Name:Deeksha S USN: 1BM21CS048

SUPPLIER DATABASE

Week 7

create database 1bm21cs048_Supplier; use 1bm21cs048_Supplier;

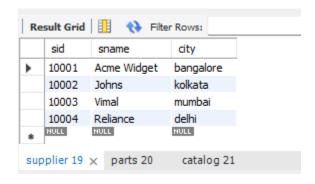
1. Using Scheme diagram, Create tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.

```
create table supplier
sid int,
sname varchar(20),
city varchar(20),
primary key(sid)
);
create table parts
pid int,
pname varchar(20),
color varchar(20),
primary key(pid)
);
create table catalog
sid int,
pid int,
cost int,
primary key(pid,sid),
foreign key (sid) references supplier(sid) on delete cascade on update cascade,
foreign key (pid) references parts(pid) on delete cascade on update cascade
);
```

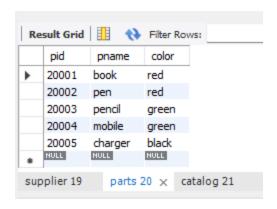
2. Insert appropriate records in each table.

```
insert into supplier values(10001,'Acme Widget','bangalore');
insert into supplier values(10002, 'Johns', 'kolkata');
insert into supplier values(10003,'Vimal','mumbai');
insert into supplier values(10004, 'Reliance', 'delhi');
insert into parts values(20001,'book','red');
insert into parts values(20002, 'pen', 'red');
insert into parts values(20003, 'pencil', 'green');
insert into parts values(20004, 'mobile', 'green');
insert into parts values(20005, 'charger', 'black');
insert into catalog values(10001,20001,10);
insert into catalog values(10001,20002,10);
insert into catalog values(10001,20003,30);
insert into catalog values(10001,20004,10);
insert into catalog values(10001,20005,10);
insert into catalog values(10002,20001,10);
insert into catalog values(10002,20002,20);
insert into catalog values(10003,20003,30);
insert into catalog values(10004,20003,40);
```

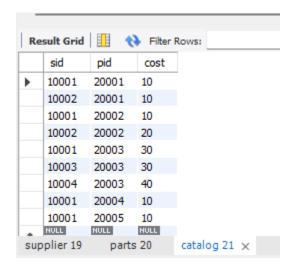
select * from supplier;



select * from parts;

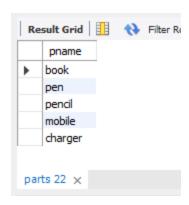


select * from catalog;



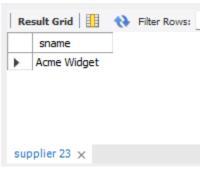
3. Find the pnames of parts for which there is some supplier.

```
select pname
from parts p
where exists(
select *
from catalog c
where c.pid=p.pid
);
```



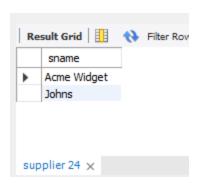
4. Find the snames of suppliers who supply every part.

select s.sname
from supplier s
where s.sid in(
select c.sid
from catalog c
group by c.sid
having count(c.pid)=(select count(pid)
from parts));



5. Find the snames of suppliers who supply every red part.

select s.sname
from supplier s
where s.sid in(
select c.sid
from catalog c inner join parts p
on c.pid=p.pid
where p.color='red'
group by c.sid
having count(c.pid)=(select count(pid)
from parts
where color='red'));



6. Find the pnames of parts supplied by Acme Widget Suppliers and by no one else.

select p.pname

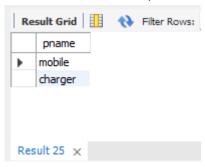
from catalog c1, parts p

where c1.sid=(select sid from supplier where sname='Acme Widget') and p.pid=c1.pid and c1.pid

not in (select c.pid

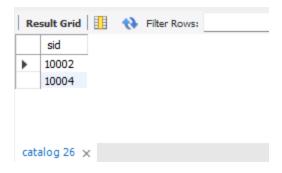
from catalog c

where c.sid!=(select sid from supplier where sname='Acme Widget'));



7. Find the sids of suppliers who charge more for some part than the average cost of that part (averaged over all the suppliers who supply that part).

select c1.sid from catalog c1 where c1.cost> (select avg(cost) from catalog c2 where c1.pid=c2.pid group by pid);



8. For each part, find the sname of the supplier who charges the most for that part.

select c1.pid,s.sname

from supplier s, catalog c1

where s.sid=c1.sid and c1.cost in(select max(cost) from catalog c2 where c2.pid=c1.pid group by pid

