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BRANCH:	Computer engineering
BATCH:	A
SUBJECT:	DAA
EXPT NO:	4

AIM:	Experiment using dynamic programming approach (Implementation of Matrix Chain Multiplication)
ALGORITHM/ THEORY:	1. n length[p]-1 2. for $i \leftarrow 1$ to n 3. do m [i, i] $\leftarrow 0$ 4. for $1 \leftarrow 2$ to n // 1 is the chain length 5. do for $i \leftarrow 1$ to $n-1+1$ 6. do $j \leftarrow i+1-1$ 7. m[i,j] $\leftarrow \infty$ 8. for $k \leftarrow i$ to $j-1$ 9. do $q \leftarrow m$ [i, k] + m [k + 1, j] + $p_{i-1}$ $p_k$ $p_j$ 10. If $q < m$ [i,j] 11. then m [i,j] $\leftarrow q$ 12. s [i,j] $\leftarrow k$ 13. return m and s.
PROGRAM:	<pre>#include<stdio.h> #include<stdlib.h> #include<limits.h> int** carr, **karr; void matrixchain( int arr[],int n){</limits.h></stdlib.h></stdio.h></pre>

```
int tempk;
    for(int l=2;l<n;l++){</pre>
        for(int i=1;i<n-l+1;i++){</pre>
             int j = i+l-1;
             carr[i][j]=INT_MAX;
             for(int k=i;k<j;k++){</pre>
                int cal = carr[i][k] + carr[k+1][j] + arr[i-
1]*arr[j]*arr[k];
                if(carr[i][j]>cal){
                   carr[i][j]= cal;
                   karr[i][j]= k;
             }
        }
    printf("\nThe resultant matrix is: \n");
    for(int i=1;i<n-1;i++){</pre>
        for(int j=2;j<n;j++){</pre>
             printf("%d\t", carr[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    printf("\nResultant k matrix is: \n");
    for(int i=1;i<n-1;i++){</pre>
        for(int j=2;j<n;j++){</pre>
             printf("%d ",karr[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
int main(){
    printf("Enter the number of matrix: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    n=n+1;
    int arr[n];
    printf("Enter the corresponding dimensions of the
Matrices: ");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        printf("%d ",arr[i]);
```

```
}
carr=(int**)calloc(n,sizeof(int*));
for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
        carr[i]=(int*)calloc(n,sizeof(int));
}

karr=(int**)calloc(n,sizeof(int*));
for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
        karr[i]=(int*)calloc(n,sizeof(int));
}

matrixchain(arr,n);
}
</pre>
```

## **RESULT:**

```
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                   DEBUG CONSOLE
                                 TERMINAL
                                          SQL CONSOLE
Enter the number of matrix: 4
 Enter the corresponding dimensions of the Matrices: 40 20 30 10 30
    20 30 10
 The resultant matrix is:
 24000
         14000
                 26000
         6000
                 12000
                 9000
 Resultant k matrix is:
   1 3
   2 3
   0 3
 Minimum number of multiplications is 26000
```

**CONCLUSION:** Through this experiment I learnt the concept of Dynamic Programming. Also, I learnt and implemented its one of the algorithms i.e., Matrix chain multiplication. It helped me to find minimum number of multiplications when there are multiple matrices.