

Establishing a TCP Connection: Three-Way Handshake [RFC 9293, Aug. 2022]

TCP Peer A		TCP Peer B
1. CLOSED		LISTEN
2. SYN-SENT	--> <SEQ=100><CTL=SYN>	--> SYN-RECEIVED
3. ESTABLISHED	<-- <SEQ=300><ACK=101><CTL=SYN, ACK>	<-- SYN-RECEIVED
4. ESTABLISHED	--> <SEQ=101><ACK=301><CTL=ACK>	--> ESTABLISHED
5. ESTABLISHED	--> <SEQ=101><ACK=301><CTL=ACK><DATA>	--> ESTABLISHED

Figure 6: Basic Three-Way Handshake for Connection Synchronization

In line 2 of [Figure 6](#), TCP Peer A begins by sending a SYN segment indicating that it will use sequence numbers starting with sequence number 100. In line 3, TCP Peer B sends a SYN and acknowledges the SYN it received from TCP Peer A. Note that the acknowledgment field indicates TCP Peer B is now expecting to hear sequence 101, acknowledging the SYN that occupied sequence 100.

At line 4, TCP Peer A responds with an **empty segment** containing an ACK for TCP Peer B's SYN; and in line 5, TCP Peer A sends some data. Note that the sequence number of the segment in line 5 is the same as in line 4 because the ACK does not occupy sequence number space (if it did, we would wind up ACKing ACKs!).

Closing a TCP Connection: Four-Way Handshake [RFC 9293, Aug. 2022]

TCP Peer A		TCP Peer B	
1.	ESTABLISHED		ESTABLISHED
2.	(Close) FIN-WAIT-1	--> <SEQ=100><ACK=300><CTL=FIN, ACK>	--> CLOSE-WAIT
3.	FIN-WAIT-2	<-- <SEQ=300><ACK=101><CTL=ACK>	<-- CLOSE-WAIT
4.	TIME-WAIT	<-- <SEQ=300><ACK=101><CTL=FIN, ACK>	(Close) <-- LAST-ACK
5.	TIME-WAIT	--> <SEQ=101><ACK=301><CTL=ACK>	--> CLOSED
6.	(2 MSL) CLOSED		

Figure 12: Normal Close Sequence