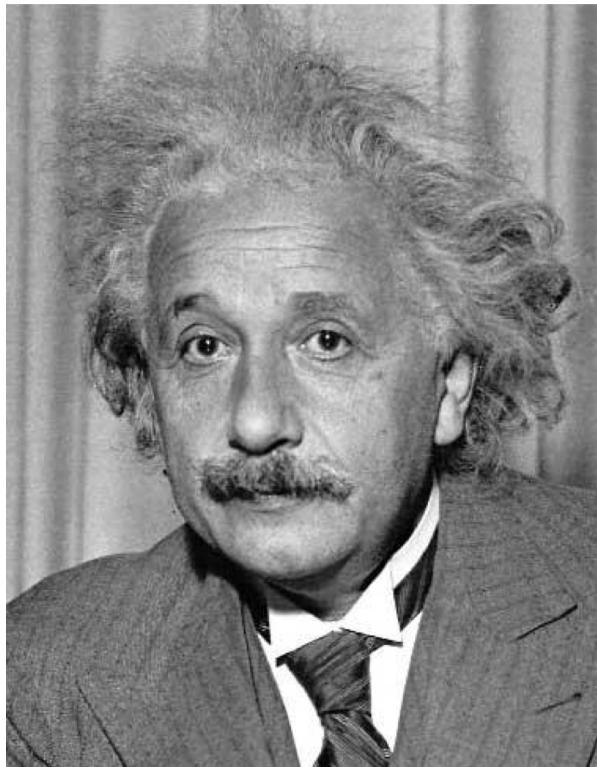
$$I'(u, v) = \sum_i \sum_j [I(u + i, v + j) - H(i, j)]^2$$



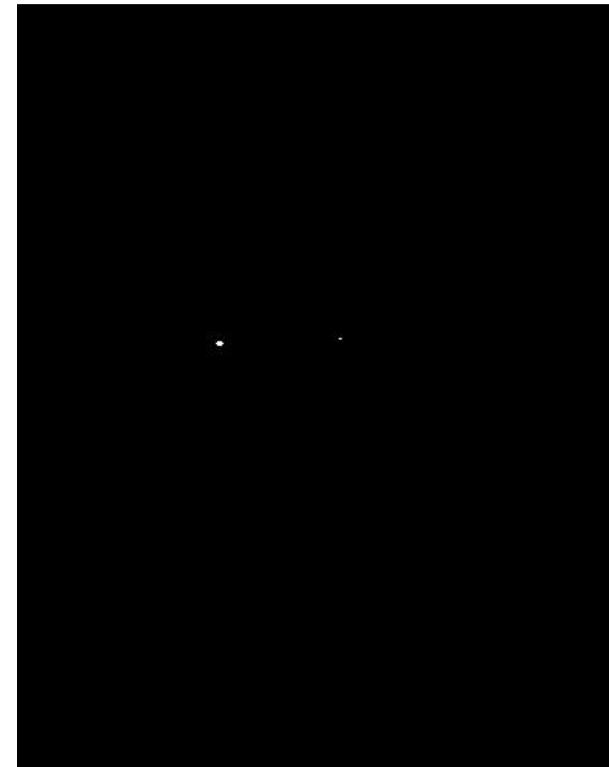
# Template Matching with SSD

- SSD: calculate the difference between the template and each image patch

$$Match\ Regions = (output < threshold)$$



threshold = 25



# Template Matching with SSD

- In template\_matching\_SSD.m

```
for u = 1 + shift_u : size(I1, 2) - shift_u
    for v = 1 + shift_v : size(I1, 1) - shift_v

        x1 = ???; x2 = ???;
        y1 = ???; y2 = ???;
        patch = I1(y1:y2, x1:x2);

        % SSD
        value = ???;
        output(v, u) = value;

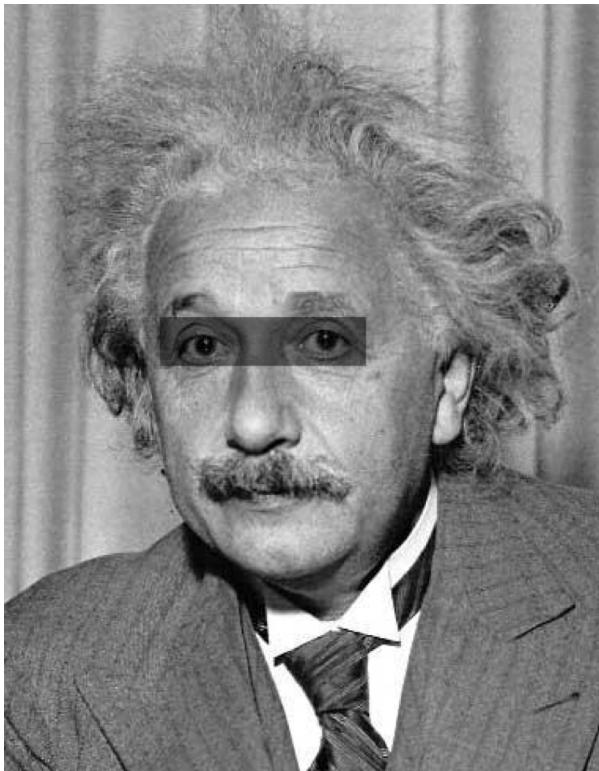
    end
end

match = (output < threshold);
```

# Template Matching with SSD

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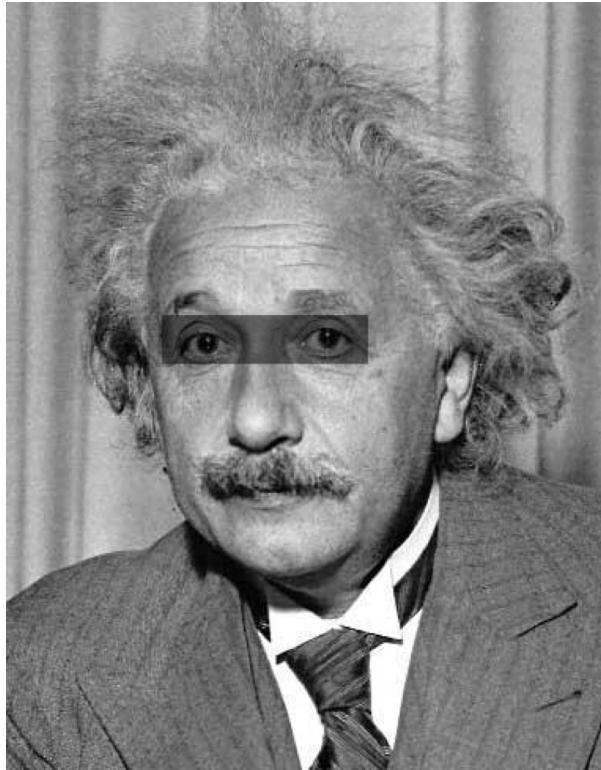
- However, SSD is sensitive to intensity change



# Template Matching with SSD

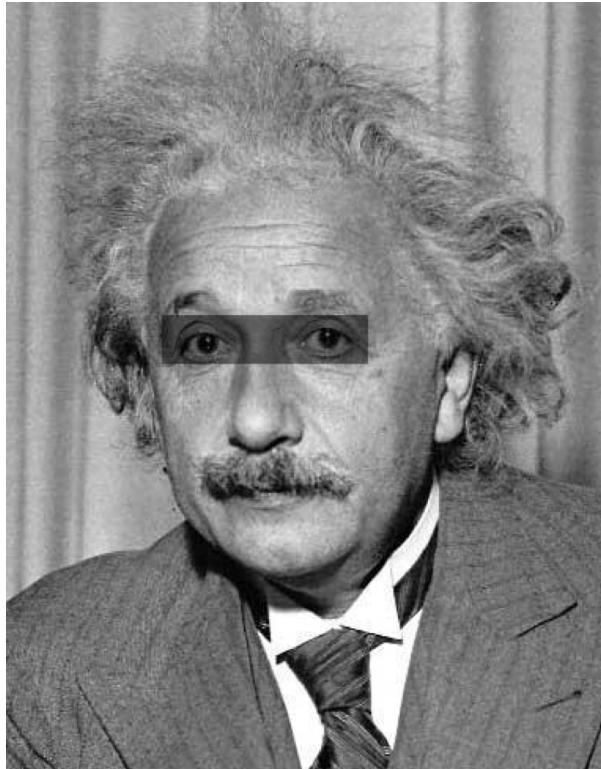
- However, SSD is sensitive to intensity change
  - hard to define the threshold value

threshold = 25



# Template Matching with SSD

- However, SSD is sensitive to intensity change
  - hard to define the threshold value



threshold = 36



# Normalized Cross-Correlation

- Normalized cross-correlation:
  - assume  $P_{uv}$  is a local image patch at  $(u, v)$ ,  $H$  is the template patch

$$normcorr = \frac{\sum_{i,j} (P_{uv}(i,j) - \bar{P}_{uv})(H(i,j) - \bar{H})}{\left( \sum_{i,j} (P_{uv}(i,j) - \bar{P}_{uv})^2 \sum_{i,j} (H(i,j) - \bar{H})^2 \right)^{0.5}}$$

$\bar{P}_{uv}$  = mean( $P_{uv}$ )  
 $\bar{H}$  = mean( $H$ )

# Normalized Cross-Correlation

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  1. convert  $P_{uv}$  and  $H$  to vectors

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  1. convert  $P_{uv}$  and  $H$  to vectors
  2. subtract mean:  $P'_{uv} = P_{uv} - \bar{P}_{uv}$  and  $h' = H - \bar{H}$
  3. normalize length to 1:  $P''_{uv} = \frac{P'_{uv}}{\|P'_{uv}\|_2}$  and  $h'' = \frac{h'}{\|h'\|_2}$

$$normcorr = \text{dot}(P''_{uv}, h'')$$

Simple dot product of two  
normalized vectors

# Normalized Cross-Correlation

- Let's simplify it:
  1. convert  $P_{uv}$  and  $H$  to vectors
  2. subtract mean:  $P'_{uv} = P_{uv} - \bar{P}_{uv}$  and  $h' = H - \bar{H}$
  3. normalize length to 1:  $P''_{uv} = \frac{P'_{uv}}{\|P'_{uv}\|_2}$  and  $h'' = \frac{h'}{\|h'\|_2}$

$$normcorr = \text{dot}(P''_{uv}, h'')$$

Simple dot product of two normalized vectors

- $\|x\|_2$ : the norm (length) of the vector

$$-\|x\|_2 = \sqrt[2]{\sum_i x_i^2}$$

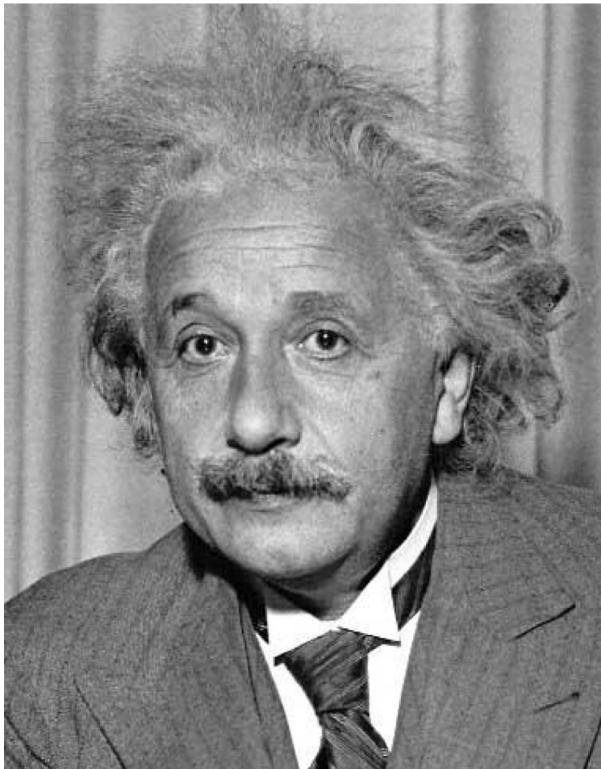
- use `norm(x)` in MATLAB (***x must be a vector!***)
- norm of vector  $\neq$  norm of matrix

# Normalized Cross-Correlation

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- Normalized cross-correlation:

$$normcorr = \text{dot}(P'_{uv}, h')$$



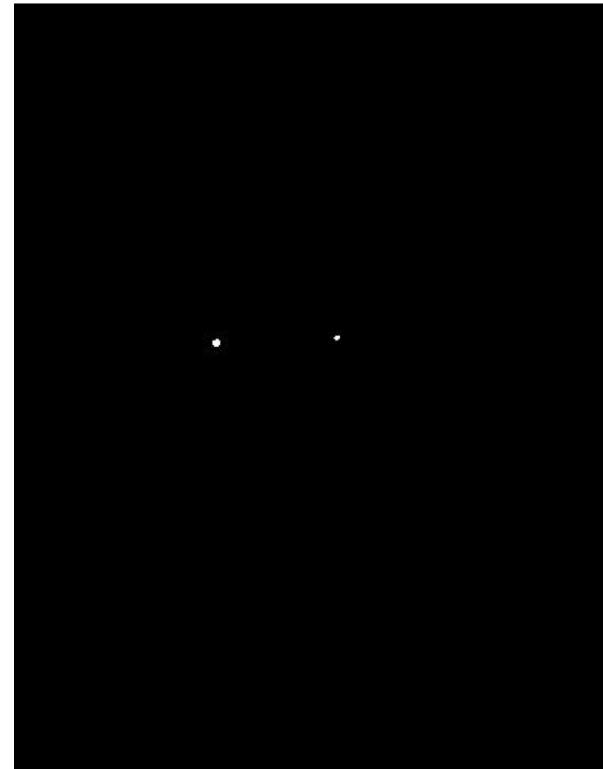
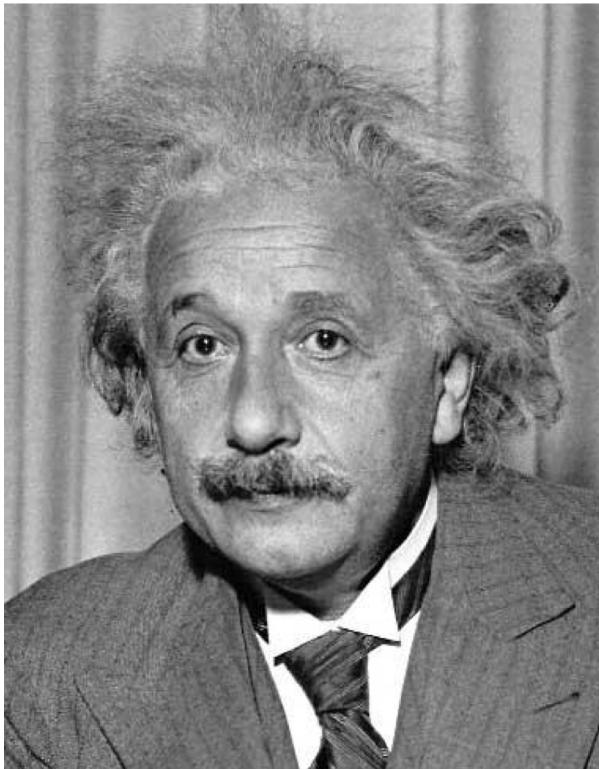
# Normalized Cross-Correlation

- Normalized cross-correlation:

$$normcorr = \text{dot}(P'_{uv}, h')$$

*Match Regions = (output > threshold)*

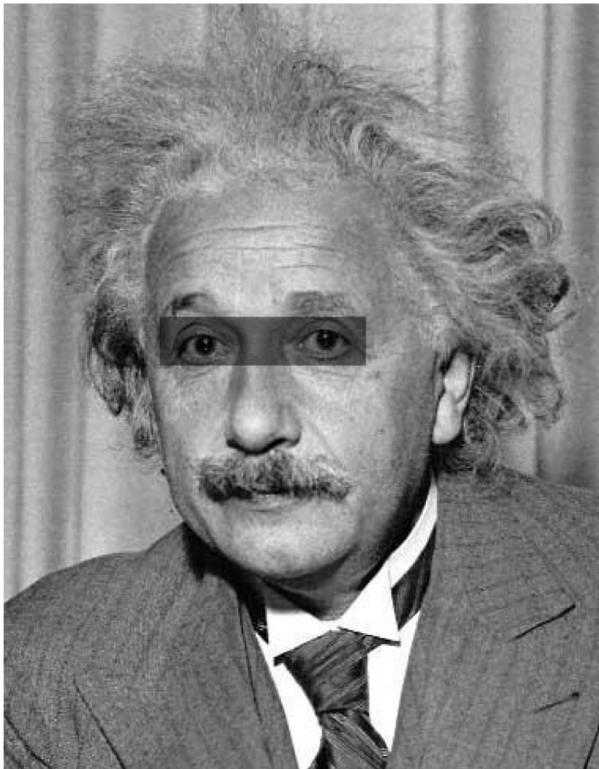
threshold = 0.5



# Normalized Cross-Correlation

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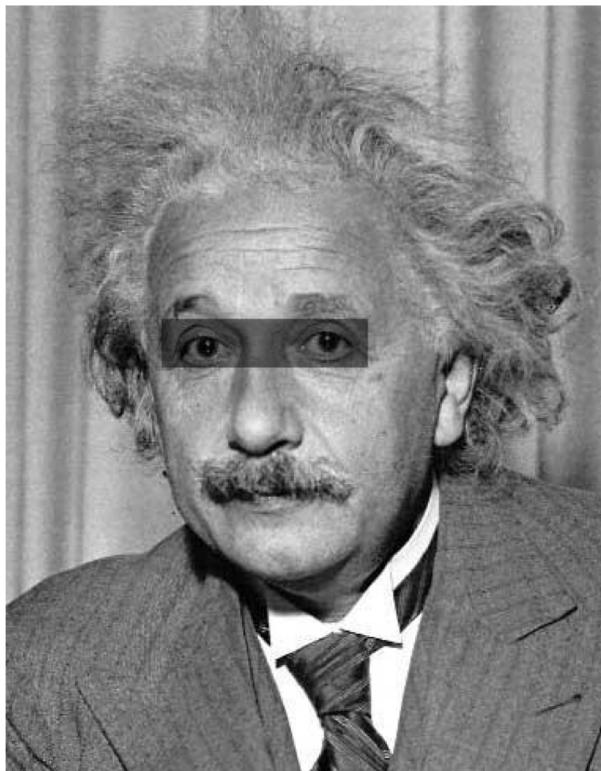
- Normalized cross-correlation is invariant to intensity/contrast change



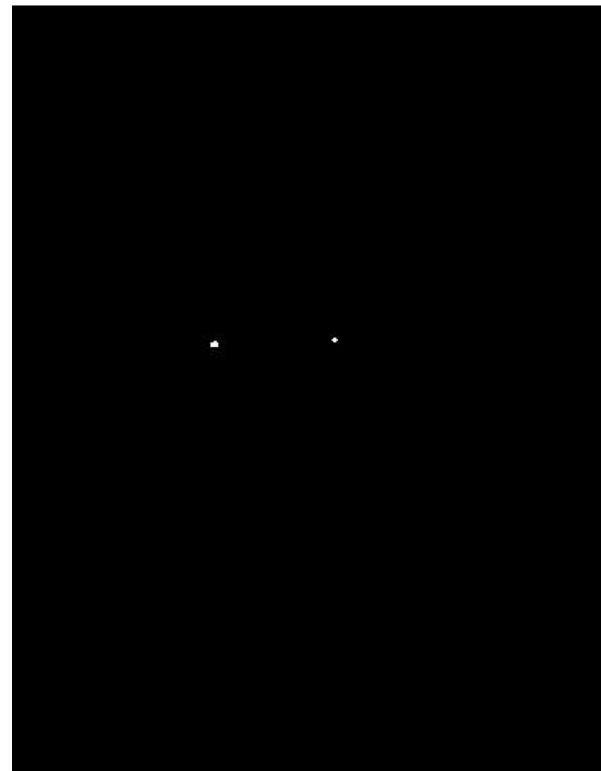
# Normalized Cross-Correlation

- Normalized cross-correlation is invariant to intensity/contrast change

*Match Regions = (output > threshold)*



threshold = 0.5



# Template Matching with NormCorr

- In template\_matching\_normcorr.m

```
for u = 1 + shift_u : size(I1, 2) - shift_u
    for v = 1 + shift_v : size(I1, 1) - shift_v

        x1 = ???; x2 = ???;
        y1 = ???; y2 = ???;
        patch = I1(y1:y2, x1:x2);

        % Normalized Cross-Correlation
        value = ???;
        output(v, u) = value;

    end
end

match = (output > threshold);
```

# Assignment

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1. Implement Gaussian Pyramid and Laplacian Pyramid in `lab05_task1.m`
2. Implement `template_matching_SSD.m`, and try to find the best threshold value for `einstein1.jpg` and `einstein2.jpg`
3. Implement `template_matching_normcorr.m`, and try to find the best threshold value for `einstein1.jpg` and `einstein2.jpg`
4. Upload all output images and `lab05_task1.m`,  
`lab05_task2.m`, `template_matching_SSD.m`, and  
`template_matching_normcorr.m`