# Introduction to Linux - Exercise Solutions February 4, 2019

#### Question 1:

Create a directory "exercise" inside your home directory and create nested (dir1/dir2/dir3) directory structure inside "exercise" with single command

```
ttn@TTN: ~
                                                                               File Edit View Search Terminal Help
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
ttn@TTN:~$ mkdir -p ~/exercise/dir1/dir2/dir3
ttn@TTN:~$ ls -l ~
total 52
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 3 22:07 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 09:42 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 3 15:33 Downloads
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 8980 Jan 28 12:12 examples.desktop
drwxr-xr-x 3 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 4 14:42 exercise
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 09:42 Music
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 22:10 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 09:42 Public
drwxr-xr-x 3 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 18:00 snap
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 09:42 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 2 09:42 Videos
ttn@TTN:~$ ls -l ~/exercise/dir1/dir2
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 4 14:42 dir3
ttn@TTN:~S
```

## Question 2:

Create two empty files inside dir2 directory: emptyFile1, emptyFile2 in single command

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

ttn@TTN:~\$ pwd
/home/ttn
ttn@TTN:~\$ cd ~/exercise/dir1/dir2
ttn@TTN:~\exercise/dir1/dir2\$ touch emptyFile1 emptyFile2
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2\$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 4 14:42 dir3
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 0 Feb 4 14:49 emptyFile1
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 0 Feb 4 14:49 emptyFile2
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2\$
```

# **Question 3:**

Create one file file1.txt containing text "hello world" and save it

#### **Question 4:**

Find a "passwd" file using find command inside /etc. copy this files as passwd\_copy and then rename this file as passwd\_backup

```
root@TTN: ~

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ttn@TTN: /$ sudo -i
root@TTN: ~# find /etc -name passwd
/etc/passwd
/etc/passwd
/etc/cron.daily/passwd
root@TTN: ~# cp /etc/passwd /etc/passwd_copy
root@TTN: ~# find /etc -name passwd_copy
/etc/passwd_copy
root@TTN: ~# mv /etc/passwd_copy /etc/passwd_backup
root@TTN: ~# find /etc -name passwd_backup
root@TTN: ~# find /etc -name passwd_backup
root@TTN: ~# find /etc -name passwd_backup
```

#### Question 5:

Try reading passwd\_backup file in multiple tools: less, more, cat, strings etc and find the difference in their usage

## <u>cat</u>

```
Activities Terminal **

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```

#### more

```
root@ITN:-# more /etc/passwd_backup
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/btn/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbtn/nologin
btn:x:2:2:btn:/btn:/usr/sbtn/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbtn/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbtn/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbtn/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/btn:/btn/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbtn/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbtn/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbtn/nologin
mail:x:0:s:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbtn/nologin
mail:x:0:s:mail:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbtn/nologin
nucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbtn/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbtn/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/btn:/usr/sbtn/nologin
makw-data:x:33:33:xww-data:/var/www:/usr/sbtn/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbtn/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbtn/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbtn/nologi
n nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbtn/nologin
systemd-network:x:100:102:systemd Network Management.,,;/run/systemd/netif:/usr/
sbtn/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbtn/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbtn/nologin
-More--(43%)
```

#### <u>less</u>

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologi
nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
systemd-network:x:100:102:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/usr/
sbin/nologin
systemd-resolve:x:101:103:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:/usr/sbin/nol
ogin
/etc/passwd backup
```

## strings

```
Activities Terminal **

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```

## **Question 6:**

Find out the number of line in passwd backup containing "/bin/false"

```
root@TTN:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@TTN:~# grep /bin/false /etc/passwd_backup | wc -l

5

root@TTN:~# grep /bin/false /etc/passwd_backup

speech-dispatcher:x:111:29:Speech Dispatcher,,,:/var/run/speech-dispatcher:/bin/
false
whoopsie:x:112:117::/nonexistent:/bin/false
hplip:x:118:7:HPLIP system user,,,:/var/run/hplip:/bin/false
gnome-initial-setup:x:120:65534::/run/gnome-initial-setup/:/bin/false
gdm:x:121:125:Gnome Display Manager:/var/lib/gdm3:/bin/false
root@TTN:~#
```

#### Question 7:

Get the first 5 lines of a file "passwd\_backup" and redirect the output of the above commands into file "output".

```
root@TTN:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@TTN:~# head -5 /etc/passwd_backup > output

root@TTN:~# cat output

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash

daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin

bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin

sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin

sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync

root@TTN:~#
```

#### **Question 8:**

Create a "test" user, create its password, and find out its uid and gid.

```
root@TTN: ~
                                                                           File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root@TTN:~# useradd test
root@TTN:~# tail -3 /etc/passwd
gdm:x:121:125:Gnome Display Manager:/var/lib/gdm3:/bin/false
ttn:x:1000:1000:TTN,,,:/home/ttn:/bin/bash
test:x:1001:1001::/home/test:/bin/sh
root@TTN:~# passwd test
Enter new UNIX password:
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: password updated successfully
root@TTN:~# tail -3 /etc/passwd
gdm:x:121:125:Gnome Display Manager:/var/lib/gdm3:/bin/false
ttn:x:1000:1000:TTN,,,:/home/ttn:/bin/bash
test:x:1001:1001::/home/test:/bin/sh
oot@TTN:~#
```

(UID: 1001, GID: 1001)

## Question 9:

Change the timestamp of emptyFile1, emptyFile2 which exist in dir2

```
ttn@TTN: ~/exercise/dir1/dir2
                                                                         File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ttn@TTN:/$ cd ~/exercise/dir1/dir2/
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2$ ls -l
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 4 14:42 dir3
rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 0 Feb 4 14:49 emptyFile1
                      0 Feb 4 14:49 emptyFile2
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 15 Feb 4 14:55 file1.txt
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2$ touch emptyFile1 emptyFile2
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2$ ls -l
total 8
drwxr-xr-x 2 ttn ttn 4096 Feb 4 14:42 dir3
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 0 Feb 4 15:31 emptyFile1
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn
                      0 Feb 4 15:31 emptyFile2
-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 15 Feb 4 14:55 file1.txt
ttn@TTN:~/exercise/dir1/dir2$
```

#### Question 10:

Login as test user and edit the "output" file created above. Since the permission won't allow you to save the changes. Configure such that test user can edit it.

- Add group owner of the "output" file as the secondary group of testuser and check/change the "output" file permission if it is editable by group. Once done revert the changes
- 2. Make the file editable to the world so that test user can access it. Revert the changes after verification
- 3. Change the ownership to edit the file.

```
ttn@TTN: ~

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ttn@TTN: ~$ whoami

ttn

ttn@TTN: ~$ su test

Password:

$ whoami

test

$ ■
```

```
root@TTN:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

$ ls -l /etc | grep output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 189 Feb 4 15:21 output

$ exit

ttn@TTN:~$ sudo -i

root@TTN:~# chown :1001 /etc/output

root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root test 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output

root@TTN:~# chmod g+w /etc/output

root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root test 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
```

```
root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-rw-r-- 1 root test 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chmod g-w /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chown :root /etc/output
root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~#
```

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chmod o+rwx /etc/output
root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--rwx 1 root root 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chmod o-wx /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chmod o-wx /etc/output
root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 189 Feb 4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~#
```

```
root@TTN:~

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root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 189 Feb  4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~# chown test /etc/output
root@TTN:~# ls -l
total 0
root@TTN:~# ls -l /etc/output
-rw-r--r-- 1 test root 189 Feb  4 15:21 /etc/output
root@TTN:~#
```

## **Question 11:**

Create an alias with your name so that it creates a file as "/tmp/aliastesting"

```
ttn@TTN: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
    alias grep='grep --color=auto'
    alias fgrep='fgrep --color=auto'
alias egrep='egrep --color=auto'
# colored GCC warnings and errors
#export GCC_COLORS='error=01;31:warning=01;35:note=01;36:caret=01;32:locus=01:qu
ote=01'
# some more ls aliases
alias ll='ls -alF'
alias la='ls -A'
alias l='ls -CF'
alias deepika='touch /tmp/aliastesting'
# Add an "alert" alias for long running commands. Use like so:
   sleep 10; alert
alias alert='notify-send --urgency=low -i "$([ $? = 0 ] && echo terminal || echo
error)" "$(history|tail -n1|sed -e '\''s/^\s*[0-9]\+\s*//;s/[;&|]\s*alert$//'\
# Alias definitions.
 You may want to put all your additions into a separate file like
```

```
ttn@TTN:~

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ttn@TTN:~$ vi ~/.bashrc

ttn@TTN:~$ deepika

deepika: command not found

ttn@TTN:~$ source ~/.bashrc

ttn@TTN:~$ deepika

ttn@TTN:~$ ls -l /tmp | grep alias

-rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 0 Feb 4 16:11 aliastesting

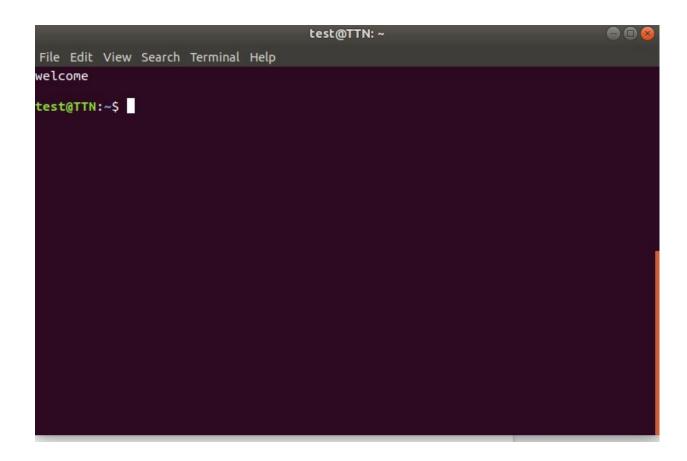
ttn@TTN:~$

■
```

#### Question 12:

Edit ~/.bashrc file such that when you change to "test" user it should clear the screen and print "Welcome"

```
test@TTN: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
# Alias definitions.
# You may want to put all your additions into a separate file like
# ~/.bash_aliases, instead of adding them here directly.
# See /usr/share/doc/bash-doc/examples in the bash-doc package.
if [ -f ~/.bash_aliases ]; then
   . ~/.bash_aliases
# enable programmable completion features (you don't need to enable
# this, if it's already enabled in /etc/bash.bashrc and /etc/profile
# sources /etc/bash.bashrc).
if ! shopt -oq posix; then
 if [ -f /usr/share/bash-completion/bash_completion ]; then
   . /usr/share/bash-completion/bash_completion
 elif [ -f /etc/bash_completion ]; then
   . /etc/bash completion
fi
clear
echo "welcome"
:wq!
```



# **Question 13:**

Install "zip" package

```
ttn@TTN:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

ttn@TTN:~$ sudo apt-get install zip
[sudo] password for ttn:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
zip is already the newest version (3.0-11build1).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 430 not upgraded.

ttn@TTN:~$
```

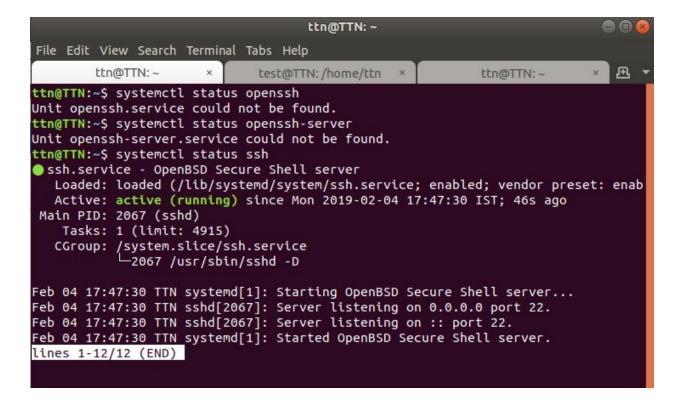
## Question 14:

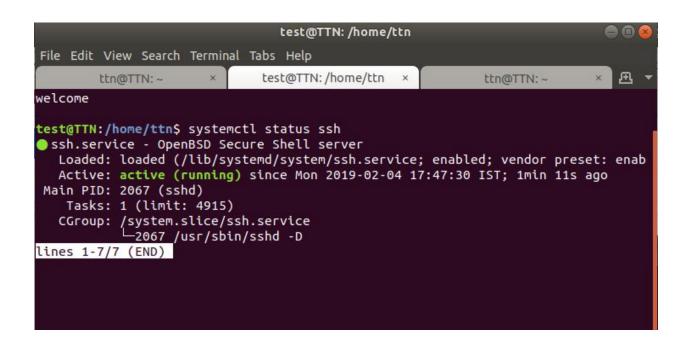
Compress "output" and "password\_backup" files into a tar ball. List the files present inside the tar created

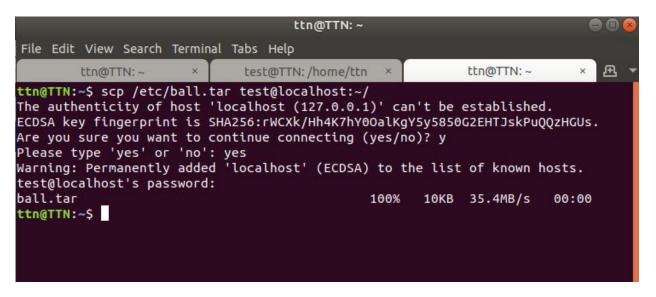
```
ttn@TTN: /etc — □ ⊗
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
ttn@TTN:/etc$ sudo tar cvf ball.tar output passwd_backup
output
passwd_backup
ttn@TTN:/etc$
```

#### Question 15:

scp this file to test user



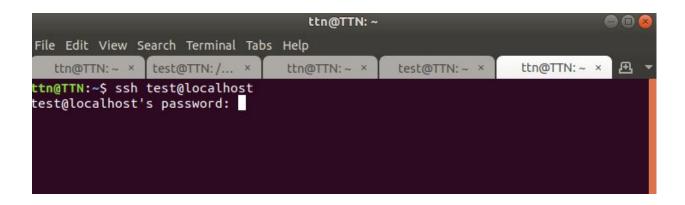


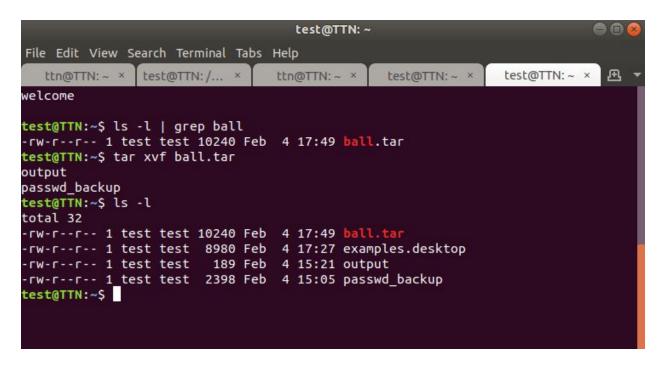




## **Question 16:**

Unzip this tar bar by logging into the remote server





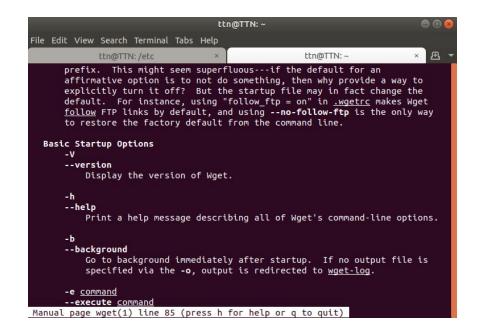
#### **Question 17:**

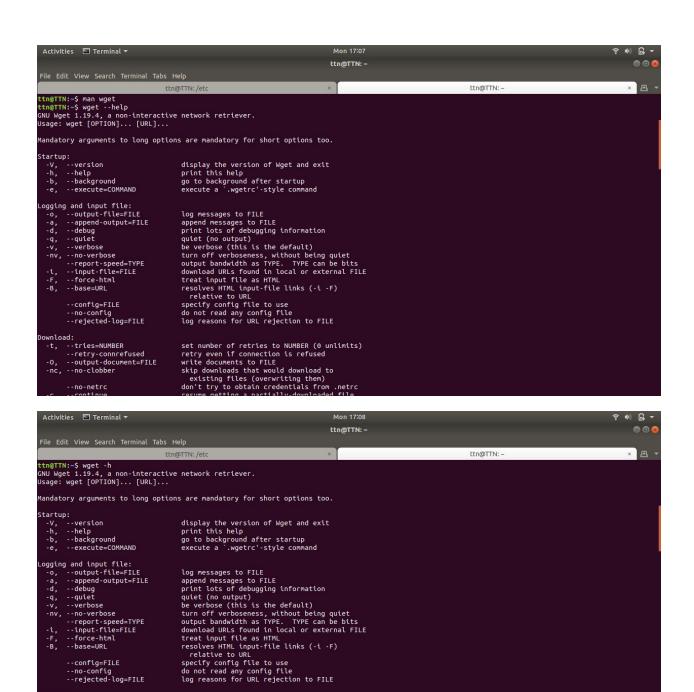
Download any image from web and move to desktop

```
ttn@TTN: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
             ttn@TTN: /etc
                                                    ttn@TTN: ~
ttn@TTN:~$ wget https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/a/af/Tux.pn
g/220px-Tux.png -O ~/Desktop/penguin.png
-2019-02-04 17:05:04-- https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/a/
af/Tux.png/220px-Tux.png
Resolving upload.wikimedia.org (upload.wikimedia.org)... 103.102.166.240, 2001:d
f2:e500:ed1a::2:b
Connecting to upload.wikimedia.org (upload.wikimedia.org)|103.102.166.240|:443..
 connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 39594 (39K) [image/png]
Saving to: '/home/ttn/Desktop/penguin.png'
/home/ttn/Desktop/p 100%[=============] 38.67K --.-KB/s
2019-02-04 17:05:05 (406 KB/s) - '/home/ttn/Desktop/penguin.png' saved [39594/39
5941
ttn@TTN:~$ ls -l ~/Desktop/
total 44
rw-r--r-- 1 ttn ttn 39594 Mar 22 2016 penguin.png
ttn@TTN:~$
```

## **Question 18:**

How to get help of commands usages





set number of retries to NUMBER (0 unlimits) retry even if connection is refused write documents to FILE skip downloads that would download to existing files (overwriting them) don't try to obtain credentials from .netro resume getting a partially-downloaded file start downloaded form rose based position of

--no-config --rejected-log=FILE

-t, --tries=NUMBER --retry-connrefused -0, --output-document=FILE -nc, --no-clobber

--no-netro

Download:

## Question 19:

Create a symlink of /etc/services into /tmp/ports-info

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

ttn@TTN:/etc × ttn@TTN:~ × 

ttn@TTN:~$ ln -s /etc/services /tmp/ports-info

ttn@TTN:~$ ls -l /tmp | grep ports

lrwxrwxrwx 1 ttn ttn 13 Feb 4 17:11 ports-info -> /etc/services

ttn@TTN:~$
```

#### Question 20:

You are appointed as a Software/DevOps Engineer in ABC media services. On your first day you need to troubleshoot a problem. There is a command "xyz" somewhere installed in that linux system. But as a new joinee you do not have any idea about where is that Installed. How can you check that?

