

20104016

DEENA

Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Importing Datasets

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("rainfall_east uttar pradesh.csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

	index	SUBDIVISION	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT
0	1012	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	1901	62.6	31.3	8.2	1.1	13.6	21.8	226.5	285.6	215.4	4.9
1	1013	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	1902	6.1	2.3	2.4	2.0	21.4	32.5	411.5	155.4	257.2	13.2
2	1014	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	1903	8.2	0.4	1.3	0.7	15.3	71.6	115.3	420.2	258.7	324.7
3	1015	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	1904	7.3	1.5	8.3	0.4	28.7	148.0	359.4	328.8	95.0	50.6
4	1016	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	1905	16.8	23.6	20.0	5.4	15.4	17.3	302.4	316.2	169.5	3.3
...
110	1122	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	2011	1.0	2.7	1.6	2.9	32.2	163.8	197.9	232.1	146.4	0.6
111	1123	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	2012	20.3	1.2	3.4	2.8	0.2	18.5	234.2	156.0	164.4	0.7
112	1124	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	2013	6.1	59.6	2.7	8.7	1.1	309.7	230.0	246.1	78.2	97.4
113	1125	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	2014	47.4	25.8	15.4	1.7	10.7	47.8	224.5	138.1	106.7	74.7
114	1126	EAST UTTAR PRADESH	2015	30.0	4.1	48.2	23.2	8.6	95.3	179.0	175.8	21.9	11.8

115 rows × 20 columns

Data Cleaning and Data Preprocessing

```
In [3]: df = df.dropna()
```

```
In [4]: df.columns
```

```
Out[4]: Index(['index', 'SUBDIVISION', 'YEAR', 'JAN', 'FEB', 'MAR', 'APR', 'MAY',  
              'JUN', 'JUL', 'AUG', 'SEP', 'OCT', 'NOV', 'DEC', 'ANNUAL', 'Jan-Feb',  
              'Mar-May', 'Jun-Sep', 'Oct-Dec'],  
             dtype='object')
```

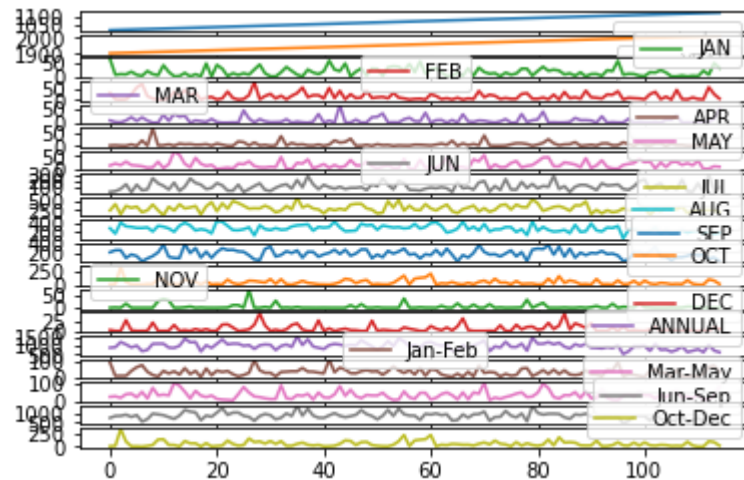
```
In [5]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
Int64Index: 115 entries, 0 to 114  
Data columns (total 20 columns):  
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -  
0   index                 115 non-null   int64  
1   SUBDIVISION           115 non-null   object  
2   YEAR                  115 non-null   int64  
3   JAN                   115 non-null   float64  
4   FEB                   115 non-null   float64  
5   MAR                   115 non-null   float64  
6   APR                   115 non-null   float64  
7   MAY                   115 non-null   float64  
8   JUN                   115 non-null   float64  
9   JUL                   115 non-null   float64  
10  AUG                   115 non-null   float64  
11  SEP                   115 non-null   float64  
12  OCT                   115 non-null   float64  
13  NOV                   115 non-null   float64  
14  DEC                   115 non-null   float64  
15  ANNUAL                115 non-null   float64  
16  Jan-Feb               115 non-null   float64  
17  Mar-May               115 non-null   float64  
18  Jun-Sep               115 non-null   float64  
19  Oct-Dec               115 non-null   float64  
dtypes: float64(17), int64(2), object(1)  
memory usage: 18.9+ KB
```

Line chart

In [6]: `df.plot.line(subplots=True)`

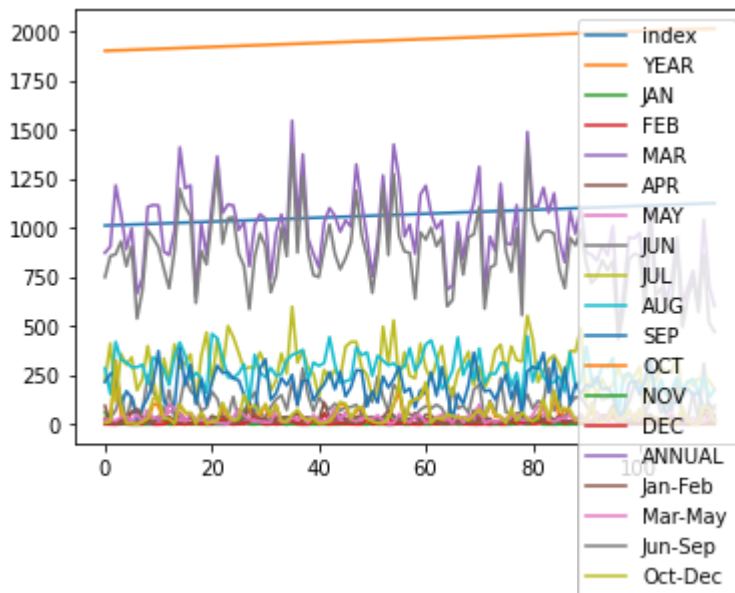
Out[6]: array([<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>], dtype=object)



Line chart

In [7]: `df.plot.line()`

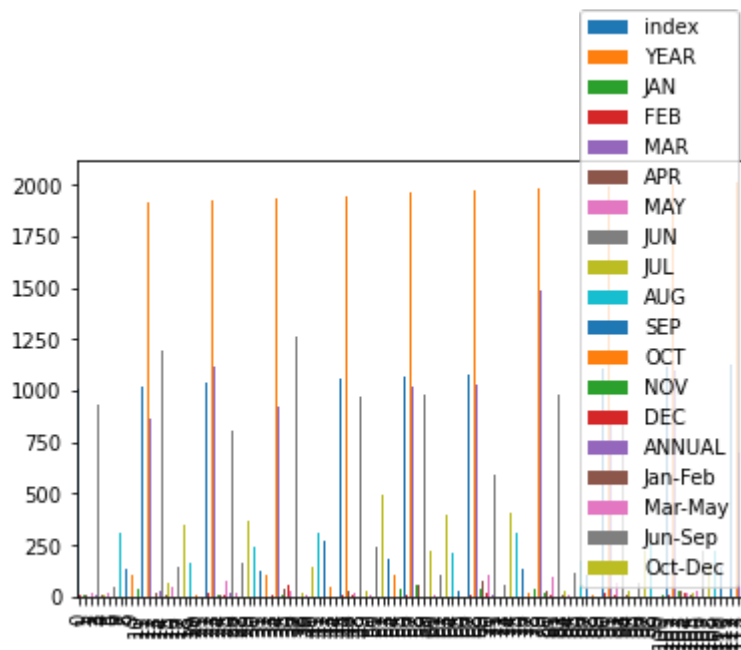
Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:>



Bar chart

In [8]: `df.plot.bar()`

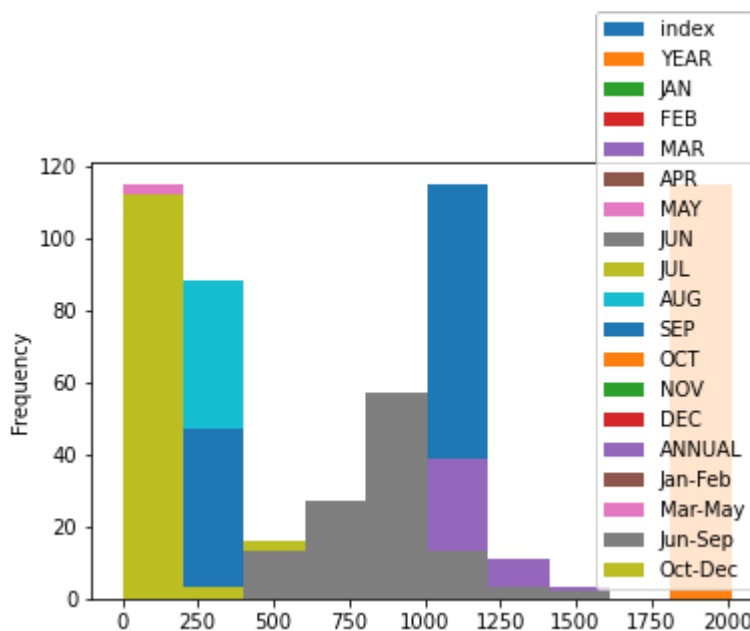
Out[8]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Histogram

In [9]: `df.plot.hist()`

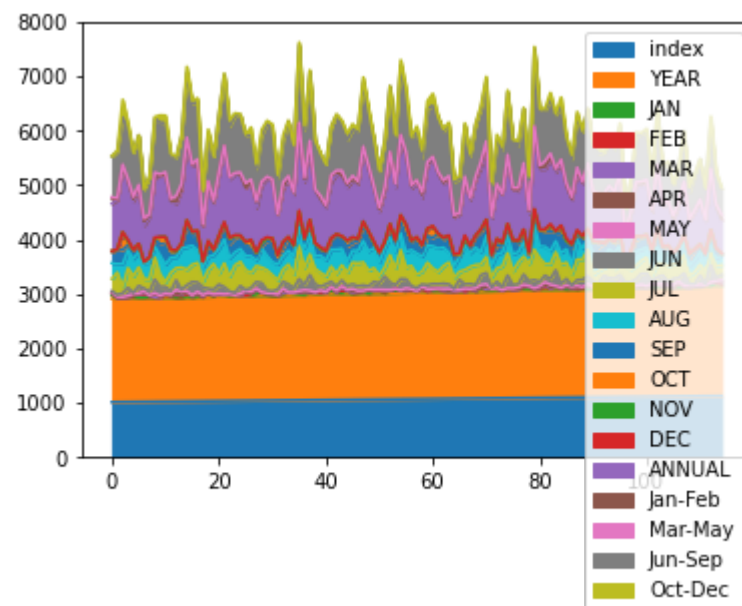
Out[9]: `<AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>`



Area chart

In [10]: `df.plot.area()`

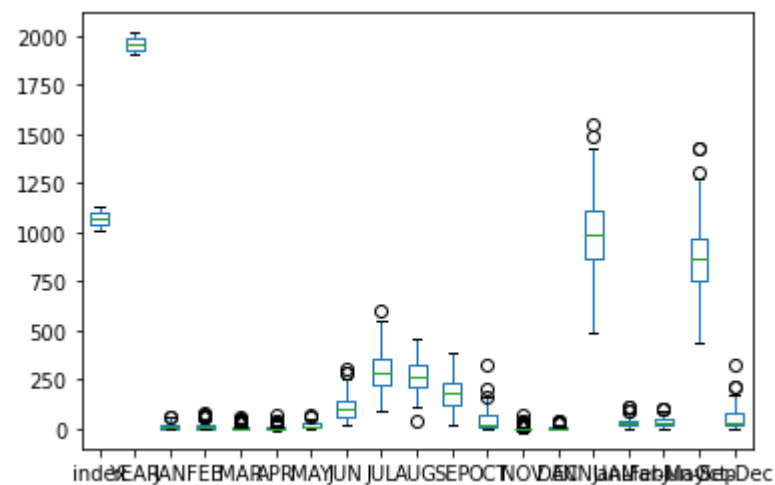
Out[10]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Box chart

In [11]: `df.plot.box()`

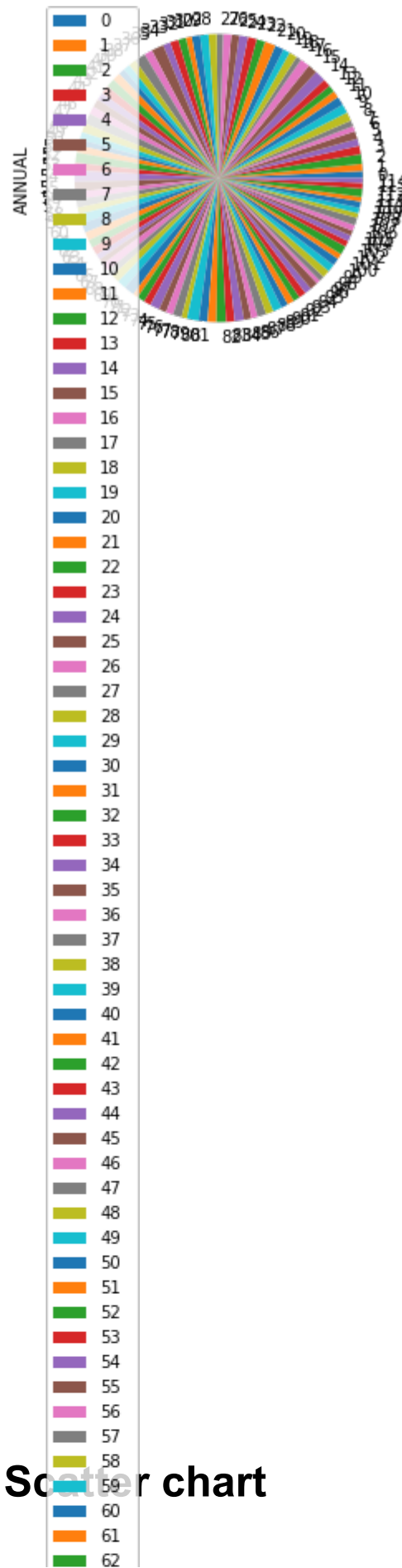
Out[11]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Pie chart

In [12]: `df.plot(figsize=(10, 5), color='red', label='ANNUAL')`

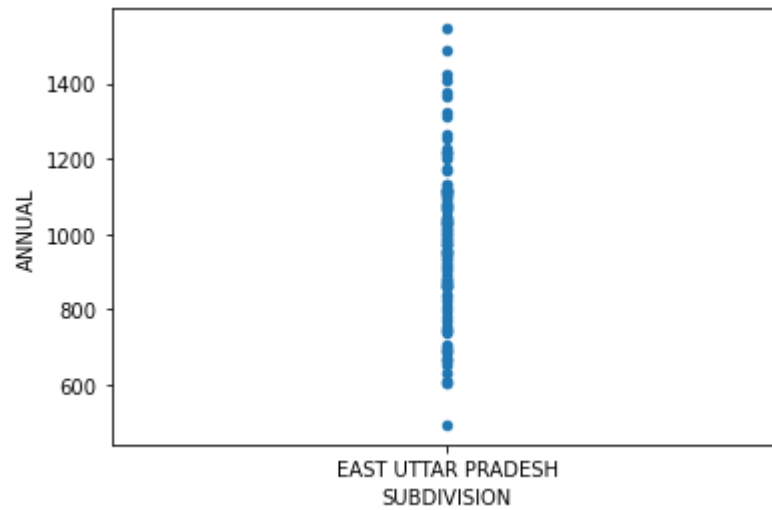
Out[12]: `<AxesSubplot:ylabel='ANNUAL'>`



Scatter chart

In [13]: `df.plot.scatter(x='SUBDIVISION', y='ANNUAL')`

Out[13]: `<AxesSubplot:xlabel='SUBDIVISION', ylabel='ANNUAL'>`



In [14]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 115 entries, 0 to 114
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   index           115 non-null   int64
1   SUBDIVISION     115 non-null   object
2   YEAR            115 non-null   int64
3   JAN             115 non-null   float64
4   FEB             115 non-null   float64
5   MAR             115 non-null   float64
6   APR             115 non-null   float64
7   MAY             115 non-null   float64
8   JUN             115 non-null   float64
9   JUL             115 non-null   float64
10  AUG             115 non-null   float64
11  SEP             115 non-null   float64
12  OCT             115 non-null   float64
13  NOV             115 non-null   float64
14  DEC             115 non-null   float64
```


In [15]: `df.describe()`

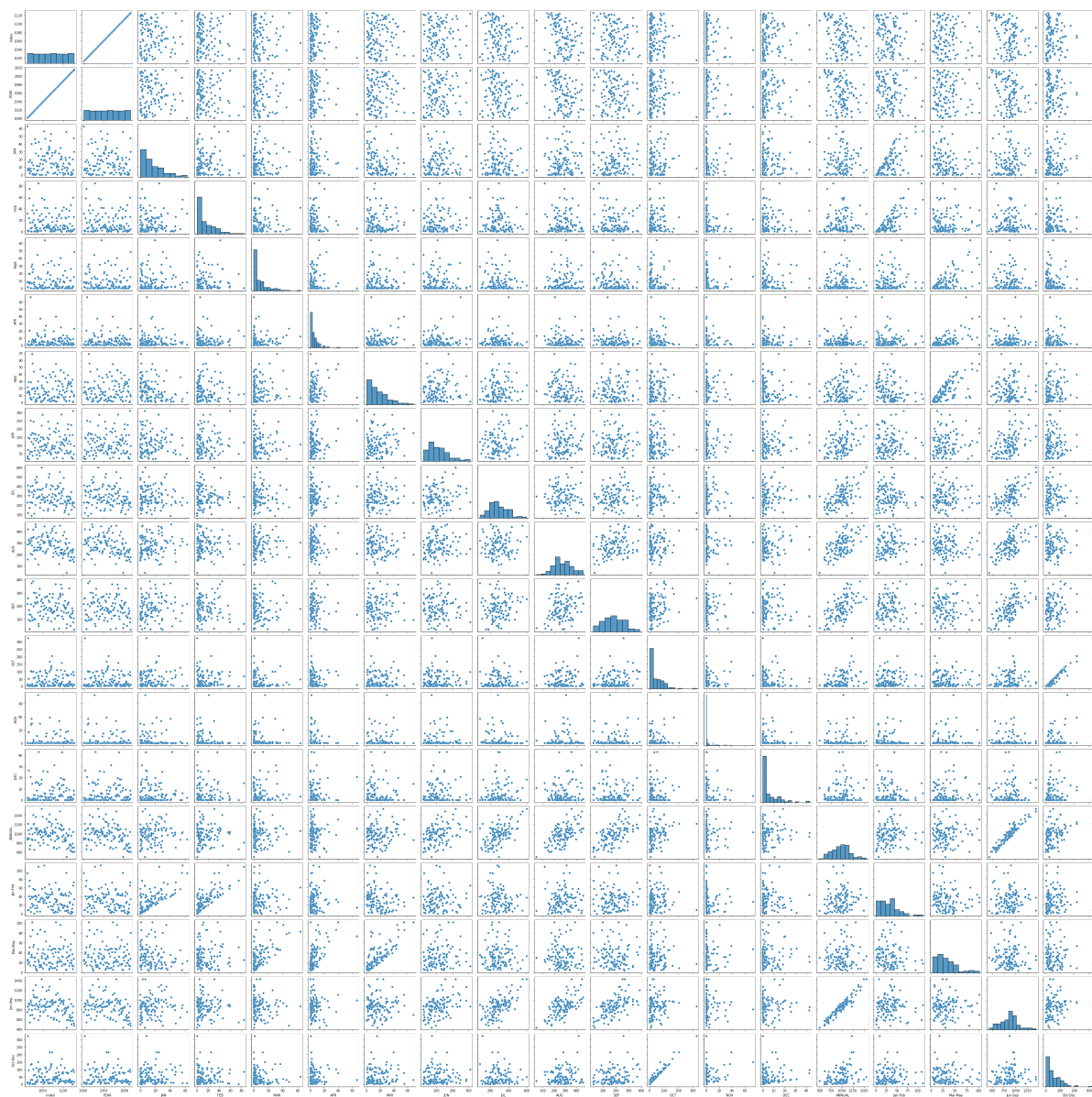
Out[15]:

	index	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	
count	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	11
mean	1069.000000	1958.000000	16.012174	15.873913	8.907826	6.430435	17.211304	11
std	33.341666	33.341666	14.659481	17.263607	11.906840	9.082731	14.095232	6
min	1012.000000	1901.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.200000	1
25%	1040.500000	1929.500000	3.450000	3.200000	0.700000	1.150000	6.550000	6
50%	1069.000000	1958.000000	12.500000	8.800000	3.400000	3.800000	14.000000	9
75%	1097.500000	1986.500000	24.400000	24.150000	12.050000	8.550000	25.900000	14
max	1126.000000	2015.000000	62.600000	84.300000	63.700000	66.600000	68.700000	30

EDA AND VISUALIZATION

In [16]: `sns.pairplot(df)`

Out[16]: `<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x21ef60e6a30>`

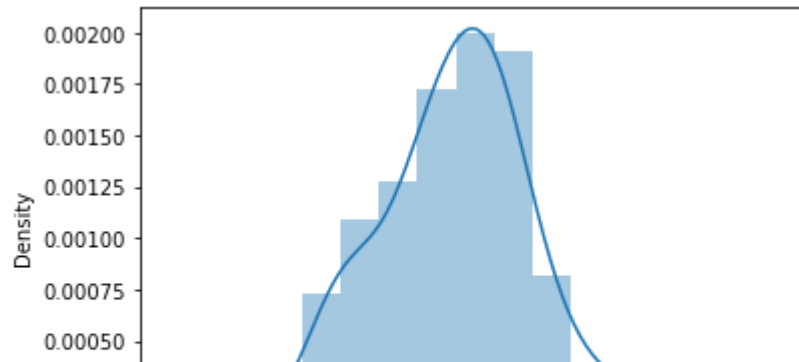


In [17]: `sns.distplot(df['ANNUAL'])`

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[17]: `<AxesSubplot:xlabel='ANNUAL', ylabel='Density'>`



In [18]: `sns.heatmap(df.corr())`

Out[18]: `<AxesSubplot:>`

