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	SHARP CORPORATION	APPLICABLE GROUP
		DISPLAY DEVICE BUSINESS GROUP
	SPECIFICATION	
	DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR LCD Module MODEL No. LS013B7DH05	REVISION:
These parts a	re complied with the Ro	HS directive.
□ CUSTOMER'S APPRO	VAL.	
вү	BY T.Ohnishi	I mist
	DEPARTMENT DEVELOPMEN DISPLAY DEV	ICE BUSINESS DIVISION II

RECORDS OF REVISION

Model No.: LS013B7DH05

Model No.: LS013B7DH05										
SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED No	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE					
LD-27503A	2015/6/5	Α	-	Specification's First edition						
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[NOTICE]

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· Gas leakage sensor breakers

Alarm equipment

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[Handling Instructions]

[Handling Precautions]

- (1) Treat LCD module in dustless surroundings.
- (2) Be sure to turn off the power supply when remove the plugged FPC.
- (3) Be careful not to give any physical stress onto the circuit of LCD module when you plug a FPC. Physical stress will cause a break or worse connection.
- (4) Do not touch or scratch the polarizer with items harder than the surface rating or permanent damage can result.
- (5) Since the LCD panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Always handle with care.
- (6) Be careful to handle this LCD panel in order to avoid injury yourself as this panel is made of glass and have sharp edge. When the panel is broken, do not touch the glass. Although the panel is difficult to be scattered, touching the broken part may hurt your hands.
- (7) Since a long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth immediately.
- (8) This module contains CGS. Please use appropriate anti-static protection methods for all contact with the LCD panel and its electrical circuits.
- (9) Do not expose to strong ultraviolet rays such as direct sunlight for a long time.
- (10) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken.
 If LC material should accidently come in contact with the mouth or eyes rinse with water as soon as possible, following the instructions of the appropriate MSDS.
- (11) Use N2-blower such as ionized nitrogen has anti-electrostatic when you blow dusts on Polarizer. To clean LCD panel surface, wipe clean with absorbent cotton or soft cloth. If further cleaning is needed, use IPA (isopropyl alcohol) and wipe clean lightly on surface only. Do not use organic solvents as it may damage the LCD panel terminal area which uses organic material. Also, do not directly touch with finger. When the terminals cleaning are needed, those should be wiped by a soft cloth or a cotton swab without directly touching by hand.
- (12) To avoid picture uniformity failure, do not put a seal or an adhesive material on the LCD panel surface.



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[Set-Design Precautions]

- (1) Disassembly of the LCD panel in any way voids the warranty and may permanently damage the LCD panel.
- (2) Do not expose the side of LCD panel and gate driver, etc. on the panel (circuit area outside panel display area) to light as it may not operate properly. Design that shields the side of LCD panel and gate driver, etc. from light is required when mounting the LCD module.
- (3) Support for the LCD panel should be carefully designed to avoid the outside of stress specification on glass surface. Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be assembled without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- (4) It causes an irregular display and the defective indication, etc., when always put constant pressure on the back of the module. Please do not make the structure to press the back of the module.
- (5) In case of attaching a cover glass or touch panel to the front surface, use appropriate measures to avoid degrading optical performance.
- (6) To prevent loss of uniformity and prevent the introduction of contamination to the optical path of the LCD panel, please use fine-pitch filters in the air flow of forced ventilation.
- (7) Be sure to follow the absolute maximum rating in the specification. The design should consider the surrounding temperature, the fluctuating input signal, and tolerance of the electronic parts. Exceeding values is possible to cause worse characteristic such as burn and/or broken of the parts on LCD module.
- (8) Be sure to use LCD module within the recommended Electrical Characteristics and Timing Characteristics of Input Signals conditions. Operating module out of the recommended range is not guaranteed even if it is in the absolute maximum rating.
- (9) Follow the power, signal, and supply voltage sequence which the publication indicates, regarding on-off input signal after power on of LCD module.
- (10) According to the using application, power circuit protection is recommended at module failure.
- (11) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into the cabinet, please avoid long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas. The use of materials such as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules. Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- (12) To avoid picture uniformity failure, do not put a seal or an adhesive material on the LCD panel surface.
- (13) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched .Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
 - After peeling the protection film off, please do not reattach to the front polarizer. If you reattach and store it long time, surface of the front polarizer changes in quality and it may cause display non-uniformity issue.
- (14) Panel is susceptible to mechanical stress and such stress may affect the display. Place the LCD panel on flat surface to avoid stress caused by twist, bend, etc.



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(15) To prevent reduction in optical quality and abnormal display, avoid exposure and contamination of the LCD panel from epoxy resin (mine system curing agent) that comes out from the material and the packaging material used for the set side, the silicon adhesive (dealcoholization system and oxime system), and the tray blowing agents (azo-compound), etc. Please confirm LCD panel compatibility with materials employed in your manufacturing and shipping processes.

- (16) Since the LCD panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.

 Always handle with care.
- (17) Please design part arrangement to consider the heat dissipation not to change the local temperature for module.
- (18) This product is not water-proof and dust-proof structure.
- (19) As this LCD module is composed electronic circuits, it is sensitive to electrostatic discharge of 200V or more. Handle with care using cautions for the followings:
 - Operators

Operators must wear anti-static wears to prevent electrostatic charge up to and discharge from human body.

Equipment and containers

Process equipment such as conveyer, soldering iron, working bench and containers may possibly generate electrostatic charge up and discharge. Equipment must be grounded through 100Mohms resistance. Use ion blower.

Floor

Floor plays an important role in leaking static electricity generated in human body or equipment. If the floor is made of insulated material (such as polymer or rubber material), such static electricity may charge. Proper measure should be taken to avoid static electricity charge (electrostatic earth: 100Mohms). There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to them without leakage in case of insulating floor, so the electrostatic earth: 100Mohms should be made.

Humidity

Humidity in work area relates to surface resistance of the persons or objects that generate electrostatics, and it can be manipulated to prevent electrostatic charge. Humidity of 40% or lower increases electrostatic earth resistance and promotes electrostatic charging. Therefore, the humidity in the work area should be kept above 40%. Specifically for film peeling process or processes that require human hands, humidity should be kept above 50% and use electricity removal blower.

Transportation/Storage

Containers and styroform used in transporation and storage may charge electrostatic (from friction and peeling) or electrostatic charge from human body, etc. may cause containers and styroform to have induced charge. Proper electrostatic measure should be taken for containers and storage material.



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[Operation Precautions]

- (1) Do not use polychloroprene (CR) with LCD module. It will generate chlorine gas, which will damage the reliability of the connection part on LCD panel.
- (2) Be sure to use LCD module within the recommended operating conditions. Operating module out of the recommended range is not guaranteed even if it is in the absolute maximum rating.
- (3) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please avoid long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas. The use of materials such as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the modules. Do not use the LCD module under such environment.
- (3) To prevent reduction in optical quality and abnormal display, avoid exposure and contamination of the LCD panel from epoxy resin (amine system curing agent) that comes out from the material and the packaging material used for the set side, the silicon adhesive (dealcoholization system and oxime system), and the tray blowing agents (azo-compound), etc. Please confirm LCD panel compatibility with materials employed in your manufacturing and shipping processes.
- (4) If stored at the temperatures lower than the rated storage temperature, the LC may freeze and it may cause LCD panel damage.
 And If stored at the temperatures higher than the rated storage temperature, the LC will lose its characteristics, and it cannot recover. Please keep it at near room temperature.
- (5) Do not operate the LCD panel under outside of electrical specification.

 Otherwise LCD panel may be damaged.
- (6) Do not use the LCD panel under outside of specified driving timing chart. Otherwise LCD panel may not have proper picture quality.
- (7) A still image should be displayed less than two hours, if it is necessary to display still image longer than two hour, display image data must be refreshed in order to avoid sticking image on LCD panel.
- (8) If LCD module takes a static electricity, as the display image which is written into pixel memory might not be displayed, Data update should be executed frequently.
- (9) It is neither a breakdown nor a defective indication though very slight change in black level might be periodically seen in a black part on the black display image according to the source of light (angle of the luminance and the source of light).
- (10) Be sure to follow the absolute maximum rating in the specification. The design should consider the surrounding temperature, the fluctuating input signal, and tolerance of the electronic parts. Exceeding values is possible to cause worse characteristic such as burn and/or broken of the parts on LCD module.
- (11) Follow the power, signal, and supply voltage sequence which the Technical Literature indicates, regarding on-off input signal after power on of LCD module.
- (12) According to the using application, power circuit protection is recommended at module failure.
- (13) Nature of dew consideration prevention is necessary when LCD is used for long time under high-temperature and high-humidity.



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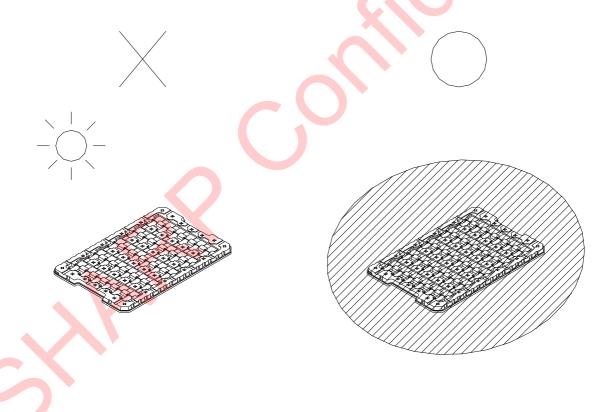
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[Precautions for Storage]

- (1) After opening the package, do not leave the LCD panel in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray. Store in the dark place.
- (2) In temperature lower than specified rating, liquid crystal material will coagulate. In temperature higher than specified rating, it will liquefies. In either condition, the liquid crystal may not recover its original condition. Store the LCD panel in at or around room temperature as much as possible.

Also, storing the LCD panel in high humidity will damage the polarizer. Store in normal room temperature as much as possible.

- (3) Keeping Method
 - a. Don't keeping under the direct sunlight.
- b. Keeping in the tray under the dark place.





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[Other Notice]

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- (1) Operation outside specified environmental conditions cannot be guaranteed.
- (2) As power supply (VDD-GND, VDDA-GND) impedance is lowered during use, bus controller should be inserted near LCD module as much as possible.
- (3) Polarizer is applied over LCD panel surface. Liquid crystal inside LCD panel deteriorates with ultraviolet ray. The panel should not be left in direct sun or under strong ultraviolet ray for prolonged period of time even with the polarizer.
- (4) Disassembling the LCD module will cause permanent damage to the module. Do not disassemble the module.
- (5) If LCD panel is broken, do not ingest the liquid crystal from the broken panel. If hand, leg, or clothes come in contact with liquid crystal, wash off immediately with soap.
- (6) ODS (specific chlorofuorocarbon, specific halon, 1-1-1 trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride) are not used or contained in material or all production processes of this product.
- (7) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.

Discarding liquid crystal modules

Follow the regulations when LCD module is scrapped. The government you stay may have some regulations about it.

LCD Panel : Dispose of as glass waste. This LCD module contains no harmful substances.

The liquid crystal panel contains no dangerous or harmful substances.

This liquid crystal panel contains only an extremely small amount of liquid crystal (approximately 100mg) and therefore it will not leak even if the panel should break.

Its median lethal dose (LD50) is greater than 2,000 mg/kg and a mutagenetic (Aims test: negative) material is used.

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1. Outline

This TFT-LCD module is a reflective active-matrix with slightly transmissive memory liquid crystal display module with CG silicone thin film transistor. Module outline is indicated in fig 14-1.

2. Characteristics

- · A reflective active-matrix with slightly transmissive panel of white and black
- 1.26" screen has 144 x 168 resolusion. (24192 pixels stripe array)
- Display control by serial data signal communication.
- · Arbitrary line data renewable.
- 1bit internal memory for data storage within the panel.
- · Thin, light-weight and compact module with monolithic technology.
- · Super low power consumption TFT panel.

3. Mechanical Specification

Table 3-1 Mechanical Specification

Item	Specification	unit		
Screen size	3.2 (1.26")	cm		
Viewing Area	20.88 (Horizontal) × 24.36 (Vertical)	mm		
Dot configuration	144 (Horizontal) × 168 (Vertical)	Dot		
Dot pitch	0.145 (Horizontal) × 0.145 (Vertical)	mm		
Pixel Array	Stripe Array	-		
Outline Dimension	24.68 (W) × 30.00 (H) × 0.745 (D)	mm		
Mass	1.1(max)	g		
Surface Hardness	3H	Pencil hardness		
Surface treatment	AG			

(Note) Detail dimension and tolerance are shown in fig. 8-1



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4. Input terminal names and functions

Table4-1 Signal name

Terminal	symbol	Туре	Description	Remark
1	SCLK	INPUT	Serial clock signal	
2	SI	INPUT	Serial data input signal	
3	SCS	INPUT	Chip select signal	
4	EXTCOMIN	INPUT	External COM inversion signal input (H: enable)	【4-2】
5	DISP	INPUT	Display ON/OFF signal	[4-1]
6	VDDA	POWER	Power supply (Analog)	
7	VDD	POWER	Power supply (Digital)	
8	EXTMODE	INPUT	COM inversion select terminal	[4-2]
9	VSS	GND	GND(Digital)	*
10	VSSA	GND	GND(Analog)	

[4-1]

The display ON/OFF signal is only for display. Data in the memory will be saved at the time of ON/OFF. When it's "Hi", data in the memory will display, when it's "Lo", white color will diaplay and data in the memory will be saved.

[4-2]

When EXTMODE is "Hi", EXTCOMIN signal is enable.

When EXTMODE is "Lo", serial input flag is enable.

"Hi"mode; connect the EXTMODE toVDD,

"Lo" mode; connect the EXTMODE to VSS

4-1) Recommended Circuit

< EXTMODE="Lo" >

< EXTMODE="Hi" >

COM Signal Serial Input

 7	SCLK
2	SI
3	scs
4	EXTCOMIN
5	DISP
6	VDDA
7	VDD
8	EXTMODE
9	VSS
 10	VSSA

Fig 4-1 EXTMODE_Lo

1 SCLK
2 SI
3 SCS
4 EXTCOMIN
5 DISP
6 VDDA
7 VDD
8 EXTMODE
9 VSS

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Fig 4-2 EXTMODE_Hi

VSSA

External COM Signal Input



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5. Absolute Maximum Rating

Table5-1 Absolute Maximum Rating (VSS=0V, VSSA=0V)

	Item	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Power	Analog	VDDA	-0.3	+3.6	V	
supply voltage	Logic	VDD	-0.3	+3.6	V	[5-1]
Input sign	al voltage(high)			VDD	V	[5-2]
Input sign	al voltage(low)		-0.3		V	
Strage Te	mperature	Tstg	-30	+80	°C	[5-3,4]
Operation Temperature		Topr	-20	+70	°C	[5-4,5]
(at panel s	surface)					

- [5-1] Applies to EXTMODE.
- [5-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.
- [5-3] Do not exceed this temperature in any parts of module.
- [5-4] Maximum wet bulb temperature is 57°C or lower. No condensation is allowed.

 Cndensation will cause electeical leak and may cause the module to not meet this specification.
- [5-5] Operating temperature is the temperature that guarantees only for the operation. For contrast, response time, and other display quality determination, use $Ta = +25^{\circ}C$.





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6. Electrical characteristics

6-1) TFT LCD panel drive

Table6-1 Recommended operating Condition

VSS=0V, VSSA=0V, Ta=+25°C

<u> </u>								
Item		symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Remark	
Power supply Analog		VDDA	+2.7	+3.0		V		
	Logic	VDD	+2.7	+3.0	+3.3	V	[6-1]	
Input signal voltage	Hi	VIH	+2.70	+3.00	*VDD	V	[6-2]	
	Lo	VIL	VSS	VSS	VSS+0.1	V		

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*It can be operated below VDD voltage, however, operation around 3V is recommended.

[6-1] Applies to EXTMODE="Hi"

[6-2] Applies to SCLK, SI, SCS, DISP, EXTCOMIN.



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6-2) Power supply sequence

		On Sequence			Normal operation			Off sequence					
	ļ	① T1	② T2	③ ※ 1	④ ※1					⑤ T5	6 T6	7 77	
VDD/VDDA(5V)	GND												GND
DISP	GND												GND
EXTCOMIN	GND					N	ormal o	operati	on				GND
SCS	GND		% 2			N	ormal o) operati	on	※ 2			GND
Others	GND		% 2			N	l ormal o	l operati	on	%2			GND

*Refer to timing chart and AC timing characteristics for detail

**1 ③ and ④ may be opposite (however, TCOM polarity inversion will not occur even with EXTCOMIN between DISP="Lo". Also, when DISP and EXTCOMIN are simultaneously started up, allow 30us or more before SCS starts up (It may be less than 60us).

※2 Setting value for pixel memory initialization

SCS=Driving accordingly to clear pixel internal memory method (use all clear flag or write all screen white)

S1=M2 (all clear flag) = "Hi" or write white

SCLK: Normal Driving

[ON Sequence]

- (1) 3V rise time (depends on IC)
- (2) Pixel memory initialization

T2: 1time or more Initialize with M2 (all clear flag) or write all screen white

(3) Release time for initialization of TCOM latch T3: 30us or more

Time required to release COM related latch circuit initialization which is initializing using DISP signals

(4) TCOM polarity initialization time T4: 30us or more

Time required initializing TCOM polarity accordingly to EXTCOMIN input

[Normal Operation]

Duration of normal driving

[Off Sequence]

(5) Pixel memory initialization time T5: 1time or more

(6) VA, VB, VCOM initialization time T6: 30us or more

[Remark] Precaustions at ehte time of power on and power off.

Remark 1)When power on , VDDand VDDA are same timem or VDD should be faster than the VDDA.

Remark 2) When power off, VDD and VDDA are same time or VDDA shoul be faster than the VDD.



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6-3) Input signal characteristics

Table6-3-1 VDDA=+3.0V, VDD=+3.0V, VSS=0V, VSSA=0V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
Frame frequency	fSCS	57	60	66	Hz	
Clock frequency	fSCLK		1	1.1	MHz	
Vertical Interval	tV	15.15	-	17.54	ms	
COM Frequency	fCOM	28.5	-	33	Hz	

Table 6-3-2 VDDA=+3.0V, VDD=+3.0V, VSS=0V, VSSA=0V, Ta=25°C

			2.01(100			
Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
SCS Rising time	trSCS	-	-	50	ns	
SCS Falling Time	tfSCS	-	-	50	ns	
SCS High duration	twSCSH	168	-	_	us	
		22.54	-	-	us	
SCS Low duration	twSCSL	6	-	-	us	
SCS set up time	tsSCS	6	-		us	
SCS hold time	thSCS	2	-	1	us	
SI Rising time	trSI	-	-	50	ns	
SI Folling time	tfSI	-		50	ns	
SI set up time	tsSI	250	-	-	ns	
SI hold time	thSI	350	1	-	ns	
SCLK Rising time	trSCLK	-	ı	50	ns	
SCLK Folling time	tfSCLK	-	ı	50	ns	
SCLK High duration	twSCLKH	404.55	450	-	ns	
SCLK Low duration	twSCLKL	404.55	450	-	ns	
EXTCOMIN signal frequency	fEXTCOMIN	57	60	66	Hz	[Remark6-3] [Remark6-4]
EXTCOMIN signal rising time	trEXTCOMIN	-	ı	50	ns	
EXTCOMIN signal folling time	twEXTCOMIN	-	-	50	ns	
EXTCOMIN signalHigh duration	thIEXTCOMIN	2			us	
DISP Rising time	trDISP	-	-	50	ns	
DISP Folling time	tfDISP	-	-	50	ns	

[Remark 6-3] When data is writtne for displaying continuously, EXTCOMIN frequency should be made the same frame frequency or lower.

[Remark 6-4] When the display is maintained after writing of the displayed data, is not applied.

(Please keep SCS in the state of L when you maintain current display after writing of the display data.)



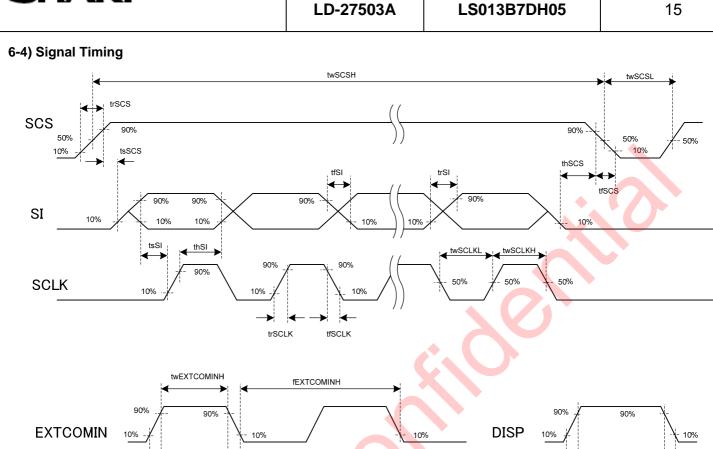


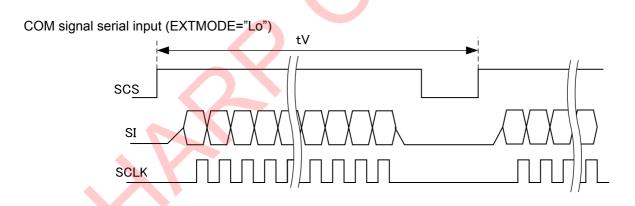
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****SCS**,SI,SCLK, DISP, EXTCOMIN: 3V input voltage

tfEXTCOMIN

trEXTCOMIN

Figure 6-4 Signal Timing



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6-5) Power consumption

Table6-5 Current Consumption Ta=25°C,SCS SCLK,SI,DISP,EXTCOMIN=+3V,VDD=+3V, VDDA=+3V

Operating Mode	Power consumption	Min	Тур	Max	unit	Remark
Condition 1	Display mode	-	25	125	uW	[Note 6-5]
	(no display data update)					
	Display pattern : Black display					
Condition 2	Data update mode	-	35	150	uW	[Note 6-6]
	with display update 1Hz				. (/	
	(1fram/sec)				16	
	Display pattern : Vertical stripe display					

[Note 6-5]

- a) SCLK=Lo 、SCS=Lo 、SI=Lo (after writed Black data)
- b) It measures after writed Black data.

[Note 6-6]

- a) fSCS=1.0Hz (Except in the time of writing, it is set to SCS=Lo.)
- b) SCLK=Lo , SCS=Lo , SI=Lo (after writed Vertical stripe data)

Common inversion with VDD=3.0V, VDDA=3.0V, fCLK=1.0MHz, EXTMODE=VDD, EXTCOMIN=60Hz (Common Note)

This is value in steady condition, not the falue of peak power at the time of COM operation.

Some marging for power supply is recommended.

We recommend capacitor for VDD and VDDA.

(If VDD and VDDA are on separate systems, we recommend capacitor for each.)

Formula for computation

 $(Ivdd + Ivdda)[uA] \times 3[V]$

*LC inversion: LC material is needed alternative polarity driving as changing timing which should be 60Hz. (LC inversion frequency 60Hz is COM frequency 30Hz) as shown fig6-5.

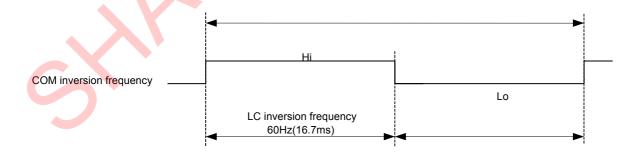


Figure 6-5 COM inversion frequency

[Remark 6-5] This is value in steady condition, not the falue of peak power at the time of COM operation.

Some marging for power supply is recommended. We recommend capacitor for VDD and VDDA.

(If VDD and VDDA are on separate systems, we recommend capacitor for each.)



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6-6) Input Signal Timing Chart

6-6-1 Data update mode (1 line)

Updates data of only one specified line. (M0="Hi", M2="Lo")

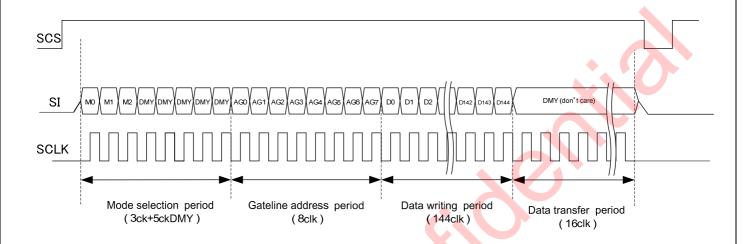


Figure 6-6 Data update mode by 1line

M0: Mode flag. Set for "Hi". Data update mode (Memory internal data update)

When "Lo", display mode (maintain memory internal data).

M1: Frame inversion flag.

When "Hi", outputs VCOM="Hi", and when "Lo", outputs VCOM="Lo".

When EXTMODE="Hi", it can be "Hi" or "Lo".

M2: All clear flag.

Refer to 6-6-4) All Clear Mode to execute clear.

DUMMY DATA: Dummy data. It can be "Hi" or "Lo" ("Lo" is recommended.)

Data write period

Data is being stored in 1st latch block of binary driver on panel.

Data transfer period

Data written in 1st latch is being transferred (written) to pixel internal memory circuit.

*For gate line address setting, refer to 6-7) Input Signal and Display.

*M1: Frame inversion flag is enaled when EXTMODE="Lo".

*When SCS becomes "Lo", M0 and M2 are cleared.

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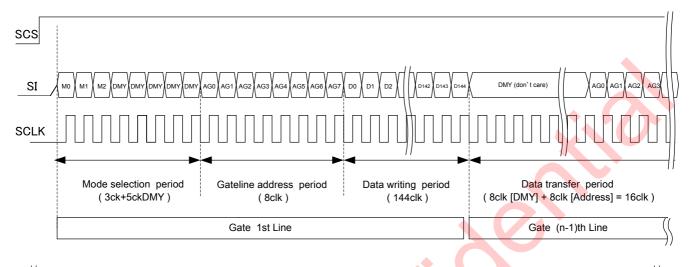
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6-6-2 Data Update Mode (Multiple Lines)

Updates arbitrary multiple lines data. (M0="Hi", M2="Lo")



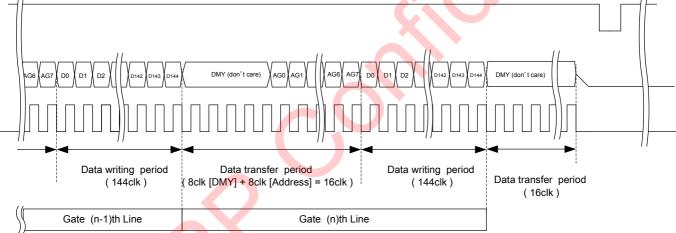


Figure 6-7 Data update mode by Multiple Lines

M0: Mode flag. Set for "H". Data update mode (Memory internal data update)

When "Lo", display mode (maintain memory internal data).

M1: Frame inversion flag.

When "Hi", outputs VCOM="Hi", and when "Lo", outputs VCOM="Lo".

When EXTMODE="Hi", it can be "Hi" or "Lo".

M2: All clear flag.

Refer to 6-6-4) All Clear Mode to execute clear.

DUMMY DATA: Dummy data. It can be "Hi" or "Lo" ("Lo" is recommended.)

Data write period

Data is being stored in 1st latch block of binary driver on panel.

Data transfer period

For example, during GL2nd line data transfer period, GL 2nd line address is latched and GL1st line data is transferred from 1st latch to pixel internal memory circuit at the same time.

- ※ For gate line address setting, refer to 6-7) Input Signal and Display.
- Input data continuously.
- ※ M1: Frame inversion flag is enabled when EXTMODE="Lo".
- ※ When SCS becomes "Lo", M0 and M2 are cleared.



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6-6-3 Display Mode

Maintains memory internal data (maintains current display). (M0="Lo", M2="Lo")

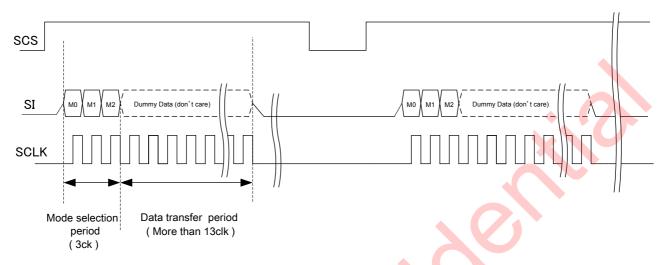


Figure 6-8 Display mode

M0: Mode flag. Set for "Hi". Data update mode (Memory internal data update)

When "Lo", display mode (maintain memory internal data).

M1: Frame inversion flag.

When "Hi", outputs VCOM="Hi", and when "Lo", outputs VCOM="Lo".

When EXTMODE="Hi", it can be "Hi" or "Lo".

M2: All clear flag.

Refer to 6-5-4) All Clear Mode to execute clear.

DUMMY DATA: Dummy data. It can be "Hi" or "Lo" ("Lo" is recommended.)

M1: Frame inversion flag is enabled when EXTMODE="Lo"

* When SCS becomes "Lo", M0 and M2 are cleared.



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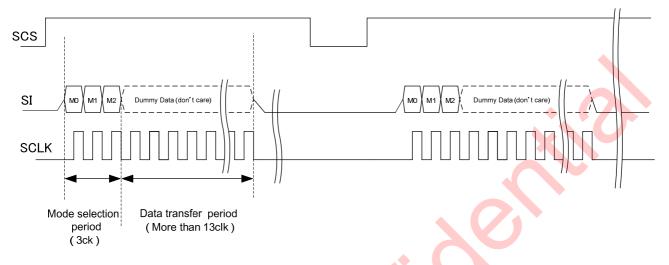
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6-6-4 All Clear Mode

Clears memory internal data and writes white. (M0="Lo", M2="Hi")



M0: Mode flag : Set it "Lo".

M1: Frame inversion flag:

When "Hi", outputs VCOM="Hi", and when "Lo", outputs VCOM="Lo".

When EXTMODE="Hi", it can be "Hi" or "Lo".

M2: All clear flag : Set it "Hi"

DUMMY DATA: Dummy data: It can be "Hi" or "Lo" ("Lo" is recommended.)

M1: Frame inversion flag is enabled when EXTMODE="Lo".

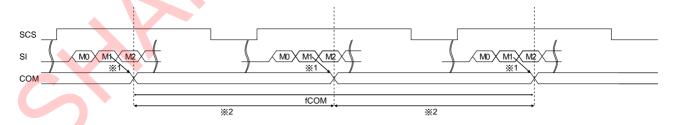
When SCS becomes "Lo", M0 and M2 are cleared.

Figure 6-9 All Clear mode

6-6-5 COM Inversion

There are two types of inputs, COM signal serial input (EXTMODE="Lo") and external COM signal input (EXTMODE="Hi").

EXTMODE="Lo"



M1:LC polarity inversion flag: If M1 is "Hi" then VCOM="Hi" is output.

If M1 is "Lo" then VCOM="Lo" is output.

X1:LC inversion has been changed by M1 flag statement.

※2: The periods of plus polarity and minus polarity should be same length as much as possible.

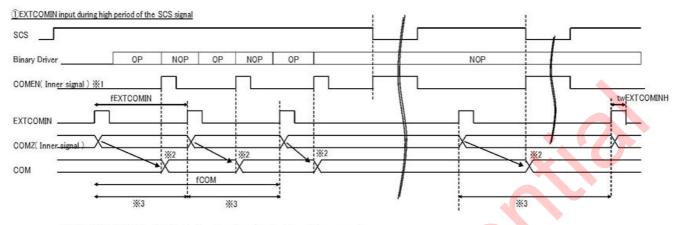
Figure 6-10 COM Inversion (EXTMODE=Lo)



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EXTMODE="Hi" (COM inversion timing has two conditions)



*1: COMEN is High when "SCS = Low" and certain period after Binary Drivere operation.

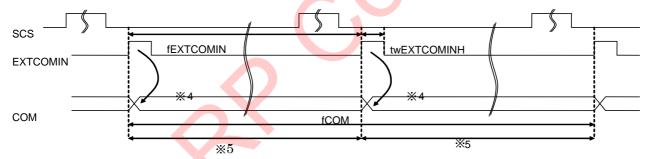
<u>※2:Make "COM"</u> reversal depending on COMZ at the COMEN's rise time.

3: The period of EXTCOMIN should be constant.

And the period of COM inversion should be constant depending on EXTCOMIN. (with Binary Driver operate or making the period of "SCS = Low")

Figure 6-11 COM Inversion 1 (EXTMODE=Hi)

2 : the EXTCOMIN input during low period of the SCS signal



- * 4: LC inversion polarity has been set by the rising edge of EXTCOMIN.
- **※**5: The period of EXTCOMIN should be constant.

Figure 6-12 COM Inversion 2 (EXTMODE=Hi)

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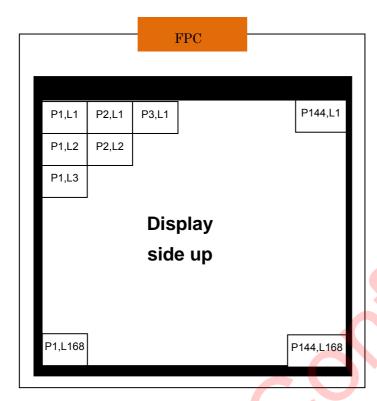
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6-7) Input Signal and Display, Gate address(Line) Setting Data position in display[H,V]



P*: Pixels position

L*:Gate address line

Gate line address setting

GL	AG0	AG1	AG2	AG3	AG4	AG5	AG6	AG7
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
5	1	0	7	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
7	1	~	1	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
:	· · ·	•••	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
161	7	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
162	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
163	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
164	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
165	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
166	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
167	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
168	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1

Figure 6-13 Data position



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7. Optical characteristics

Table 7-1 Ta=25°C

Item		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	unit	Remark
Viewing angle	Н	θ21,θ22	40	60	-	°(degree)	[Remark7-1]
CR≧2	V	θ11	40	60	-	°(degree)	
		θ12	40	60	-	°(degree)	
Contrast ratio		CR.	12	20	-		[Remark7-2, 3]
Reflecivity ratio		R	10	14.5	-	%	[Remark7-3]
Transmissivity ratio		Т	-	0.4	-	%	X
Response time	Rise	τr	1	10	-	ms	[Remark 7-3,4]
	Fall	тd	-	20	-	ms	
Panel	White	Х	-	0.30	A		[Remark7-3]
Chromaticity		у	-	0.33	7-1		

[Remark7-1] Defintion of Viewing Angle

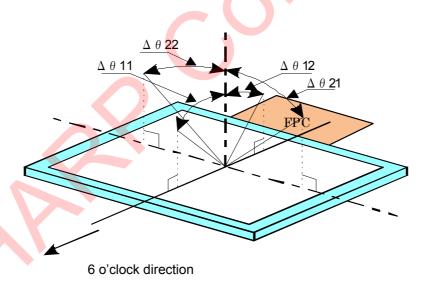


Figure 7-1 Defintion of Viewing Angle

[Note 7-2] Defintion of Contrast Retio

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

Contrast ratio(CR) = Reflection intensity in white display

Reflection intensity in black display

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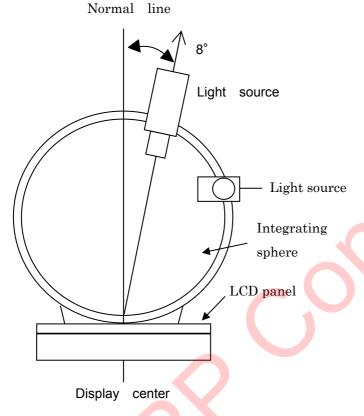
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[Note 7-3] Optical characteristics measurement equipment.

Figure 7-2 is for contrast ratio, reflectivity ratio, and panel chromaticity measurement, and Figure 7-3 is for response time measurement. Both are to be conducted in a dark room.

Measurement equipment Measurement equipment (CM700d) (LCD-5200)



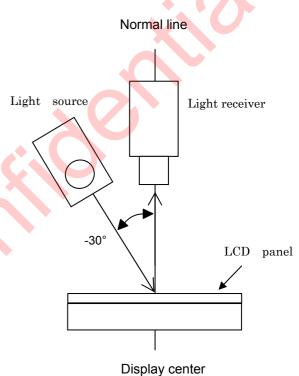


Figure 7-2 Contrast ratio, Reflection ratio, Panel chromaticity

Figure 7-3 Response time

[Note 7-4] Respons time (Change in reflection ratio)

It's difined by the time change of optical receiver output when signal is input to display white or black

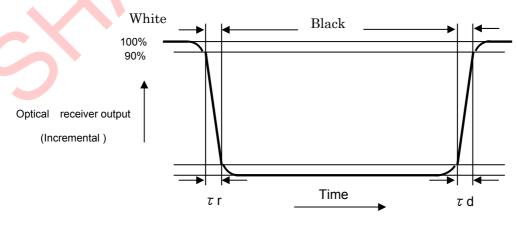


Figure 7-4 Respons time



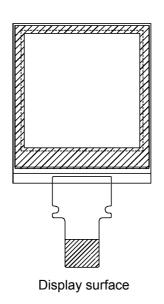
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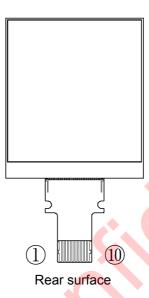
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8. Pin Assignment

8-1) Outline dimension of the 1.26" (144 x 168) panel The outline dimensions are shown in Figure 14-1.





No.	Sympol		
1	SCLK		
2	SI		
3	SCS		
4	EXTCOMIN		
5	DISP		
6	VDDA		
7	VDD		
8	EXTMODE		
9	VSS		
10	VSSA		

Figure 8-1 Pin ass<mark>i</mark>gnme<mark>nt</mark>

8-2) FPC Bend Specification

Table8-1 Recommended Connector

Product manufacturer	Series	Part number	Contact	
Panasonic	Y5B	AYF531035	Bottom and Upper side	
SMK	FP12	CFP-4610-0150F	Bottom side	
SMK	FP12	CFP-4510-0150F	Upper side	

When bending FPC, bend where specified in Condition (1) and the bend R should be more than R specified in Condition (2). FPC is not to contact glass edge, and there should be no stress to connective area between panel and FPC.

Condition (1) FPC bend recommended area: 0.8mm – 6.0mm from glass edge.

Condition (2) Minimum bend R: Inner diameter R0.45



Figure 8-2 FPC Bend Specification

[Remark 8-1] Do not bend to the side of front polarizer film.

[Remark 8-2] Bend frequency: 3 times or less (Repeat bend condition: 180° ~ 0°)



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9. Display Qualities

Please refer to the Incoming Inspection Standard (IIS).

10. External capacitors

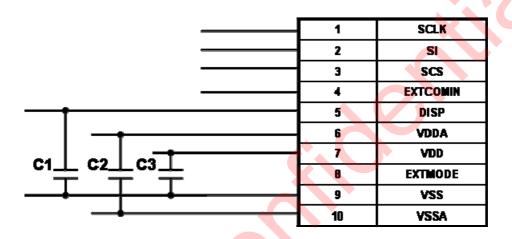


Fig. 10-1 External capacitor recommendation capacity value

<Recommended capacity value>

C1: DISP- VSS: rank B 0.1uF Ceramic capacitor
C2: VDDA- VSS: rank B 1uF Ceramic capacitor
C3: VDD- VSS: rank B 1uF Ceramic capacitor

*Above circuit and parts are only recommendation.

For actual use, please evaluate their conformity with your system and design. (Capacitor pressure resistance can be larger than resistance indicated above.)



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11. Marking

11-1) Displayed by printing. (Ink-jet print)

The display position is shown in Figure. 11-1 Outline dimension diagram.

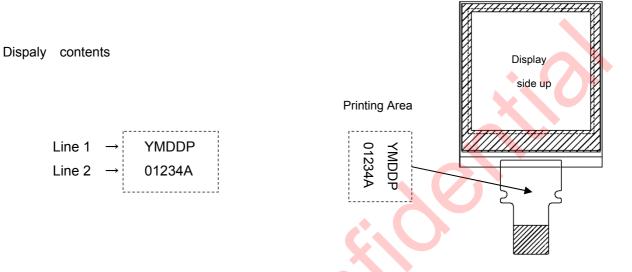


Figure. 11-1 Lot number printing position

Table 11-1 marking line definition

Line	Making	Description
1	YMDDP	Y: Single-digit year (Last digit of the year) (0,1,8,9) M: Single-digit Month (1,2,,9,X,Y,Z) DD: Digit of the day (01,,31) P: Code of manufacture
2	01234A	01234 : Five-digit in Consecutive number (Traceabillity number) A : Product revision



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12. Packaging

12-1) Carton storage condition

1) Piling number of cartons. : 8

2) Package quantity in one carton : 1120 pcs

3) Carton size (Typ.) : 530 mm x 365 mm x 230 mm

4) Total mess(Typ.) : 6.5kg

(One carton filled with (1120) modules)

5) Carton store environment:

Temperature:

0~40°C

· Humidity:

60%RH or lower (at 40°C)

There should be no condensation at low temperature and high humidity.

·Atmosphere:

No harmful gas, such as acid or alkali, which causes severe corrosion on electronic parts and wiring, are to be detected.

Opening the package:

In order to prevent electrostatic damage to TFT modules, room humidity should be made over 50%RH and take effective measure such as use of earth when opening the package.

Direct sunlight

Please keep the product in a dark room or cover the product to protect from direct sunlight.

Atmospheric condition

Please refrain from keeping the product with possible corrosive gas or volatile flux.

Prevention of dew

Do not place directly on the floor, and please store the product carton either on a wooden pallet or a stand to avoid dew condensation. In order to obtain moderate ventilation in the pallet's bottom surfaces, arrange correctly in the fixed direction.

Please place the product cartons away from the storage wall. Be careful of the inside of a warehouse to ventilate well and please consider installation of a ventilator. Manage to rapid temperature change under natural environment.

Vibration

Please refrain from keeping the product in the place which always has vibration.

Storage Period:

Within above mentioned conditions, maximum storage period should be 3 months

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12-2) Packaging form figure

The packing condition is shown in Figure. 12-1

The packaging is designed such that the module does not break during transit.

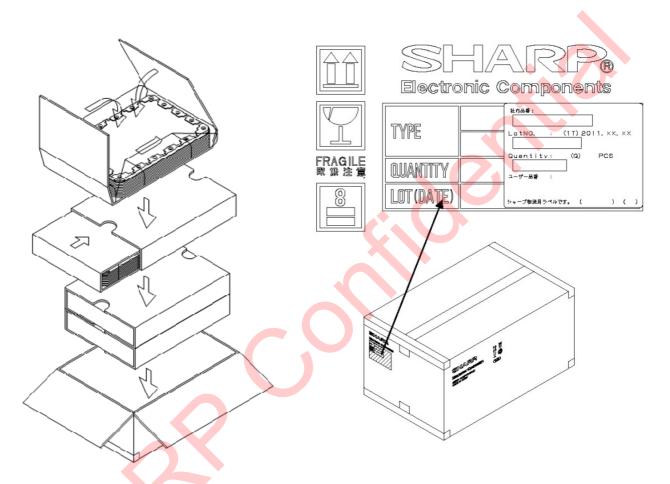


Figure. 12-1 Packaging Form



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13. Reliability Test Conditions

13-1) Reliability test items

Table13-1

	Test Item	Test condition		Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=80degrees Celsius 24	0h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-30degrees Celsius 24	10h	
3	High temperature and high humidity operating test	Tp=40degrees Celsius/95%RH 240	0h	
4	High temperature operating test	Tp=70degrees Celsius 24	10h	
5	Low temperature operating test	Tp=-20degrees Celsius 24	0h	
6	Shock test (Non operating test)	Ta=-30degrees Celsius (1h)~+80 deg	grees	
7	Electro static discharge test	±200V, 200pF(0Ω) each terminai: 1 tir	me	

[Remark] Ta = Ambient temperature, Tp = Panel temperature

(Evaluation method)

In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function.



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