## Olimpiada Națională de Informatică 2004

etapa județeană

## clasele XI-XII

```
{ Mugurel Ionut Andreica - Bucuresti, ROMANIA }
{ Time Complexity : O(log(K) * (N*K)^3 ? )
{ Cautare binara + Bellman Ford (cu coada) }
Program _lanterna_;
const filein = 'lanterna.in';
   fileout = 'lanterna.out';
   MAXN = 50;
   MAXK = 1000;
   infinit = 30000;
   maxdim1 = 63;
type linie = array [0..MAXK] of integer;
  plinie = ^linie;
  pcoada = ^coada;
  coada = record
        i: byte;
        k: integer;
        urm: pcoada;
       end;
var T, W: array [1..MAXN, 1..MAXN] of integer;
  Tmin: array [1..MAXN] of plinie;
  charge: array [1..MAXN] of boolean;
  ing: array[1..MAXN, 0..MAXK] of boolean;
  i, j, p, M, N, K, li, ls: integer;
  TOK, bestK: integer;
  cst, cfin, aux : pcoada;
procedure readdata;
begin
assign(input, filein);
reset(input);
read(N, K);
for i := 1 to N do
 begin
  read(p);
  charge[i] := (p = 1);
 end;
```

```
read(M);
for i := 1 to N do
 for j := 1 to N do
  begin
    T[i,j] := infinit;
    W[i,j] := MAXK + 1;
  end;
for p := 1 to m do
 begin
  read(i, j);
  read(T[i,j], W[i,j]);
  T[j,i] := T[i,j];
  W[j,i] := W[i,j];
 end;
close(input);
for i := 1 to N do
 begin
  new(Tmin[i]);
 end;
end;
procedure writedata;
begin
assign(output, fileout);
rewrite(output);
writeln(TOK, '', bestK);
close(output);
end;
function MinT(kmax : integer) : integer;
var i, j, k, p, q, tN: integer;
begin
for i := 1 to N do
 for j := 0 to kmax do
  begin
    Tmin[i]^{[j]} := infinit;
  end;
Tmin[1]^{0} := 0;
inq[1, 0] := true;
new(cst);
cst^{\wedge}.i := 1;
cst^{\wedge}.k := 0;
cst^.urm := nil;
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```
cfin := cst;
tN := infinit;
while (cst <> nil) do
 begin
  i := cst^{\wedge}.i;
  k := cst^{\wedge}.k;
  if (Tmin[i]^{k} \le tN) then
    for j := 1 to N do
     if (T[i,j] \le infinit) and (k + W[i,j] \le kmax) then
       p := Tmin[i]^{k} + T[i,j];
       q := k + W[i,j];
       if (charge[j]) then
         q := 0;
       if (p < Tmin[j]^{q}) then
         begin
          Tmin[j]^{q} := p;
          if (j = N) and (Tmin[j]^{q} < tN) then
           tN := Tmin[j]^{q};
          if (not inq[j, q]) and (Tmin[j]^{q} < tN) then
           begin
             inq[j, q] := true;
             new(aux);
             aux^{i} := j;
             aux^k := q;
             aux^.urm := nil;
             cfin^.urm := aux;
             cfin := aux;
           end;
         end;
      end;
  inq[i, k] := false;
  aux := cst;
  cst := cst^\wedge.urm;
  dispose(aux);
 end;
MinT := tN;
end;
begin
readdata;
```

```
TOK := MinT(K);
bestK := K;

li := 1; ls := K-1;
while (li <= ls) do
begin
p := (li + ls) shr 1;

if (MinT(p) = TOK) then
begin
bestK := p;
ls := p-1;
end
else
li := p+1;
end;
writedata;
end.
```

## {Solutia problemei MOSIA LUI PACALA - Rodica} {Se ordoneaza punctele folosind alg. Hill pentru infasuratoare convexa se calculeaza pentru fiecare par i aria d[i]\*dist(par[i-1],par[i+1])/2 si se determina cu un alg. elementar de prog. dinamica secventa de pari nealaturati care conduce la suma maxima a ariilor}

```
const maxi=251;fi='mosia.in';fo='mosia.out';
type punct=record x,y,d:longint end;
   puncte=array[0..maxi+1]of punct;
   sir=array[1..maxi]of integer;
var f:text; p:puncte;
  s,o:sir;
  n:integer;
procedure citire;
var i:integer;
begin
  assign(f,fi);reset(f);
  readln(f,n);
  for i:=1 to n do readln(f,p[i].x,p[i].y,p[i].d);
  for i:=1 to n do o[i]:=i;
  close(f)
end:
procedure qsort(l, r: Integer);
var
 i,j,mx,my,ax:integer;aux:punct;
begin
 i:=l; j:=r;
 my:=p[(1+r)div 2].y;
 mx := p[(1+r)div 2].x;
 repeat
  while (p[i].y \le my) or ((p[i].y = my) and (p[i].x \le mx)) do inc(i);
  while (p[j].y>my)or((p[j].y=my)and(p[j].x>mx)) do dec(j);
  if i<=j then begin
    aux:=p[i];p[i]:=p[j];p[j]:=aux;
    ax := o[i]; o[i] := o[j]; o[j] := ax;
    inc(i);dec(j)
  end;
 until i>j;
 if l \le j then qsort(l, j);
 if i<r then qsort(i, r);
end;
function sign(a,b,c:punct):shortint;
   if c.x*(a.y-b.y)+c.y*(b.x-a.x)+a.x*b.y-b.x*a.y>=0 then
     sign:=1
   else sign:=-1
end;
```

```
procedure convex;
var free:array[1..maxi]of boolean;
  i,vf:integer;
begin
 for i:=1 to n do free[i]:=true;
 s[1]:=1;s[2]:=2;free[2]:=false;
 vf:=2:
 for i:=3 to n do begin
    while sign(p[s[vf-1]],p[s[vf]],p[i])=-1 do
      begin free[s[vf]]:=true;dec(vf) end;
    inc(vf);s[vf]:=i;free[i]:=false
 end:
 for i:=n-1 downto 1 do
    if free[i] then begin
      while sign(p[s[vf-1]],p[s[vf]],p[i])=-1 do dec(vf);
      inc(vf);s[vf]:=i
 if vf-1<>n then begin n:=vf-1; writeln('Date eronate') end
end;
procedure ssort;
var i:integer;
  p1:puncte;o1:sir;
begin
  for i:=1 to n do begin
     p1[i]:=p[s[i]];o1[i]:=o[s[i]]
  end:
  p:=p1;o:=o1
end;
function dist(a,b:punct):real;
begin
   dist:=sqrt(sqr(a.x-b.x)+sqr(a.y-b.y))
end;
procedure dinamic;
var i,j,k:integer;sum:real;
  ds:array[1..maxi]of real;
  d:array[1..2,1..maxi] of record s:real;i:byte end;
begin
 for i:=1 to n do ds[i]:=p[i].d/2*dist(p[i-1],p[i+1]);
 d[1,n].s:=ds[n];d[1,n].i:=1;
 d[1,n+1].s:=0;d[1,1].i:=0;
 for i:=n-1 downto 2 do
    if d[1,i+2].s+ds[i]>d[1,i+1].s then begin
      d[1,i].s:=d[1,i+2].s+ds[i];d[1,i].i:=1
    end
    else begin
      d[1,i].s:=d[1,i+1].s;d[1,i].i:=0
    end;
```

```
d[1,1].s:=d[1,2].s;
 d[2,n].s:=0;d[2,n].i:=0;
 d[2,n+1].s:=0;
 for i:=n-1 downto 1 do
    if d[2,i+2].s+ds[i]>d[2,i+1].s then begin
      d[2,i].s:=d[2,i+2].s+ds[i];d[2,i].i:=1
    end
    else begin
      d[2,i].s:=d[2,i+1].s;d[2,i].i:=0
 if d[1,1].s>d[2,1].s then j:=1 else j:=2;
 i:=1;k:=0;
 while i<=n do
    if d[j,i].i=0 then inc(i)
    else begin inc(k);s[k]:=i;inc(i,2) end;
 for i:=1 to k do write(o[s[i]],' ');
 writeln; writeln(d[j,1].s:20:6);
 assign(f,fo);rewrite(f);write(f,d[j,1].s:20:6);close(f)
begin
   citire;
   qsort(1,n);
   convex;
   ssort;
  p[0]:=p[n];p[n+1]:=p[1];
   dinamic;
end.
```