```
capitalize():- Converts the first character to uppercase
"HeLo PyThOn".capitalize()
'Helo python'
casefold():- Converts string into lower case
"HeLo PyThOn".casefold()
'helo python'
center():-
           Returns a centered string
"hello".center(11, '-')
'---hello---'
             Returns the number of times a specified value occurs in a string
count():-
"hello python".count('o')
2
encode():- Returns an encoded version of the string
"Jåmes".encode()
b'J\xc3\xa5mes'
endswith():- Returns true if the string ends with the specified value
"HeLo PyThOn".endswith('n')
True
expandtabs():- Sets the tab size of the string
"h\te\ty\ta".expandtabs(2)
'h e y a'
"h\te\ty\ta".expandtabs(3)
'h e y a'
find():-
             Searches the string for a specified value and returns the position
of where it was found else returns -1
"hello python".find('o')
4
format():- Formats specified values in a string
"{0}, {1}".format("hi", "there")
'hi, there'
index():-
             Searches the string for a specified value and returns the position
of where it was found else raises ValueError
"hello python".index('o')
4
```

isalnum():- Returns True if all characters in the string are alphanumeric "2hello1".isalnum() True isalpha():-Returns True if all characters in the string are in the alphabet "hellopython".isalpha() True isdecimal():- Returns True if all characters in the string are decimals "1234".isdecimal() True isdigit():-Returns True if all characters in the string are digits "1234".isdigit() True isidentifier():-Returns True if the string is an identifier "hi".isidentifier() True "2hi".isidentifier() False islower():-Returns True if all characters in the string are lower case "hello".islower() True isnumeric():- Returns True if all characters in the string are numeric "12311".isnumeric() True isprintable():-Returns True if all characters in the string are printable "\w".isprintable() True "\n".isprintable() False **isspace():-** Returns True if all characters in the string are whitespaces " ".isspace() True " \n".isspace()

True

```
istitle():-
              Returns True if the string follows the rules of a title
"Hello".istitle()
True
isupper():- Returns True if all characters in the string are upper case
"HELLO".isupper()
True
              Joins the elements of an iterable to the end of the string
join():-
"-".join('hello')
'h-e-l-l-o'
ljust():-
              Returns a left justified version of the string
"hello".ljust(10)
'hello
lower():-
              Converts a string into lower case
"HELLO".lower()
'hello'
lstrip():-
              Returns a left trim version of the string
" hello".lstrip()
'hello'
maketrans():-Returns a translation table to be used in translations
str.maketrans('aeiou', '12345')
{97: 49, 111: 52, 117: 53, 101: 50, 105: 51}
partition():- Returns a tuple where the string is parted into three parts
"hello there python".partition('there')
('hello', 'there', 'python')
replace():- Returns a string where a specified value is replaced with a
specified value
"helpo".replace('p', 'l')
'hello'
rfind():-
              Searches the string for a specified value and returns the last
position of where it was found
"hello there learner".rfind('e')
17
```

```
rindex():-
              Searches the string for a specified value and returns the last
position of where it was found
"hello there learner".rindex('e')
17
              Returns a right justified version of the string
rjust():-
"hello".rjust(10)
' hello'
rpartition():- Returns a tuple where the string is parted into three parts
"hello there hello here".rpartition("hello")
('hello there ', 'hello', ' here')
rstrip():-
              Returns a right trim version of the string
" hello ".rstrip()
' hello'
              Splits the string at the specified separator, and returns a list
split():-
"hi there hi".split()
['hi', 'there', 'hi']
splitlines():- Splits the string at line breaks and returns a list
"hi\n there hi".splitlines()
['hi', 'there hi']
startswith():- Returns true if the string starts with the specified value
"hi".startswith("h")
True
strip():- Returns a trimmed version of the string
" hi ".strip()
'hi'
swapcase():- Swaps cases, lower case becomes upper case and vice versa
"HeLo PyThOn".swapcase()
'hEIO pYtHoN'
              Converts the first character of each word to upper case
title():-
"HeLo PyThOn".title()
'Helo Python'
```

translate():- Returns a translated string

"Ha He Hi Ho Hu".translate(str.maketrans('aeiou', '12345')) 'H1 H2 H3 H4 H5'

upper():- Converts a string into upper case

"HeLo PyThOn".upper()
'HELO PYTHON'

zfill():- Fills the string with a specified number of 0 values at the

beginning "10".zfill(5) '00010'