

## Deena 20104016

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
import seaborn as sns
```

## Problem Statement

## LINEAR REGRESSION

```
In [2]: a = pd.read_csv("vehicle.csv")
```

Out[2]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon
0	1.0	lounge	51.0	882.0	25000.0	1.0	44.907242	8.6115596
1	2.0	pop	51.0	1186.0	32500.0	1.0	45.666359	12.241889
2	3.0	sport	74.0	4658.0	142228.0	1.0	45.503300	11.417
3	4.0	lounge	51.0	2739.0	160000.0	1.0	40.633171	17.634609
4	5.0	pop	73.0	3074.0	106880.0	1.0	41.903221	12.495650
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1544	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	len
1545	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	con
1546	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Null val
1547	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	f
1548	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	sea

1549 rows × 11 columns

## HEAD

In [24]: `a.head(8)`

Out[24]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon
0	1.0	lounge	51.0	882.0	25000.0	1.0	44.907242	8.611559868
1	2.0	pop	51.0	1186.0	32500.0	1.0	45.666359	12.24188995
2	3.0	sport	74.0	4658.0	142228.0	1.0	45.503300	11.41784
3	4.0	lounge	51.0	2739.0	160000.0	1.0	40.633171	17.63460922
4	5.0	pop	73.0	3074.0	106880.0	1.0	41.903221	12.49565029
5	6.0	pop	74.0	3623.0	70225.0	1.0	45.000702	7.68227005
6	7.0	lounge	51.0	731.0	11600.0	1.0	44.907242	8.611559868
7	8.0	lounge	51.0	1521.0	49076.0	1.0	41.903221	12.49565029

## Data Cleaning and Preprocessing

In [23]: `b=a.head(8)`

Out[23]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon
0	1.0	lounge	51.0	882.0	25000.0	1.0	44.907242	8.611559868
1	2.0	pop	51.0	1186.0	32500.0	1.0	45.666359	12.24188995
2	3.0	sport	74.0	4658.0	142228.0	1.0	45.503300	11.41784
3	4.0	lounge	51.0	2739.0	160000.0	1.0	40.633171	17.63460922
4	5.0	pop	73.0	3074.0	106880.0	1.0	41.903221	12.49565029
5	6.0	pop	74.0	3623.0	70225.0	1.0	45.000702	7.68227005
6	7.0	lounge	51.0	731.0	11600.0	1.0	44.907242	8.611559868
7	8.0	lounge	51.0	1521.0	49076.0	1.0	41.903221	12.49565029

In [22]: `df.describe()`

Out[22]:

	ID	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat
<b>count</b>	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000	1538.000000
<b>mean</b>	769.500000	51.904421	1650.980494	53396.011704	1.123537	43.541361
<b>std</b>	444.126671	3.988023	1289.522278	40046.830723	0.416423	2.133518
<b>min</b>	1.000000	51.000000	366.000000	1232.000000	1.000000	36.855839
<b>25%</b>	385.250000	51.000000	670.000000	20006.250000	1.000000	41.802990
<b>50%</b>	769.500000	51.000000	1035.000000	39031.000000	1.000000	44.394096
<b>75%</b>	1153.750000	51.000000	2616.000000	79667.750000	1.000000	45.467960
<b>max</b>	1538.000000	77.000000	4658.000000	235000.000000	4.000000	46.795612

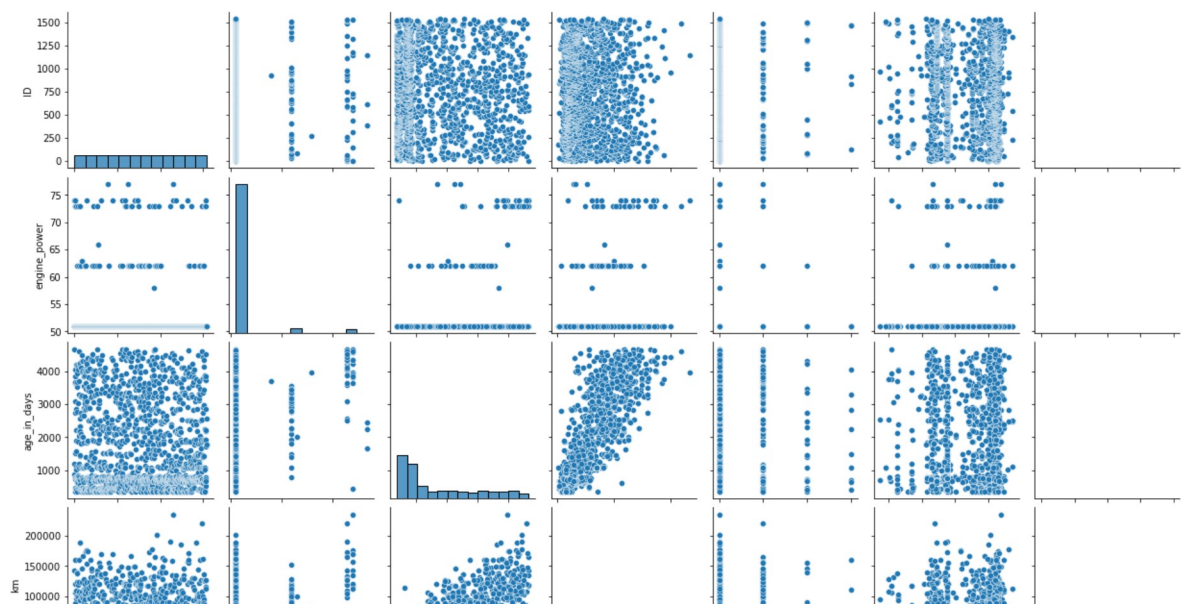
## To display heading

In [21]: `df.columns`

Out[21]: Index(['ID', 'model', 'engine\_power', 'age\_in\_days', 'km', 'previous\_owners', 'lat', 'lon', 'price', 'Unnamed: 9', 'Unnamed: 10'], dtype='object')

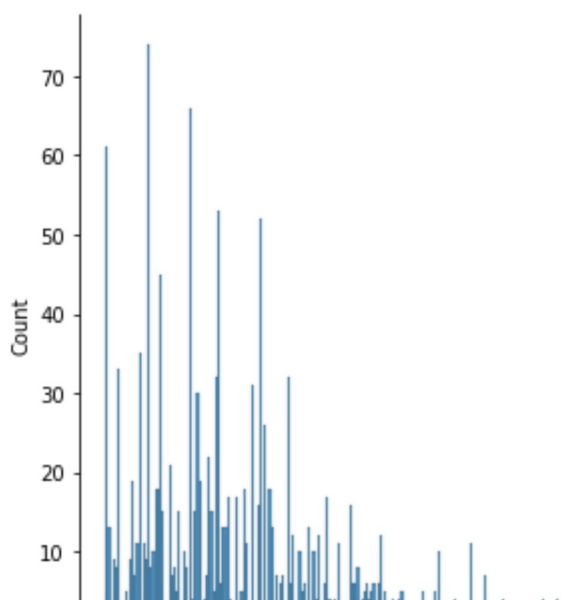
In [20]: `df.pairplot()`

Out[20]: &lt;seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2a6fbf47ac0&gt;



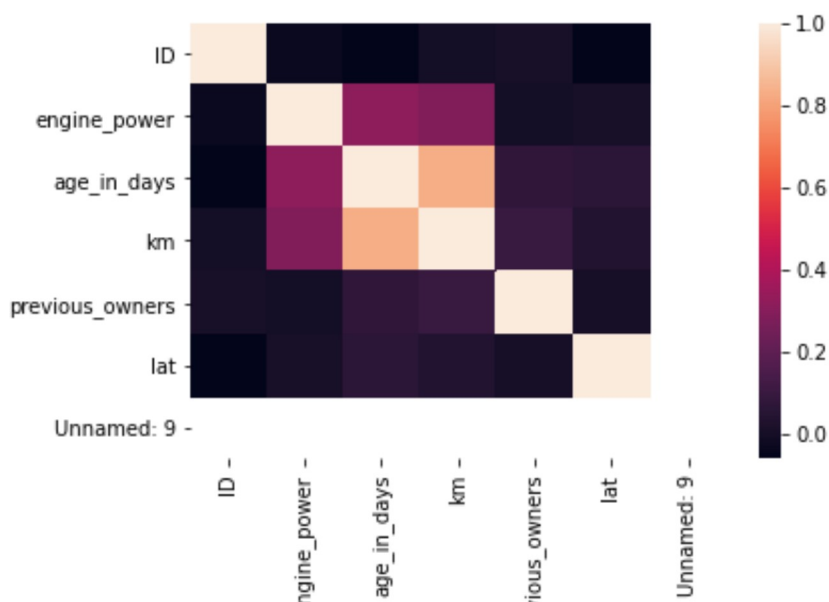
```
In [5]: sns.distplot(df['price'])
```

```
Out[5]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2a6fa5d1190>
```



```
In [19]: sns.heatmap(corr())
```

```
Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



## TO TRAIN THE MODEL - MODEL BUILDING

```
In [12]: x = b[['price']]
```

```
In [14]: # to split my dataset into training and test data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
In [15]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
lr = LinearRegression()  
lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[15]: LinearRegression()

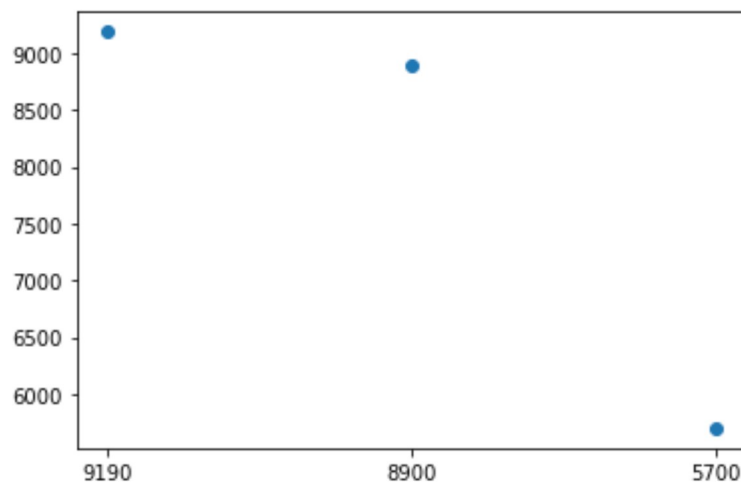
```
In [16]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_, x.columns, columns=['Co-efficient'])  
coeff
```

Out[16]:

Co-efficient	
price	1.0

```
In [17]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
```

Out[17]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2a6fbe960d0>



```
In [18]: lr.score(x_test, y_test)
```

Out[18]: 1.0