

20104016

DEENA

Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
import seaborn as sns  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Importing Datasets

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv("rainfall_naga mani mizo tripura.csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

	index	SUBDIVISION	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT
0	322	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	1901	11.7	18.1	29.4	206.2	124.0	443.3	331.4	466.0	304.1	166
1	323	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	1902	4.8	0.5	36.3	297.8	215.5	480.1	392.4	312.8	318.7	102
2	324	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	1903	6.5	40.5	139.8	45.5	159.9	458.6	300.2	470.6	366.1	166
3	325	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	1904	2.3	46.9	47.5	290.3	230.5	455.3	423.5	423.6	375.8	128
4	326	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	1905	9.1	35.3	306.5	161.7	193.6	339.7	450.1	429.9	320.1	246
...
110	432	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	2011	12.6	3.6	51.4	81.1	334.9	374.2	313.3	367.6	258.3	92
111	433	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	2012	24.5	10.2	20.3	243.5	163.5	396.2	280.1	342.7	248.7	160
112	434	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	2013	0.2	5.7	19.7	60.3	348.9	206.6	255.9	291.3	241.4	125
113	435	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	2014	1.2	21.0	25.4	49.6	192.5	268.3	295.7	372.3	300.9	69
114	436	NAGA MANI MIZO TRIPURA	2015	14.4	14.2	21.6	253.5	198.3	283.9	413.6	334.2	255.9	118

115 rows × 20 columns

Data Cleaning and Data Preprocessing

```
In [3]: df=df.dropna()
```

```
In [4]: df.columns
```

Out[4]: Index(['index', 'SUBDIVISION', 'YEAR', 'JAN', 'FEB', 'MAR', 'APR', 'MAY', 'JUN', 'JUL', 'AUG', 'SEP', 'OCT', 'NOV', 'DEC', 'ANNUAL', 'Jan-Feb', 'Mar-May', 'Jun-Sep', 'Oct-Dec'], dtype='object')

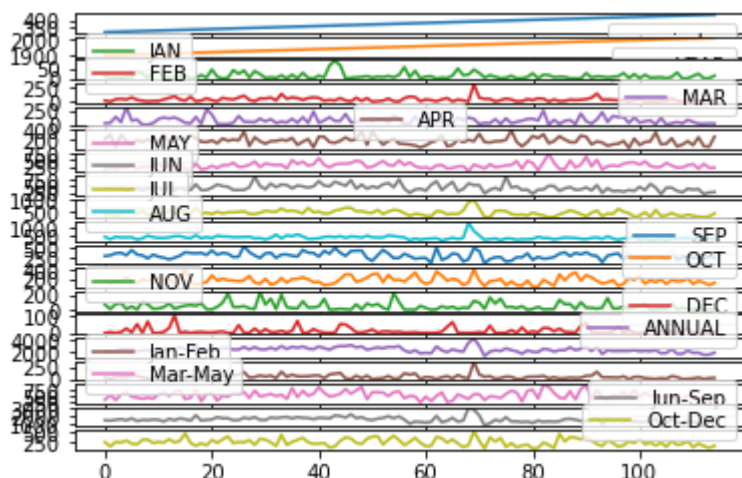
In [5]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 115 entries, 0 to 114
Data columns (total 20 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  --
 0   index                 115 non-null   int64  
 1   SUBDIVISION           115 non-null   object  
 2   YEAR                  115 non-null   int64  
 3   JAN                    115 non-null   float64 
 4   FEB                    115 non-null   float64 
 5   MAR                    115 non-null   float64 
 6   APR                    115 non-null   float64 
 7   MAY                    115 non-null   float64 
 8   JUN                    115 non-null   float64 
 9   JUL                    115 non-null   float64 
10  AUG                    115 non-null   float64 
11  SEP                    115 non-null   float64 
12  OCT                    115 non-null   float64 
13  NOV                    115 non-null   float64 
14  DEC                    115 non-null   float64 
15  ANNUAL                 115 non-null   float64 
16  Jan-Feb                115 non-null   float64 
17  Mar-May                115 non-null   float64 
18  Jun-Sep                115 non-null   float64 
19  Oct-Dec                115 non-null   float64 
dtypes: float64(17), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 18.9+ KB
```

Line chart

In [6]: `df.plot.line(subplots=True)`

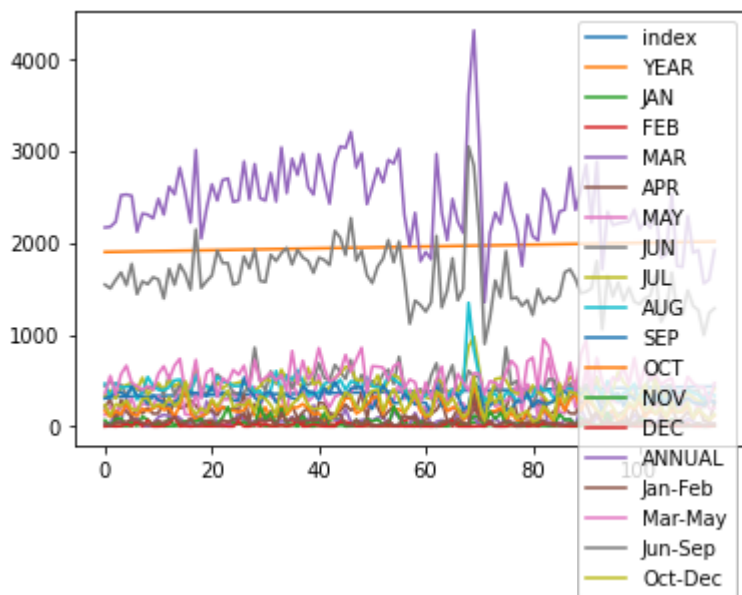
Out[6]: array([<AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>, <AxesSubplot:~>], dtype=object)



Line chart

In [7]: `df.plot.line()`

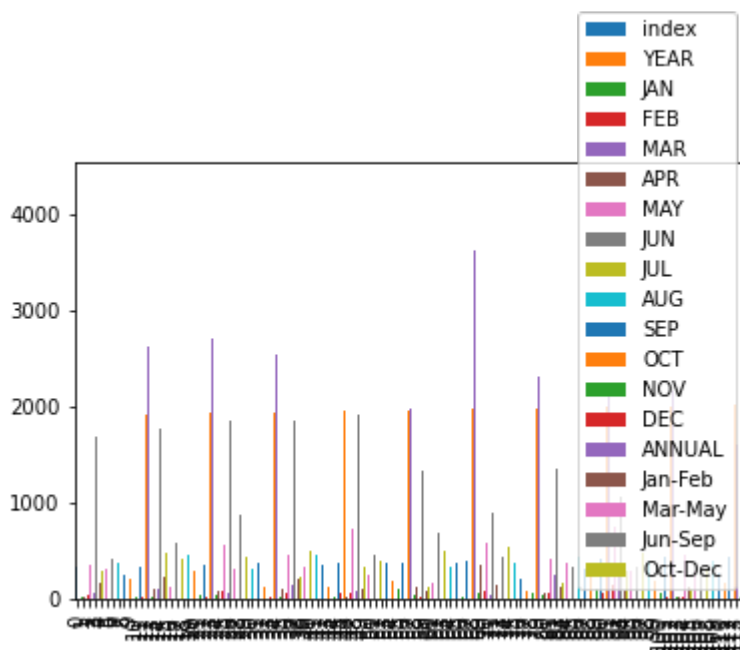
Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:~>



Bar chart

In [8]: `df.plot.bar()`

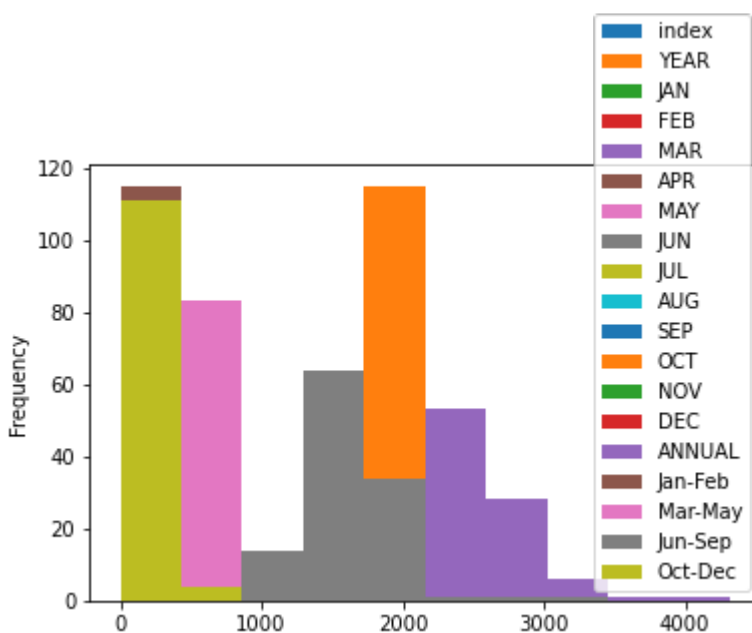
Out[8]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Histogram

In [9]: `df.plot.hist()`

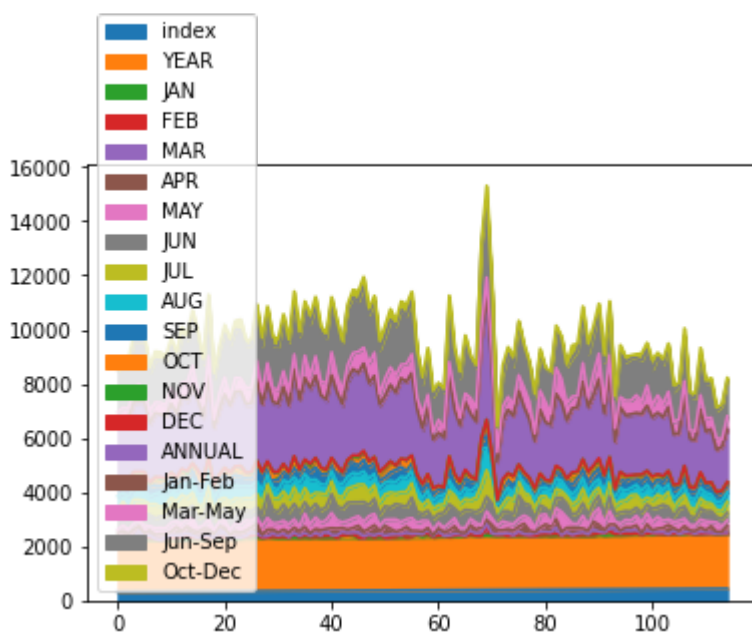
Out[9]: `<AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>`



Area chart

In [10]: `df.plot.area()`

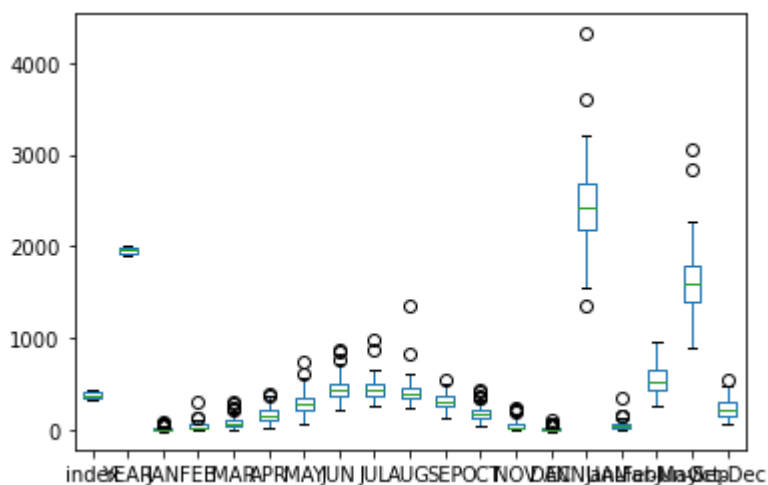
Out[10]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Box chart

In [11]: `df.plot.box()`

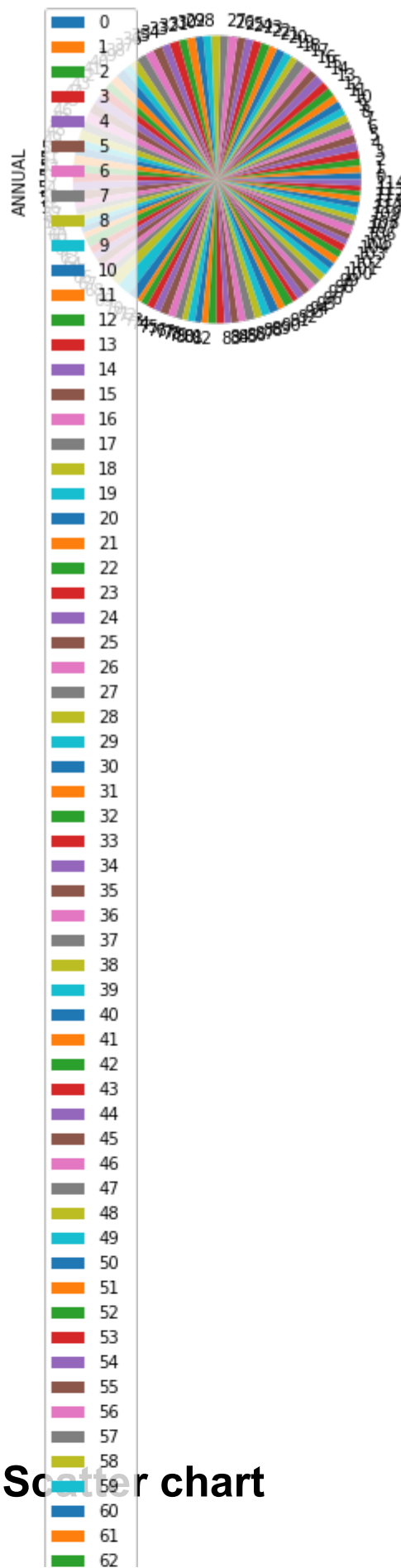
Out[11]: `<AxesSubplot:>`



Pie chart

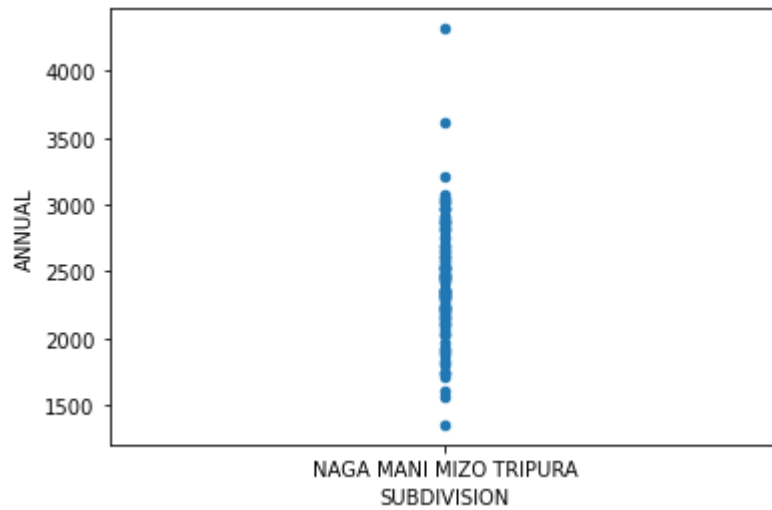
In [12]: `df.plot(figsize=(10, 5), title='ANNUAL')`

Out[12]: `<AxesSubplot:ylabel='ANNUAL'>`



In [13]: `df.plot.scatter(x='SUBDIVISION', y='ANNUAL')`

Out[13]: `<AxesSubplot:xlabel='SUBDIVISION', ylabel='ANNUAL'>`



In [14]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 115 entries, 0 to 114
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   index           115 non-null   int64
1   SUBDIVISION     115 non-null   object
2   YEAR            115 non-null   int64
3   JAN             115 non-null   float64
4   FEB             115 non-null   float64
5   MAR             115 non-null   float64
6   APR             115 non-null   float64
7   MAY             115 non-null   float64
8   JUN             115 non-null   float64
9   JUL             115 non-null   float64
10  AUG             115 non-null   float64
11  SEP             115 non-null   float64
12  OCT             115 non-null   float64
13  NOV             115 non-null   float64
14  DEC             115 non-null   float64
```

In [15]:

df.describe()

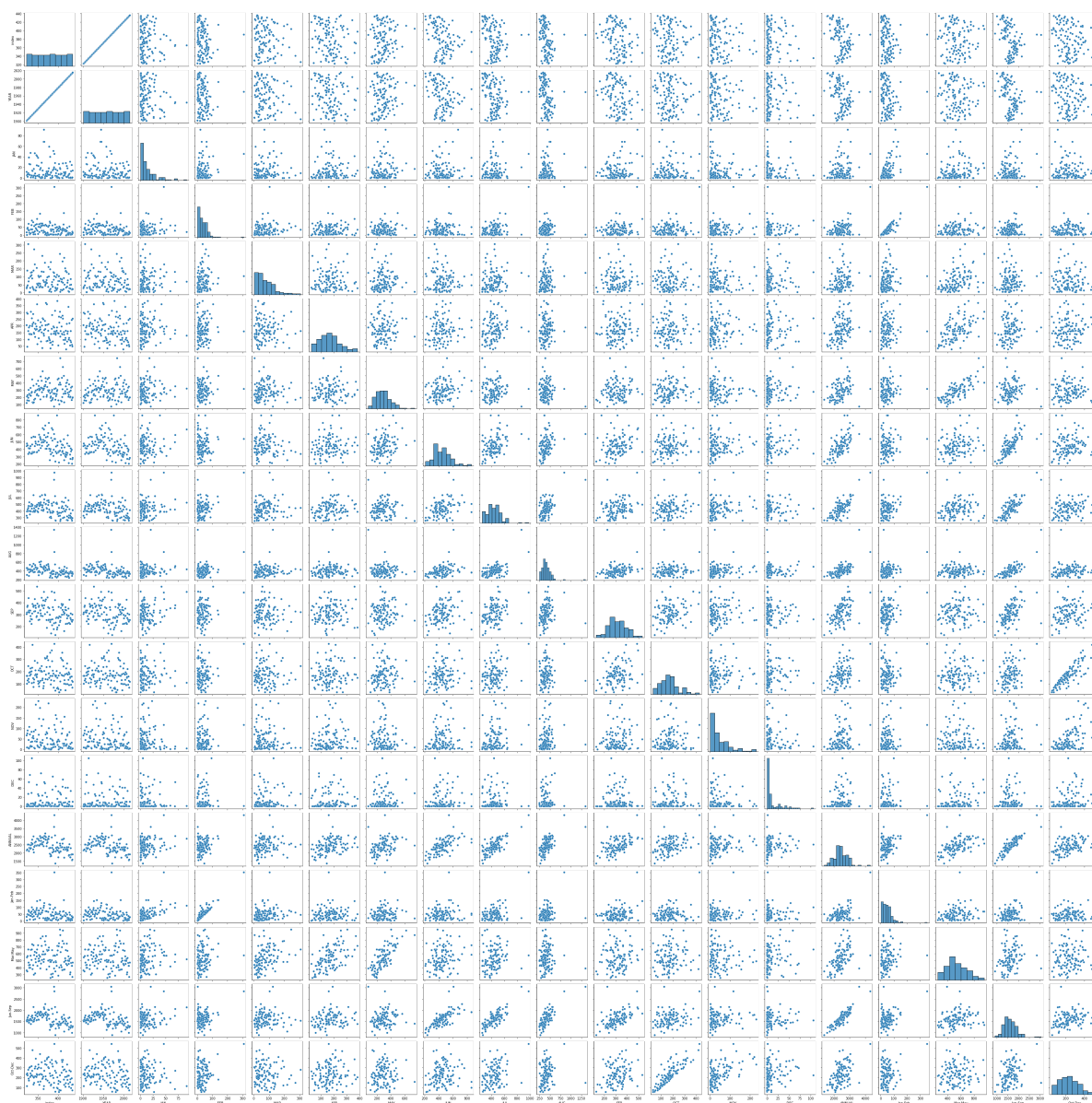
Out[15]:

	index	YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	
count	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115.000000	115
mean	379.000000	1958.000000	14.025217	36.652174	77.199130	170.733043	290.839130	445
std	33.341666	33.341666	16.627750	37.776876	60.656689	78.559032	112.675514	123
min	322.000000	1901.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.100000	26.300000	73.500000	206
25%	350.500000	1929.500000	3.150000	11.700000	31.750000	113.750000	210.650000	367
50%	379.000000	1958.000000	7.900000	30.000000	62.700000	161.700000	278.500000	442
75%	407.500000	1986.500000	18.450000	53.300000	105.050000	213.900000	352.300000	517
max	436.000000	2015.000000	91.400000	306.300000	306.500000	383.800000	743.000000	867

EDA AND VISUALIZATION

In [16]: `sns.pairplot(df)`

Out[16]: `<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x16290f89c40>`

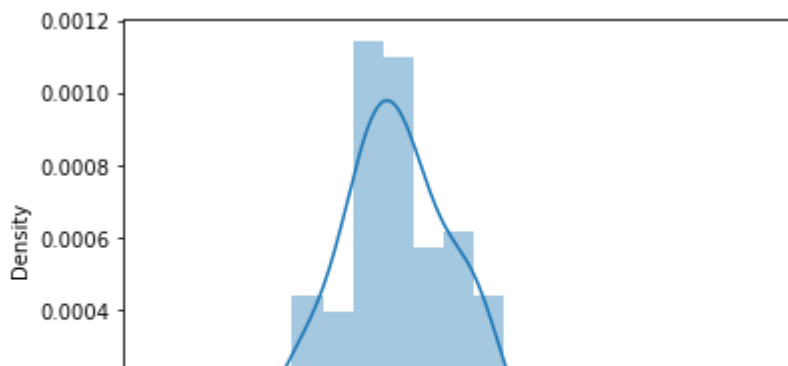


In [17]: `sns.distplot(df['ANNUAL'])`

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[17]: `<AxesSubplot:xlabel='ANNUAL', ylabel='Density'>`



In [18]: `sns.heatmap(df_corr())`

Out[18]: `<AxesSubplot:>`

