#### **INSURANCE DATABASE**

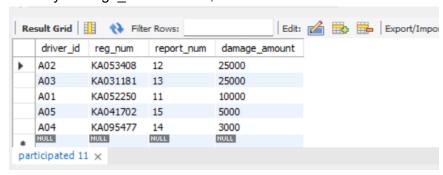
#### Week 2

To Do:

### Query 1: LIST THE ENTIRE PARTICIPATED RELATION IN THE DESCENDING ORDER OF DAMAGE AMOUNT.

select \* from participated

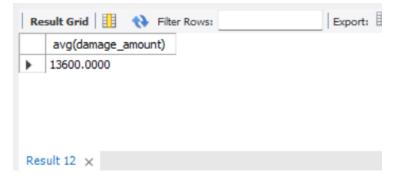
order by damage amount desc;



#### **Query 2: FIND THE AVERAGE DAMAGE AMOUNT**

select avg(damage\_amount)

from participated;



# Query 3: DELETE THE TUPLE WHOSE DAMAGE AMOUNT IS BELOW THE AVERAGE DAMAGE AMOUNT

delete from participated

where damage\_amount <(select t.avg1 from(select avg(damage\_amount) as avg1 from participated) t);

### Query 4: LIST THE NAME OF DRIVERS WHOSE DAMAGE IS GREATER THAN THE AVERAGE DAMAGE AMOUNT.

select pname from person where driver\_id=any (select driver\_id from participated where damage\_amount>(select avg(damage\_amount) from participated));



#### **Query 5: FIND MAXIMUM DAMAGE AMOUNT.**

## Query 6: Display the entire CAR relation in the ascending order of manufacturing year.

select \* from car order by year asc;



Query 7: Find the number of accidents in which cars belonging to a specific model (example 'Lancer') were involved.

select count(report\_num)
from car c, participated p
where c.reg\_num=p.reg\_num and c.model='Lancer';



### Query 8: Find the total number of people who owned cars that were involved in accidents in 2008.

select count(distinct driver\_id) CNT from participated a, accident b where a.report\_num=b.report\_num and b.accident\_date like '2008%';

