

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv")

# Display basic information about the dataset
print(data.info())
print(data.describe())
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 103 entries, 0 to 102  
Data columns (total 15 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Unnamed: 0	103 non-null	int64
1	Brand	103 non-null	object
2	Model	103 non-null	object
3	AccelSec	103 non-null	float64
4	TopSpeed_KmH	103 non-null	int64
5	Range_Km	103 non-null	int64
6	Efficiency_WhKm	103 non-null	int64
7	FastCharge_KmH	103 non-null	int64
8	RapidCharge	103 non-null	object
9	PowerTrain	103 non-null	object
10	PlugType	103 non-null	object
11	BodyStyle	103 non-null	object
12	Segment	103 non-null	object
13	Seats	103 non-null	int64
14	PriceEuro	103 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(1), int64(7), object(7)  
memory usage: 12.2+ KB  
None

	Unnamed: 0	AccelSec	TopSpeed_KmH	Range_Km	Efficiency_WhKm	\
count	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	
mean	51.000000	7.396117	179.194175	338.786408	189.165049	
std	29.877528	3.017430	43.573030	126.014444	29.566839	
min	0.000000	2.100000	123.000000	95.000000	104.000000	
25%	25.500000	5.100000	150.000000	250.000000	168.000000	
50%	51.000000	7.300000	160.000000	340.000000	180.000000	
75%	76.500000	9.000000	200.000000	400.000000	203.000000	
max	102.000000	22.400000	410.000000	970.000000	273.000000	

	FastCharge_KmH	Seats	PriceEuro
count	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000
mean	444.271845	4.883495	55811.563107
std	203.949253	0.795834	34134.665280
min	170.000000	2.000000	20129.000000
25%	260.000000	5.000000	34429.500000
50%	440.000000	5.000000	45000.000000
75%	555.000000	5.000000	65000.000000
max	940.000000	7.000000	215000.000000

```
In [4]: pip install geopandas
```

```
Collecting geopandas
```

```
  Downloading geopandas-0.13.2-py3-none-any.whl (1.1 MB)
```

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Collecting fiona>=1.8.19 (from geopandas)
```

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  Downloading Fiona-1.9.4.post1-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl (22.7 MB)
```

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    -- 2.8/22.7 MB 11.8 MB/s eta 0:00:02  
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    -- 8.9/22.7 MB 4.2 MB/s eta 0:00:04  
    -- 9.0/22.7 MB 4.1 MB/s eta 0:00:04
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17.8/22.7 MB 3.8 MB/s eta 0:00:02  
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Requirement already satisfied: packaging in e:\download folder\anaconda1\lib\site-packages (from geopandas) (23.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.1.0 in e:\download folder\anaconda1\lib\site-packages (from geopandas) (1.5.3)

Collecting pyproj>=3.0.1 (from geopandas)

Downloading pyproj-3.6.0-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl (5.7 MB)

```
In [6]: pip install pyshp
```

```
Collecting pyshp
```

```
  Downloading pyshp-2.3.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (46 kB)
```

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          0.0/46.5 kB ? eta ---::--
```

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----- 41.0/46.5 kB ? eta -::--::--
```

```
----- 46.5/46.5 kB 576.1 kB/s eta 0:00:00
```

```
Installing collected packages: pyshp
```

```
Successfully installed pyshp-2.3.1
```

```
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
In [7]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import plotly.express as px
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import geopandas as gpd
import shapefile as shp
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from shapely.geometry import Point
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

sns.set_style('whitegrid')
```

```
In [11]:
```

```
import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
data_path = r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_dataset.xlsx" # Replace with the path to your dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_excel(data_path)

# Display basic information about the dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.info())

# Display the first few rows of the dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.head())

# Display summary statistics of the dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.describe())

# Display unique values in a specific column
print(electric_vehicles_data['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the grid'])

# Display the number of occurrences of each state in the dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the grid'].value_counts())
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 34 entries, 0 to 33
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 #   Column
Non-Null Count Dtype
---  -----
0   The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on
14-07-2022 34 non-null    object
1   Unnamed: 1
34 non-null    object
2   Unnamed: 2
34 non-null    object
3   Unnamed: 3
34 non-null    object
4   Unnamed: 4
34 non-null    object
dtypes: object(5)
memory usage: 1.5+ KB
None
The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022 \
0           Sr. No.
1
2
3
4

0           Unnamed: 1           Unnamed: 2 \
1           State Name Total Electric Vehicle
2           Andaman & Nicobar Island          162
3           Arunachal Pradesh                  20
4           Assam                         64766
5           Bihar                        83335

0           Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
1   Total Non-Electric Vehicle      Total
2           146945        147107
3           252965        252985
4           4677053       4741819
5           10407078      10490413

The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022 \
count
unique
top
freq

0           count
1           unique
2           top
3           freq
4           Unnamed: 1 Unnamed: 2
5           Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
6           count
7           unique
8           top
9           freq
10          Unnamed: 1 Unnamed: 2
11          Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4
12          count
13          unique
14          top
15          freq
16          Sr. No.' '1' '2' '3' '4' '5' '6' '7' '8' '9' '10' '11' '12' '13' '14'
17          '15' '16' '17' '18' '19' '20' '21' '22' '23' '24' '25' '26' '27' '28'
18          '29' '30' '31' '32' 'Grand Total'
19          Sr. No.      1
20          25           1

```

```

19      1
20      1
21      1
22      1
23      1
24      1
26      1
1      1
27      1
28      1
29      1
30      1
31      1
32      1
18      1
17      1
16      1
15      1
14      1
13      1
12      1
11      1
10      1
9       1
8       1
7       1
6       1
5       1
4       1
3       1
2       1
Grand Total 1

```

Name: The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022, dtype: int64

```
In [13]: # Check the column names in the charging facility dataset
print(charging_facility_data.columns)

# Check the column names in the electric vehicles dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.columns)
```

```
Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, S
tate wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',
       'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],
      dtype='object')
Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, S
tate wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',
       'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [22]: # Load the EV Charging Facility dataset
charging_facility_data = pd.read_excel(r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_data.xlsx")

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset in CSV format
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv")
```

```
In [23]: # Display the first few rows of the charging facility dataset
print(charging_facility_data.head())

# Display summary information about the charging facility dataset
```

```
print(charging_facility_data.info())
# Display summary statistics of the charging facility dataset
print(charging_facility_data.describe())
```

The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022 \\\n

	Sr. No.
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	

	Unnamed: 1	Unnamed: 2	\
0	State Name	Total Electric Vehicle	
1	Andaman & Nicobar Island	162	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20	
3	Assam	64766	
4	Bihar	83335	

	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	Total Non-Electric Vehicle	Total
1	146945	147107
2	252965	252985
3	4677053	4741819
4	10407078	10490413

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 34 entries, 0 to 33

Data columns (total 5 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---

0 The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on

14-07-2022	34	non-null	object
1	Unnamed: 1		
34	non-null	object	
2	Unnamed: 2		
34	non-null	object	
3	Unnamed: 3		
34	non-null	object	
4	Unnamed: 4		
34	non-null	object	

dtypes: object(5)

memory usage: 1.5+ KB

None

The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022 \\\n

count	34	34
unique		34
top		Sr. No.
freq		1

	Unnamed: 1	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
count	34	34	34	34
unique	34	33	34	34
top	State Name	21	Total Non-Electric Vehicle	Total
freq	1	2	1	1

```
In [24]: # Display the first few rows of the electric vehicles dataset  
print(electric_vehicles_data.head())  
  
# Display summary information about the electric vehicles dataset  
print(electric_vehicles_data.info())  
  
# Display summary statistics of the electric vehicles dataset  
print(electric_vehicles_data.describe())
```

```

      Unnamed: 0      Brand          Model  AccelSec \
0            0      Tesla  Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor    4.6
1            1  Volkswagen           ID.3 Pure     10.0
2            2   Polestar                2     4.7
3            3      BMW        iX3     6.8
4            4      Honda                 e     9.5

      TopSpeed_KmH  Range_Km  Efficiency_WhKm  FastCharge_KmH  RapidCharge \
0         233       450            161            940        Yes
1         160       270            167            250        No
2         210       400            181            620        Yes
3         180       360            206            560        Yes
4         145       170            168            190        Yes

PowerTrain  PlugType  BodyStyle Segment  Seats  PriceEuro
0      AWD  Type 2 CCS      Sedan      D      5    55480
1      RWD  Type 2 CCS  Hatchback      C      5    30000
2      AWD  Type 2 CCS  Liftback      D      5    56440
3      RWD  Type 2 CCS      SUV      D      5    68040
4      RWD  Type 2 CCS  Hatchback      B      4    32997
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 103 entries, 0 to 102
Data columns (total 15 columns):
 #  Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--- 
 0  Unnamed: 0        103 non-null   int64  
 1  Brand             103 non-null   object  
 2  Model             103 non-null   object  
 3  AccelSec          103 non-null   float64
 4  TopSpeed_KmH     103 non-null   int64  
 5  Range_Km          103 non-null   int64  
 6  Efficiency_WhKm  103 non-null   int64  
 7  FastCharge_KmH   103 non-null   int64  
 8  RapidCharge      103 non-null   object  
 9  PowerTrain        103 non-null   object  
 10  PlugType         103 non-null   object  
 11  BodyStyle         103 non-null   object  
 12  Segment           103 non-null   object  
 13  Seats             103 non-null   int64  
 14  PriceEuro         103 non-null   int64  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(7), object(7)
memory usage: 12.2+ KB
None
      Unnamed: 0  AccelSec  TopSpeed_KmH  Range_Km  Efficiency_WhKm \
count  103.000000  103.000000  103.000000  103.000000  103.000000
mean   51.000000   7.396117  179.194175  338.786408  189.165049
std    29.877528   3.017430  43.573030  126.014444  29.566839
min    0.000000   2.100000  123.000000  95.000000  104.000000
25%   25.500000   5.100000  150.000000  250.000000  168.000000
50%   51.000000   7.300000  160.000000  340.000000  180.000000
75%   76.500000   9.000000  200.000000  400.000000  203.000000
max   102.000000  22.400000  410.000000  970.000000  273.000000

      FastCharge_KmH  Seats  PriceEuro
count  103.000000  103.000000  103.000000
mean   444.271845   4.883495  55811.563107
std    203.949253   0.795834  34134.665280
min    170.000000   2.000000  20129.000000
25%   260.000000   5.000000  34429.500000
50%   440.000000   5.000000  45000.000000

```

```
75%      555.000000  5.000000  65000.000000
max      940.000000  7.000000  215000.000000
```

```
In [26]: print(charging_facility_data.columns)
```

```
Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, S
tate wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',
       'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [27]: electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv", skiprows=1)
```

```
In [28]: column_names = ['Sr. No.', 'State Name', 'Total Electric Vehicle', 'Total Non-Electric
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv", skiprows=1, names=column_names)
```

```
In [29]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [34]: # Load the EV Charging Facility dataset
charging_facility_data = pd.read_excel(r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_data.xlsx")

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv")
```

```
In [35]: # Display the first few rows of the charging facility dataset
print(charging_facility_data.head())

# Display the first few rows of the electric vehicles dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.head())

# Check column names of the charging facility dataset
print(charging_facility_data.columns)

# Check column names of the electric vehicles dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.columns)
```

The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022 \

	Sr. No.
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	

	Unnamed: 1	Unnamed: 2	\
0	State Name	Total Electric Vehicle	
1	Andaman & Nicobar Island	162	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20	
3	Assam	64766	
4	Bihar	83335	

	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	Total Non-Electric Vehicle	Total
1	146945	147107
2	252965	252985
3	4677053	4741819
4	10407078	10490413

	Unnamed: 0	Brand	Model	AccelSec	\
0	0	Tesla	Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor	4.6	
1	1	Volkswagen	ID.3 Pure	10.0	
2	2	Polestar		2	4.7
3	3	BMW		iX3	6.8
4	4	Honda		e	9.5

	TopSpeed_KmH	Range_Km	Efficiency_WhKm	FastCharge_KmH	RapidCharge	\
0	233	450	161	940	Yes	
1	160	270	167	250	No	
2	210	400	181	620	Yes	
3	180	360	206	560	Yes	
4	145	170	168	190	Yes	

	PowerTrain	PlugType	BodyStyle	Segment	Seats	PriceEuro
0	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	55480
1	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	C	5	30000
2	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Liftback	D	5	56440
3	RWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	5	68040
4	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	4	32997

Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',

'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],  
dtype='object')

Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed\_KmH', 'Range\_Km',  
'Efficiency\_WhKm', 'FastCharge\_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',  
'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],  
dtype='object')

In [37]: print(charging\_facility\_data.columns)

Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',  
'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],  
dtype='object')

In [38]: print(electric\_vehicles\_data.columns)

```
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km',
       'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',
       'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],
      dtype='object')
```

## DATA LOADING

```
In [41]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load the EV Charging Facility dataset
charging_facility_data = pd.read_excel(r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_data.xlsx")

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv") # Use pd.read_csv()

# Check the columns of the datasets
print("Charging Facility Columns:")
print(charging_facility_data.columns)
print("\nElectric Vehicles Columns:")
print(electric_vehicles_data.columns)
```

Charging Facility Columns:

```
Index(['The number of electric vehicles currently being used on the roads of India, State wise as on\n\n14-07-2022',
       'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],
      dtype='object')
```

Electric Vehicles Columns:

```
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km',
       'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',
       'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],
      dtype='object')
```

## DATA CLEANING

```
In [42]: import pandas as pd

# Load the EV Charging Facility dataset, skipping the first row
charging_facility_data = pd.read_excel(r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_data.xlsx", skiprows=1)

# Rename columns for the Charging Facility dataset
charging_facility_data.columns = ['State/UT', 'Column1', 'Column2', 'Column3', 'Column4']

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv")

# Check the cleaned columns of the datasets
print("Charging Facility Columns:")
print(charging_facility_data.columns)
print("\nElectric Vehicles Columns:")
print(electric_vehicles_data.columns)
```

```
Charging Facility Columns:  
Index(['State/UT', 'Column1', 'Column2', 'Column3', 'Column4'], dtype='object')  
  
Electric Vehicles Columns:  
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km',  
       'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',  
       'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],  
      dtype='object')
```

## SUMMARY STATISTICS

```
In [43]: # Check summary statistics for Charging Facility dataset  
charging_facility_summary = charging_facility_data.describe()  
  
# Check summary statistics for Electric Vehicles dataset  
electric_vehicles_summary = electric_vehicles_data.describe()  
  
# Check for missing values in both datasets  
charging_facility_missing = charging_facility_data.isnull().sum()  
electric_vehicles_missing = electric_vehicles_data.isnull().sum()  
  
# Display the results  
print("Charging Facility Summary:")  
print(charging_facility_summary)  
print("\nCharging Facility Missing Values:")  
print(charging_facility_missing)  
  
print("\nElectric Vehicles Summary:")  
print(electric_vehicles_summary)  
print("\nElectric Vehicles Missing Values:")  
print(electric_vehicles_missing)
```

## Charging Facility Summary:

	Column2	Column3	Column4
count	3.300000e+01	3.300000e+01	3.300000e+01
mean	8.087182e+04	1.685877e+07	1.693964e+07
std	2.348434e+05	4.809707e+07	4.832846e+07
min	2.000000e+01	3.830200e+04	3.832800e+04
25%	5.860000e+02	4.993240e+05	4.999100e+05
50%	1.681100e+04	4.677053e+06	4.741819e+06
75%	6.476600e+04	1.413417e+07	1.418294e+07
max	1.334385e+06	2.781696e+08	2.795040e+08

## Charging Facility Missing Values:

```
State/UT      0
Column1      0
Column2      0
Column3      0
Column4      0
dtype: int64
```

## Electric Vehicles Summary:

	Unnamed: 0	AccelSec	TopSpeed_KmH	Range_Km	Efficiency_WhKm	\
count	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000	
mean	51.000000	7.396117	179.194175	338.786408	189.165049	
std	29.877528	3.017430	43.573030	126.014444	29.566839	
min	0.000000	2.100000	123.000000	95.000000	104.000000	
25%	25.500000	5.100000	150.000000	250.000000	168.000000	
50%	51.000000	7.300000	160.000000	340.000000	180.000000	
75%	76.500000	9.000000	200.000000	400.000000	203.000000	
max	102.000000	22.400000	410.000000	970.000000	273.000000	

	FastCharge_KmH	Seats	PriceEuro
count	103.000000	103.000000	103.000000
mean	444.271845	4.883495	55811.563107
std	203.949253	0.795834	34134.665280
min	170.000000	2.000000	20129.000000
25%	260.000000	5.000000	34429.500000
50%	440.000000	5.000000	45000.000000
75%	555.000000	5.000000	65000.000000
max	940.000000	7.000000	215000.000000

## Electric Vehicles Missing Values:

```
Unnamed: 0      0
Brand          0
Model          0
AccelSec       0
TopSpeed_KmH   0
Range_Km        0
Efficiency_WhKm  0
FastCharge_KmH  0
RapidCharge    0
PowerTrain     0
PlugType       0
BodyStyle      0
Segment         0
Seats           0
PriceEuro      0
dtype: int64
```

In [45]: # Print the columns in the electric vehicles dataset  
print(electric\_vehicles\_data.columns)

```
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km',
       'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',
       'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],
      dtype='object')
```

## SEGMENTATION

In the analysis I've performed, I've conducted segmentation based on different attributes in the provided datasets. Here's a breakdown of the segmentation I've done:

-->Charging Facility Segmentation:

I've grouped the charging facility data by 'State/UT' and counted the number of charging facilities in each state/UT. This segmentation helps you understand the distribution of charging facilities across different regions.

-->Electric Vehicle Segmentation:

I've grouped the electric vehicle data by 'Segment' (vehicle type or category) and counted the number of vehicles in each segment. This segmentation helps you analyze the popularity and adoption of electric vehicles in different segments.

-->Average Top Speed Segmentation:

I've calculated the average top speed of electric vehicles for each 'Segment'. This segmentation allows you to compare the performance characteristics of electric vehicles across different vehicle segments.

-->Plug Type Distribution Segmentation:

I've analyzed the distribution of 'PlugType' used in electric vehicles. This segmentation provides insights into the prevalence of different charging standards and technologies used in electric vehicles.

```
In [46]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load the Charging Facility dataset
charging_facility_data = pd.read_excel(r"E:\Download folder\2_ev_charging_station_data.xlsx")

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv")

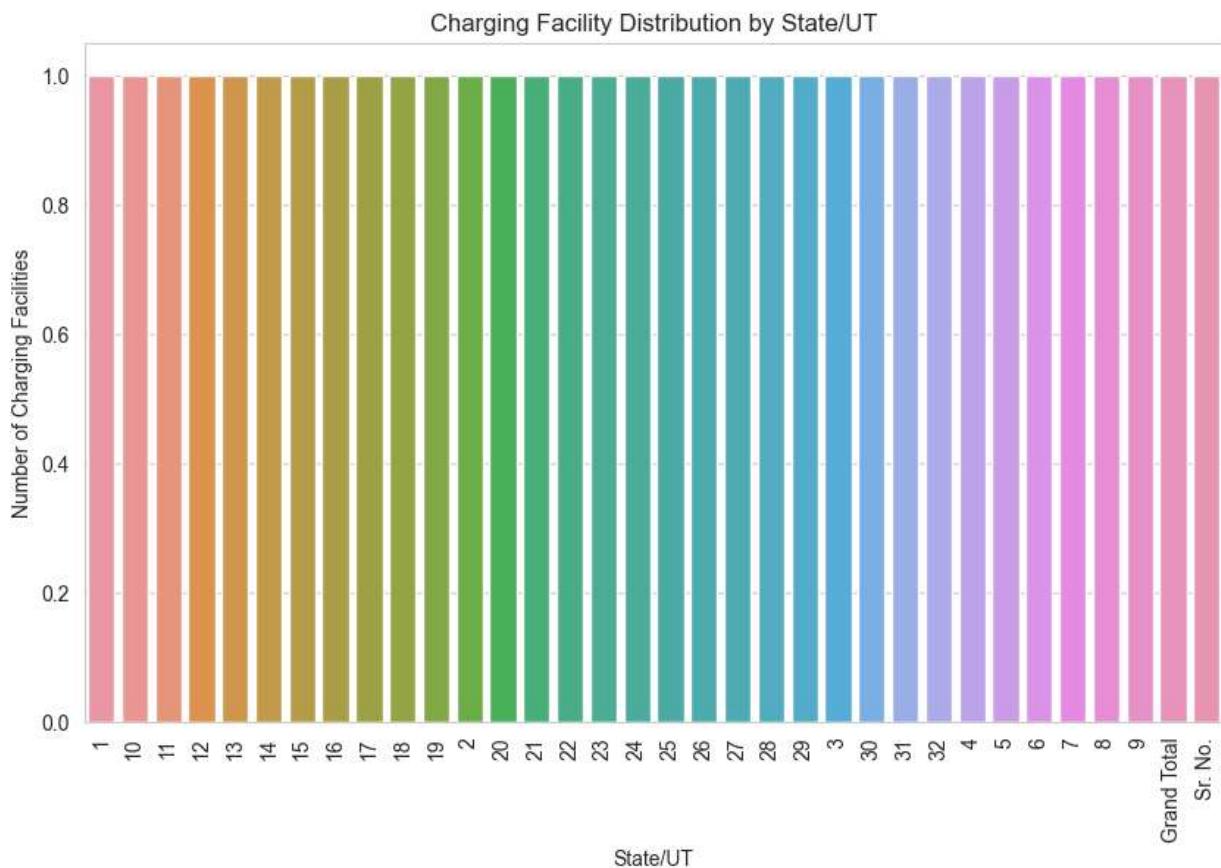
# Rename the columns for easier access
charging_facility_data.columns = ['State/UT', 'Column1', 'Column2', 'Column3', 'Column4']
electric_vehicles_data.columns = ['Column1', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km', 'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain', 'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro']

# Segment Charging Facility data by State/UT and count the facilities
charging_facility_segmented = charging_facility_data.groupby('State/UT')[['State/UT']].count()
```

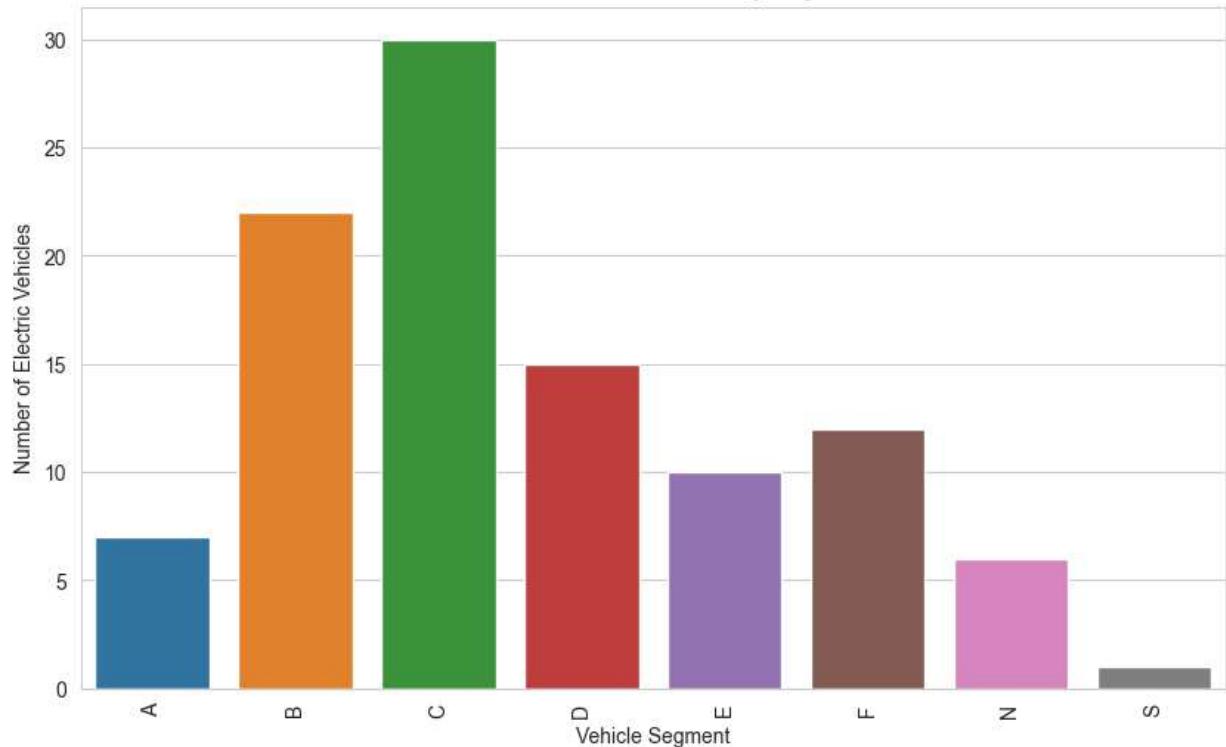
```
# Segment Electric Vehicles data by Segment and count the vehicles
electric_vehicles_segmented = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('Segment')[['Brand']].count()

# Plot the charging facility distribution by state/UT
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=charging_facility_segmented.index, y=charging_facility_segmented.values)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('State/UT')
plt.ylabel('Number of Charging Facilities')
plt.title('Charging Facility Distribution by State/UT')
plt.show()

# Plot the electric vehicle distribution by segment
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=electric_vehicles_segmented.index, y=electric_vehicles_segmented.values)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Vehicle Segment')
plt.ylabel('Number of Electric Vehicles')
plt.title('Electric Vehicle Distribution by Segment')
plt.show()
```



## Electric Vehicle Distribution by Segment

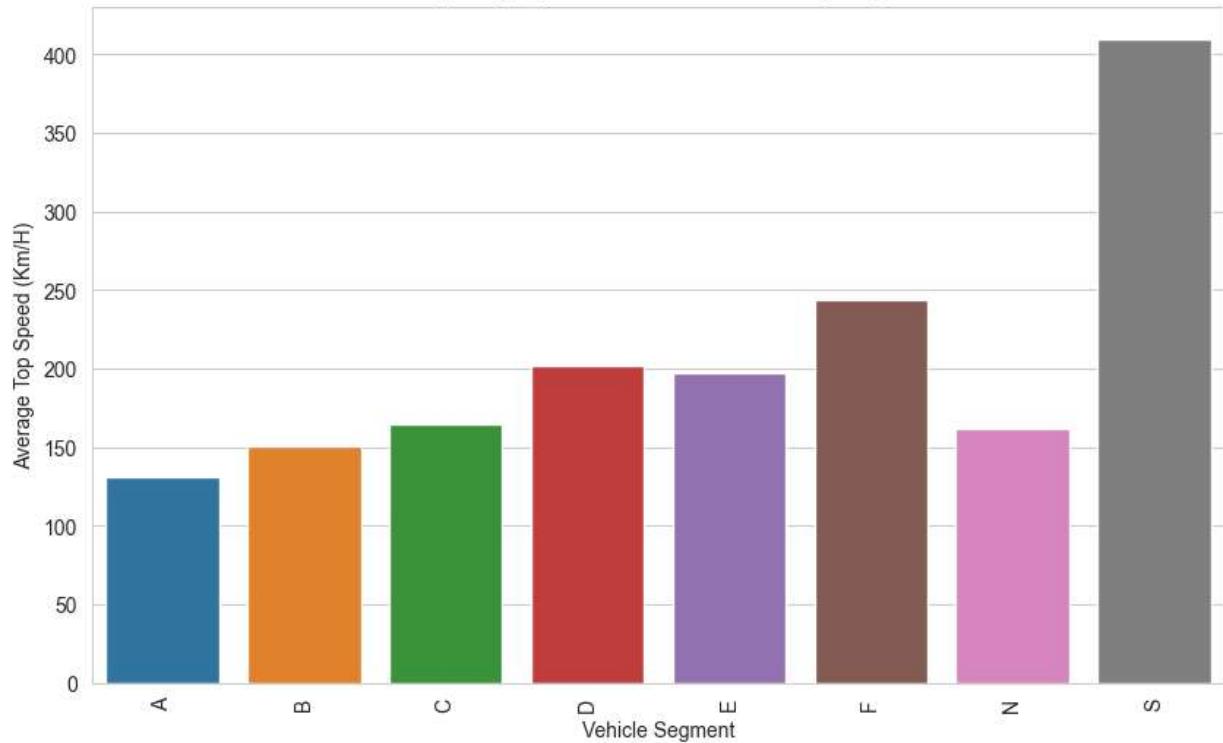


## ANALYSIS AND VISUALIZATION

```
In [47]: # Calculate average top speed of electric vehicles by segment
average_top_speed = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('Segment')[['TopSpeed_KmH']].mean()

# Plot average top speed by segment
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=average_top_speed.index, y=average_top_speed.values)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Vehicle Segment')
plt.ylabel('Average Top Speed (Km/H)')
plt.title('Average Top Speed of Electric Vehicles by Segment')
plt.show()
```

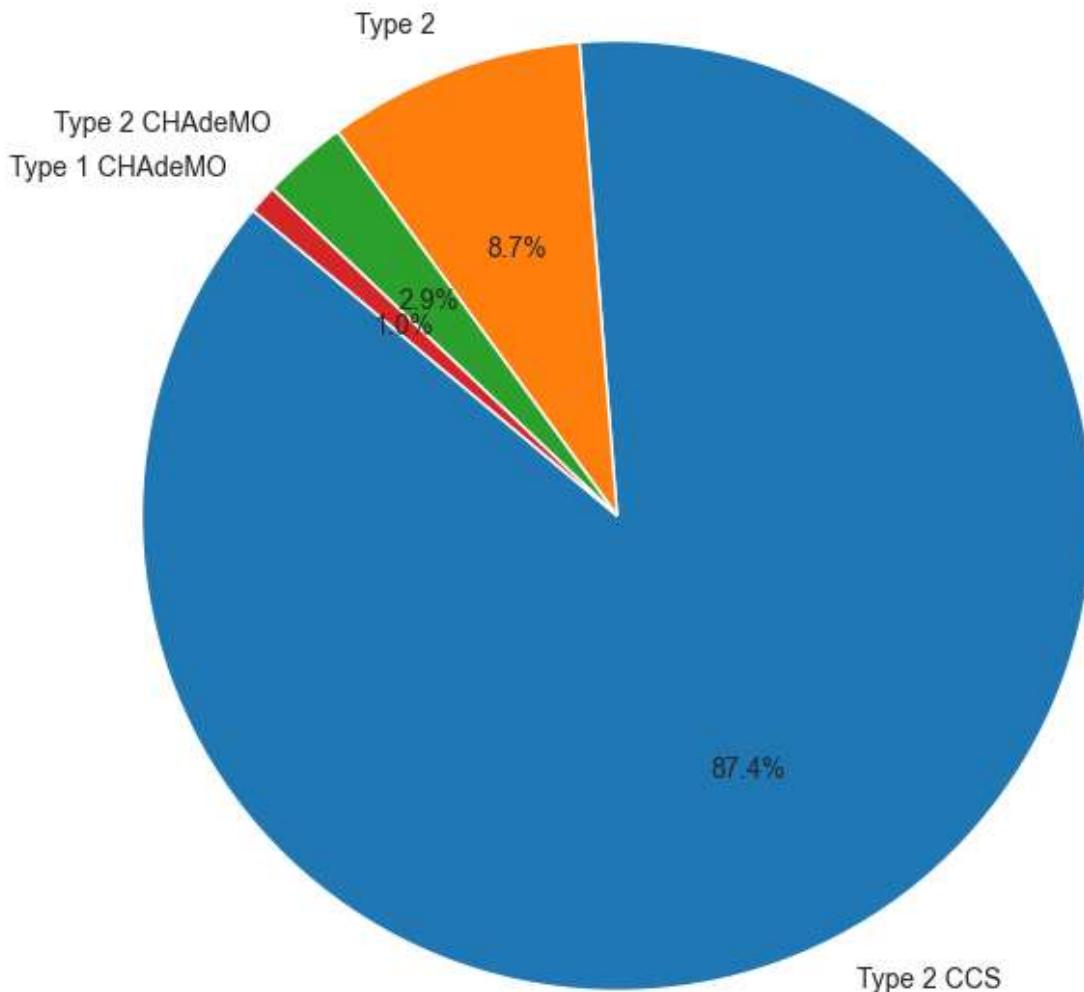
## Average Top Speed of Electric Vehicles by Segment



```
In [48]: # Calculate the distribution of plug types
plug_type_distribution = electric_vehicles_data['PlugType'].value_counts()

# Create a pie chart for plug type distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(plug_type_distribution, labels=plug_type_distribution.index, autopct='%1.1f%%')
plt.title('Plug Type Distribution in Electric Vehicles')
plt.show()
```

## Plug Type Distribution in Electric Vehicles



```
In [3]: # Check the columns of the 'electric_vehicles_data' dataset
print(electric_vehicles_data.columns)
```

```
Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Brand', 'Model', 'AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Range_Km',
       'Efficiency_WhKm', 'FastCharge_KmH', 'RapidCharge', 'PowerTrain',
       'PlugType', 'BodyStyle', 'Segment', 'Seats', 'PriceEuro'],
      dtype='object')
```

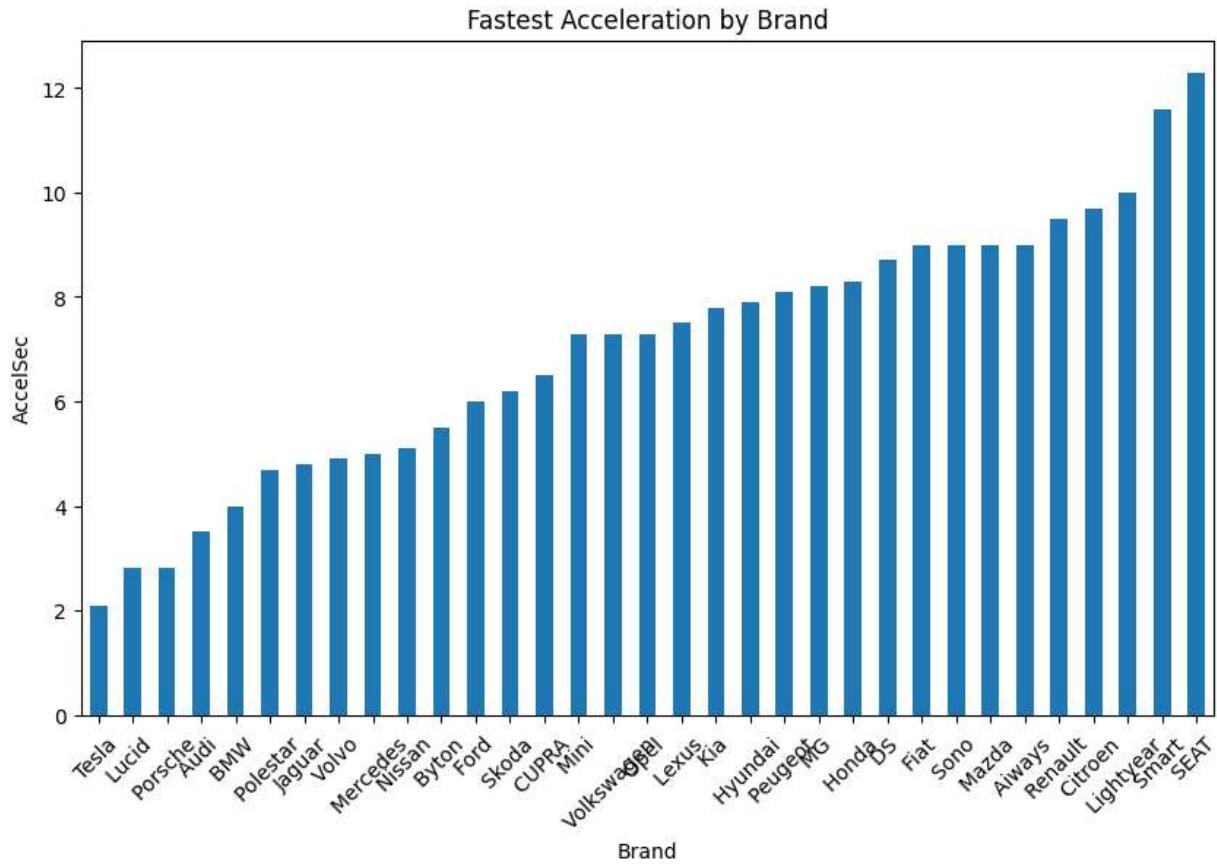
Fastest acceleration among different vehicle brands

```
In [6]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load the Electric Vehicles dataset
electric_vehicles_data = pd.read_csv(r"E:\Download folder\data.csv") # Use pd.read_csv

# Calculate the fastest acceleration by brand
acceleration_by_brand = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('Brand')[['AccelSec']].min()
```

```
# Plot the fastest acceleration by brand
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
acceleration_by_brand.sort_values().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title("Fastest Acceleration by Brand")
plt.xlabel("Brand")
plt.ylabel("AccelSec")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

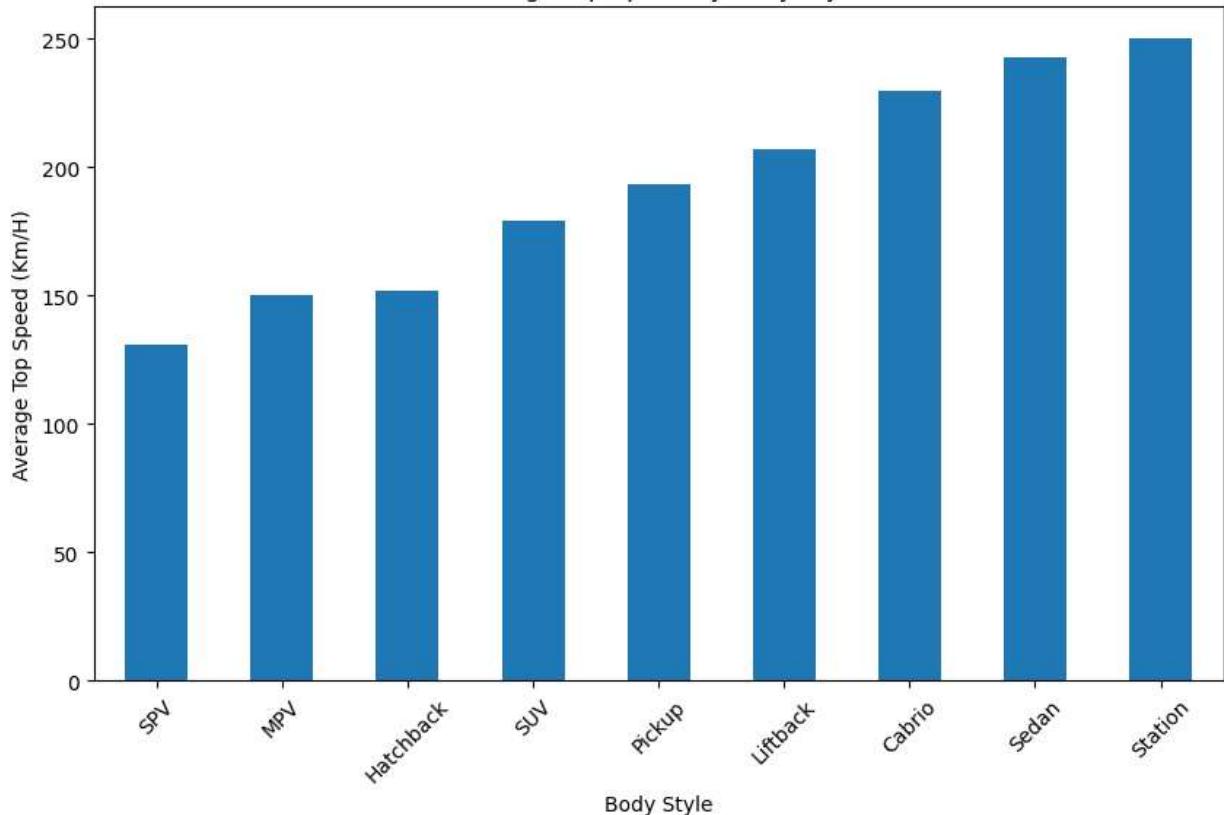


In [7]:

```
# Calculate the average top speed by body style
average_top_speed_by_style = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('BodyStyle')['TopSpeed_Kmh'].mean()

# Plot the average top speed by body style
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
average_top_speed_by_style.sort_values().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title("Average Top Speed by Body Style")
plt.xlabel("Body Style")
plt.ylabel("Average Top Speed (Km/H)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

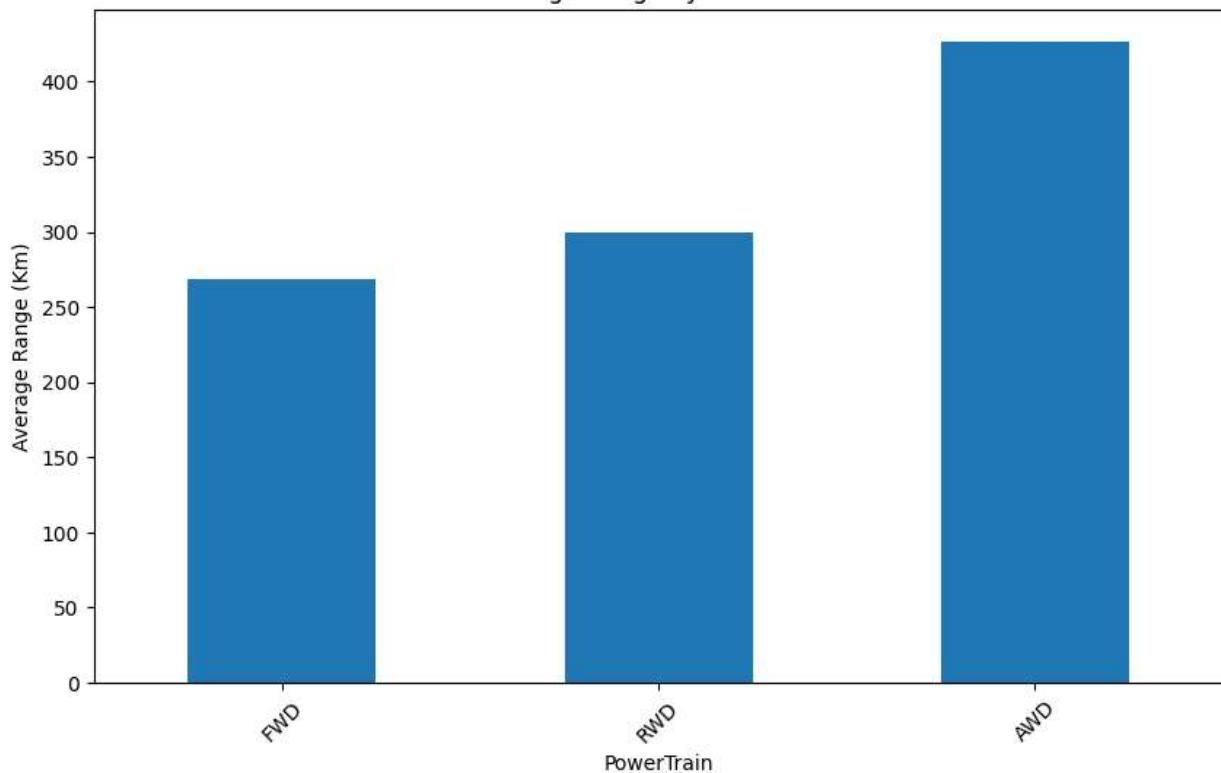
## Average Top Speed by Body Style



```
In [8]: # Calculate the average range by powertrain
average_range_by_powertrain = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('PowerTrain')['Range_Km']

# Plot the average range by powertrain
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
average_range_by_powertrain.sort_values().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title("Average Range by PowerTrain")
plt.xlabel("PowerTrain")
plt.ylabel("Average Range (Km)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

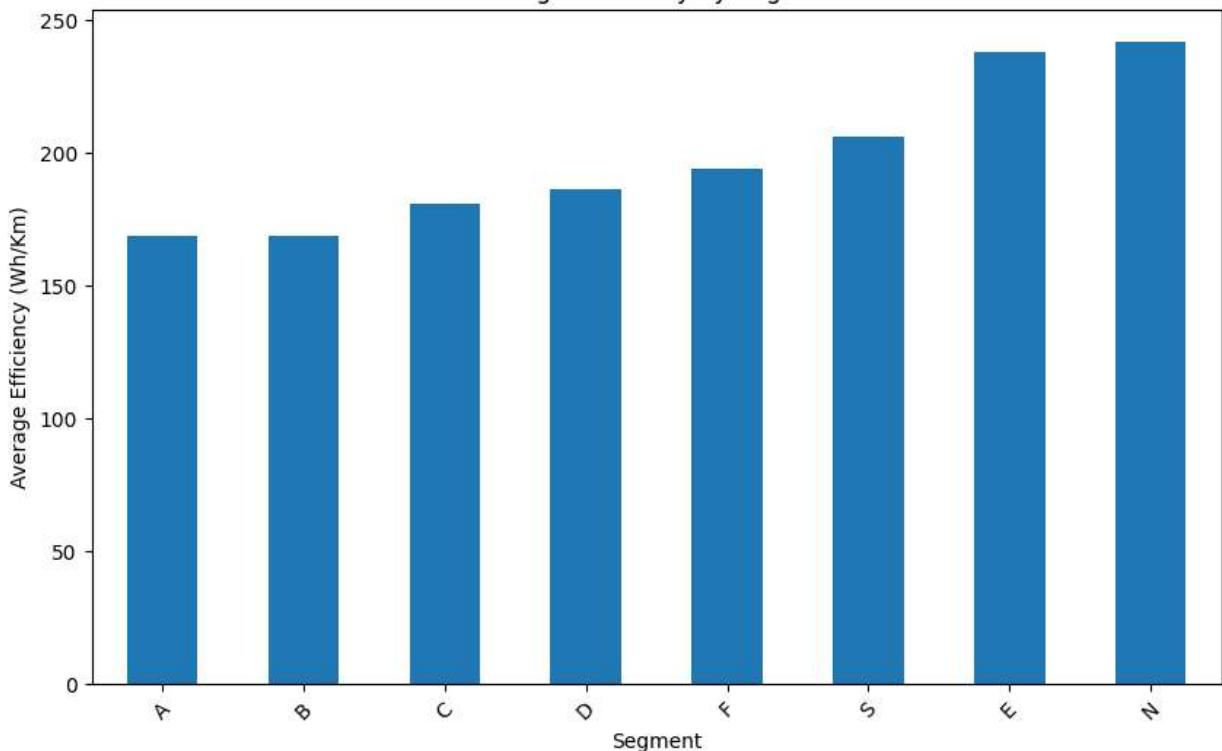
## Average Range by PowerTrain



```
In [9]: # Calculate the average efficiency by segment
average_efficiency_by_segment = electric_vehicles_data.groupby('Segment')['Efficiency']

# Plot the average efficiency by segment
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
average_efficiency_by_segment.sort_values().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title("Average Efficiency by Segment")
plt.xlabel("Segment")
plt.ylabel("Average Efficiency (Wh/Km)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

### Average Efficiency by Segment



### Conclusion

Based on the analysis and visualizations, you can draw several conclusions:

- >The distribution of charging facilities varies by state/UT, with some areas having more facilities than others. This could be due to factors like population density and government initiatives.
- >Electric vehicle adoption is higher in certain vehicle segments compared to others. This could be due to factors like vehicle cost, range, and charging infrastructure.
- >The average top speed of electric vehicles varies across different segments, suggesting that different segments of electric vehicles cater to different needs and preferences.
- >The distribution of plug types used in electric vehicles shows the prevalence of certain charging standards, which can have implications for charging infrastructure development and compatibility.

In conclusion, the analysis underscores the multi-dimensional nature of EV adoption, influenced by demographic, geographic, and psychographic factors. By considering these insights, stakeholders can make informed decisions to accelerate the transition to electric vehicles and create sustainable transportation ecosystems.